```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as bs
         import requests
         import string
         from collections import Counter
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
         from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
         from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
         import nltk
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
In [42]: !wget "https://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz"
         --2022-03-27 14:21:50-- https://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz (htt
         ps://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz)
         Resolving s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.88.13
         Connecting to s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com) 52.216.88.13 :443... connected.
         HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
         Length: 1647046227 (1.5G) [application/x-gzip]
         Saving to: 'GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz'
         GoogleNews-vectors- 100%[=========>] 1.53G 45.2MB/s
                                                                             in 35s
         2022-03-27 14:22:26 (44.5 MB/s) - 'GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz' saved [1647046227/1647046227]
 In [2]: import tensorflow as tf
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import nltk
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.stem import SnowballStemmer
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
         import re
         from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM, SpatialDropout1D
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
         from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
         from keras.layers import Dropout
         import re
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk import word_tokenize
         STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))
         from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
         import plotly.graph_objs as go
         #import cufflinks
         from IPython.core.interactiveshell import InteractiveShell
         import plotly.figure_factory as ff
         InteractiveShell.ast_node_interactivity = 'all'
         print("Tensorflow Version",tf.__version__)
         [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
         [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
         Tensorflow Version 2.8.0
```

In [3]: model_data = pd.read_csv("/content/model_data.csv")
 model_data.head()

Out[3]:

	title	summary	anger	anticipation	disgust	fear	joy	negative	positive	sadness	surprise	trust	sentiment_class
0	The Hunger Games	Could you survive on your own in the wild, wit	8	8	10	9	6	16	11	11	5	5	Negative
1	Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix	There is a door at the end of a silent corrido	14	7	5	15	6	18	18	13	5	10	Neutral
2	To Kill a Mockingbird	The unforgettable novel of a childhood in a sl	2	4	2	5	8	8	15	5	1	2	Positive
3	Pride and Prejudice	Alternate cover edition of ISBN 9780679783268S	5	15	2	3	22	8	26	0	3	15	Positive
4	The Book Thief	Librarian's note: An alternate cover edition c	3	5	3	7	3	9	11	4	4	11	Positive

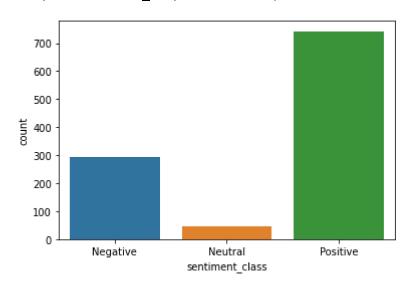
In [4]: model_data.describe()

Out[4]:

	anger	anticipation	disgust	fear	joy	negative	positive	sadness	surprise	tru
count	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.00000
mean	4.802583	7.273063	3.440037	7.455720	6.680812	10.226937	15.158672	5.087638	3.691882	8.29612
std	4.180568	4.835920	3.160102	5.472577	4.949567	6.611929	8.652238	4.011373	2.938126	5.39637
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000
25%	2.000000	4.000000	1.000000	3.000000	3.000000	5.000000	9.000000	2.000000	2.000000	4.00000
50%	4.000000	7.000000	3.000000	6.000000	6.000000	9.000000	14.000000	4.000000	3.000000	8.00000
75%	7.000000	10.000000	5.000000	11.000000	9.000000	14.000000	20.000000	7.000000	5.000000	11.00000
max	25.000000	46.000000	21.000000	31.000000	35.000000	39.000000	86.000000	25.000000	20.000000	58.00000
_										
4										

In [5]: sns.countplot(x = 'sentiment_class', data = model_data)

Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f72f43e8e50>



Our data is imbalanced

```
In [6]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
    from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
    df_summary = model_data[["title","summary", "sentiment_class"]]
```

Multiclass text classification

```
In [29]: import logging
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from numpy import random
import gensim
import nltk
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import re
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
%matplotlib inline
```

Naive Bayes Classifier for Multinomial Models

```
In [34]: | from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
         X = df_summary.summary
         y = df_summary.sentiment_class
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state = 42)
         nb = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                        ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                        ('clf', MultinomialNB()),
                       ])
         nb.fit(X_train, y_train)
         from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)
         print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=["Positive", "Negative", "Neutral"]))
Out[34]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                         ('clf', MultinomialNB())])
         accuracy 0.6748466257668712
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                      support
                            0.00
                                      0.00
                                               0.00
             Positive
                                                            96
             Negative
                            0.00
                                      0.00
                                                0.00
                                                            10
              Neutral
                            0.67
                                     1.00
                                                0.81
                                                           220
                                                0.67
                                                           326
             accuracy
            macro avg
                            0.22
                                      0.33
                                                0.27
                                                           326
         weighted avg
                            0.46
                                      0.67
                                                0.54
                                                           326
```

```
In [35]: my_tags = ["Positive", "Negative", "Neutral"]
```

Linear Support Vector Machine

```
In [38]:
         from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier
         sgd = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                         ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                         ('clf', SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', penalty='l2',alpha=1e-3, random_state=42, max_iter=5, tol=Nc
                        ])
         sgd.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred = sgd.predict(X_test)
         print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred,target_names=my_tags))
Out[38]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                          ('clf',
                          SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001, max_iter=5, random_state=42,
                                         tol=None))])
         accuracy 0.7239263803680982
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
             Positive
                            0.74
                                      0.26
                                                 0.38
                                                             96
             Negative
                            0.00
                                       0.00
                                                 0.00
                                                             10
              Neutral
                            0.72
                                       0.96
                                                 0.82
                                                            220
                                                 0.72
                                                            326
             accuracy
            macro avg
                            0.49
                                       0.41
                                                 0.40
                                                            326
         weighted avg
                            0.70
                                       0.72
                                                 0.67
                                                            326
```

Logistic Regression

```
In [40]:
         from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
         logreg = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                         ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                         ('clf', LogisticRegression(n_jobs=1, C=1e5)),
                        ])
         logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)
         print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred,target_names=my_tags))
Out[40]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                          ('clf', LogisticRegression(C=100000.0, n_jobs=1))])
         accuracy 0.7331288343558282
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
                            0.71
                                       0.31
             Positive
                                                 0.43
                                                             96
             Negative
                            0.00
                                      0.00
                                                 0.00
                                                             10
              Neutral
                            0.74
                                       0.95
                                                 0.83
                                                            220
                                                 0.73
                                                            326
             accuracy
                            0.48
                                       0.42
                                                 0.42
                                                            326
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                            0.71
                                       0.73
                                                0.69
                                                            326
```

Word2vec and Logistic Regression

```
In [43]: from gensim.models import Word2Vec
    wv = gensim.models.KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format("/content/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz", binary=Tr
    wv.init_sims(replace=True)
```

```
In [44]:
         def word_averaging(wv, words):
             all_words, mean = set(), []
             for word in words:
                 if isinstance(word, np.ndarray):
                     mean.append(word)
                 elif word in wv.vocab:
                     mean.append(wv.syn0norm[wv.vocab[word].index])
                     all_words.add(wv.vocab[word].index)
             if not mean:
                 logging.warning("cannot compute similarity with no input %s", words)
                 # FIXME: remove these examples in pre-processing
                 return np.zeros(wv.vector_size,)
             mean = gensim.matutils.unitvec(np.array(mean).mean(axis=0)).astype(np.float32)
             return mean
         def word_averaging_list(wv, text_list):
             return np.vstack([word_averaging(wv, post) for post in text_list ])
In [48]: import nltk
         nltk.download('punkt')
         [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
                      Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
Out[48]: True
In [49]: def w2v_tokenize_text(text):
             tokens = []
             for sent in nltk.sent_tokenize(text, language='english'):
                 for word in nltk.word_tokenize(sent, language='english'):
                     if len(word) < 2:</pre>
                         continue
                     tokens.append(word)
             return tokens
         train, test = train_test_split(df_summary, test_size=0.3, random_state = 42)
         test_tokenized = test.apply(lambda r: w2v_tokenize_text(r['summary']), axis=1).values
         train_tokenized = train.apply(lambda r: w2v_tokenize_text(r['summary']), axis=1).values
         X_train_word_average = word_averaging_list(wv,train_tokenized)
         X_test_word_average = word_averaging_list(wv,test_tokenized)
In [53]: | from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
         logreg = LogisticRegression(n_jobs=1, C=1e5)
         logreg = logreg.fit(X_train_word_average, train['sentiment_class'])
         y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test_word_average)
         print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, test.sentiment_class))
         print(classification_report(test.sentiment_class, y_pred,target_names=my_tags))
         accuracy 0.7239263803680982
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
                                      0.58
                                                0.59
             Positive
                            0.60
                                                             96
             Negative
                            0.00
                                      0.00
                                                0.00
                                                             10
              Neutral
                            0.82
                                      0.82
                                                0.82
                                                            220
                                                0.72
                                                            326
             accuracy
                            0.47
                                      0.47
                                                0.47
                                                            326
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                            0.73
                                      0.72
                                                 0.73
                                                            326
```

Doc2vec and Logistic Regression

```
In [57]:
         from tadm import tadm
         tqdm.pandas(desc="progress-bar")
         from gensim.models import Doc2Vec
         from sklearn import utils
         import gensim
         #from gensim.models.doc2vec import TaggedDocument
         import re
         from gensim.models import Doc2Vec
         import gensim
         from gensim.models.doc2vec import TaggedDocument
         def label_sentences(corpus, label_type):
             Gensim's Doc2Vec implementation requires each document/paragraph to have a label associated with it.
             We do this by using the TaggedDocument method. The format will be "TRAIN_i" or "TEST_i" where "i" is
             a dummy index of the post.
             labeled = []
             for i, v in enumerate(corpus):
                 label = label_type + '_' + str(i)
                 labeled.append(TaggedDocument(v.split(), [label]))
             return labeled
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df_summary.summary, df_summary.sentiment_class, random_state
         X_train = label_sentences(X_train, 'Train')
         X_test = label_sentences(X_test, 'Test')
         all_data = X_train + X_test
         model_dbow.build_vocab([x for x in tqdm(all_data)])
```

```
In [58]: model_dbow = Doc2Vec(dm=0, vector_size=300, negative=5, min_count=1, alpha=0.065, min_alpha=0.065)
model_dbow.build_vocab([x for x in tqdm(all_data)])

for epoch in range(30):
    model_dbow.train(utils.shuffle([x for x in tqdm(all_data)]), total_examples=len(all_data), epochs=1)
    model_dbow.alpha = 0.002
    model_dbow.min_alpha = model_dbow.alpha
```

```
1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 906966.99it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 700342.81it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 284217.39it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 324457.68it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1062792.32it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1214376.48it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1149298.67it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1800643.78it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 254271.32it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1810683.21it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1144092.99it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1848221.76it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 232837.89it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1071306.68it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 743398.55it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 535969.06it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1226166.54it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1168798.34it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1924090.37it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1931446.70it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1168197.72it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1172717.45it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1185251.70it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1180328.54it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1950504.31it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1214052.21it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1133821.83it/s]
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1970795.64it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1915175.04it/s]
100%
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 736414.89it/s]
100%
                 1084/1084 [00:00<00:00, 1182785.00it/s]
```

```
In [60]: logreg = LogisticRegression(n_jobs=1, C=1e5)
         logreg.fit(train_vectors_dbow, y_train)
         logreg = logreg.fit(train_vectors_dbow, y_train)
         y_pred = logreg.predict(test_vectors_dbow)
         print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=my_tags))
Out[60]: LogisticRegression(C=100000.0, n_jobs=1)
```

accuracy 0.6809815950920245

decuracy 0.00	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
Positive	0.57	0.53	0.55	92	
Negative	0.05	0.07	0.06	15	
Neutral	0.79	0.79	0.79	219	
accuracy			0.68	326	
macro avg	0.47	0.46	0.46	326	
weighted avg	0.69	0.68	0.69	326	

Deep learning

```
In [74]:
         import itertools
         import os
         %matplotlib inline
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer, LabelEncoder
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
         from tensorflow import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout
         from keras.preprocessing import text, sequence
         from keras import utils
         train_size = int(len(df_summary) * .7)
         train_posts = df_summary['summary'][:train_size]
         train_tags = df_summary['sentiment_class'][:train_size]
         test_posts = df_summary['summary'][train_size:]
         test_tags = df_summary['sentiment_class'][train_size:]
         max\_words = 15000
         tokenize = text.Tokenizer(num_words=max_words, char_level=False)
         tokenize.fit_on_texts(train_posts) # only fit on train
         x_train = tokenize.texts_to_matrix(train_posts)
         x_test = tokenize.texts_to_matrix(test_posts)
         encoder = LabelEncoder()
         encoder.fit(train_tags)
         y_train = encoder.transform(train_tags)
         y_test = encoder.transform(test_tags)
         num_classes = np.max(y_train) + 1
         y_train = to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
         y_test = to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
         batch_size = 32
```

Out[74]: LabelEncoder()

```
In [95]: # Build the model
       model = Sequential()
       model.add(Dense(512, input_shape=(max_words,)))
       model.add(Activation('relu'))
       model.add(Dropout(0.5))
       model.add(Dense(num classes))
       model.add(Activation('softmax'))
       model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                  optimizer='adam',
                  metrics=['accuracy'])
       history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                       batch_size=batch_size,
                       epochs=10,
                       verbose=1,
                       validation_split=0.1)
       Epoch 1/10
       val_accuracy: 0.6711
```

```
Epoch 2/10
al_accuracy: 0.7105
Epoch 3/10
al_accuracy: 0.7368
Epoch 4/10
al_accuracy: 0.7368
Epoch 5/10
al_accuracy: 0.7237
Epoch 6/10
al_accuracy: 0.7237
Epoch 7/10
al_accuracy: 0.7368
Epoch 8/10
22/22 [============== ] - 1s 56ms/step - loss: 0.0044 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.9295 - v
al_accuracy: 0.7368
Epoch 9/10
al_accuracy: 0.7368
Epoch 10/10
al_accuracy: 0.7368
```