```
In [108]:
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as bs
          import requests
          import string
          from collections import Counter
          import seaborn as sns
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from nltk.corpus import stopwords
          from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
          from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
          from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
          import nltk
          import warnings
          warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
          #!wget http://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip
          #!unzip glove.6B.zip
 In [73]: !wget "https://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz"
          --2022-03-30 18:31:58-- https://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz (htt
          ps://s3.amazonaws.com/dl4j-distribution/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz)
          Resolving s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.184.101
          Connecting to s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com) 52.216.184.101 :443... connected.
          HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
          Length: 1647046227 (1.5G) [application/x-gzip]
          Saving to: 'GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz'
          GoogleNews-vectors- 100%[========>] 1.53G 45.5MB/s
          2022-03-30 18:32:36 (42.3 MB/s) - 'GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.gz' saved [1647046227/1647046227]
In [109]:
          import tensorflow as tf
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import nltk
          nltk.download('stopwords')
          from nltk.corpus import stopwords
          from nltk.stem import SnowballStemmer
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
          import re
          from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
          from keras.models import Sequential
          from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM, SpatialDropout1D
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
          from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
          from keras.layers import Dropout
          import re
          from nltk.corpus import stopwords
          from nltk import word_tokenize
          STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))
          from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
          import plotly.graph_objs as go
          #import cufflinks
          from IPython.core.interactiveshell import InteractiveShell
          import plotly.figure_factory as ff
          InteractiveShell.ast_node_interactivity = 'all'
          print("Tensorflow Version",tf.__version__)
          [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
          [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
Out[109]: True
          Tensorflow Version 2.8.0
```

```
In [110]: model_data = pd.read_csv("/content/model_data.csv")
model_data.head()
```

Out[110]:

	title	summary	anger	anticipation	disgust	fear	joy	negative	positive	sadness	surprise	trust	sentiment_class
0	The Hunger Games	Could you survive on your own in the wild, wit	8	8	10	9	6	16	11	11	5	5	Negative
1	Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix	There is a door at the end of a silent corrido	14	7	5	15	6	18	18	13	5	10	Neutral
2	To Kill a Mockingbird	The unforgettable novel of a childhood in a sl	2	4	2	5	8	8	15	5	1	2	Positive
3	Pride and Prejudice	Alternate cover edition of ISBN 9780679783268S	5	15	2	3	22	8	26	0	3	15	Positive
4	The Book Thief	Librarian's note: An alternate cover edition c	3	5	3	7	3	9	11	4	4	11	Positive

9]:		anger	anticipation	disgust	fear	joy	negative	positive	sadness	surprise	tru
col	unt	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.000000	1084.00000
me	ean	4.802583	7.273063	3.440037	7.455720	6.680812	10.226937	15.158672	5.087638	3.691882	8.29612
•	std	4.180568	4.835920	3.160102	5.472577	4.949567	6.611929	8.652238	4.011373	2.938126	5.39637
n	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000
2	5%	2.000000	4.000000	1.000000	3.000000	3.000000	5.000000	9.000000	2.000000	2.000000	4.00000
5	0%	4.000000	7.000000	3.000000	6.000000	6.000000	9.000000	14.000000	4.000000	3.000000	8.00000
7	5%	7.000000	10.000000	5.000000	11.000000	9.000000	14.000000	20.000000	7.000000	5.000000	11.00000
m	nax	25.000000	46.000000	21.000000	31.000000	35.000000	39.000000	86.000000	25.000000	20.000000	58.00000
4											•

Multiclass text classification

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

df_summary = model_data[["title","summary", "sentiment_class"]]

```
import logging
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from numpy import random
import gensim
import nltk
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import re
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [49]: | from xgboost import XGBClassifier as XGBC
          from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier as knn
          from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB as GB
          from sklearn.svm import SVC
          from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, AdaBoostClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier, VotingClassi
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
          from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
          from sklearn.svm import SVC
          from xgboost import XGBClassifier as XGBC
          from matplotlib.gridspec import GridSpec
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, recall_score, f1_score, precision_score, classifid
          def Classification_model(model,X_train_res,y_train_res,X_test,y_test): # here x is the variable which are used f
              model.fit(X_train_res,y_train_res.ravel())
              pred=model.predict(X_test)
              accuracy=accuracy_score(y_test,pred)
              recall = recall_score(y_test,pred, average='micro')
              precision = precision_score(y_test,pred, average='micro')
              F1_score = f1_score(y_test,pred, average='micro')
              return accuracy, recall, precision, F1_score
In [50]: # Lets us make a list of models
          models=["RandomForestClassifier","Gaussian Naive Bays","KNN","Logistic_Regression","Support_Vector"]
          Classification_models = [RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100),GB(),knn(n_neighbors=7),LogisticRegression(),S
          Model Accuracy = []
          Model Recall = []
          Model_Precision = []
          Model f1 = []
In [51]: for model in Classification_models:
              Accuracy, Recall, Precision, F1_score = Classification_model(model,x_train,y_train,x_test,y_test)
                                                                                                                        #,Recall
              Model Accuracy.append(Accuracy)
              Model_Recall.append(Recall)
              Model Precision.append(Precision)
              Model_f1.append(F1_score)
In [52]: Accuracy_with_Imp_features = pd.DataFrame(
              { "Classification Model" :models, "Accuracy with Imp features":Model_Accuracy, "Recall with Imp features":Model_Recall, "Precision with Imp f
               "F1 with Imp features":Model_f1})
In [53]: Accuracy_with_Imp_features.sort_values(by="Accuracy with Imp features",ascending=False).reset_index(drop=True)
Out[53]:
               Classification Model Accuracy with Imp features Recall with Imp features Precision with Imp features F1 with Imp features
                Logistic_Regression
                                                0.690184
                                                                    0.690184
                                                                                            0.690184
                                                                                                             0.690184
           1 RandomForestClassifier
                                                0.662577
                                                                    0.662577
                                                                                            0.662577
                                                                                                             0.662577
           2
               Gaussian Naive Bays
                                                0.656442
                                                                    0.656442
                                                                                            0.656442
                                                                                                             0.656442
                                                                                                             0.653374
           3
                    Support_Vector
                                                0.653374
                                                                    0.653374
                                                                                            0.653374
                            KNN
                                                0.622699
                                                                    0.622699
                                                                                            0.622699
                                                                                                             0.622699
```

Naive Bayes Classifier for Multinomial Models

```
In [114]: | from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
          from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
          from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
          X = df_summary.summary
          y = df_summary.sentiment_class
          X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state = 42)
          nb = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                          ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                         ('clf', MultinomialNB()),
          nb.fit(X_train, y_train)
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
          y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)
          print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
          print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=["Positive", "Negative", "Neutral"]))
Out[114]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                           ('clf', MultinomialNB())])
          accuracy 0.6748466257668712
                        precision
                                      recall f1-score
                                                         support
                              0.00
                                        0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                              96
              Positive
              Negative
                              0.00
                                        0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                              10
               Neutral
                              0.67
                                        1.00
                                                  0.81
                                                             220
                                                  0.67
                                                             326
              accuracy
                                                             326
              macro avg
                              0.22
                                        0.33
                                                  0.27
          weighted avg
                              0.46
                                        0.67
                                                  0.54
                                                             326
In [115]: my_tags = ["Positive", "Negative", "Neutral"]
```

Linear Support Vector Machine

```
In [116]:
          from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier
          sgd = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                          ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                          ('clf', SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', penalty='l2',alpha=1e-3, random_state=42, max_iter=5, tol=No
                         ])
          sgd.fit(X_train, y_train)
          y_pred = sgd.predict(X_test)
          print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
          print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred,target_names=my_tags))
Out[116]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                           SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001, max_iter=5, random_state=42,
                                         tol=None))])
          accuracy 0.7269938650306749
                        precision
                                    recall f1-score support
                                             0.41
              Positive
                             0.68
              Negative
                             0.00
                                       0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                             10
               Neutral
                             0.73
                                       0.95
                                                  0.83
                                                             220
              accuracy
                                                  0.73
                                                             326
                                                 0.41
                                                             326
             macro avg
                             0.47
                                       0.41
                                                             326
          weighted avg
                             0.70
                                       0.73
                                                 0.68
```

Logistic Regression

```
In [117]:
          from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
          logreg = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                          ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                          ('clf', LogisticRegression(n_jobs=1, C=1e5)),
                         ])
          logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
          y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)
          print('accuracy %s' % accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test))
          print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred,target_names=my_tags))
Out[117]: Pipeline(steps=[('vect', CountVectorizer()), ('tfidf', TfidfTransformer()),
                          ('clf', LogisticRegression(C=100000.0, n_jobs=1))])
          accuracy 0.7300613496932515
                                     recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                        support
              Positive
                             0.67
                                       0.31
                                                 0.43
                                                             96
              Negative
                             0.00
                                       0.00
                                                 0.00
                                                             10
               Neutral
                                       0.95
                                                 0.83
                                                            220
                             0.74
                                                 0.73
                                                            326
              accuracy
                             0.47
0.70
                                       0.42
                                                 0.42
                                                            326
             macro avg
          weighted avg
                             0.70
                                       0.73
                                                 0.69
                                                            326
```

Deep learning

```
In [10]:
         import itertools
         import os
         %matplotlib inline
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer, LabelEncoder
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
         from tensorflow import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout
         from keras.preprocessing import text, sequence
         from keras import utils
         train_size = int(len(df_summary) * .7)
         train_posts = df_summary['summary'][:train_size]
         train_tags = df_summary['sentiment_class'][:train_size]
         test_posts = df_summary['summary'][train_size:]
         test_tags = df_summary['sentiment_class'][train_size:]
         max\_words = 15000
         tokenize = text.Tokenizer(num_words=max_words, char_level=False)
         tokenize.fit_on_texts(train_posts) # only fit on train
         x_train = tokenize.texts_to_matrix(train_posts)
         x_test = tokenize.texts_to_matrix(test_posts)
         encoder = LabelEncoder()
         encoder.fit(train_tags)
         y_train = encoder.transform(train_tags)
         y_test = encoder.transform(test_tags)
```

```
In [11]:    num_classes = np.max(y_train) + 1
    num_classes
```

Out[11]: 3

Out[10]: LabelEncoder()

```
In [12]: y_train = to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
         y_test = to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
         batch_size = 32
In [14]: | # Build the model
         model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(Dense(128, input_shape=(max_words,)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(num_classes))
model.add(Activation('sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              optimizer='adam',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                    batch_size=batch_size,
                    epochs=11,
                    verbose=1)#, validation_split=0.1)
```

```
Epoch 1/11
 Epoch 2/11
 Epoch 3/11
 Epoch 4/11
 Epoch 5/11
 Epoch 6/11
 Epoch 7/11
 Epoch 8/11
 Epoch 9/11
 Epoch 10/11
 Epoch 11/11
 In [100]: | score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test,
     batch_size=batch_size, verbose=1)
```

```
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

```
Test accuracy: 0.7716564512252808
```

Sentiment Classification (Prediction)

```
In [101]: | test_text = df_summary[1:2].summary.values
          test_text[0]
```

Out[101]: 'There is a door at the end of a silent corridor. And itâ\x80\x99s haunting Harry Pottterâ\x80\x99s dreams. Wh y else would he be waking in the middle of the night, screaming in terror? Harry has a lot on his mind for thi s, his fifth year at Hogwarts: a Defense Against the Dark Arts teacher with a personality like poisoned honey; a big surprise on the Gryffindor Quidditch team; and the loomiThere is a door at the end of a silent corridor. And itâ\x80\x99s haunting Harry Pottterâ\x80\x99s dreams. Why else would he be waking in the middle of the nig ht, screaming in terror? Harry has a lot on his mind for this, his fifth year at Hogwarts: a Defense Against th e Dark Arts teacher with a personality like poisoned honey; a big surprise on the Gryffindor Quidditch team; a nd the looming terror of the Ordinary Wizarding Level exams. But all these things pale next to the growing thr eat of He-Who-Must-Not-Be-Named - a threat that neither the magical government nor the authorities at Hogwarts can stop.As the grasp of darkness tightens, Harry must discover the true depth and strength of his friends, th e importance of boundless loyalty, and the shocking price of unbearable sacrifice. His fate depends on them al 1.'

Saving the Model

```
In [121]: |model.save("model")
```

INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: model/assets

```
In [125]: def toknize_input(test_text):
            tokenize.fit_on_texts(test_text) # only fit on train
            x_train2 = tokenize.texts_to_matrix(test_text)
            return x_train2
          def decode_sentiment(num_):
           if num_ == 0:
              return "Negative"
            elif num_==1:
              return "Neutral"
            else:
              return "Positive"
          model_dl = keras.models.load_model('model')
In [126]: tokenized_text = toknize_input(test_text)
          scores = model_dl.predict(tokenized_text, verbose=1, batch_size=32)
          y_pred = decode_sentiment(np.where(scores[0] == max(scores[0]))[0][0])
          y_pred
          1/1 [========] - 0s 65ms/step
Out[126]: 'Positive'
```