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	CS/B.Tech	(ECE-NEV	V)/SEM-6/EC	-602/2010
		2010		
COI		OMMUNI	ICATION A	ND.

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### GROUP - A

## ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

	$10 \times 1 = 10$
i)	Which of the following allows devices on one network to
	communicate with devices on another network?

a) Switch

b) Multiplexer

c) Modem

- d) Gateway.
- ii) All the packets in a massage follow the same path in
  - a) Datagram packet switching
  - b) Message switching
  - c) Virtual circuit switching
  - d) Virtual circuit packet switching.

[ Turn over

1.

iii)	) A	subnet mask in	class A	addressed network ha
		arteen 1's. How m		
	a)	64	<b>b</b> )	128
	c)	32	d)	8.
iv)	Pu	re ALOHA has a n	naximum ei	fficiency of
	a)	10%	<b>b</b> )	37%
	c)	18%	d)	none of these.
v)	Hos	st to host connect	ivity is prov	rided by
	a)	Data link layer	<b>b</b> )	Network layer
	c)	Session layer	d)	Transport layer.
vi)	Wh	ich of the followin	g access me	ethods has no collision?
	a)	CSMA/CD	<b>b</b> )	CSMA/CA
	c)	ALOHA	d)	Token passing.
vii)	The	latest modulation	n technique	e used by data modems
* 1, 3	is			
	a)	ASK	<b>b</b> )	QPSK
	c)	DPSK	d)	FSK.

VIII	) DI	t stuffing is a com	mon techi	nque avanable i	1
	a)	Character oriente	ed protoco	1	
	<b>b</b> )	Sliding window w	vith go-bac	ek-N	ć,
	<b>c)</b>	Repeated sliding	window		
	d)	Bit oriented prote	ocol.		
ix)	A c	onventional PABX	uses		
	a)	Circuit switching	<b>b</b> )	Packet switch	ing
	c)	Both (a) & (b)	d)	None of these.	
<b>x</b> )	Wh	ich error detection	method in	volves polyomia	als ?
	a)	CRC			
	b)	LRC			
	c)	VRC			
	d)	Checksum calcu	lation.		
xi)	Which protocol is used for file transferring?				
	a)	SMTP	<b>b</b> )	SCTP	
	c)	FTP	d)	тср.	
6104			3		Turn over
			-		

	XII)	Au	evice operating at	the Netwo	ik layer is called	
		a)	Bridge	<b>b)</b>	HUB	
		c)	Router	d)	Repeater.	
	xiii)		sharing of a medices is called	dium and	its path by two or	more
		a)	Modulation	<b>b</b> )	Encoding	
		c)	Multiplexing	d)	Decoding.	
	xiv)		ich one of the f	following d	is an Application	layer
		a)	FTP	b)	Remote log in	
		c)	Mail service	d)	All of these.	
			<del>-</del> -	UP – B		
			(Short Answer			
			Answer any three			
•					Pv4 to IPv6. Write o	lown
. •	four	adva	entages of IPv6 ove	er IPv4.		3 + 2
•	Com	pare	Unicast addressi	ng & Mul	ticast addressing. V	Vhat
	do y	ou m	ean by guard ban	d ?		3 + 2
	Deriv	ve th	e expression of the	e efficiency	of pure ALOHA.	5
	Com	pare	Path vector & Lin	k state rou	iting mechanisms.	5

#### GROUP - C

#### (Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 7. a) Describe the design goals of Cell-relay protocol for wide area networking.
  - b) What is the relation between Virtual circuits & Virtual paths for a particular transmitting path during the data transfer?
  - c) Compare the following:
    - i) VPI & VCI
    - ii) PVC & SVC
  - d) What do you mean by ATM LAN? Discuss ATM LAN architecture.  $3+3+(2\times2)+5$
- 8. a) Analyze the performance of pure ALOHA. How does slotted ALOHA improve performance over pure ALOHA? In both cases find the expressions for average delay & throughout.
  - b) Compare the performance of pure ALOHA with slotted ALOHA.
  - c) Describe ALOHA with flow-chart. 2+2+4+3+4

- 9. a) What do you mean by Distance Vector Routing?
  - b) Describe the Link state routing mechanism with proper routing protocol function.
  - c) Compare Transient link & Stub link.
  - d) What do you mean by Static routing table & Dynamic routing table?
  - e) Compare intra-domain &-inter-domain routing.

3 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 3

- 10. a) Define Token ring and Token bus.
  - b) Describe the CDMA process.
  - c) Compare CSMA/CD & CSMA/CA with proper flow-chart.
  - d) A group of N stations share a 56 kbps Aloha channel. Each station outputs a 1000 bit frame on an average of once 100 sec, even if the previous/one has not been sent. What is the maximum number of N?

 $2 + 4 + (2 \times 3) + 3$ 

- 11. a) What is the function of ADD/DROP Multiplexer in case of SONET?
  - b) Describe the SONET device layer relationship.
  - c) What do you mean by Byte interleaving?
  - d) Compare point to point & multipoint network in SONET.
  - e) What is the difference between SONET & SDH?

4 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 3

- 12. Write the short notes on any three of the following:  $3 \times 5$ 
  - a) DWDM
  - b) RSA Algorithm
  - c) HTTP
  - d) MAC
  - e) E-mail
  - f) Digital Signature.