

Course Name Course Code

: Web Technology Through PHP

: CSEG7007



Course Instructor:

J.Dhiviya Rose

Assistant Professor-Selection Grade
Department of Cybernetics
School of Computer Science

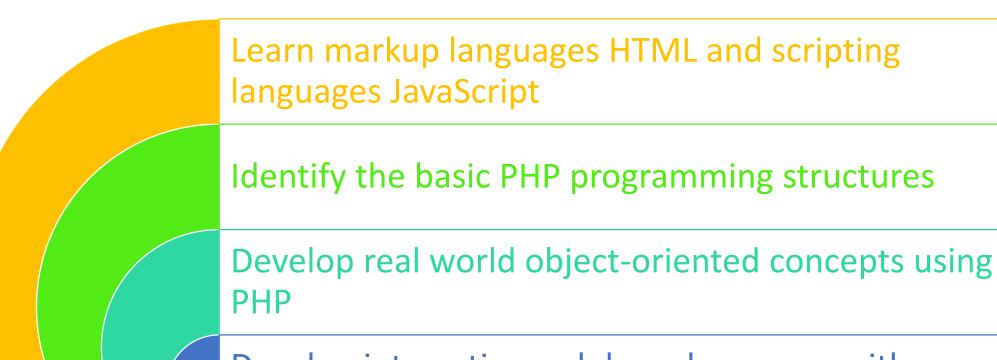
Email: dhiviyarj@ddn.upes.ac.in

Mobile: 9410188296

J. Dhiviya Rose



<u>Course Outcomes – Web Technology Through PHP</u>



Develop interactive web based program with database connectivity



PHP Arrays

Course Instructor

Dhiviya Rose J. Asst. Prof. Selection Grade

Department of Cybernetics | SOCS | UPES

Instructor: J. Dhiviya Rose/SOCS



Arrays

- Ordered MAP used for grouping the data
- A map is a data structure that associates (key, value) pair.
- Various optimized structures includes array, list(vector), hashtable, dictionary, collection, stack, queue.....
- There are 3 types of array in PHP.
 - Indexed Array indexed in incremental order starting from 0
 - Associative Array indexed by a label
 - Multidimensional Array



Arrays Creation in PHP

Created using the array() language construct.

It takes any number of comma-separated key => value pairs as arguments

```
<?php
$myarr2=[100,200,300];
foreach($myarr2 as $temp)
echo $temp."<br>";
?>
```

Indexed Array

```
<?php
$weekday = array("Monday","Tuesday","Wednesday","Thursday");
foreach($weekday as $temp)
echo $temp. | "<br>";
?>
```

Associative Array

```
<?php
$weekday = array
("Mon"=>"Monday","Tue"=>"Tuesday","Wed"=>"Wednesday","Thur"=>"Thursday");
foreach($weekday as $tempkey=>$tempvalue)
echo $tempkey."&nbsp-----|".$tempvalue."<br>;
}>
```

```
Mon -----Monday
Tue -----Tuesday
Wed -----Wednesday
Thur -----Thursday
```



Multi-Dimentional Arrays in PHP

- Array of arrays
- Used for Tabular data storing
- Indexes can be extended

	Column 0	Column 1	Column 2
Row 0	x[0][0]	x[0][1]	x[0][2]
Row 1	x[1][0]	x[1][1]	x[1][2]
Row 2	x[2][0]	x[2][1]	x[2][2]



KEY PONTS

- In PHP Arrays elements can be store mixed datatype
- Sorting and Searching are the key components in Array
- Key can be only int/string. If float given it will be truncated
- An alternate way of array creation is

```
<?php
$myarr2=[100,200,300];
foreach($myarr2 as $temp)
echo $temp."<br>;
?>
```

Array elements can also be retrieved using the index

100 200 300





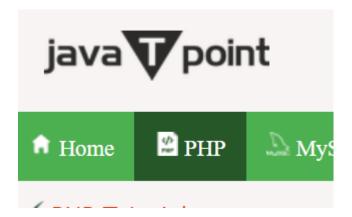


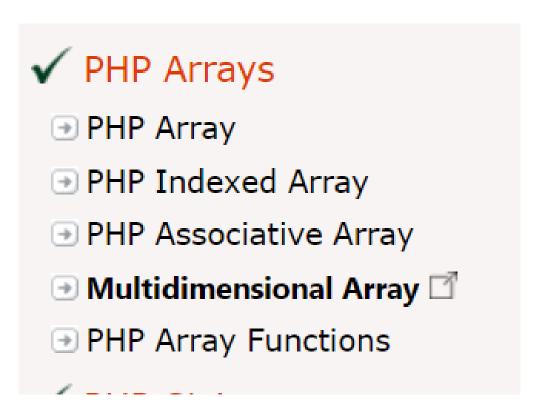


ID	NAME	CLASS	MARK	GENDER
1	John Deo	Four	75	female
2	Max Ruin	Three	85	male
3	Arnold	Three	55	male
4	Krish Star	Four	60	female
5	John Mike	Four	60	female
6	Alex John	Four	55	male
7	My John Rob	Five	78	male
8	Asruid	Five	85	male
9	Tes Qry	Six	78	male
10	Big John	Four	55	female



Reference Track to Study





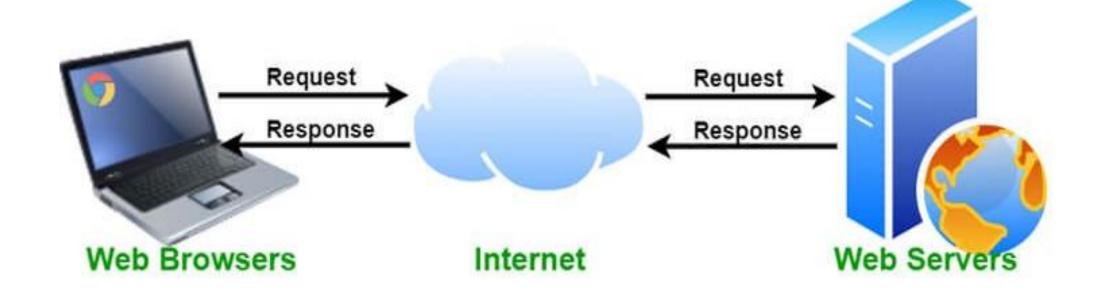


Retrieving the Form

Value in PHP



Communication of Data



Client browsers can send information to a web server in two different ways:

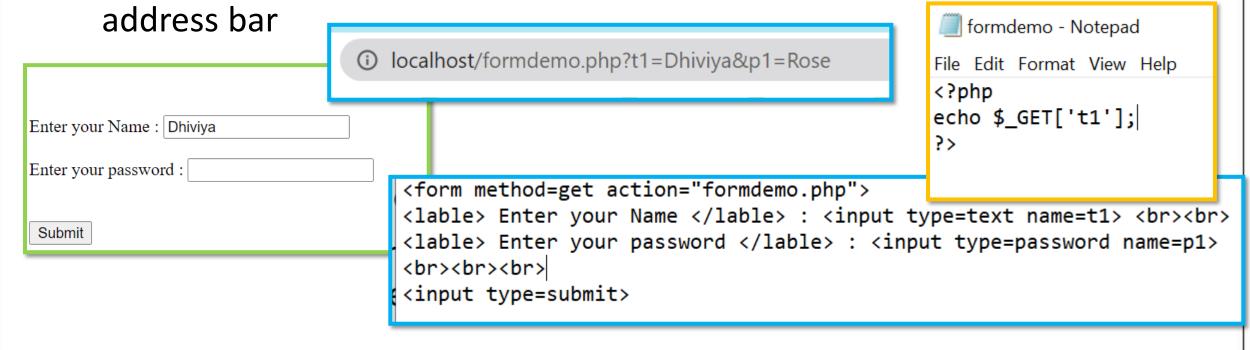
GET Method POST Method



1. Get Method

- Send by encoding the values in the URL of the page request
- Implement this method by concatenating the question mark character (?) to the end of the page request

• form data is visible to everyone as it is displayed in the browser





formdemo - Notepad

1. POST Method

- Sends information via HTTP header.
- All name/value pairs sent through this method is invisible to anyone else since all the information are embedded within the body of the HTTP request.

• access key (\$_POST['name as key']).

J.Dhiviya Rose, SOCS | UPES

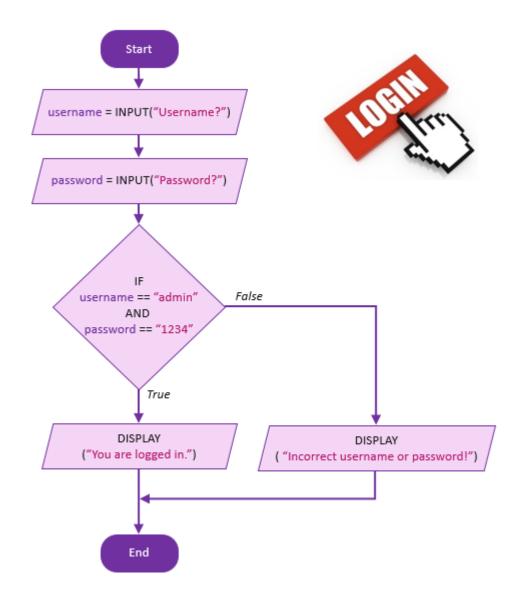




Enter the Username

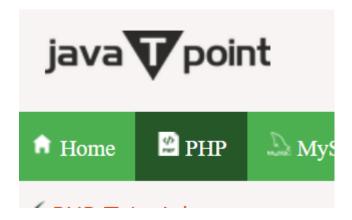
Enter the password

Login





Reference Track to Study







Thank 404