```
In [2]: from urllib.request import urlopen
          import time
          import json
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from shapely.geometry import Point
          import geopandas as gpd
          from geopandas import GeoDataFrame
  In [2]: time position = []
          latitude
                         = []
          longitude
                         = []
          end time = time.time() + 60 * 60 # End time is set for current time + 60 * 60 (60 mints=3600 seconds who
          while time.time() < end time:</pre>
              #This loop runs for 1 hour and extracts the time in seconds and
              #latitude and longitude coordinates of the satellite provided by NASA
              with urlopen("http://api.open-notify.org/iss-now.json") as response:
                  body = response.read()
              co_ordinates = json.loads(body.decode('utf-8')) #converts bytes format to dictionary format
              longitude.append(co ordinates['iss position']['longitude']) # appends longitude value
              latitude.append(co_ordinates['iss_position']['latitude']) # appends latitude value
              time position.append(co ordinates['timestamp'])
                                                                             # appends timestamp value
In [108]: #creating the dataframe from the values of time, latitude and longitude
          satellite_data = pd.DataFrame(list(zip(time position, latitude, longitude)), columns = ['time', 'latitude',
In [109]: satellite_data.tail()
Out[109]:
                          latitude longitude
           7133 1681032298 -20.9390
                                  -46.8187
           7134 1681032298 -20.9149
                                 -46.7978
           7135 1681032298 -20.9149
                                  -46.7978
           7136 1681032300 -20.8425
                                 -46.7353
           7137 1681032300 -20.8184 -46.7145
```

It can be observed from the above data that time is not in the interval of 5 seconds. Hence, we must extract the rows for every 5 seconds of time values.

```
In [110]: | time interval 5 = []
          a = list(satellite data['time'])[0]
          time interval 5.append(a)
          for i in list(satellite data['time']):
              # This loop runs through every time value in satellite data from second to last value
              # This checks with the previous time value and if the difference between them is >=5
              # then appends the time value to list time interval 5
              # Note - We might not find value at exact interval of 5 seconds
              # therefore considering time difference value of greater than 5 which can be 6 at times.
              if i-a>=5:
                  time_interval_5.append(i)
                  a = i
              else:
                  continue
In [111]: #filtering the data with the time values with an time interval of 5 seconds
          satellite_data_5seconds = satellite_data[satellite_data.time.isin(time_interval_5)].groupby('time').head
In [112]: # converting the string datatype to numeric datatypes for latitude and longitude columns
          satellite_data_5seconds["latitude"] = pd.to_numeric(satellite_data_5seconds["latitude"])
          satellite_data_5seconds["longitude"] = pd.to_numeric(satellite_data_5seconds["longitude"])
In [113]: #printing last 5 records of dataframe
          satellite data 5seconds.tail()
Out[113]:
                     time latitude longitude
           7097 1681032280 -21.8054 -47.5746
           7107 1681032285 -21.5651 -47.3636
           7117 1681032290 -21.3246 -47.1534
           7127 1681032295 -21.0837 -46.9440
```

7136 1681032300 -20.8425 -46.7353

Here, it can be observed that the time values are having the difference of 5 seconds.

```
In [114]: #saving the dataframe to a pickle file
    satellite_data_5seconds.to_pickle('satellite_data_5seconds.pkl')

In [3]: #loading the pickle data
    satellite_data_5seconds = pd.read_pickle('satellite_data_5seconds.pkl')

In [4]: #converting the latitude and longitude values to Points
    geometry = [Point(xy) for xy in zip(satellite_data_5seconds['longitude'], satellite_data_5seconds['latit gdf = GeoDataFrame(satellite_data_5seconds, geometry=geometry)
```

```
In [41]: plt.style.use('dark background')
         plt.rcParams["font.family"] = "Times New Roman"
         world = gpd.read file(gpd.datasets.get path('naturalearth lowres'))
               = gdf.plot(ax=world.plot(figsize=(14, 8)), marker='o', color='red', markersize=15)
         start = time.strftime('%H:%M:%S', time.gmtime(list(satellite data 5seconds['time'])[0]-4*3600)) # start
               = time.strftime('%H:%M:%S', time.gmtime(list(satellite data 5seconds['time'])[-1]-4*3600))# end to
         end
         start x, start y = satellite data 5seconds['longitude'].tolist()[0], satellite data 5seconds['latitude'].t
                         = satellite data 5seconds['longitude'].tolist()[-1],satellite data 5seconds['latitude'].
         end x, end y
         plt.text(x=start x-5,y=start y+5,s='start point',fontsize=15,color='blue',
                 bbox=dict(facecolor='none', edgecolor='black', boxstyle='round,pad=0.2'))
         plt.text(x=end x-25,y=end y+4,s='end point',fontsize=15,color='blue',
                 bbox=dict(facecolor='none', edgecolor='black', boxstyle='round,pad=0.2'))
         plt.title('Satellite Tracking from '+start+' to '+end+' in ET time format')
         plt.xlabel('Longitude',fontweight='bold')
         plt.ylabel('Latitude', fontweight='bold')
         plt.grid(True,alpha=0.4)
         plt.show()
```

