

## COMMENTS AND SCORE



### What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

We used the comments to make our code understandable and added the feature of displaying the score.

### What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

- Added comments to the code so that code is understandable to other users.
- Displayed score on the screen.
- Destroyed the boxes when hit by the ball.

### Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

- comments
- `sprite.destroy()`
- `text()`

### How did we DO the activities?

1. Revise the code by adding comments for each block of code.

```
//Moving the ball on pressing enter key
if(keyDown("enter")){
    ball.velocityX = 3;
    ball.velocityY = 4;
}

//Making the ball bounceOff the paddle and three sides
createEdgeSprites();
ball.bounceOff(rightEdge);
ball.bounceOff(leftEdge);
ball.bounceOff(topEdge);
ball.bounceOff(paddle);

//Moving the paddle with mouse along the x-axis
paddle.x=World.mouseX;

drawSprites();
}
```

2. Use conditional programming to remove the boxes when it gets hit by the ball. (Do this for each box created in the game.)

```
52 createEdgeSprites();
53 ball.bounceOff(rightEdge);
54 ball.bounceOff(leftEdge);
55 ball.bounceOff(topEdge);
56 ball.bounceOff(paddle);
57
58 //Moving the paddle with mouse along
59 paddle.x=World.mouseX;
60
61 if(ball.isTouching(box1))
62 {
63     box1.destroy();
64 }
65
66 drawSprites();
67 }
```

## 3. Display the score.

- Add a **score** variable to count the score.

```
1 //creating plddle and the ball
2 var paddle = createSprite(200, 375, 50, 15);
3 var ball = createSprite(150, 250, 20, 20);
4
5 var score=0;
6
```

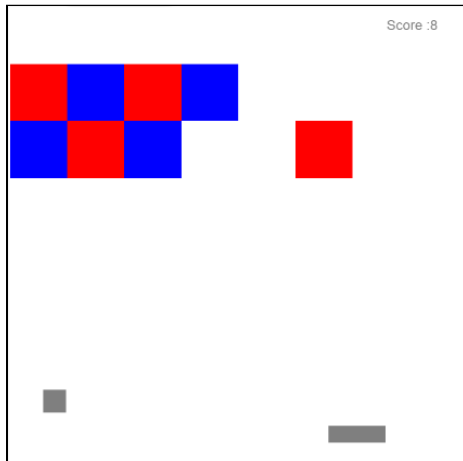
- Use the text function to display the value of **score**.

```
42
43
44 function draw() {
45     background("white");
46
47     //display score
48     text("Score :"+score, 330, 20)
49
50
```

- Add 1 to the **score** variable whenever a box is touched.

```
67 //destroy the boxes when ball touches
68 if(ball.isTouching(box1))
69 {
70     score=score+1;
71     box1.destroy();
72 }
73
74 if(ball.isTouching(box2))
75 {
76     score=score+1;
77     box2.destroy();
78 }
79
80 if(ball.isTouching(box3))
81 {
82     score=score+1;
83     box3.destroy();
84 }
85
86 if(ball.isTouching(box4))
87 {
88     score=score+1;
89     box4.destroy();
90
```

Output:



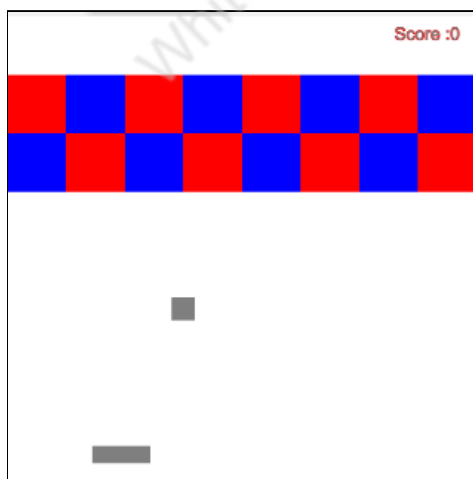
4. Use textSize() and stroke functions for setting the size of text and the color respectively.

```

44 function draw() {
45   background("white");
46
47   //display score
48   textSize(15);
49   stroke("red");
50   text("Score :"+score, 330, 20);
51
52

```

Output:



### What's next?

We are going to add game states to our game so that it behaves differently in different states.

### Further reading:

1. You can visit [here](#) for further reading on `textSize()`.

WhiteHat Jr + WhiteHat Jr + WhiteHat Jr