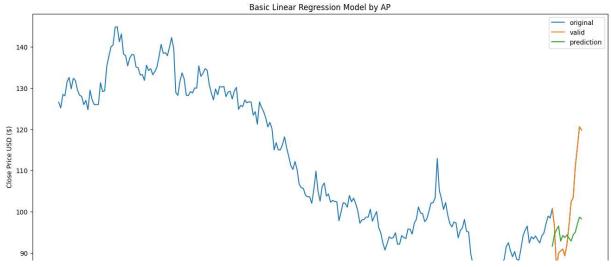
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
     Choose Files AMZN_1Y_...al_Data.csv
    • AMZN 1Y Historical Data.csv(text/csv) - 13123 bytes, last modified: 2023-10-24 - 100% done
    Saving AMZN_1Y_Historical_Data.csv to AMZN_1Y_Historical_Data.csv
from os import rename
amzn df = pd.read csv('AMZN 1Y Historical Data.csv')
amzn df = amzn df.rename(columns={'Close/Last' : 'Close price'})
columns to process = ['Close price', 'Open', 'High', 'Low']
for col in columns to process:
 amzn df[col] = amzn df[col].str.replace('$','').astype(float)
amzn_df.head(5)
     <ipython-input-6-8cc312b7b660>:9: FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version. In addition, single character regular expressions will
       amzn_df[col] = amzn_df[col].str.replace('$','').astype(float)
             Date Close_price
                                  Volume
                                                      High
                                             Open
                                                               Low
     0 10/23/2023
                         126.56 48259950 124.630 127.8800 123.98
     1 10/20/2023
                         125.17 56406410 128.050
                                                  128.1700 124.97
     2 10/19/2023
                         128.40 60961360 130.565 132.2400 127.47
     3 10/18/2023
                         128.13 42699480 129.900 130.6699 127.51
     4 10/17/2023
                         131.47 49344550 130.390 132.5800 128.71
from scipy.sparse import random
df close price = amzn df[['Close price']]
future days = 15
df close price['Prediction'] = df close price[['Close price']].shift(-future days)
X = np.array(df_close_price.drop(['Prediction'], 1))[:-future_days]
y = np.array(df_close_price['Prediction'])[:-future_days]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
regression_model = LinearRegression()
```

```
<ipython-input-7-e8436f822da0>:5: SettingWithCopyWarning:
     A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
     Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
     See the caveats in the documentation: <a href="https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy">https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy</a>
       df close price['Prediction'] = df close price[['Close price']].shift(-future days)
     <ipython-ipput-7-e8436f822da0>:6: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of DataFrame.drop except for the argument 'labels' will be keyword-only.
       X = np.array(df_close_price.drop(['Prediction'], 1))[:-future_days]
      LinearRegression
      LinearRegression()
x future = df close price.drop(['Prediction'], 1)[:-future days]
x_future = x_future.tail(future_days)
x_future = np.array(x_future)
x future
lr_prediction = regression_model.predict(x_future)
     <ipython-input-8-4a6bdf325d14>:1: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of DataFrame.drop except for the argument 'labels' will be keyword-only.
       x future = df close price.drop(['Prediction'], 1)[:-future days]
predictions = lr prediction
valid = df_close_price[X.shape[0]:]
valid['Prediction'] = predictions
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title('Basic Linear Regression Model by AP')
plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Close Price USD ($)')
plt.plot(amzn_df['Close_price'])
plt.plot(valid[['Close_price', 'Prediction']])
plt.legend(['original','valid','prediction'])
plt.show()
```

regression_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

<ipython-input-17-d35b9e907679>:4: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a valid['Prediction'] = predictions



 $\ensuremath{\text{\#}}$ Calculate the RMSE

rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(valid['Close_price'], valid['Prediction']))
rmse

11.516041039068071