schroedingerQuartic

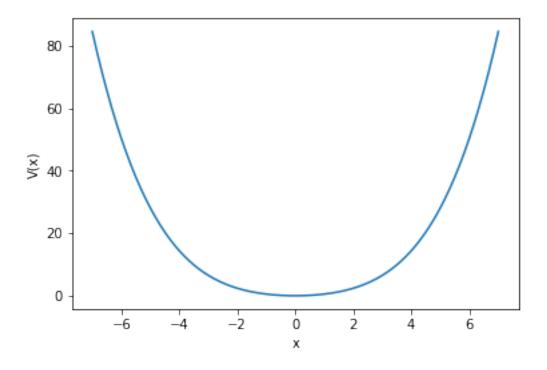
March 2, 2021

```
[1]: import numpy as np
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import scipy.integrate
  import scipy.optimize
  from scipy.optimize import root as rootFinder
```

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[2]: class Schroedinger:
         def __init__(self) :
             self.hbar = 1.0
                                               # Planck's constant / 2pi
             self.m = 1.0
                                              # particle mass
             self.omega = 1.0
                                              # oscillator frequency
                                              # current energy in search
             self.E = 0.0
                                               # number of lattice points = N+1
             self.N = 500
             self.x_left = -7.0
                                              # left boundary
             self.x_right = 7.0
                                                # right boundary
             self.h = (self.x_right - self.x_left) / self.N # grid spacing
             self.xvals = np.linspace(self.x_left,self.x_right,self.N+1) # x value_
      \hookrightarrow for phi
             self.phi_left = np.zeros(self.N+1) # wave function integrating from_
      \hookrightarrow left
             self.phi_right = np.zeros(self.N+1) # wave function integrating from
      \hookrightarrow right
             self.phi = np.zeros(self.N+1)
                                                   # whole wave function
             self.i match = 0
                                                # Index of turning point
             self.x_match = 0.
                                              # Turning point x value
                                               # current sign used to make F(E)_{\sqcup}
             self.sign = 1
      \rightarrow continuous
             self.nodes = 0
                                              # current number of nodes in_
      \rightarrow wavefunction
         def V(self, x):
                                             # harmonic oscillator potential
             return 0.5 * self.m * self.omega**2 * (x**2 + (1/20)*x**4)
         def q(self, x):
                                             # Sturm-Liouville q function
```

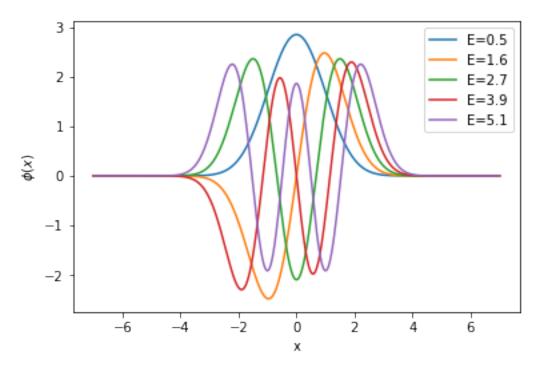
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return 2 * self.m / self.hbar**2 * (self.E - self.V(x))
   def F(self, energy):
                                   # eigenvalue at F(E) = 0
       # set energy needed by the q(x) function
       self.E = energy
       # find the right turning point
      self.i_match = self.N
      x = self.x_right
                                   # start at right boundary
      while self.V(x) > self.E: # in forbidden region
           self.i_match -= 1
           x -= self.h
           if self.i_match < 0:</pre>
               raise Exception("can't find right turning point")
       self.x_match = self.xvals[ self.i_match ]
       # integrate self.phi_left using Numerov algorithm
      self.phi left[0] = 0.0
      self.phi_left[1] = 1.0e-10
      c = self.h**2 / 12.0
                                   # constant in Numerov formula
       for i in range(1, self.i_match+1):
           x = self.x left + i * self.h
           self.phi_left[i+1] = 2 * (1 - 5 * c * self.q(x)) * self.phi_left[i]
           self.phi_left[i+1] = (1 + c * self.q(x - self.h)) * self.
→phi_left[i-1]
           self.phi_left[i+1] /= 1 + c * self.q(x + self.h)
       # integrate self.phi_right
      self.phi[self.N] = self.phi_right[self.N] = 0.0
      self.phi[self.N-1] = self.phi_right[self.N-1] = 1.0e-10
      for i in range(self.N - 1, self.i_match - 1, -1):
           x = self.x_right - i * self.h
           self.phi\_right[i-1] = 2 * (1 - 5 * c * self.q(x)) * self.
→phi_right[i]
           self.phi\_right[i-1] -= (1 + c * self.q(x + self.h)) * self.
→phi_right[i+1]
           self.phi_right[i-1] /= 1 + c * self.q(x - self.h)
           self.phi[i-1] = self.phi_right[i-1]
       # rescale self.phi_left
       scale = self.phi_right[self.i_match] / self.phi_left[self.i_match]
       for i in range(self.i_match + 2):
           self.phi_left[i] *= scale
```

```
self.phi[i] = self.phi_left[i]
    # make F(E) continuous
    # count number of nodes in self.phi_left
    n = 0
    for i in range(1, self.i_match+1):
        if self.phi_left[i-1] * self.phi_left[i] < 0.0:</pre>
            n += 1
    # flip its sign when a new node develops
    if n != self.nodes:
        self.nodes = n
        self.sign = -self.sign
    return ( self.sign *
     ( self.phi_right[self.i_match-1] - self.phi_right[self.i_match+1] -
       self.phi_left [self.i_match-1] + self.phi_left[self.i_match+1] ) /
    (2 * self.h * self.phi_right[self.i_match]) )
def normalize(self):
    norm = 0.0
    norm = np.sqrt( np.sum( self.phi**2 ) / self.N )
    self.phi = self.phi / norm
```



```
[4]: # find the energy levels
     E_max = 5.0
     schroedinger.E = 0.1
                                 # guess an E below the ground state
     level = 0
                                 # level number
     E_old = 0.0
                                 # previous energy eigenvalue
     while True:
                                 # loop over levels
         \# estimate next E and dE
         dE = 0.5 * (schroedinger.E - E_old)
         E_old = schroedinger.E
         schroedinger.E += dE
         res = rootFinder( schroedinger.F,
                                          x0=schroedinger.E)
                                           x1=schroedinger.E+dE )
         schroedinger.E = res.x
         level += 1
         res = rootFinder( schroedinger.q,
                                          x0=schroedinger.x_left)
          #
                                            x1=schroedinger.x_match )
```

```
x = res.x
    \#swrite = '-: \{0:4.2f\} \{1:4.2f\}'.format(x, schroedinger.E)
    #print (swrite)
    res = rootFinder( schroedinger.q,
                                      x0=schroedinger.x_match)
      #
                                       x1=schroedinger.x_right )
    x = res.x
    \#swrite = '+: \{0:4.2f\} \{1:4.2f\}'.format(x, schroedinger.E)
    #print (swrite)
    schroedinger.normalize()
    xvals = schroedinger.x_left + schroedinger.h * np.arange(schroedinger.N+1)
   plt.plot(xvals, schroedinger.phi, label="E=%2.1f" % (schroedinger.E) )
    if schroedinger.E >= E_max:
                                          # we are done
        break
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel("x")
plt.ylabel(r"$\phi(x)$")
plt.show()
```



```
[5]: %matplotlib notebook
     # print the search function
     schroedinger.E = 0.1
     dE = 0.01
     E_data = []
     F_data = []
     while schroedinger.E < E_max:</pre>
         E_data.append( schroedinger.E )
         F_data.append( schroedinger.F(schroedinger.E) )
         schroedinger.E += dE
     plt.plot(E_data,F_data)
     plt.ylim(-10,10)
     plt.xlabel("E")
     plt.ylabel("F(E)")
     plt.axhline(linewidth=1, color='k')
     plt.show()
    <IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[]:
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