Coding Challenges: PetPals, The Pet Adoption Platform

Implement OOPs

Create SQL Schema from the pet and user class, use the class attributes for table column names. 1.Create and implement the mentioned class and the structure in your application.

Pet Class:

Attributes: • Name (string): The name of the pet. • Age (int): The age of the pet. • Breed (string): The breed of the pet.

Methods: • Constructor to initialize Name, Age, and Breed. • Getters and setters for attributes. • ToString() method to provide a string representation of the pet.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2 🔍 class Pet:
3 @ def __init__(self, name, age, breed):
           self.name = name
          self.breed = breed
          return f"Name: {self.name}, Age: {self.age}, Breed: {self.breed}"
        @property
          return self.name
        @getName.setter
        def setName(self,newName):
           self.name = newName
        @property
        return self.age
        @getAge.setter
        def setName(self, newAge):
          self.age = newAge
@property
 def getBreed(self):
      return self.breed
 @getBreed.setter
 def setBreed(self, newBreed):
      self.breed = newBreed
```

Dog Class (Inherits from Pet):

Additional Attributes: • DogBreed (string): The specific breed of the dog. Additional Methods: • Constructor to initialize DogBreed. • Getters and setters for DogBreed.

```
class Dog(Pet):

def __init__(self, name, age, breed, dogBreed):

super().__init__(name, age, breed)

self.dogBreed = dogBreed

property

def getDogBreed(self):

return self.dogBreed

def getDogBreed(self):

return self.dogBreed

def setDogBreed(self, newDogBreed):

self.dogBreed = newDogBreed

self.dogBreed = newDogBreed
```

Cat Class (Inherits from Pet):

Additional Attributes: • CatColor (string): The color of the cat. Additional

Methods: • Constructor to initialize CatColor. • Getters and setters for CatColor.

```
class Cat(Pet):

def __init__(self, name, age, breed, catColor):
    super().__init__(name, age, breed)
    self.catColor = catColor

def getCatColor(self):
    return self.catColor

def setCatColor(self, newCatColor):
    self.catColor = newCatColor
```

3.PetShelter Class:

Attributes: • availablePets (List of Pet): A list to store available pets for adoption.

Methods: • AddPet(Pet pet): Adds a pet to the list of available pets. • RemovePet(Pet pet): Removes a pet from the list of available pets. • ListAvailablePets(): Lists all available pets in the shelter.

```
class PetShelter:

def __init__(self):

self.availablePets = []

def addPet(self, pet):

pass

def removePet(self, pet):

pass

def listAvailablePets(self):

for i in self.availablePets:

print(i)
```

4. Donation Class (Abstract):

Attributes: • DonorName (string): The name of the donor. • Amount (decimal): The donation amount.

Methods: • Constructor to initialize DonorName and Amount. • Abstract method RecordDonation() to record the donation (to be implemented in derived classes).

CashDonation Class (Derived from Donation):

Additional Attributes: • DonationDate (DateTime): The date of the cash donation. Additional Methods: • Constructor to initialize DonationDate. • Implementation of RecordDonation() to record a cash donation.

```
class CashDonation(Donation):

def __init__(self, donorName, amount, donationDate):
    super().__init__(donorName, amount)
    self.donationDate = donationDate

def recordDonation(self):
    print(f"Name of the donor is {self.donorName} , Amount donated {self.amount} on {self.donationDate}")

print(f"Name of the donor is {self.donorName} , Amount donated {self.amount} on {self.donationDate}")
```

ItemDonation Class (Derived from Donation):

Additional Attributes: • ItemType (string): The type of item donated (e.g., food, toys). Additional Methods: • Constructor to initialize ItemType. • Implementation of RecordDonation() to record an item donation.

```
96
97  class ItemDonation(Donation):
98     def __init__(self, donorName, amount, itemType):
99         super().__init__(donorName, amount)
100         self.itemType = itemType
101
102     def recorDonation(self):
103         print(f"Item donation of {self.itemType} recorded.")
104
```

5.IAdoptable Interface/Abstract Class:

Methods: • Adopt(): An abstract method to handle the adoption process.

AdoptionEvent Class:

Attributes: • Participants (List of IAdoptable): A list of participants (shelters and adopters) in the adoption event.

Methods: • HostEvent(): Hosts the adoption event. • RegisterParticipant(IAdoptable participant): Registers a participant for the event.

7. Database Connectivity

Create and implement the following tasks in your application.

• Displaying Pet Listings:

o Develop a program that connects to the database and retrieves a list of available pets from the "pets" table. Display this list to the user. Ensure that the program handles database connectivity exceptions gracefully, including cases where the database is unreachable.

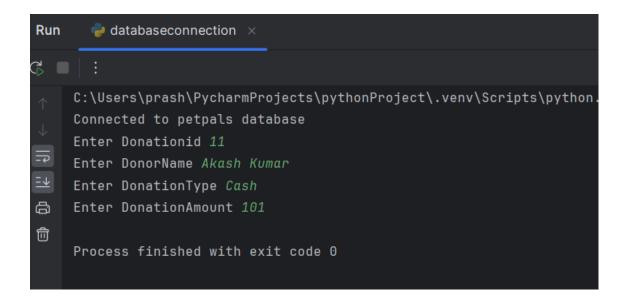
```
import mysql.connector
class databaseconnction():
   def __init__(self,host,user,password,database):
        self.host = host
        self.user = user
       self.password = password
       self.database = database
        self.connection = None
   def connect(self):
        try:
            self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
            host = self.host,
           user = self.user,
            password = self.password,
            database = self.database
            print(f"Connected to {self.database} database")
        except:
            print("Could not connect to database")
   def disconnect(self):
        if self.connection:
           self.connection.close()
           print("Disconnected")
```

```
def AvailablePets(self):
    cursor = self.connection.cursor()
    cursor.execute("select * from pets where AvailableForAdoption = %s",(1,))
    result = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
    for i in result:
        print(i)
```

```
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```

• Donation Recording:

o Create a program that records cash donations made by donors. Allow the user to input donor information and the donation amount and insert this data into the "donations" table in the database. Handle exceptions related to database operations, such as database errors or invalid inputs.



<u>After</u>

	Donationid	DonorName	DonationType	DonationAmount	DonationItem	DonationDate
-	1	John Doe	Cash	100.00	NULL	2023-01-15 10:30:00
	2	Jane Smith	Item	NULL	Pet Food	2023-02-20 15:45:00
	3	Alice Johnson	Cash	50.00	NULL	2023-03-10 12:00:00
	4	Emily Thompson	Cash	75.00	NULL	2023-04-05 14:20:00
	5	Mark Davis	Item	NULL	Pet Toys	2023-05-10 18:30:00
	6	Olivia Harris	Cash	120.00	NULL	2023-06-15 11:45:00
	7	Christopher Turner	Item	NULL	Blankets	2023-07-20 09:00:00
	8	Sophia Roberts	Cash	50.00	NULL	2023-08-25 16:10:00
	9	Daniel Miller	Item	NULL	Pet Bowls	2023-09-30 13:15:00
	10	Ava Wilson	Cash	90.00	NULL	2023-10-10 20:45:00
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Before

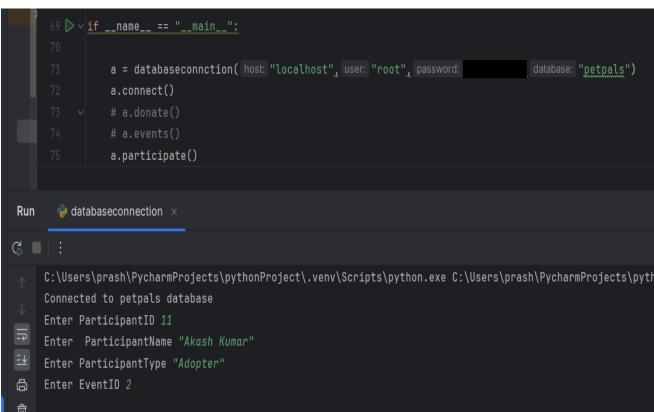
	Donationid	DonorName	DonationType	DonationAmount	DonationItem	DonationDate
١	1	John Doe	Cash	100.00	NULL	2023-01-15 10:30:00
	2	Jane Smith	Item	HULL	Pet Food	2023-02-20 15:45:00
	3	Alice Johnson	Cash	50.00	HULL	2023-03-10 12:00:00
	4	Emily Thompson	Cash	75.00	HULL	2023-04-05 14:20:00
	5	Mark Davis	Item	HULL	Pet Toys	2023-05-10 18:30:00
	6	Olivia Harris	Cash	120.00	HULL	2023-06-15 11:45:00
	7	Christopher Turner	Item	HULL	Blankets	2023-07-20 09:00:00
	8	Sophia Roberts	Cash	50.00	NULL	2023-08-25 16:10:00
	9	Daniel Miller	Item	HULL	Pet Bowls	2023-09-30 13:15:00
	10	Ava Wilson	Cash	90.00	NULL	2023-10-10 20:45:00
	11	Akash Kumar	Cash	101.00	NULL	NULL

Adoption Event Management:

o Build a program that connects to the database and retrieves information about upcoming adoption events from the "adoption_events" table. Allow the user to register for an event by adding their details to the "participants" table. Ensure that the program handles database connectivity and insertion exceptions properly.

```
def events(self):
    cursor = self.connection.cursor()
    cursor.execute("select * from adoptionevents")
    result = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
    for i in result:
        print(i)
```

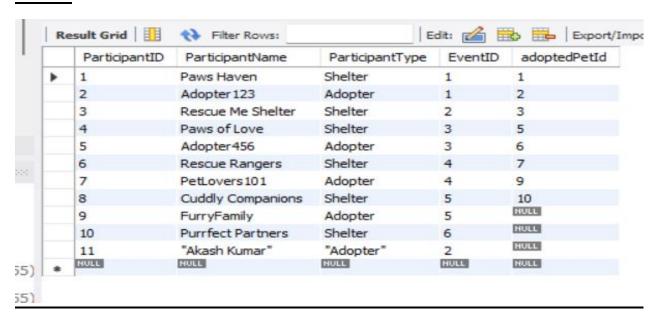
```
if __name__ == "__main__":
                                          a = databaseconnction( host: "localhost", user: "root", password:
                                          a.connect()
                                          a.events()
                 databaseconnection ×
Run
           \verb|C:\Users\prash\PycharmProjects\pythonProject.venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\prash\PycharmProjects\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\Users\prash\python.exe C:\python.exe C:\python.exe
           Connected to petpals database
          (1, 'PetPal Adoption Day', datetime.datetime(2023, 4, 1, 13, 0), 'Central Park')
          (2, 'Rescue Fair', datetime.datetime(2023, 5, 15, 11, 0), 'Town Hall Plaza')
           (3, 'Furry Fiesta Adoption Day', datetime.datetime(2023, 11, 5, 12, 0), 'City Park')
          (5, 'Spring Fling Pet Adoption Fair', datetime.datetime(2024, 3, 20, 11, 0), 'Sunny Meadows Park')
           (6, 'Summer Splash Adoption Event', datetime.datetime(2024, 7, 1, 13, 30), 'Beachside Pavilion')
           (7, 'Autumn Paws Festival', datetime.datetime(2024, 9, 15, 10, 45), 'Harvest Grove Community Center')
           (8, 'Spooky Pet Parade and Adoption', datetime.datetime(2024, 10, 31, 17, θ), 'Haunted Haven Square')
           (9, 'Winter Whiskers Wonderland', datetime.datetime(2024, 12, 20, 15, 0), 'Crystal Ice Palace')
           (10, 'New Furry Friend', datetime.datetime(2025, 1, 5, 12, 15), 'Celebration Plaza')
           Process finished with exit code 0
```



Before

	ParticipantID	ParticipantName	ParticipantType	EventID	adoptedPetId
•	1	Paws Haven	Shelter	1	1
	2	Adopter 123	Adopter	1	2
	3	Rescue Me Shelter	Shelter	2	3
	4	Paws of Love	Shelter	3	5
	5	Adopter456	Adopter	3	6
	6	Rescue Rangers	Shelter	4	7
	7	PetLovers101	Adopter	4	9
	8	Cuddly Companions	Shelter	5	10
	9	FurryFamily	Adopter	5	NULL
	10	Purrfect Partners	Shelter	6	NULL
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

<u>After</u>



6.Exceptions handling

Create and implement the following exceptions in your application.

• Invalid Pet Age Handling: o In the Pet Adoption Platform, when adding a new pet to a shelter, the age of the pet should be a positive integer. Write a program that prompts the user to input the age of a pet. Implement exception handling to ensure that the input is a positive integer. If the input is not valid, catch the exception and display an error message. If the input is valid, add the pet to the shelter.

```
class InvalidPetAge(Exception):
    pass

class NullReference(Exception):
    pass

class InsufficientFunds(Exception):
    pass

class FileHandlingError(Exception):
    pass

class AdoptionException(Exception):
    pass

pass
```

```
try:

def petAge():
    age = int(input("Enter pet's age "))
    if age < 0 :
        raise InvalidPetAge

except InvalidPetAge:
    print("Pet's age can't be negative")

petAge()

petAge()</pre>
```