ABSTRACT

Gesture recognition is a topic in computer science with the goal of interpreting human gestures via mathematical algorithms. Gestures can originate from any bodily motion or state but commonly originate from the face or hand. Gesture recognition enables humans to communicate with the machine and interact naturally without any mechanical devices. Using the concept of gesture recognition, it is possible to point a finger at the computer screen so that the cursor will move accordingly. This could make conventional input devices such as mouse, keyboards and even touch screens redundant.

In this project, we design a real-time human computer interaction system based on hand gesture. Hand gesture recognition system provides us a novel, natural, innovative user friendly way of communication with the computers. The whole system consists of three components: **Hand Detection, Gesture Recognition and Human-Computer Interaction (HCI)** based on recognition, and realizes the robust control of mouse and keyboard events with a higher accuracy of gesture recognition.

INTRODUCTION

Communication in daily life is performed via the help of vocal sounds and body language. However vocal sounds are the main tool for interaction, body language and facial expressions have a serious support in the meanwhile. Even in some cases, interacting with the physical world by using those expressive movements instead of speaking is much easier. Body language has wide range of activities namely eye expressions, slight change in skin color, variation of the vibrations in vocal sounds etc. But the most important body language expressions are performed using hands.

Hand gesture recognition is identifying expressions which are meaningful of the hand or hand in motion. Hand gestures are used in our daily life as a nonverbal method of communication. Gestures are actions that contain some meaningful messages. There are number of systems used in input system for computer interaction such as mouse, keyboard. But in early years there were number of techniques for gesture recognition on tracking such as instrumental glows and optical markers etc. But the most efficient way is to identify hand gestures via webcam. This paper introduces hand gestures recognition system which uses hand gestures for computer interaction. We are using OpenCV image processing and C++ for pre-processing, hand detection, hand tracking and event triggering.

OPEN CV: Open CV (open source computer version library) is a library which explicitly focuses on computer version and real time CV. It is available free for everyone. It is compatible with C++, Python, Java and supports Windows, Linux, Mac OS and Android. Open CV was designed for relative applications. It has above 2000 optimized algorithms and comprehensive set of art CV and ML algorithms.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- A hand gesture recognition system was developed to capture the hand gesture being performed by the user and to control a computer system by that incoming information.
- Many of such systems in literature have strict constraints like wearing special gloves, having uniform background, long-sleeved user arm, being in certain lightning conditions, etc.
- This system eliminates some of the above constraints by just detecting the natural movement of the hand using a web camera and enabling the system to correctly determine the gesture that is being made and to perform the desired action.
- The scenario that will be used in this project will be the reading of a book and performing certain actions such as switching of pages, scrolling in a page, zooming in or zooming out of pages by recognizing hand gestures.

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

Coming across the various spheres of life where this wearable technology can be applied, our major motivation for this project came from one such need. Among us, there are some people who do not have the voice to express, and sometimes, the capability to hear. The deaf and dumb sign language was developed to aid the communication for such people. Our idea was to create a device which could help them communicate, to give them a voice.

The proposed system is used to detect the hand movements of a person and performing certain actions such as switching of pages, scrolling up or down in a page, zooming in or zooming out of pages. This is the main objective of our system.

The hand detection is done using Machine Learning techniques. A dataset with various images of the human hand is used. A webcam is used to capture the images of the hand and compare it with the dataset in order to recognize the valid hand movements that are needed to perform the required actions.

CHAPTER 5 LITERATURE REVIEW

The survey throws light on the key aspects of the papers studied and also highlights their positive and negative points:

SL.	AUTHOR,	METHODOLOGY	ADVANTAGES	LIMITATIONS
NO	TITLE AND YEAR OF PUBLICATION			
1.	Meenakshi	The implementation is	1.The proposed and	Its main limitation is
	Panwar, Pawan	divided into four main	implemented	that different light
	Singh Mehra,	steps:	algorithm does not	condition leads to
	Hand Gesture	1.Image Enhancement	require any kind of	change of colors very
	Recognition for Human	and Segmentation	training of sample	rapidly, which may
	Computer	2.Orientation	data.	cause error or even
	Interaction.	Detection	2.It takes a less	failures. For example,
	(International	3.Feature Extraction	computation time	due to insufficient
	Conference on	4.Classification	as compare to other	light condition, the
	Image		approaches.	existence of hand area
	Information Processing- 2011)			is not detected but the
	110ccssing- 2011)			non-skin regions are
				mistaken for the hand
				area because of same
				color.
2.	Rafiqul Zaman	Three main steps for	1.Recognises	1.The main drawback
	Khan and Noor	hand gesture	gestures from	of the
	Adnan Ibraheem,	recognition system:	both 2D and 3D	system is it does not
	Comparitive	1. Segmentation	images.	consider
	Study Of Hand	2. Feature	2.Different groups	gesture recognition of
	Gesture Recognition	Representation	of features are	temporal space, i.e;
	System.	3.Recognition	examined to	motion
	(AIRCC Digital	Techniques	decide the good	of gestures.
	Library	Hand gesture	performance	2.It uses images to
	DOI:10.5121/csit. 2012.2320 -	recognition by	group.	classify the gesture

	2012)	modeling of the hand		and is not in real time.
		in spatial domain.		3.It is unable to
		Uses various 2D and		classify images with
		3D geometric and		complex
		non-geometric		background i.e; where
		models for modeling.		there are other objects
		It has used Fuzzy c-		in the scene with the
		Means clustering		hand objects.
		algorithm which		4.The computation
		resulted in an		time to recognize a
		accuracy of 85.83%.		gesture is high(2-4s).
				5. Classification of
				same gesture in two
				different images with
				variation of hand
				position gives
				contradicting outputs.
3.	Arpita Ray Sarkar	Hand gesture	This paper proves	The paper presents
	G. Sanyal , S. Majumder	recognition system	to be advantageous	some of the limitations regarding
	Ü	has four different	as it provides a	all the previously
	Hand Gesture Recognition	phases to find out the	brief description of	implemented systems:-
	Systems: A	gesture. They are -	all the gesture	1 Change in
	Survey. (International	1.Data acquisition,	modelling	1.Change in lilumination: When
	Journal of Computer Applications Volume 71– No.15, May	2.Hand segmentation	algorithms that can	
		and pre-processing,	be used to	there is a change in the illumination
		3.Feature extraction	recognize a hand	condition, the system
	2013)	and finally	gesture. It displays	
		4.the recognition.	all the 4 phases of	fails to recognize properly
		1.Suitable input	gesture recognition	2.Rotation or
		device should be	in a detailed and	orientation
		selected for the data	easy to understand	limitation: An HGR
		acquisition. There are	manner. The	mineration, Ann HOIX

a number of input devices for data acquisition. Some of them are data gloves, marker, hand images (from webcam/ Kinect 3D sensor).

2.Gesture modeling has four different steps, viz. hand segmentation, filter/noise removal, edge/contour detection and lastly normalization.

3.Large number of features, such as, shape, textures, contour, motion, distance, centre of gravity etc. can be used for hand gesture recognition.

4.Hidden Markov Model (HMM) is a doubly stochastic model and appropriate for dealing with the stochastic properties in gesture recognition.

various input and sensor devices available that help the system and the user to simplify the recognition process are mentioned in an appropriate manner.

system fails to recognize if the hand is orientated in a different angle

3.Scaling problem:

The problems of scaling arise due to different field of applications, hand size of the users, perspective.

4. Special hardware: A number of special hardware, like Range camera , 3D depth sensor, Data gloves have been used.

4. Manjunath A E ,Vijaya Kumar B P, Rajesh H Comparative Study of Hand Gesture Recognition Algorithms. (International Journal of Research in Computer and Communication Technology, Vol 3, Issue 4, April-2014)

This project is divided into 3 phases:-

1.Hand gesture recognition using kinect camera - Kinect camera is a line motion input sensing device that is used to sense the hand gesture made by the user.

2.Algorithms for Hand Detection Recognition
A.Edge Detection:

Using the boundary function in MATLAB, images are filled up and the boundary pixels are detected and are stored in a linear array. The fingertips are detected using segmentation

technique.

3.Hand Gesture
recognition-The
system stores the
orientation histogram

corresponding to the

input. It then tracks

algorithm

vectorization

This system captures the gestured image and compares it with predefined the in images the database. On finding a match, it outputs the number which the gesture signifying. For example, if the gesture is just a forefinger, then the generated output is 1, etc.

The edge detection and segmentation algorithms used here are not very efficient when compared neural networks. The dataset being considered here very small and can be used to detect very few sign gestures. The histogram matching method is not very reliable and can give false output at times.

or

		the histogram of the input to the histograms of the gestures stored in the database. If any of the histograms match, then the corresponding gesture will be shown.		
5.	Dnyanada R Jadhav, L. M. R. J Lobo, Navigation of PowerPoint Using Hand Gestures. (International Journal of Science and Research (IJSR) - 2015)	The System architecture consists of: 1.Image acquisition 2.Segmentation of hand region. 3.Distance transform method for gesture recognition.	1.Distance transform method is better in performance than circular profiling method. 2. The presented gesture recognition system recognizes both static and dynamic gestures.	The limitations are: 1.The number of gestures that are recognized are less. 2.The gestures where not used to control any applications.
6.	Ruchi Manish Gurav Premanand K. Kadbe, Real time Finger Tracking and Contour Detection for Gesture Recognition using OpenCV. (International Conference on Industrial	There are three main algorithms that are used: 1.Viola and jones Algorithm. 2.Convex Hull Algorithm. 3. The AdaBoost based learning Algorithm.	The work was accomplished by training a set of feature set which is local contour sequence. The main advantage of Local contour sequence is that it is invariant to rotation,	The limitations of this system are that it requires two sets of images for classification. One is the positive set that contains the required images. The other is the negative set that contains contradicting

	Instrumentation		translation and	images.
	and Control		scaling so it is a	
	(ICIC) – 2015)		good feature to	
			train the learning	
			machine.	
			We have achieved	
			92% accuracy with	
			Convex Hull and	
			70% accuracy with	
			AdaBoost.	
7.	Pei Xu,	The system consists	1.The system uses	1.The system
	A Real-Time	of three components:	Convolutional	recognizes only
	Hand Gesture Recognition And	1.Hand detection	Neural	static images.
	Human	2.Gesture	Networks(CNN)	2.The CNN used is
	Computer	recognition	which reach an	not
	Interaction System.	3. Human-Computer	accuracy rate of	robust and reliable
	(Arxiv Journal	Interaction (HCI)	99% rather than	since the
	Repository-	It has implemented	other approaches	number of images and
	Cornell University	the following	such as Hidden	used
	Library – April	methodology:	Markov	to train and test the
	2017)	1.The input image is	Model(HMM),	classifier
		preprocessed and the	Orientation	is less.
		hand detector tries to	Histogram which	3.It only recognizes a
		filter out the hand	are less accurate.	gesture
		from the input image	2.It uses only one	and not a motion of
		2.A CNN classifier is	monocular	gestures
		employed to	camera to capture	to control the mouse
		recognize gestures	the image.	actions
		from the processed		(Gesture one for
		image, while a		dragging the
		Kalman Filter is used		mouse, Gesture two
		to estimate the		for
		position of the		clicking the mouse,

	mouse cursor. 3.The recognition and estimation results are submitted to a control centre which decides the action to be taken.		etc).
8. P.Suganya, R.Sathya, K.Vijayalakshmi Detection And Recognition Of Hand Gestures To Control The System Applications By Neural Networks. (International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics, Volume 118 No. 10 -2018)	the hand is detected using background subtraction and conversion of video feed into HSB video	1.Optimised Recognition of Gestures Aided by Neural Networks (ORGAN) is used to control the mouse actions such as mouse press, mouse release, cursor movement etc. using hand gestures. 2.ORGAN had proved to predict hand gestures using an optimized detection and prediction mechanism.	this project: 1.Socket programming is required in order to

HAND GESTURE RECOGNITION FOR HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION (HCI)

images. The input	effectiveness	are less since the
feed image is gained	without the use of	dataset used is small.
from Java. The input	any specialized	
image is fed into the	hardware for	
neural network and is	boosting its	
analyzed with respect	performance and	
to the dataset images.	efficiency.	

LIMITATIONS OF EXISTING SYSTEM

A hand gesture recognition system was developed to capture the hand gesture being performed by the user and to control a computer system by that incoming information. Many of such systems in literature have strict constraints like wearing special gloves, having uniform background, long-sleeved user arm, being in certain lightning conditions, using specified camera parameters etc.

Many of the existing systems have implemented gesture recognition using only spatial modelling, i.e. recognition of a single gesture and not temporal modelling i.e. recognition of motion of gestures. Also the existing systems have not been implemented in real time, they use a pre captured image as an input for gesture recognition.

Some of the limitations of the existing systems are that they ruin the naturalness of a hand gesture recognition system and also correct detection rates and the performances of those systems are not well enough to work on a real time HCI system.

RESEARCH GAPS AND CHALLENGES

The following are the research gaps and challenges faced:

- Variation of illumination conditions: any change in the lighting condition affects badly on the extracted hand skin region.
- **Background problem**: refers to the complex background where there is other objects in the scene with the hand objects and these objects might contain skin like color which would contradict and produce misclassification problem.
- Translation problem: the variation of hand positions in different images also leads to erroneous representation and extraction of the features.
- **Real time motion detection :** capturing the motion of gestures in real time and classification of the right action.
- Training the Neural Network: building, modelling and training the neural network to produce accurate results is a major challenge as it has to built and trained using a very large dataset and evaluate its results.
- **Datasets**: The quality of the available datasets and size of the images / video frames have a great impact on the gesture recognition.
- Computational Complexity: Training and implementation of the real time gesture recognition system requires a lot of computational capabilities such as use of high end Graphical Processing Units (GPU's).

PROPOSED SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE AND METHODOLOGY

The system aims to design a vision-based hand gesture recognition system with a high correct detection rate along with a high-performance criterion, which can work in a real time HCI system without having any of the mentioned strict limitations (gloves, uniform background etc.) on the user environment.

It is composed of a human computer interaction system which uses hand gestures as input for communication. System is initiated with acquiring an image from a web-cam or a pre-recorded video sequence. Skin color is determined by an adaptive algorithm in the first few frames. Once the skin color is fixed for the current user, lightning and camera parameter conditions, hand is localized with a histogram clustering method. Then a hand gesture recognition algorithm is applied in consecutive frames to distinguish the current gesture. Finally, the gesture is used as an input for a computer application.

In the system that we are going to develop we are making use of Open Source Computer Vision, also known as OpenCV, a real time computer vision library with many image processing functions developed by Intel for the C++ or Java programming platform. This API provides many functions to perform calculation on captured video sources and special image processing on each frame of the video to support the HGR software. The video capture and the face detection components of this project are heavily supported by some of the functions built into the OpenCV library. The steps to be followed in hand gesture recognition are:

1.HAND DETECTION:

We need to have an input image from webcam which is fetching at the speed of 20 frames per second. The distance between hand and camera should be in the range of 30 to 100 cm. The video input is stored frame by frame into a matrix after preprocessing. For faster processing we use skin color to detect the variants and hand area. Hand gestures are meaningful continuous hand action. The image sequences captured by webcam contains garbage gestures which need to be removed by counter tracing algorithm.

2.FEATURE EXTRACTION:

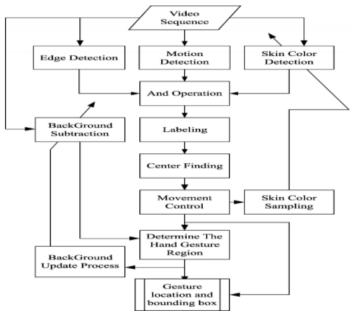
- a) **Centroid:** On basis of image intensities we divide image into two parts one with hand and other with non-hand region part. The centroid divides these two halves at its geometric center. Centroid is the center of mass of an object which is calculated using image movement. Image moment, which is the weighted average of pixel's intensities of the image.
- b) **Thumb detection:** Thumb is important in hand detection and a finger counting. The presence of thumb defines a set of gestures while absence defines other set. The thumb is on the corner of the box so we can identify which hand is there right or left-hand using thumb detection.
- c)**Euclidean distance:** Calculate the distance between all tip of the fingers and centroid using Euclidean distance formula that is $(a, b) = \{(x(a) x(b)) \ 2 + (y(a) y(b)) \ 2 \} \ 1/2$, Where a and b are the are figure tips.

This distance is used to remove redundant fingers. If there are two fingers at a closer distance they shouldn't be considered in figure count.

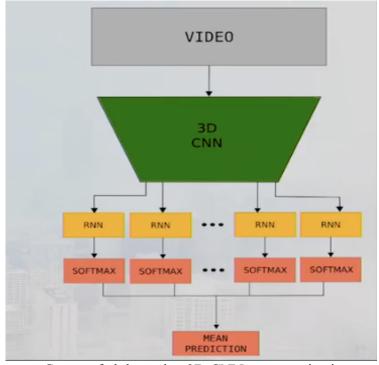
3. GESTURE RECOGNITION:

First, the number of fingers present in the hand gesture is determined by making use of defect points present in the hand gesture. The resultant gesture obtained is fed through a 3Dimensional Convolutional Neural Network consecutively to recognize the current gesture. The recognized gesture is used an input for switching of pages, zooming in or zooming out, scrolling up or down, etc as each gesture would do a different task.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE



Flow diagram of hand gesture recognition



Gesture fed through a 3D CNN to recognize it

SYSTEM REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATIONS

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS:

1. Web Camera: 10 Megapixels or higher

2. Processor: Intel Core i5 or higher

3. Graphical Processing Unit (GPU): 4 GB

4. Memory: 25 GB Disk Space

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

1. Operating System: Windows / Linux.

2. Dataset: of different hand gestures to train the neural network.

3. OpenCV: A real time computer vision library.

4. NumPy: Python package for scientific computing.

5. Pandas: Data analysis and manipulation library.

6. Scikit - learn: Python library for machine learning.

CHAPTER 10 EXPECTED OUTCOMES

The expected outcomes of the proposed project are:

- 1. A vision based hand gesture recognition system with a high correct detection rate along with a high performance criterion, which can work in real time HCI system without having any of the limitations such as gloves, uniform background, etc on the user environment.
- 2. The application to which the system will be put to use is a scenario where the user is reading a book on his/her laptop and he/she can perform various viewing actions such as switching of pages, scrolling the pages, zooming in and zooming out of pages.
- 3. Performing these actions even with movement of the eye of the user will also be implemented depending on the requirement.

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