# INTRODUCTION TO DATA MANAGEMENT PROJECT REPORT

(Project Semester August-December 2021)

# Tokyo Olympic 2021 Dashboard

Submitted by

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**DECLARATION** 

I, Akash Shiladitya, student of Lovely Professional University (Bachelor of Technology)

under CSE/IT Discipline at, Lovely Professional University, Punjab, hereby declare that all the

information furnished in this project report is based on my own intensive work and is genuine.

Date: 14 December 2021

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Registration No:11901807

### Acknowledgement

I Akash Shiladitya would like to thank my subject teacher Sameeksha Khare to guide me in this project as well as she gave us the flexibility to change our data set a day before confirmation as well, I would like to thank Lovely Professional University for providing us this opportunity and this subject.

### **Table Of Content**

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Source of dataset
- 4. ETL Process
- 5. Analysis
  - 5.1 Objective 1
  - 5.2 Objective 2
  - 5.3 Objective 3
  - 5.4 Objective 4
  - 5.5 Objective 5
- 6. Making of Dashboard
  - 6.1 Slicer
  - 6.2 Relationship between two pivot table
  - 6.3 Report connection
- 7. <u>Dashboard</u>
- 8. References
- 9. Bibliography

### **Introduction**

In this project I have tried to show the statistics of Tokyo Olympic based on different parameters, by creating a dashboard. A dashboard is a visual display of the most important information needed to achieve one or more objectives i.e., crux of whole raw data.

#### **Objectives**

The objectives of my project are as follows:

Objective 1. Visualization of medals won by countries.

Objective2. Which sports consists of highest female and male players.

Objective3. Counting number of athletes in each individual sports.

Objective4. Counting number of athletes from their respective country.

Objective 5. Counting number of coaches from their respective country.

#### **Source of Dataset**

I downloaded this data set from the website named: Kaggle

https://www.kaggle.com/arjunprasadsarkhel/2021-olympics-in-tokyo

#### ETL Process

The full form of ETL is Extract Transform Load

#### **Extraction:**

The first step of the ETL process is extraction. In this step, data from various source systems is extracted which can be in various formats like relational databases, No SQL, XML, and flat files into the staging area. It is important to extract the data from various source systems and store it into the staging area first and not directly into the data warehouse because the extracted data is in various formats and can be corrupted also. Hence loading it directly into the data warehouse may damage it and rollback will be much more difficult. Therefore, this is one of the most important steps of ETL process.

### **Transformation:**

The second step of the ETL process is transformation. In this step, a set of rules or functions are applied on the extracted data to convert it into a single standard format. It may involve following processes/tasks:

Filtering – loading only certain attributes into the data warehouse.

Joining – joining multiple attributes into one.

Splitting – splitting a single attribute into multiple attributes.

Sorting – sorting tuples based on some attribute (generally key-attribute).

#### Loading:

The third and final step of the ETL process is loading. In this step, the transformed data is finally loaded into the data warehouse. Sometimes the data is updated by loading into the data warehouse very frequently and sometimes it is done after longer but regular intervals. The rate and period of loading solely depends on the requirements and varies from system to system.

In my project I have used ETL Process to hide some unwanted rows where data were not clear and was filled with 'NA'.

### Data Before ETL Process

M	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Rank	Team/NO	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	Rank by To	otal
2	1	United Sta	39	41	33	113	1	
3	2	People's R	38	32	18	88	2	
4	3	Japan	27	14	17	58	5	
5	4	Great Brita	22	21	22	65	4	
6	5	ROC	20	28	23	71	3	
7	6	Australia	17	7	22	46	6	
8	7	Netherlan	10	12	14	36	9	
9	8	France	10	12	11	33	10	
10	9	Germany	10	11	16	37	8	
11	10	Italy	10	10	20	40	7	
12	11	Canada	7	6	11	24	11	
13	12	Brazil	7	6	8	21	12	
14	13	New Zeala	7	6	7	20	13	
15	14	Cuba	7	3	5	15	18	
16	15	Hungary	6	7	7	20	13	
17	16	Republic o	6	4	10	20	13	
18	17	Poland	4	5	5	14	19	
19	18	Czech Rep	4	4	3	11	23	
20	19	Kenya	4	4	2	10	25	
21	20	Norway	4	2	2	8	29	
22	21	Jamaica	4	1	4	9	26	
23	22	Spain	3	8	6	17	17	
24	23	Sweden	3	6	0	9	26	
25	24	Switzerlan	3	4	6	13	20	
26	25	Denmark	3	4	4	11	23	
27	26	Croatia	3	3	2	8	29	
28	27	Islamic Re	3	2	2	7	33	
29	28	Serbia	3	1	5	9	26	
30	29	Belgium	3	1	3	7	33	
31	30	Rulgaria Details	3	1	2	6	39	

#### Data After ETL Process.

1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Rank	Team/NOC	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	Rank by Total	
2	1	United States of America	39	41	33	113	1	
3	2	People's Republic of China	38	32	18	88	2	
4	3	Japan	27	14	17	58	5	
5	4	Great Britain	22	21	22	65	4	
6	5	ROC	20	28	23	71	3	
7	6	Australia	17	7	22	46	6	
8	7	Netherlands	10	12	14	36	9	
9	8	France	10	12	11	33	10	
10	9	Germany	10	11	16	37	8	
11	10	Italy	10	10	20	40	7	
12	11	Canada	7	6	11	24	11	
13	12	Brazil	7	6	8	21	12	
14	13	New Zealand	7	6	7	20	13	
15	14	Cuba	7	3	5	15	18	
16	15	Hungary	6	7	7	20	13	
17	16	Republic of Korea	6	4	10	20	13	
18	17	Poland	4	5	5	14	19	
19	18	Czech Republic	4	4	3	11	23	
20	19	Kenya	4	4	2	10	25	
21	20	Norway	4	2	2	8	29	
22	21	Jamaica	4	1	4	9	26	
23	22	Spain	3	8	6	17	17	
24	23	Sweden	3	6	0	9	26	
25	24	Switzerland	3	4	6	13	20	
26	25	Denmark	3	4	4	11	23	
27	26	Croatia	3	3	2	8	29	
28	27	Islamic Republic of Iran	3	2	2	7	33	
20	122				7		25	

### <mark>Analysis</mark>

### Objective 1: Visualization of medals won by countries.

### General Description:

In this objective I have displayed number of medals won by the countries as gold, silver and bronze so that we can be able to distinguish which country won most medals.

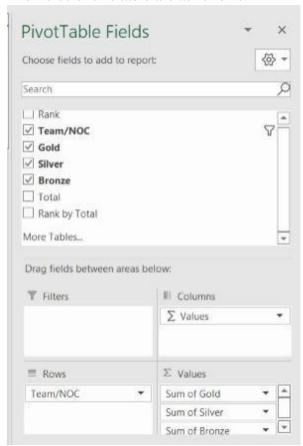
### Specific Requirement:

I have added all the individual medals in their separate category as gold, silver and bronze and after that I have performed sorting to get the appropriate data to show the result and I have showed only top ten countries whose's won most medals in Olympic.

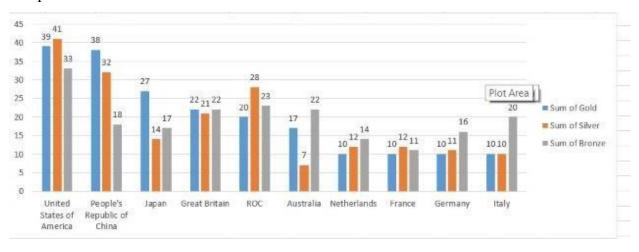
Row Labels	T	Sum of Gold	Sum of Silver	Sum of Bronze
United States of America	39	41	33	
People's Republic of Chi	38	32	18	
Japan		27	14	17
Great Britain		22	21	22
ROC		20	28	23
Australia		17	7	22
Netherlands		10	12	14
France		10	12	11
Germany		10	11	16
Italy		10	10	20
Grand Total		203	188	196

This table shows number of medals won by top 10 country.

The fields of this table are as follows.



The pivot chart based on this table was



Which is showing the top 10 countries whose's won most medals.

### Objective 2: Which sports consists of highest female and male players.

### General Description:

In this objective I have displayed which sports have highest number of male and female players.

### Specific Requirement:

To achieve this objective I have used this formula

**=INDEX** (A2:D47,MATCH(MAX(B2:B47),B2:B47,0),1) to find the which sport have the maximum number of female players.



And I have used this formula **=INDEX** (A2:D47,MATCH(MAX(C2:C47),C2:C47,0),1) to find the which sport have the maximum number of male players.



Here I have used this formula =MAX(B2:B47) to find out the maximum number of female players from the gender table.



Here I have used this formula =MAX(C2:C47) to find out the maximum number of male players from the gender table.



After all of that we finally get which sport have the maximum number of male and female players from the gender table.

Question:- Which sport	s consists of highes	t female and male players?
Athletics	969	2007
Athletics	1072	

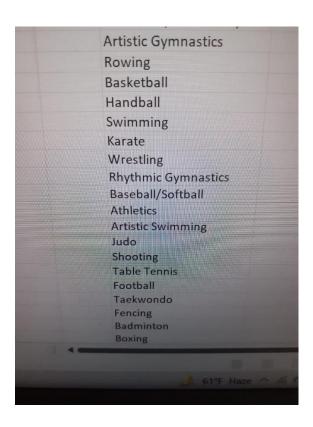
### Objective3: Counting number of athletes in each individual sports.

### General Description:

In this objective I have counted number of athletes from each single sports.

### Specific Requirement:

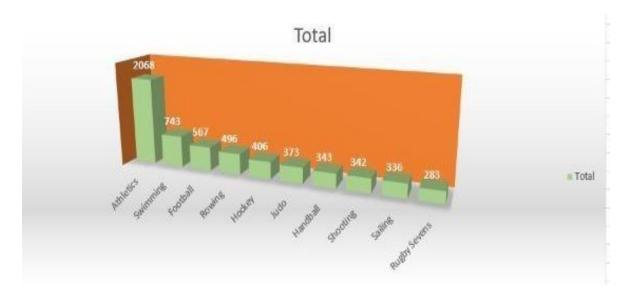
To achieve this objective I have used this formula =UNIQUE(C2:C11086) to find the unique sports from the athlete's table.



Here I have used this formula =COUNTIF (\$C\$2: \$C\$11086,F21) to find out the number of athletes from the each sports.

Cycling Road	190
Artistic Gymnastics	187
Rowing	496
Basketball	280
Handball	343
Swimming	743
Karate	77
Wrestling	279
Rhythmic Gymnastics	95
Baseball/Softball	220
Athletics	2068
Artistic Swimming	98
Judo	373
Shooting	342
Table Tennis	164
Football	567
Taekwondo	123
Fencing	249
Badminton	164
Boxing	270

Here this chart shows top 10 sports which have maximum number of athletes.



### Objective4: Counting number of athletes from their respective country.

### General Description:

In this objective I have counted number of athletes from their respective country so that we can know how many athletes represent their country in the Olympics.

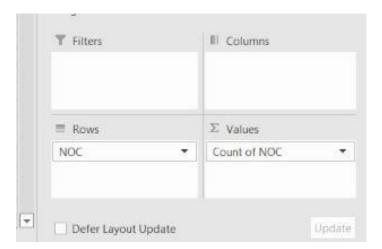
### Specific Requirement:

I have counted NOC in values field by the pivot chart and pivot table.

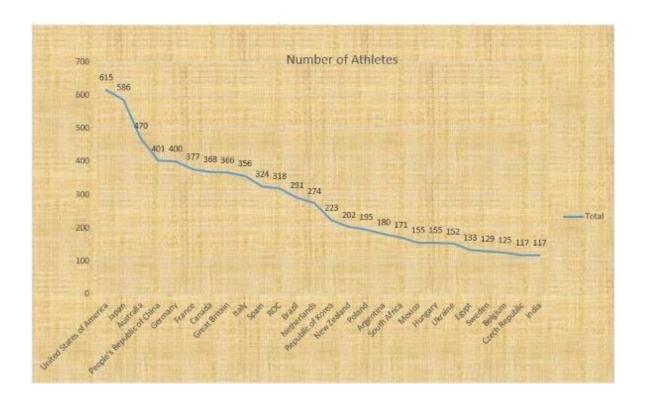
Here is the list of top 25 countries which is have the greatest number of athletes represent their country.

F	low Labels	X.	Count of NOC
ι	Inited States of Americ	a	615
J	apan		586
A	ustralia		470
P	eople's Republic of Ch	ina	401
(	Germany		400
F	rance		377
0	anada		368
0	Great Britain		366
l	taly		356
S	pain		324
F	OC		318
E	razil		291
١	letherlands		274
F	lepublic of Korea		223
1	lew Zealand		202
P	oland		195
A	rgentina		180
S	outh Africa		171
N	Лexico		155
ŀ	lungary		155
1	Jkraine		152
E	gypt		133
S	weden		129
E	elgium		125
(	zech Republic		117
1	ndia		117
0	Grand Total		7200

Here is the field setting for the pivot table.



This chart shows how many numbers of athletes represents their country in the Olympics.



### Objective5: Counting number of coaches from their respective country.

### General Description:

In this objective I have counted number of coaches from their respective country so that we can know how many coaches a country carried for their athletes in the Olympics.

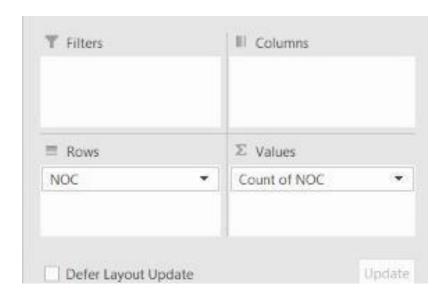
#### Specific Requirement:

I have counted NOC in values field by the pivot chart and pivot table.

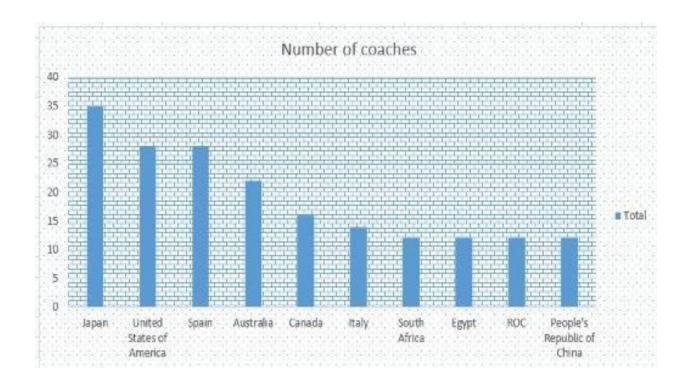
Here we are showing no of coaches for athletes.



Here is the field setting for the pivot table.



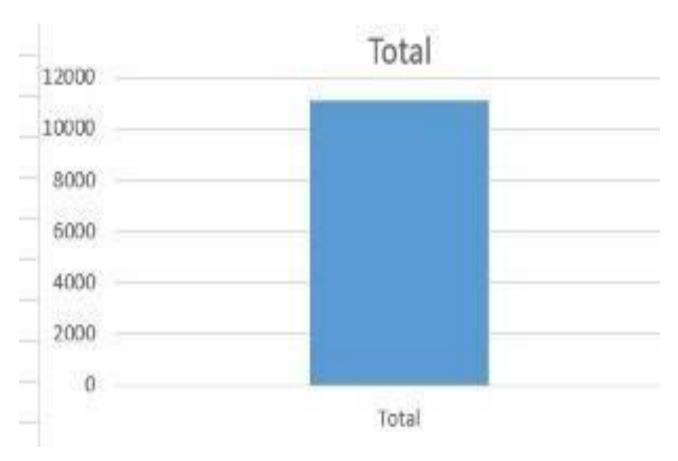
This chart shows how many number of coaches a country carried For their athletes in the Olympics

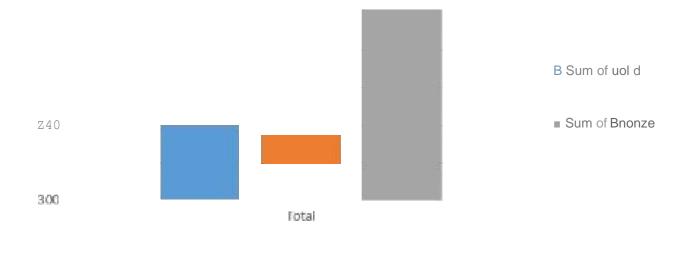


# **Making of Dashboard**

First, I created a new sheet named as All data Set in which I combined all the CSV's files so that I can understand the data easily and then I changed the CSV's file into a table format so that we can perform several tasks in it and then I created pivot chart of all tables with the help of slicer.

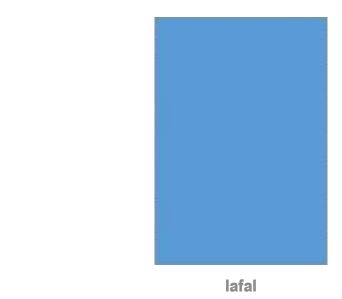
THESE ARE THE PIVOT CHARTS GIVEN BELOW....



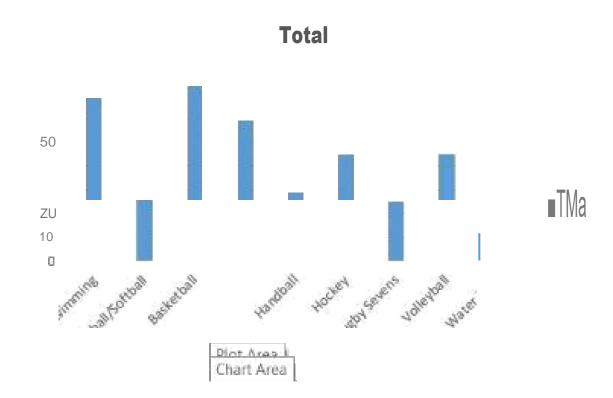




Total



4A



### **SLICERS**

In this project I have created three Slicer named as Team /NOC, Discipline and Events. Slicers provide buttons that you can click to filter tables, or PivotTables. In addition to quick filtering, slicers also indicate the current filtering state, which makes it easy to understand what exactly is currently displayed.

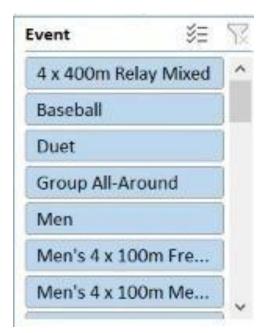
In this slicer I have showed team and country names.



In this slicer I have showed Discipline and sports names.



In this slicer I have showed Events names.

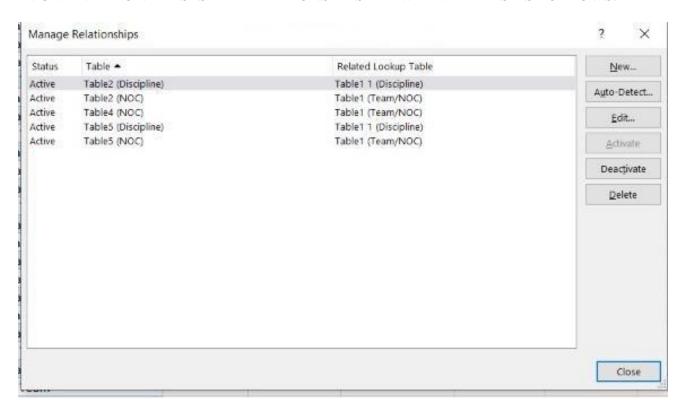


### Relationship between two pivot table

A table relationship works by matching data in key fields — often a field with the same name in both tables. In most cases, these matching fields are the primary key from one table, which provides a unique identifier for each record, and a foreign key in the other table.

For creating relationships between tables first I have clicked on pivot table and the I went into a pivot table analyze and then went into the relationships options and from there I have created relationship between tables.

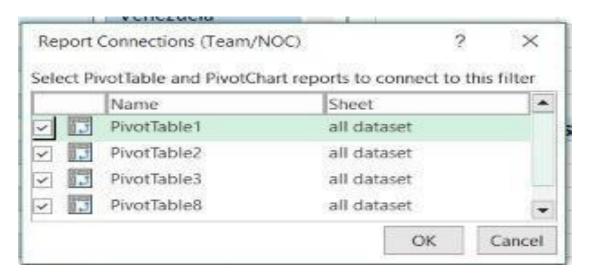
#### IN GIVEN BELOW THIS IS MY RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN TABLES AS FOLLOWS.



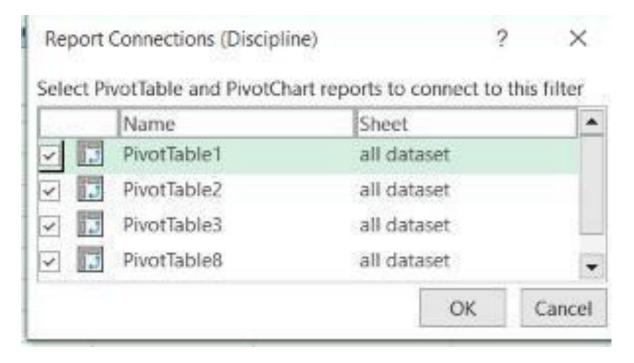
### REPORT CONNECTION

Report Connections icon, you can have a slicer control multiple pivot tables on a dashboard—but only if all the pivot tables are from the same data set.

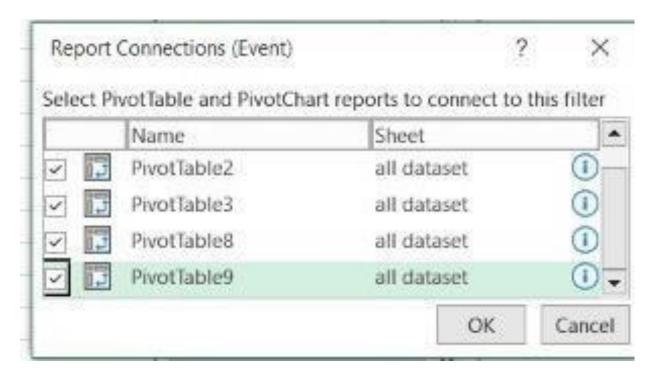
THERE I HAVE CREATED CONNECTION BETWEEN SLICER AND MULTIPLE PIVOT CHARTS AND THIS REPORT CONNCETION IS FOR TEAM/NOC.



THERE I HAVE CREATED CONNECTION BETWEEN SLICER AND MULTIPLE PIVOT CHARTS AND THIS REPORT CONNCETION IS FOR DISCIPLINE.



THERE I HAVE CREATED CONNECTION BETWEEN SLICER AND MULTIPLE PIVOT CHARTS AND THIS REPORT CONNCETION IS FOR EVENT.

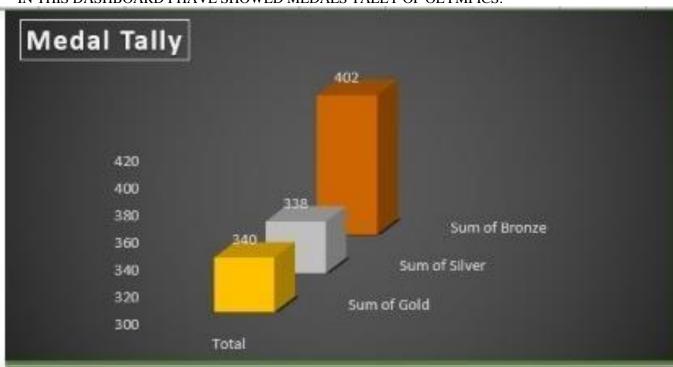


### **DASHBOARD**

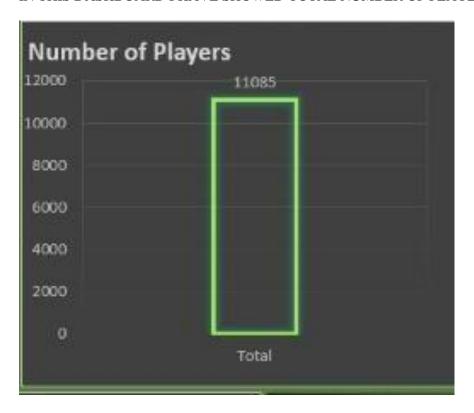
A dashboard is a visual representation of key metrics that allow you to quickly view and analyze your data in one place.

IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE CLUB ALL THE PIVOT CHARTS AND SLICER IN A SINGLE DASHBOARD TO SHOW ALL THE DATA AT A TIME.

#### IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE SHOWED MEDALS TALLY OF OLYMPICS.



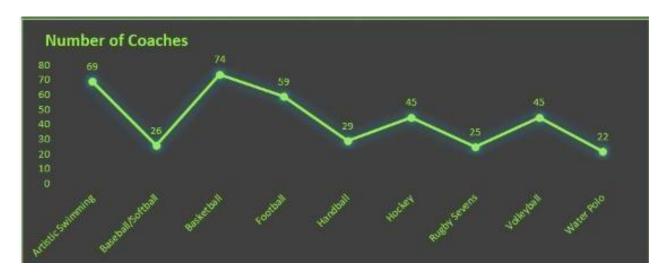
### IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE SHOWED TOTAL NUMBER OF PLAYERS.



#### IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE SHOWED NUMBER OF TEAM EVENTS.



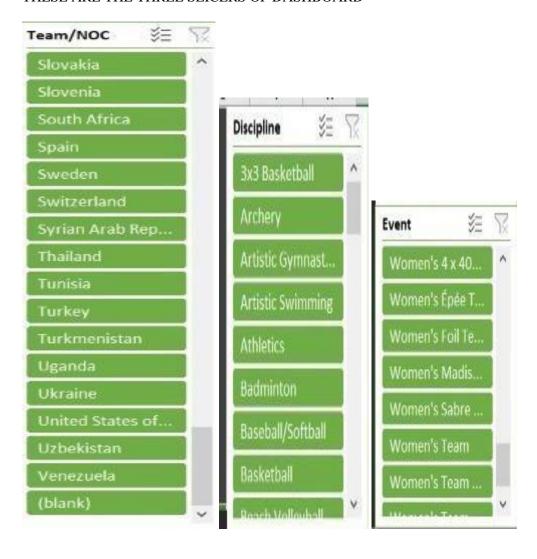
#### IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE SHOWED NUMBER OF COACHES.



### IN THIS DASHBOARD I HAVE SHOWED NUMBER OF MALE AND FEMALE ATHLETES.



#### THESE ARE THE THREE SLICERS OF DASHBOARD



# THIS IS MY FINAL DASHBOARD OF THIS PROJECT IN WHICH I HAVE SHOWED EVERYTHING ABOUT THE DATA.



# References

- [1] https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/etl-process-in-data-warehouse/
- [2] https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OW5OgsLpDCQ

# **Bibliography**

- [1] LPU Report Format
- [2] https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OW5OgsLpDCQ
- [3] https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/etl-process-in-data-warehouse/
- [4] https://www.kaggle.com/arjunprasadsarkhel/2021-olympics-in-tokyo
- [5] Microsoft Excel