STATISTICS WORKSHEET-3

Q1 to Q9 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1. Which of the following is the correct formula for total variation?

Ans-b) Total Variation = Residual Variation + Regression Variation

2. Collection of exchangeable binary outcomes for the same covariate data are called outcomes.

Ans-c) binomial

3. How many outcomes are possible with Bernoulli trial?

Ans-a) 2

4. If Ho is true and we reject it is called

Ans- a) Type-I error

5. Level of significance is also called:

Ans -b) Size of the test

6. The chance of rejecting a true hypothesis decreases when sample size is:

Ans - b) Increase

7. Which of the following testing is concerned with making decisions using data?

Ans- d) None of the mentioned

8. What is the purpose of multiple testing in statistical inference?

Ans - d) All of the mentioned

9. Normalized data are centred at and have units equal to standard deviations of the original data

Ans -a) 0

10. What Is Bayes' Theorem?

Ans - Bayes' theorem describes the probability of occurrence of an event related to any condition. It is also considered for the case of conditional probability. Bayes theorem is also known as the formula for the probability of "causes".

11. What is z-score?

Ans- A z score is simply defined as **the number of standard deviation from the mean**. The z-score can be calculated by subtracting mean by test value and dividing it by standard value. Where x is the test value, μ is the mean and σ is the standard value

12. What is t-test?

Ans - What is the T-test? The t-test is a test that is mainly used to compare the mean of two groups of samples. It is meant for evaluating whether the means of the two sets of data are statistically significantly different from each other. There are many types of t-test.

13. What is percentile?

Ans-If your test score is in the 13th percentile, it means that **you scored better than 13 percent of all the test takers**. It also means that 87 percent scored the same or better than you.

14. What is ANOVA?

Ans - Analysis of variance (ANOVA) is a statistical technique that is used to check if the means of two or more groups are significantly different from each other. ANOVA checks the impact of one or more factors by comparing the means of different samples

15. How can ANOVA help

Ans - Analysis of variance (ANOVA) is a statistical technique that is used to **check if the means of two or more groups are significantly different from each other**. ANOVA checks the impact of one or more factors by comparing the means of different samples.