



Bauxite

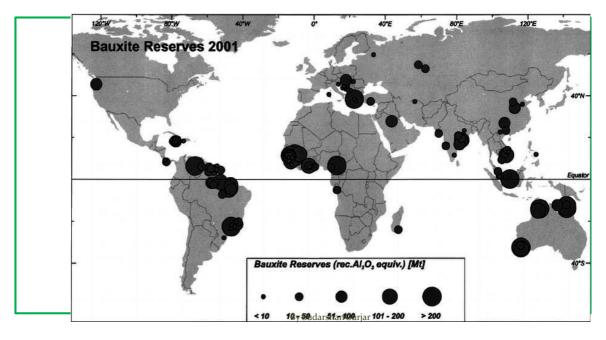
Bauxite ore is the primary source of aluminium. The ore is chemically processed to produce aluminium oxide.

Odisha	Largest bauxite producing state.
	Major mines: Koraput, Kalahandi districts.
	Others: Sundargarh, Sambalpur districts.
	The deposits extend further into the state of Andhra Pradesh.
Chhattisgarh	Second largest producer.
	Maikala range in Bilaspur, Durg districts and the Amarkantak plateau regions of
	Surguja, and Bilaspur are some of the areas having rich deposits of bauxite.
Maharashtra	Third largest producer.
	Largest deposits occur in Kolhapur district.
	Kolhapur district contain rich deposits with alumina content 52 to 89 per cent.
	Other districts: Ratnagiri, Thane, Satara and Pune.

Jharkhand	 Ranchi, Lohardaga, Palamu districts. High grade ore occursin Lohardaga.
Gujarat	 The most important deposits occur in a belt lying between the Gulf of Kachchh and the Arabian sea through Jamnagar, Bhavnagar, Junagadh and Amreli districts.
Madhya Pradesh	Amarkantak plateau area, the Maikala range in Shandol, Mandla and Balaghat districts and the Katni area of Jabalpur district are the main producers.
Tamil Nadu	Nilgiri and Salem are the main bauxite producing districts.

(1) Coldenson 300 km 200 mi BAUXITE Salama Parchi Amarizan Kutch Khedan shardage Brage Sundargash Junag Kalahandi Koraput

Bauxite Reserves in Ind	ia	Bauxite Production	Bauxite Production in India			
State	% share	State	Productio	n (MT) 2017-18		
1. Odisha	51%	1. Odisha	7.8	52%		
2. Andhra Pradesh	16%	2. Jharkhand	2.1	14%		
3. Gujarat	9%	3. Chhattisgarh	2	13.3%		
4. Jharkhand	6%	4. Gujarat	1.6	10.7%		
Total	3.9 BT	Total	15 MT			



World's Bauxite Re	<u>eserves</u>	World's Bauxite	Production
Country	Reserves (BT)	Country	Production (MT)
1.Guinea	7.4	1.Australia	89
2.Australia	6	2.China	65
3.Vietnam	3.7	3.Guinea	47
4.Brazil	2.6	4.Brazil	38
Total	~ 30 BT	5.India	15

Copper

Copper is one of the few metals that occurs in nature
in directly usable metallic form (native metals). Copper
is a malleable and ductile metal with very high thermal
and electrical conductivity.

Copper ore reserves in India						
State	Ore Reserves		es Metal	Reserves	Major o	districts with ore reserves
	(MT)		(MT)			
1. Rajasthan	813	54%	4.5		Jhunjh	unu (Khetri-Singhana)
2. Jharkhand	295	19.5%	3.2		Singhb	hum
3. Madhya Pradesh	283	18.8%	3.4		Balagha mines)	at (Malanjkhand copp
Total	1.51 BT		12.1 MT			
Copper Ore and Coper Metal production in India in 2017-18						2017-18
State			Copper Ore F	Production (N	ит) С	opper Metal Production (TT
Madhya Pradesh			2.3		2	0
Rajasthan Jharkhand Total			1.1		1	1.2
			0.18		1	.5
			3.68 MT		3	3 TT



World's Copper	Reserves	World's Copper I	Production
in MT		in MT	
Country	Reserves	Country	2017
1. Chile	170	Chile	5.5
2. Australia	88	Peru	2.4
3. Peru	83	China	1.7
World Total	830 MT	USA	1.3

Manganese

- Manganese is very hard and brittle in nature.
- It is always available in combination with iron, laterite and other minerals.

Manganese is added to steel to increase its strength.

India's Manganese Ore Reser		India's Manganese	Ore Production 2017-18 in TT
State	% Share	State	Production
Odisha	44%	Madhya Pradesh	831
Karnataka	22%	Maharashtra	731
Madhya Pradesh	12%	Odisha	517
Maharashtra	7%	Karnataka	294
Goa	7%	Andhra Pradesh	167
Andhra Pradesh	4%	Total	2.6 MT

300 km 200 mi MANGANESE Cuddapah Karaput Madhya Pradesh (**Balaghat & Chhindwara** districts), Maharashtra (**Bhandara & Nagpur** districts), Gujarat (Panchmahal district) Odisha (**Sundargarh district, Kalahandi, Koraput**

Andhra Pradesh (**Srikakulam** district).

World's Mangane	se Ore Reserves in	World's Manganese Ore Production		
N	1T	in MT		
Country	Reserves	Country	Production	
South Africa	230	South Africa	13.8	
Ukraine	140	China	12.5	
Brazil	110	Australia	6	
Australia	99	Gabon	4	
India	33	Ghana	3	
World Total	760 MT	India	2.5	



		Hassan and Raichur (Hutti Gold Field) districts.
		Kolar Gold Fields is one of the deepest mines of the world. (Usually,
		gold mines are the deepest mines in the world. Mponeng
		Gold Mine in South Africa is one of the deepest mine in the world
		(3.9 km deep)
Jharkhand	•	Sands of the Subarnarekha (gold streak) river have some alluvial
		gold.
Andhra Pradesh	•	Ramagiri in Anantapur district is the most important gold field in AP

World's Gold	Reserves (in MT)	World's Pr	World's Production of Gold in 2017 (in TT)		
Country	Reserves	Country	Production		
Australia	9.8	China	426	13%	
South Africa	6	Australia	294	9%	
Russia	5.3	Russia	270	8%	
USA	3	USA	237	7%	
Peru	2.6	Canada	176	5%	
Indonesia	2.5	Peru	151	5%	
Brazil	2.4	Ghana	137	4%	
Canada	2	South Africa	137	4%	
China	2	Mexico	127	4%	
World Total	54 MT	World Total	3.3 MT		

Major gold mines

- The Muruntau mine, Uzbekistan
- Kalgoorlie Gold Mine, Western Australia.
- Boddington Gold Mine, Western Australia.
- Grasberg mine, Indonesia.

Lead, Zinc, Silver

- Lead is a corrosion-resistant, ductile (can be drawn out into a thin wire) and malleable (can be hammered into shape without breaking) blue-grey metal. It is a bad conductor.
- World-wide largest single use of lead today is in the manufacture of batteries.
- Other major uses of lead are in the manufacture of storage batteries, paints.

Country Reserves Country Year 2017 Country Reserves Country Year 2017 Australia 24 2300 Australia 64 1.China 4300 China 18 2300 Australia 44 2.Peru 1473 Russia 6.4 Peru 307 Peru 21 3.Australia 841 World Total 83 MT World 230 MT 4. India 784	World's Lead Reserves (in MT)		World's Lead I thousar		World's Zinc Reser	ves (in MT)	World's Zinc Produ tor	
China 2300 Australia 64 1.China 4300 China 18 Australia 459 China 44 2.Peru 1473 Russia 6.4 Peru 307 Peru 21 3.Australia 841	Country	Reserves	Country	Year 2017	Country	Reserves	Country	Year 2017
Australia 459 China 44 2.Peru 1473 Russia 6.4 Peru 307 Peru 21 3.Australia 841	Australia	24	China	2300	Australia	64	1.China	4300
Peru 307 Peru 21 3.Australia 841	China	18	Australia	459	China	44	2.Peru	1473
World Total 83 MT World 230 MT 4. India 784	Russia	6.4	Peru	307	Peru	21	3.Australia	841
	World Total	83 MT			World	230 MT	4. India	784

State	Reserv	es (MT)	Major Mines in Rajasthan
Rajasthan	670	89%	Bhilwara district
Andhra Pradesh	22.7	3%	 Ajmer district Rajsamand district Zawar group of mines (Udaipur district),
Madhya Pradesh	14.8	2%	
Bihar	11.4	1.5%	
Maharashtra	9.3	1.24%	

 Almost the entire production of zinc and lead comes from Rajasthan.

World's Silver Reserves (in		World's Production of Silver in 2017 (in TT)		
TT)				
Country	Reserves	Country	Production	
Peru	110	3.Mexico	5.8	
Poland	110	2.Peru	4.3	
Australia	89	3'China	3.5	
World Total	560	India	0.5 TT	

Chromite

- More than 96% resources of chromite are located in
 Odisha (Jajpur, Kendujhar and Dhenkanal districts).
- Minor deposits are scattered over Manipur, Nagaland
 Karnataka, etc.

	World's Chromiu	m Metal	World's Chromite Production		
	Reserves in	MT	in MT		
	Country	Reserves	Country	2017	
	1. Kazakhstan	230	1. South Africa	16.5	
	2. South Africa	200	2. Turkey	6.6	
	3. India	100	3. Kazakhstan	6.3	
	World Total	560	4. India	3.4	

Mica

- Mica is a naturally occurring non-metallic mineral that is based on a collection of **silicates**.
- Mica is a very good insulator that has a wide range of applications in electrical and electronics industry.

Total resources of Mica in India in MT				
State	Reserves			
Andhra Pradesh	41%			
Rajasthan	21%			

Rajasthan

Odisha

Maharashtra

Total

15%

20%

110 TT



Asbestos

It is widely used for making **fire-proof** cloth, rope, etc

- Rajasthan (59% Ajmer, Udaipur, Bhilwara) and Karnataka (36% Chikkamagaluru,
 Hassan,) have the highest reserves.
- Russia, China, and Brazil have 99% of the asbestos reserves.

State	Res	erves	State	Pro	duction	Regions
1. Karnataka	55	27%	1. Rajasthan	75	22%	Almost all districts
2. Andhra		12%	2. Madhya Pradesh		13%	Jabalpur, Satna, Betu
Pradesh	24			44		
3. Rajasthan	24	12%	3. Andhra Pradesh	37	11%	Kurnool, Guntur
4. Gujarat	20	10%	4. Chhattisgarh	37	11%	Bastar, Durg, Raipur
5. Meghalaya	18	9%	5. Karnataka	31	9%	Kalburgi, Shimoga
Total	203	BT	Total	340	MT	

Limestone

Limestone is sedimentary rock composed mainly of calcium carbonate (CaCO3).

The most important constituents of limestone are calcite, magnesite (magnesium carbonate) and dolomite (calcium magnesium carbonate).

India's Limeston	India's Production of Limestone (2017-18) in MT				
State	Reserves	State	Product	ion	Regions
Karnataka	27%	Rajasthan	75	22%	Almost all districts
Andhra Pradesh	12%	Madhya Pradesh	44	13%	Jabalpur, Satna, Betul
Rajasthan	12%	Andhra Pradesh	37	11%	Kurnool, Guntur
Gujarat	10%	Chhattisgarh	37	11%	Bastar, Durg, Raipur
Meghalaya	9%	Karnataka	31	9%	Kalburgi, Shimoga

China – largest producer

Dolomite

Limestone with more than 10 per cent of magnesium is called dolomite.

State	Reserves	Production	Major Districts
Madhya Pradesh	27%	Orissa (29%)	Sundargarh, Sambalpur and Koraput districts
Andhra Pradesh	15%	Chhattisgarh (28%)	Bastar, Bilaspur, Durg and Raigarh districts
Chhattisgarh	11%	Jharkhand	Singhbhum district and Palamu district
Odisha	10%	Rajasthan	Ajmer, Alwar, Bhilwara, Jaipur, Jaisalmer district
Total	8.4 BT	Karnataka	Belgaum, Bijapur districts

- **Rajasthan** is by far the largest producer of gypsum in India (99 per cent of the total production of India).
- The main deposits occur in Jodhpur, Nagaur and Bikaner.

Uranium

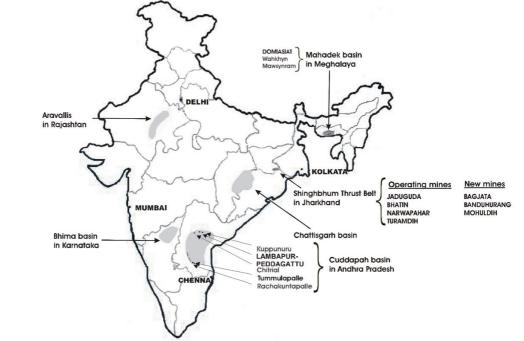
Uranium is a silvery-grey metallic radioactive chemical element.

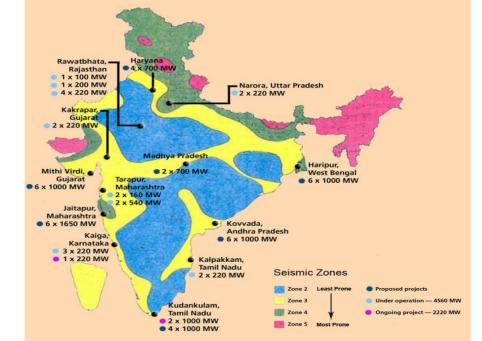
World's	Uranium (U) Reserves (TI	World's Uranium (U) Production (TT) in 2017			
Country	Reserves as of 2015		Country/Region	Production	
Australia	1780	23%	Kazakhstan	23.3	39.2%
Kazakhstan	941	12%	Canada	13.1	22.1%
Canada	703	9%	Australia	5.8	9.9%
Namibia	463	6%	Namibia	4.2	7.1%
India	139	2%	India	0.4	0.7%
Total	7641 TT		World	59 TT	

• Olympic Dam and the Ranger mine in Southern Australia are important mines in Australia

Uranium deposits occur in Jaduguda in Singhbhum Thrust Belt and Hazaribagh districts of Jharkhand, Gaya district of Bihar, Cuddapah basin of Andhra Pradesh, Aravallis, & Mahadek basin of Meghalaya

- The state of Andhra Pradesh is the largest producer of uranium in India.
- Tummalapalle village located in the **Kadapa (Cuddapah) district of Andhra Pradesh** is considered as one of the largest uranium reserves in India.





Thorium

Monazite contains 2.5% thorium and is scattered along the Kerala Coast.

World's Thorium Reserves (2011)		India's Thorium Reserves (2016)		
Country	Reserves in TT	State	Reserves	
India	963	Andhra Pradesh	31%	
United States	440	Tamil Nadu	21%	
Australia	300	Odisha	20%	
Canada	100	Kerala	16%	
South Africa	35	West Bengal	10%	