# Day 1: DAA

## 1.Armstrong number:

```
Program:
```

```
1. #include < stdio.h >
2. int main()
3. {
4. int n,r,sum=0,temp;
5. printf("enter the number=");
6. scanf("%d",&n);
7. temp=n;
8. while(n>0)
9. {
10. r=n%10;
11. sum=sum+(r*r*r);
12. n=n/10;
13.}
14. if(temp==sum)
15. printf("armstrong number ");
16. else
17. printf("not armstrong number");
18. return 0;
19.}
```

#### Output:

# 2.Time complexity:

```
i)
program:
#include <stdio.h>
void function(int min);
int main()
{
int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
function(n);
return 0;
}
void function(int n)
{
int count=0;
int i=1,s=1;
count++;
count++;
while(s<=n)
{
count++;
i++;
count++;
s+=i;
count++;
}
```

```
count++;
printf("%d",count);
}
```

```
Armstrong number.cpp Time Complexity 1.cpp
                                       C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\Ti...
                                                                                #include <stdio.h>
 2
     void function(int min);
 3
    int main()
                                      Process exited after 2.474 seconds with return value 0
 4 □ {
                                      Press any key to continue \dots
 5
 6
    int n;
 7
     scanf("%d",&n);
    function(n);
 9 return 0;
10 L }
11
12
     void function(int n)
13 □ {
14
15
     int count=0;
16
     int i=1,s=1;
17
     count++;
18
    count++;
19 while(s<=n)
20 🛱 {
21
22
    count++;
23
    i++;
24
     count++;
25
     s+=i;
26
     count++;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>

    ■ C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\Time Complexity 1.exe

  void function(int min);
  int main()
□ {
                                    Process exited after 5.585 seconds with return value 0
                                    Press any key to continue . . .
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  function(n);
  return 0;
  void function(int n)
₽ {
  int count=0;
  int i=1,s=1;
  count++;
  count++;
  while(s<=n)
₽ {
   count++;
  i++;
   count++;
   s+=i;
  count++;
```

```
ii)
program:
#include <stdio.h>
void function(int n);
int main()
{
int n; scanf("%d",&n);
function(n);
return 0;
}
void function(int n)
{
int count=0;
if(n==1)
{
count++; count++;
}
else
{
count++;
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
count++;
for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)
```

```
count++;
count++;
count++;
break;
}

count++;

printf("%d",count);
}
```

{

#### Output:

```
Armstrong number.cpp | Time Complexity 1.cpp | Time Complexity 2.cpp
                                      C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\Time Complexity 2.exe
                                                                                              1 #include <stdio.h>
 void function(int n);
int main()
                                     1000
                                      5002
 4 □ {
                                      Process exited after 3.276 seconds with return value 0
 5
                                      Press any key to continue \dots
 6
     int n; scanf("%d",&n);
 7
     function(n);
 8
     return 0;
 9 L
10
11
     void function(int n)
12 □ {
13
14
     int count=0;
15
    if(n==1)
16 🗦 {
17
18
    count++; count++;
19
    - }
20
21
    else
22 日 {
23
24
     count++;
25 for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
26 🗗 {
```

```
Armstrong number.cpp Time Complexity 1.cpp Time Complexity 2.cpp
 1 #include <stdio.h>
                                               C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\Time Complexity 2.exe
 void function(int n);
int main()
4
{
                                               Process exited after 18.01 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
 5
 6 int n; scanf("%d",&n);
     function(n);
 8 return 0;
10
     void function(int n)
11
12 🖯 {
13
14 int count=0;
15 | if(n==1)
16 | {
17
18
     count++; count++;
19 | }
20
21 else
22 🗦 {
23
     count++;
25 | for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
26 | {
```

```
Armstrong number.cpp | Time Complexity 1.cpp | Time Complexity 2.cpp
  1 #include <stdio.h>
                                         ■ C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\Time Complexity 2.exe
  void function(int n);
int main()
                                         143
                                         717
  4 □ {
  5
                                         Process exited after 3.398 seconds with return value 0
                                         Press any key to continue \dots
      int n; scanf("%d",&n);
  6
     function(n);
  7
  8 return 0;
  9 L }
 10
 11 void function(int n)
 12 □ {
 13
 14
      int count=0;
 15 | if(n==1)
16 □ {
 17
 18
      count++; count++;
 19 | }
 20
 21 else
 22 🗦 {
 23
 24 | count++;
 25 for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
 26 🖯 {
ML 2 11 4 13
```

#### iii)

#### program:

#include <stdio.h>

int factor(int n);

```
int count=0;
int main()
{
int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
factor(n);
printf("%d",count);
return 0;
}
int factor(int n)
{
int i; count++;
for(i=1;i<=n;++i)
{
count++;
if(n%i==0)
{
//print
}count++;
}
count++;
return 0;
```

}

```
Armstrong number.cpp | Time Complexity 1.cpp | Time Complexity 2.cpp | time complexity 3.cpp
1 #include <stdio.h>
                                           C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\time complexity 3.exe
2 int factor(int n);
3
    int count=0;
4
    int main()
                                           Process exited after 44.51 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . _
5 in
6 □ {
7 8 in
9 sc
    int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
    factor(n);
printf("%d",count);
10
11
12 | return 0;
13 | }
14
15 int factor(int n)
16 🗗 {
17
18
     int i; count++;
19 | for(i=1;i<=n;++i)
20 | {
21
22
     count++;
23 | if(n%i==0)
24 = {
25
26 //print
```

## iv)

```
program:
#include <stdio.h>
void function(int n);
int main()
{

int n;

scanf("%d",&n);
function(n);
return 0;
}

void function(int n)
{

int count=0;
int c=0;
```

```
count++;
for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++)
{
count++;
for(int j=1;j<n;j=2*j)
{
count++;
for(int k=1;k<n;k=k*2)
{
count++;
C++;
count++;
}count++;
}count++;
}
count++;
printf("%d",count);
}
```

count++;

```
C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\time complexity 4.exe
    Armstrong number.cpp | Time Complexity 1.cpp | Time Co
  15
16
17
                                                                                                                                                                                             Process exited after 17.2 seconds with return value 0 Press any key to continue . . . .
                             int count=0;
                            int c=0;
  18 co
19 fo
20 = {
21 22 co
                            count++;
                            for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++)</pre>
 - }count++;
    35
    36
    37
                            count++;
  38 printf("%d",count);
\vee)
program:
#include <stdio.h>
void reverse(int n);
int main()
{
int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
reverse(n);
return 0;
}
void reverse(int n)
{
int count=0;
int rev=0,
remainder;
```

```
while(n!=0)
{

count++;
remainder=n%10;
count++;
rev=rev*10+remainder;
count++;
n=n/10;
count++;
}

count++;
printf("%d",count);
}
```

```
Irmstrong number.cpp Time Complexity 1.cpp Time C\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\time complexity 5(a).exe
1 #include <stdio.h>
void reverse(int n);
                                             rocess exited after 18.34 seconds with return value 0 ress any key to continue . . .
4 int main()
5 □ {
6
7
8
     int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
9 reverse(n)
10 return 0;
11 }
     reverse(n);
L2
l3 void reverse(int n)
16
17
     int count=0;
     int rev=0,
remainder;
18
remainder=n%10;
count++;
count++;
rev=rev*10+remainder;
```

# 3.Binary search:

#### Program:

#include<stdio.h>

int main()

```
{
  int c=0;
  int n,k,i,low,high,mid,a[50],temp;
  printf("Enter number of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    C++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  C++;
  printf("Enter Element to search:");
  scanf("%d",&k);
  low=0; c++;
  high=n-1; c++;
  mid=low+high/2; c++;
  C++;
  while(low<=high)
  {
    C++;
    C++;
    if(a[mid]<k)
      low=mid+1; c++;
    else if(a[mid]==k)
      printf("\nElement is found at index %d\n",mid);
      break;
    }
```

```
else
{
    high=mid-1; c++;
}
mid=(low+high)/2; c++;
}
c++;
c++;
if(low>high)
{
    printf("Element is not found\n");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity : %d\n",c);
}
```

```
binary search.cpp binary search.cpc binary in time complexity.cpc binary in time com
```

## 4.Linear search:

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int c=0;
   int n,k,i,j,f=0,a[50];
```

```
C++;
printf("Enter number of elements:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter elements:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
  C++;
  scanf("%d",&a[i]);
}
C++;
printf("Enter Element to search:");
scanf("%d",&k);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
  C++;
  C++;
  if(k==a[i])
    printf("Element is found at index %d\n",i);
    f=1;
    C++;
  }
}
C++;
C++;
if(f==0)
  printf("Element is not found");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity : %d",c);
```

}

## 5. Reverse a number:

```
Program:
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
  int n, reverse = 0, remainder;

printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);

while (n != 0) {
  remainder = n % 10;
  reverse = reverse * 10 + remainder;
  n /= 10;
}
```

```
printf("Reversed number = %d", reverse);
return 0;
}
```

```
Armstrong number.cpp Time Complexity 1.cpp Time Complexity 2.cpp time complexity 3.cpp time complexity 4.cpp time complexity 5(a).cpp linear search.cpp binary search.cpp
     #include <stdio.h>
                                                                  C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\reverse a number....
                                                                 Enter an integer: 12365
Reversed number = 56321
 3 ☐ int main() {
 4
                                                                  Process exited after 7.204 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . _
         int n, reverse = 0, remainder;
 6
7
8
         printf("Enter an integer: ");
         scanf("%d", &n);
 9
10 🛱
        while (n != 0) {
           remainder = n % 10;
11
           reverse = reverse * 10 + remainder;
12
13
           n /= 10;
14
15
16
         printf("Reversed number = %d", reverse);
17
18
         return 0;
19 L
```

# 6. Matrix multiplication:

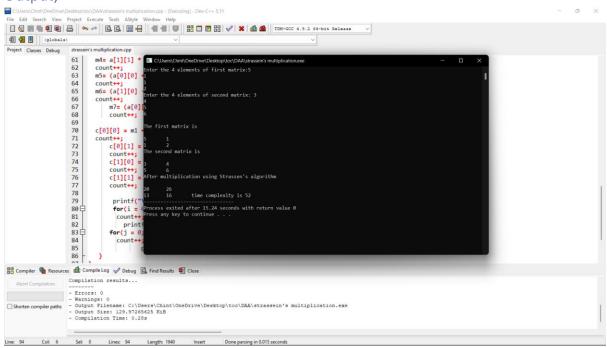
```
scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
            }
          }
          count++;
          count++;
                 printf("Enter the 4 elements of second matrix: ");
         for(i = 0; i < 2; i++)
         {
         count++;
           for(j = 0; j < 2; j++)
            count++;
              scanf("%d", &b[i][j]);
            }
          }
          count++;
          count++;
         printf("\nThe first matrix is\n");
 for(i = 0; i < 2; i++){
        count++;
            printf("\n");
           for(j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            count++;
              printf("%d\t", a[i][j]);
         }
}
         count++;
         count++;
```

count++;

```
printf("\nThe second matrix is\n");
         for(i = 0; i < 2; i++){
                count++;
            printf("\n");
           for(j = 0;j < 2; j++){
           count++;
      printf("%d\t", b[i][j]);
 }
}
 count++;
        count++;
 m1= (a[0][0] + a[1][1]) * (b[0][0] + b[1][1]);
 count++;
 m2= (a[1][0] + a[1][1]) * b[0][0];
 count++;
 m3= a[0][0] * (b[0][1] - b[1][1]);
 count++;
 m4= a[1][1] * (b[1][0] - b[0][0]);
 count++;
 m5= (a[0][0] + a[0][1]) * b[1][1];
 count++;
 \mathsf{m6=(a[1][0]-a[0][0])*(b[0][0]+b[0][1]);}
 count++;
         m7= (a[0][1] - a[1][1]) * (b[1][0]+b[1][1]);
         count++;
 c[0][0] = m1 + m4 - m5 + m7;
 count++;
         c[0][1] = m3 + m5;
         count++;
```

```
c[1][0] = m2 + m4;
         count++;
         c[1][1] = m1 - m2 + m3 + m6;
         count++;
         printf("\nAfter multiplication using Strassen's algorithm \n");
          for(i = 0; i < 2; i++){
                count++;
           printf("\n");
   for(j = 0;j < 2; j++){
        count++;
              printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
 }
}
 count++;
 count++;
 printf(" time complexity is %d",count);
        return 0;
        }
}
```

#### Output;



## 8.GCD:

#### Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n1, n2, i, GCD_Num;
    int count=0;
    printf ( " Enter any two numbers: \n ");
    scanf ( "%d %d", &n1, &n2);

for( i = 1; i <= n1 && i <= n2; ++i)
    {
        count++;
        if (n1 % i ==0 && n2 % i == 0)
            GCD_Num = i;
        count++;
    }</pre>
```

count++;

```
printf ("gcd of two numbers %d and %d is %d \n ", n1, n2, GCD_Num);
printf("time complexity :%d ",count);
return 0;
}
```

# 9. Pascal triangle:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int rows, coef = 1, space, i, j;
   int count=0;
   printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
   scanf("%d", &rows);
```

```
for (i = 0; i<rows; i++)
 {
         count++;
   for (space = 1; space <= rows - i; space++)</pre>
     printf(" ");
    count++;
   for (j = 0; j \le i; j++)
         {
                 count++;
    if(j == 0 | | i == 0){
      coef = 1;
      count++;
    }
    else
      coef = coef * (i - j + 1) / j;
      count++;
     printf("%4d", coef);
   printf("\n");
   count++;
 printf("time complexity:%d",count);
 return 0;
}
```

# 10.Largest number:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n;
  int count=0;
  double arr[100];
  printf("Enter the number of elements (1 to 100): ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  count++;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      count++;
    printf("Enter number%d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%lf", &arr[i]);
  }
  for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
      count++;
  }
</pre>
```

```
if (arr[0] < arr[i]) {
    arr[0] = arr[i];
}
count++;
}

printf("Largest element = %.2lf \n ", arr[0]);
printf("time complexity:%d\n",count);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## 11. Factorial:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, i;
  int count=0;
  unsigned long long fact = 1;
```

```
printf("Enter an integer: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
count++;
if (n < 0)
    printf("Error! Factorial of a negative number doesn't exist.");
else {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        fact *= i;
        count++;
    }
    printf("Factorial of %d = %llu \n ", n, fact);
    printf(" time compexity : %d ",count);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
ClUsers(Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\factorial.exe — X

Enter an integer: 5
Factorial of 5 = 120
    time compexity: 6

Process exited after 2.145 seconds with return value 0

Press any key to continue . . . ■
```

## 12.Perfect numbers:

```
/**
* C program to print all Perfect numbers between 1 to n
*/
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int i, j, end, sum;
  /* Input upper limit to print perfect number */
  printf("Enter upper limit: ");
  scanf("%d", &end);
  printf("All Perfect numbers between 1 to %d:\n", end);
  /* Iterate from 1 to end */
  for(i=1; i<=end; i++)
  {
    sum = 0;
    /* Check whether the current number i is Perfect number or not */
    for(j=1; j<i; j++)
    {
      if(i \% j == 0)
         sum += j;
      }
```

```
/* If the current number i is Perfect number */
if(sum == i)
{
    printf("%d, ", i);
}

return 0;
}
```

```
Armstrong number.cpp
                                     Time Complexity 1.cpp
                                                                       Time Complexity 2.cpp
                   reverse a number.cpp
                                                                                 str Select C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\perfect numbers.exe
                                                                                    Enter upper limit: 100
All Perfect numbers between 1 to 100:
6, 28,
Process exited after 2.658 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
               printf("All Perfect numbers between 1 to 9
15
                                                                                                                                                                  16
               /* Iterate from 1 to end */
for(i=1; i<=end; i++)</pre>
17
18
20
21
22
23
24 = 25
26 = 27
                      /* Check whether the current number i
                      for(j=1; j<i; j++)</pre>
                            if(i % j == 0)
                                   sum += j;
28 -
29 -
30
31
32
33 =
34
35 -
                     /* If the current number i is Perfect
if(sum == i)
                            printf("%d, ", i);
36
37
38
               return 0;
```

## 13.Palindrome:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int i,n,r,s=0;
   printf("\n Enter Integer Number:");
```

```
scanf("%d",&n);
  //LOOP TO FIND REVERSE OF A NUMBER
  for(i=n;i>0; )
  {
    r=i%10;
    s=s*10+r;
    i=i/10;
  }
  /* CHECKING IF THE NUMBER ENTERED AND THE REVERSE NUMBER IS EQUAL OR NOT */
  if(s==n)
  {
    printf("\n %d is a Palindrome Number",n);
  }
  else
  {
    printf("\n %d is not a Palindrome Number",n);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\pallindrome.exe
           int i,n,r,s=0;
                                  Enter Integer Number:121
          printf("\n Enter
scanf("%d",&n);
                                  121 is a Palindrome Number
           //LOOP TO FIND REVPress exited after 2.822 seconds with return value 0
10
11
12 =
           for(i=n;i>0; )
               r=i%10;
s=s*10+r;
14
15
               i=i/10;
16
17
18
19
           /* CHECKING IF THE
           if(s==n)
20 🖨
21
               printf("\n %d
22
23
24 = 25
26 -
               printf("\n %d
27
           return 0;
```

#### 14. Bubble sort:

```
Program;
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int ele,count=0;

  printf("Enter total element: ");
scanf("%d",&ele);

int arr[ele];
  printf("Enter the elements: ");

for (int i = 0; i < ele; i++){
    count++;
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}count++;</pre>
```

for (int i = 0; i < ele; i++)

```
{
count++;
    for (int j = i+1; j < ele; j++)
count++;
     if (arr[i]>arr[j])
       count++;
       int temp=arr[i];
       count++;
      arr[i]=arr[j];
       count++;
       arr[j]=temp;
       count++;
    }count++;
  }count++;
  printf("sorted array: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < ele; i++)
  {count++;
    count++;
    printf("%d \n ",arr[i]);
  }count++;
  printf("time complexity: %d\n",count);
}
```

# 15. Reverse string:

## Program:

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main(){
   char val[25];

printf("enter the value: ");
scanf("%s",&val);

int count=0,c=0;

while (val[count]!='\0'){
   count++;
   c++;
}c++;
```

```
for(int i=count-1;i>=0;i--){
     c++;
     printf("%c",val[i]);
}c++;
printf("\ntime complexity: %d",c);
}
```

# 16.substring:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   char str[80], search[10];
```

```
int count1 = 0, count2 = 0, i, j, flag;
printf("Enter a string:");
gets(str);
printf("Enter search substring:");
gets(search);
while (str[count1] != '\0')
  count1++;
while (search[count2] != '\0')
  count2++;
for (i = 0; i <= count1 - count2; i++)
  for (j = i; j < i + count2; j++)
    flag = 1;
    if (str[j] != search[j - i])
       flag = 0;
       break;
    }
  }
  if (flag == 1)
    break;
}
if (flag == 1)
  printf("SEARCH SUCCESSFUL!");
else
  printf("SEARCH UNSUCCESSFUL!");
return 0;
```

}

```
 \blacksquare \verb| C:\Users\Chint\OneDrive\Desktop\toc\DAA\substring.exe| \\
                                                                                                                  ry search.cpp binary search.exe binary in time con
                                        Enter a string:hello world
Enter search substring:llo
SEARCH SUCCESSFUL!
  #include<stdio.h>
  int main()
                                        Process exited after 40.41 seconds with return value 0
⊋ <del>(</del>
                                        Press any key to continue \dots
        char str[80], search[10];
       int count1 = 0, count2 =
       printf("Enter a string:")
       gets(str);
       printf("Enter search subs
        gets(search);
       while (str[count1] != '\0
             count1++;
       while (search[count2] !=
            count2++;
        for (i = 0; i <= count1 -
             for (j = i; j < i + c
                  flag = 1;
                  if (str[j] != sea
                       flag = 0;
```