CS3530 Networking Hans-on: Basic of VyOS and Static Routing

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Objective and Contents

Objective

- Interconnecting multiple subnets
- Understanding the static routing in IPv4 and IPv6
- Understanding a router

Contents

- Installing 2 VM instances of VyOS
- Configuring the more subnets
- Checking connectivity between throughout the network

Network Diagram of the Day

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.1.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:1::/64

Linux Bridge: bri1

NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 MAC: 33:22:11 MAC: ZZ:YY:YY IPv4: 1 IPv4: 254 IPv6: 1 IPv6: 254 **S1 R1 R2** H1 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 MAC: 55:66:77 MAC: XX:YY:ZZ MAC: 11:22:33 MAC: AA:BB:CC IPv4: 35 IPv4: 254 IPv4: 254 IPv4: 253 IPv6: Auto IPv6: 254 IPv6: 254 IPv6: 253

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.0.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:0::/64

Linux Bridge: bri0

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.2.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:2::/64

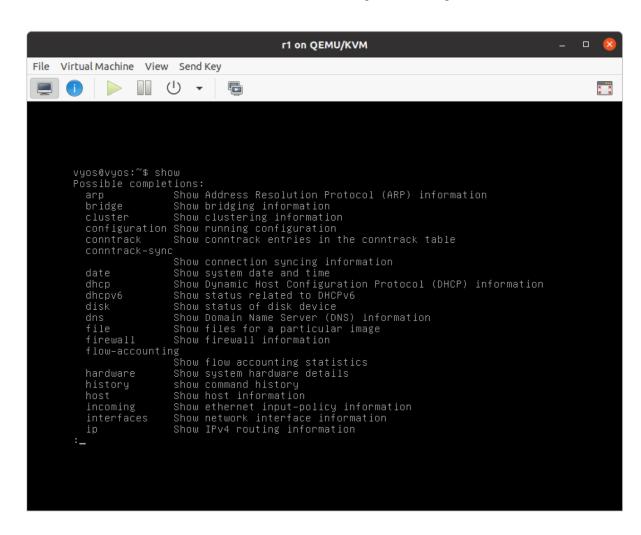
Preparation for Running VyOS as a VM

- Copy ISO image of VyOS 1.1.8 to your laptop
- Install a VyOS instance on virt-manager
- Login to VyOS
- Execute "install image"

The most important commands (1/2)

\$ show ?

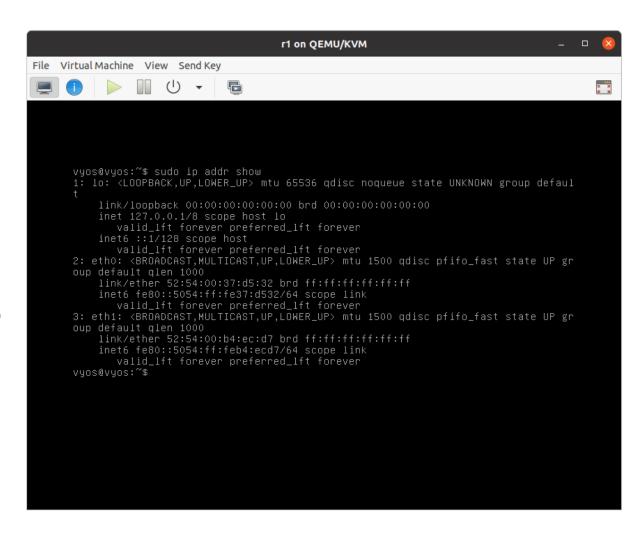
What does it give?



The most important commands (2/2)

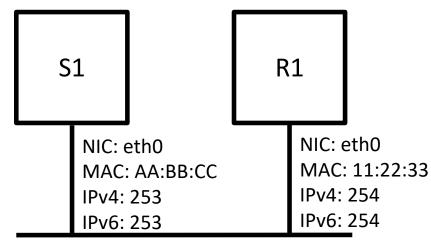
\$ sudo SOMETHING

- Allows you to execute Linux commands
 - ip addr show
 - ping, traceroute, tcpdump
 - iperf



Connecting R1 to the same Linux Bridge with S1

- Goal: S1 and R1 ping each other
- eth0 of R1 must be connected via Bridge I/F (bri0)
- Fix the IPv4/v6 address to give to each NIC by yourself

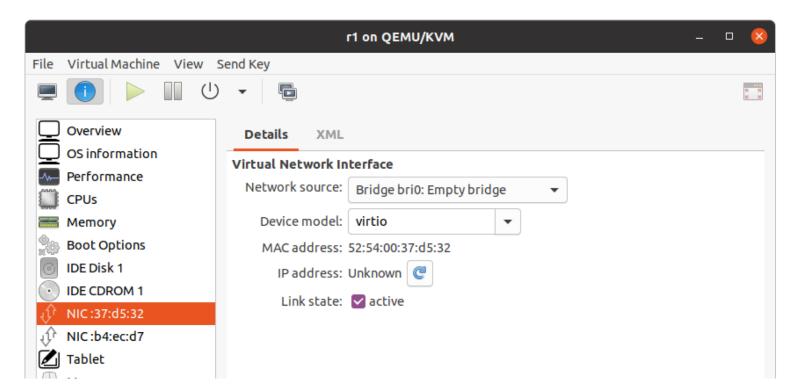


IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.0.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:0::/64

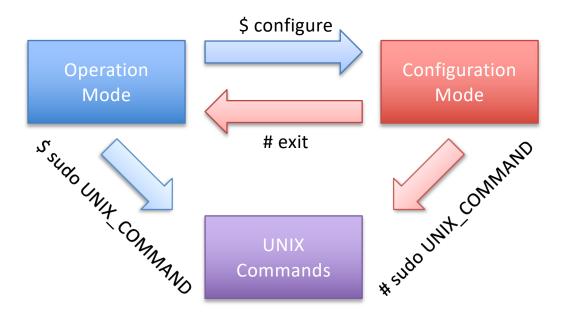
Selecting an appropriate Bridge I/F on virt-manager

 "Network source" must be Bridge I/F for VM-VM connection on the same virt-manager



Basic Operation of VyOS

- Operation Mode
 - Show configuration and status
 - Restart, power off the system
- Configuration Mode
 - Show and set configuration



Showing Status and Configuration

 "\$ show SOMETHING" provides the status of your configuration and protocol behavior

"# show SOMETHING" provides the configuration of what you have done

Configuring IP Address on VyOS

Example to configure IPv4/v6 addresses on ethX

\$ configure

Things to explore further

What we covered till now

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.1.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:1::/64

Linux Bridge: bri1

NIC: eth1 NIC: eth1 MAC: 33:22:11 MAC: ZZ:YY:YY IPv4: 1 IPv4: 254 IPv6: 1 IPv6: 254 **S1 R1** R2 H1 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 NIC: eth0 MAC: XX:YY:ZZ MAC: 55:66:77 MAC: 11:22:33 MAC: AA:BB:CC IPv4: 35 IPv4: 254 IPv4: 254 IPv4: 253 IPv6: Auto IPv6: 254 IPv6: 254 IPv6: 253

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.0.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:0::/64

Linux Bridge: bri0

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.2.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:2::/64

Things you can explore until S1 and H1 can ping with each other using IPv4 and IPv6

- Adding a static IPv6 address to S1?
- Installing R2, Relocating H1
- Enabling routing at S1, H1, R1 and R2

Optional

- Enabling "Router Advertisement" on R2 so that H1 can configure
 IPv6 address automatically
- Enabling AAAA Records in DNS Server (Hostname <-> IPv6 address)

Hint: Setting Up Bridge I/Fs on Host Ubuntu

 Creating 2 additional bridge interfaces (assuming you already have bri0)

```
$ sudo brctl addbr bri1
$ sudo brctl addbr bri2
```

Making the interfaces up and running

```
$ sudo ip link set bri1 up
$ sudo ip link set bri2 up
```

Hint: Configuring Static Route on VyOS

• Example to configure IPv4/v6 static route on ethX

```
$ configure
# set protocols static route 192.168.102.0.0/24 next-hop 192.168.100.1
# set protocols static route6 2013:ABCD:102::/64 next-hop 2013:ABCD:100::1
# commit
# save
```

Hint: Deleting Configurations on VyOS

Example to delete IPv4 address and static route

```
$ configure
# delete interfaces ethernet ethY address 192.168.1.10/24
# delete protocols static route 192.168.100.0/24 next-hop 192.168.101.1
# commit
# save
```

Actual Demo Network

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.1.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:1::/64

Linux Bridge: bri1

NIC: eth1

MAC: b4:ec:d7 MAC: ee:44:62

IPv4: 1 IPv4: 254 IPv6: 1 IPv6: 254

S1

R1

R2

H1

NIC: enp1s0 MAC: df:74:3b

IPv4: 253 IPv6: 253 NIC: eth0

MAC: 37:d5:32

IPv4: 254 IPv6: 254 IPv4: 254

MAC: 39:8c:7a

NIC: eth0

IPv6: 254

NIC: enp1s0

MAC: d9:2a:9d

IPv4: 35 IPv6: Auto

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.0.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:0::/64

Linux Bridge: bri0

IPv4 Subnet: 10.0.2.0/24

IPv6 Prefix: 2020:3530:ABCD:2::/64

Checking IPv4/IPv6 throughput in the network

- ping, ping6
- traceroute, traceroute6
- iperf
- tcpdump
- ip route show, ip -6 route show (on Ubuntu server)
- show ip route, show ipv6 route (on VyOS)

Done!!