

# Sample pdf for testing

## Section 1

FIRST SMALL- The Mughal Empire was one of the most prominent empires. Known for its significant contributions to culture, architecture, and politics.

LARGE PARA - In pre-modern world history. By the late 1600s the Mughal emperor held supreme political authority over a population numbering between 100 and 150 millions and lands covering most of the Indian subcontinent. (3.2 million square kilometers)' In pre-modern world history. By the late 1600s the Mughal emperor held supreme political authority over a population numbering between ..100 and 150 millions and lands covering most of the Indian subcontinent (3.2 million square kilometers).

SMALL CONSECUTIVE PARA - Empire was the most prominent empires. Known for its politics.

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LAST SMALL PARA - Empire was the most prominent empires. Known for its significant contributions to culture, and politics.

## Sec2

SEC 2 SMALL PARA 1 - The Mughal Empire's history is Multifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

Aurangzeb expanded the Mughal Empire to its greatest territorial extent, reaching south into the Deccan Plateau. His reign was marked by increased religious orthodoxy and conflict with various regional powers, including the Marathas and the Sikhs. His policies and military campaigns led to significant strain on the empire's resources and stability.

TajMahal

SMALL PARA 2- The Mughal Empire's history is Multifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

TaMahal

SMALL PARA 3- The Mughal Empire's history is Multifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

Jahangir, Akbar's son, continued the empire's expansion and stability. His reign is known for its emphasis on the arts and the flourishing of Mughal painting. Jahangir faced internal strife but managed to maintain control over his vast empire. Jahangir, Akbar's son, continued the empire's expansion and stability. His reign is known for its emphasis on the arts and the flourishing of Mughal painting. Jahangir faced internal strife but managed to maintain control over his vast empire.

Tajahal

SMALL PARA 4 - The Mughal Empire's history is Multifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

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## Section 3

SEC 3 SMALL PARA 1 - The Mughal Empire's history is Mltifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

	D1 table added between two small paras.Verify if the paras above and below table merge or not.					
			D2 ideally paras above and below table must not get merge together.Verifying the case.			
					D3	

SMALL PARA2 - The Mughal Empire's history is Mltifaceted. encompassing achievements in governance, culture, and military strategy

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## LIST PARAS BELOW

- His reign was marked by consolidation and the establishment of Mughal authority in northern India.
- 2 His reign was marked by consolidation and the establishment of Mughal authority in northern India.
- Hi
- Babur established Mughal rule in India after defeating Ibrahim. Lodhi of the Lodi Dynasty at the First Battle of Panipat in 1526.
- Humayun was ousted by Sher Shah Suri but later regained power with Persian assistance.
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## Sec 4

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<sup>1</sup> Make sure your repository is public if you want anyone to access the link.

<sup>2</sup> 2sentence Make sure your repository is public if you want anyone to access the link. Make sure your repository is public if you want anyone to access the link.

<sup>3</sup> Make sure your repository is public if you want anyone to access the link.

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<sup>6</sup> Make up

<sup>7</sup> Private repositories require authentication. links will not work for users who do not have access.

<sup>8</sup> require

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