```
CPUBenchmarkF.c
/*
______
Name
        : Programming.c
Author
        : Abhijeet
Version
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
______
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
//This function is for performing floating point operation to calculate the CPU performance
void* threadOperation(void *arg)
{
     int i;
     for(i=0;i<100000000;++i)
           {
                 5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
                5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
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                5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
                5.6 + 2.6;
                 5.6 + 2.6;
```

5.6 + 2.6;

```
5.6 + 2.6;
                      5.6 + 2.6;
return NULL:
// Return the time difference between two clocks
double timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  double elapsed;
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
  return elapsed;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *fp;
       fp=fopen("log_for_Float.txt", "a+");
       int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread t tid[no of threads];
       int i,j,join_ret,thread_ret;
       clock_t t1,t2;
       clock_t totaltime;
       double flops_Count;
       float gflops_Count,flops_time;
       t1=clock();
       // Creating different number of threads depends on command line argument
       for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,threadOperation,NULL);
       // Join the thread so that main program execution will be in waiting state
       for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)</pre>
              pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
       }
       t2=clock();
       double elapsed = timediff(t1,t2);
       //printf("elapsed: %lf sec\n", elapsed);
       flops_Count = no_of_threads*20*(1000000000/elapsed);
       gflops Count = flops Count / 1000000000;
       fprintf(fp, "GFLOPS: %f\n",gflops_Count);
```

```
fclose(fp);
 return 0;
}
CPUBenchmarkI.c
/*
______
Name
       : Programming.c
Author
        : Abhijeet
Version
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
______
===
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
//This function is for performing Intergers operation to calculate the CPU performance
void* threadOperation(void *arg)
{
     int i;
     for(i=0;i<100000000;++i)
          {
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
               4+2;
```

```
4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
                      4+2;
return NULL:
// Return the time difference between two clocks
double timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  double elapsed;
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
  return elapsed;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *fp;
       fp=fopen("log_for_Integer.txt", "a+");
       int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
       int i,j,join_ret,thread_ret;
       clock_t t1,t2;
       double iops_Count,elapsed;
       float giops_Count;
       t1=clock();
       // Creating different number of threads depends on command line argument
       for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,threadOperation,NULL);
       }
       // Join the thread so that main program execution will be in waiting state
       for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)</pre>
              pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
       t2=clock();
```

```
elapsed= timediff(t1,t2);
       //printf("elapsed: %ld ms\n", elapsed);
       iops_Count = no_of_threads*20*(1000000000/ elapsed);
       giops_Count = iops_Count / 1000000000;
       fprintf(fp, "GIOPS: %f\n",giops_Count);
       //printf("\nGFLOPS = %f\n", giops_Count);
  fclose(fp);
  return 0;
}
BenchmarkF.c
Name
          : Programming.c
Author
           : Abhijeet
Version :
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
===
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
//This array will hold per second executed number of instructions so that we can keep the log of their
values
long catlog[4];
//This function is for performing Floating operation to calculate the CPU performance
void* threadOperation(void *arg)
{
       int count= * (int *)arg;
```

```
int i;
       //for(i=0;i<100000;i++)
       while(1)
              int addition = 4.4+2.4 + 4.6+2.4 + 4.4+2.4 + 4.4+2.4 + 4.7+2.2 + 4.6+2.2+ 4.2+2.2 +
       4.5+2.5+4.7+2.3+4.9+2.5+5.4+2.4+7.4+2.3+8.4+2.2+3.4+2.1+5.5+2.2+6.1+2.3+
9.4+2.3+4.4+2.3+4.4+2.8+4.3+2.6+3.4+2.4;
              catlog[count]=catlog[count]+20;
return NULL;
// Return the time difference between two clocks
double timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  double elapsed;
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
  return elapsed;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *fp;
       fp=fopen("log_for_Experiment_Floating.txt", "a+");
       int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
       int i,j,k,l,join_ret,thread_ret;
       int p[4];
       l=0;
       // Creating different number of threads depends on command line argument
       for(k=0;k<4;k++)
              catlog[k]=0;
              p[k]=k;
       }
       clock_t t1,t2,t3,t4;
       clock_t totaltime;
       //double flops_time=0;
       double flops_Count;
       float gflops_Count,flops_time;
       t1=clock();
```

```
for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,threadOperation,&p[i]);
       fprintf(fp,"-----
       // Here will calculate the per seconds number of operations performed by all threads combined
       // and will track this till 600 seoinds and after that will kill the running thread processess.
       while(1)
              t2=clock();
              if(((t2-t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC)>=1)
                     t1=clock();
                     l++;
                     catlog[0]=catlog[0]+catlog[1]+catlog[2]+catlog[3];
                     fprintf(fp, "%ld\n",catlog[0] / 1000000000);
                     catlog[0]=0;
                     catlog[1]=0;
                     catlog[2]=0;
                     catlog[3]=0;
              if(l==600)
                     for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
                                   pthread_kill(&(tid[i]),1);
                     break;
              }
       }
  fclose(fp);
  return 0;
}
BenchmarkI.c
/*
===
Name
           : Programming.c
           : Abhijeet
Author
```

```
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
______
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
//This array will hold per second executed number of instructions so that we can keep the log of their
values
long catlog[4];
//This function is for performing Intergers operation to calculate the CPU performance
void* threadOperation(void *arg)
      int count= * (int *)arg;
     int i;
     //for(i=0;i<100000;i++)
      while(1)
           int addition =
2+4+2;
           catlog[count]=catlog[count]+20;
return NULL;
// Return the time difference between two clocks
double timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  double elapsed;
 elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
  return elapsed;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
```

Version

```
FILE *fp;
fp=fopen("log for Experiment Integer.txt", "a+");
int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
int i,j,k,l,join_ret,thread_ret;
int p[4];
l=0;
// Creating different number of threads depends on command line argument
for(k=0;k<4;k++)
{
       catlog[k]=0;
       p[k]=k;
}
clock_t t1,t2,t3,t4;
clock_t totaltime;
//double flops time=0;
double flops_Count;
float gflops_Count,flops_time;
t1=clock();
for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
{
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,threadOperation,&p[i]);
fprintf(fp."-----\n"):
// Here will calculate the per seconds number of operations performed by all threads combined
// and will track this till 600 seoinds and after that will kill the running thread processess.
while(1)
       t2=clock();
       if((t2-t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC>=1)
              t1=clock();
              l++;
              catlog[0]=catlog[0]+catlog[1]+catlog[2]+catlog[3];
              fprintf(fp, "%ld\n",catlog[0] / 1000000000);
              catlog[0]=0;
              catlog[1]=0;
              catlog[2]=0;
              catlog[3]=0;
```

## MemoryBenchmark.c

```
/*
Name
           : Programming.c
Author
          : Abhijeet
Version
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
char buffer[1024*1024];
//char * source_buffer;
char * destination_buffer;
char * source_buffer;
```

```
// this is buffered space we are using for reading and writing purpose form Disk and to disk
// Return the time difference between two clocks
long timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  long elapsed:
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS PER SEC * 1000;
  return elapsed:
}
// this is to Read+Write a byte data sequencially from Memory
void* readSeqByte(void *arg)
       int i;
       int source_buffer_index,destination_buffer_index;
       source buffer index=0;
       destination buffer index=0;
/*
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       char * source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);*/
       for(i=0;i<100000000;i++) // 100mb data
              memcpy(&destination_buffer[destination_buffer_index],
&source_buffer[source_buffer_index], 1);
              source buffer index= source buffer index +1;
              destination buffer index=destination buffer index+1;
              //source buffer=source buffer+1;
              //destination_buffer=destination_buffer+1;
       return NULL;
}
// this is to Read+Write a Kilo byte data sequencially from Memory
void* readSeqKByte(void *arg)
{
       int i;
       int source_buffer_index,destination_buffer_index;
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
/*
       char * source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);*/
       source buffer index=0;
       destination_buffer_index=0;
       for(i=0;i<100000;i++) // 100mb data
              memcpy(&destination_buffer[destination_buffer_index],
&source_buffer[source_buffer_index], 1024);
              source buffer index= source buffer index +1024;
              destination buffer index=destination buffer index+1024;
              //source_buffer=source_buffer+1024;
```

```
//destination_buffer=destination_buffer+1024;
       return NULL;
}
// this is to Read+Write a Mega byte data sequencially from Memory
void* readSeqMByte(void *arg)
       int i;
       int source buffer index, destination buffer index;
       source_buffer_index=0;
              destination buffer index=0;
/*
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       char * source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);*/
       //printf("\nSizeof Source buffer = %lf\n",sizeof(source_buffer));
       for(i=0;i<100;i++) // 100mb data
              memcpy(&destination buffer[destination buffer index],
&source_buffer[source_buffer_index], (1024*1024));
              source buffer index= source buffer index +(1024*1024);
              destination_buffer_index=destination_buffer_index+(1024*1024);
              source_buffer=source_buffer+(1024*1024);
              destination_buffer=destination_buffer+(1024*1024);*/
       return NULL;
}
// this is to Read+Write a byte data Randomly from Memory
void* readRanByte(void *arg)
       int i,randloc;
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       char * source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       for(i=0;i<100000000;i++) // 100mb data
              randloc= rand() % (1024*1024*100);
              memcpy(&destination_buffer[randloc], &source_buffer[randloc], 1);
       return NULL;
}
// this is to Read+Write a Kilo byte data Randomly from Memory
void* readRanKByte(void *arg)
{
       int i,randloc;
```

```
/*
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       char * source buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);*/
       for(i=0;i<100000;i++) // 100mb data
              randloc= (rand() % ((1024*1024*100)-1024));
              memcpy(&destination buffer[randloc], &source buffer[randloc], 1024);
       return NULL;
}
// this is to Read+Write a Mega byte data Randomly from Memory
void* readRanMByte(void *arg)
       int i,randloc;
/*
       char * destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       char * source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);*/
       for(i=0;i<100;i++) // 100mb data
              randloc= (rand() % ((1024*1024*100)-(1024*1024)));
              memcpy(&destination_buffer[randloc], &source_buffer[randloc], (1024*1024));
       return NULL;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *log;
       log=fopen("Memory_log.txt", "a+");
       //source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       destination_buffer = (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       source_buffer= (char *) malloc(1024*1024*100);
       int i,j,cnt=0;
       size_t size = 1;
       int number_of_operation=1;
       double latency,totaldata;
       double elapsed, throughput;
       int no_of_threads = atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
       // Initialize the buffer so that we can write it in memory
       //printf("\nInitialize the buffer\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<(1024*1024);i++)
      buffer[i]='k';
}
//-----ReadWriteSeqByte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteSeqByte\n");
clock_t t1,t2;
t1=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,readSeqByte,NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
t2=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t1,t2);
//printf("ReadWriteSeqByte operation %lf_milliseconds\n", elapsed);
fprintf(log, "ReadWriteSegByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
//printf("ReadSeqByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
totaldata = (double) (no_of_threads * 100000000 * 1) / 1000000;
latency = (double) (elapsed / totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
elapsed = elapsed / 1000;
throughput = (double) (totaldata / elapsed);
fprintf(log, "Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadWriteSeqKByte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteSegKByte\n");
clock_t t3,t4;
t3=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,readSeqKByte,NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
t4=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t3,t4);
//printf("ReadWriteSegKByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
```

```
fprintf(log, "ReadWriteSeqKByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
      latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
      fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
      //printf("ReadSegKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
       elapsed=elapsed/1000;
      throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
       fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadWriteSegMByte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteSeqMByte\n");
clock_t t5,t6;
t5=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,readSeqMByte,NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no\_of\_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
t6=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t5,t6);
//printf("ReadWriteSeqMByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
fprintf(log, "ReadWriteSeqMByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
      latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
      fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
      //printf("ReadSeqKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
       elapsed=elapsed/1000;
      throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
       fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadWriteRanByte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteRanByte\n");
clock_t t7, t8;
t7 = \operatorname{clock}();
for (i = 0; i < no \text{ of threads}; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readRanByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
```

```
t8 = \operatorname{clock}();
elapsed = timediff(t7, t8);
//printf("ReadWriteRanByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
fprintf(log, "ReadWriteRanByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000000*1)/1000000;
       latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
       //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
       elapsed=elapsed/1000;
       throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
       fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadWriteRanKBvte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteRanKByte\n");
clock_t t9, t10;
t9 = clock();
for (i = 0; i < no \text{ of threads}; i++)
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readRanKByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
       pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
t10 = clock();
elapsed = timediff(t9, t10);
//printf("ReadWriteRanKByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
fprintf(log, "ReadWriteRanKByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no of threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
       latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
       //printf("ReadSeqKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
       elapsed=elapsed/1000;
       throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
       fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
       //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadWriteRanMByte-----//
//printf("\nReadWriteRanMByte\n");
clock_t t11, t12;
t11 = \operatorname{clock}();
for (i = 0; i < no\_of\_threads; i++)
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readRanMByte, NULL);
}
```

```
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
            pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
      t12 = clock();
      elapsed = timediff(t11, t12);
      //printf("ReadWriteRanMByte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
      fprintf(log, "ReadWriteRanMBvte operation %lf milliseconds\n", elapsed);
      totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
            latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
            fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
            //printf("ReadSeqKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
             elapsed=elapsed/1000;
            throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
            fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
            //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
      fclose(log);
  return 0;
DiskBenchmarkW.c
/*
===
         : Programming.c
Name
Author
         : Abhijeet
Version :
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
______
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
#define BUFFER_SIZE (1*1024*10240)
```

```
// this is buffered space we are using for reading and writing purpose form Disk and to disk
char buffer[1024*1024];
// this is to write a byte data sequencially on disk
void* writeSeqByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fpw;
       int i:
       fpw=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       //char buffer[1024*1024];
       fseek(fpw,0,SEEK_SET);
       for(i=0;i<100000000;i++) // 100mb file
              //fread(buffer,1,1,fp);
              fwrite(buffer,1,1,fpw);
       fclose(fpw);
}
// this is to write a Kilo byte data sequencially on disk
void* writeSeqKByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fpw;
       int i;
       fpw=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       //char buffer[1024*1024];
       fseek(fpw,0,SEEK_SET);
       for(i=0;i<100000;i++) // 100mb file
              //fread(buffer,1,1024,fp);
              fwrite(buffer,1,1024,fpw);
       fclose(fpw);
}
// this is to write a Mega byte data sequencially on disk
void* writeSeqMByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fpw;
       int i;
       fpw = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       //char buffer[1024 * 1024];
       fseek(fpw, 0, SEEK_SET);
       for (i = 0; i < 100; i++) // 100mb file
              //fread(buffer, 1024, 1024, fp);
              fwrite(buffer,1024,1024,fpw);
```

```
fclose(fpw);
}
// this is to write a byte data Randomly on disk
void* writeRandByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fpw;
       int i,r,offset;
       fpw = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       for (i = 0; i < 100000000; i++) // 100mb file
              r = rand();
              offset = r \% 1000;
              fseek(fpw, offset, SEEK_SET);
              fwrite(buffer, 1, 1, fpw);
       fclose(fpw);
}
// this is to write a Kilo byte data Randomly on disk
void* writeRandKByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fpw;
       int i,r,offset;
       fpw = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       //char buffer[1024*1024];
       for (i = 0; i < 100000; i++) // 100mb file
              r = rand();
              offset = r \% 1000;
              fseek(fpw, offset, SEEK_SET);
              fwrite(buffer, 1, 1024, fpw);
       fclose(fpw);
}
// this is to write a Mega byte data Randomly on disk
void* writeRandMByte(void *arg)
{
       FILE *fpw;
       int i,r,offset;
       fpw = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "a");
       //char buffer[1024 * 1024];
       for (i = 0; i < 100; i++) // 100mb file
```

```
{
              r = rand();
              offset = r \% 1000;
              fseek(fpw, offset, SEEK_SET);
              fwrite(buffer, 1024, 1024, fpw);
       fclose(fpw);
}
// Return the time difference between two clocks
long timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
  long elapsed;
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC * 1000;
  return elapsed;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *log;
       log=fopen("Disk_log.txt", "a+");
       //fpw=fopen("Disk_Write.txt", "w+");
       int i,j,cnt=0;
       size_t size = 1;
       int number_of_operation=1;
       double elapsed;
       double latency,throughput,totaldata;
       char str[]= "Abhijeet Kedari";
       /*fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_END);
       EndPos = ftell(fp);
       fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);
       StartPos = ftell(fp);
       Size_file = (EndPos - StartPos);
       printf("Size of File= %d BYTE\n\n", Size_file);*/
       int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
       for(i=0;i<(1024*1024);i++)
              buffer[i]='k';
       }
       //-----WriteSeqByte-----//
       clock_t t1,t2;
```

```
t1=clock();
       for(i=0;i<no of threads;i++)</pre>
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,writeSeqByte,NULL);
       for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)</pre>
              pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
       t2=clock();
       elapsed = timediff(t1,t2);
       fprintf(log,"WriteSeqByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
       totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000000*1)/1000000;
       latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
       elapsed=elapsed/1000;
       throughput = (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
                                                 //As 1 thread writing 100 mb, 4 threads are
writing 400 data...
       fprintf(log, "Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
       //-----WriteSegKByte-----//
       clock_t t3,t4;
       t3=clock();
       for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, writeSeqKByte, NULL);
       for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
              pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
       t4=clock();
       elapsed = timediff(t3,t4);
       fprintf(log,"WriteSeqKByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
       totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
       latency=(double)(elapsed/totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
       elapsed = elapsed /1000;
       throughput = (double)(totaldata)/elapsed;
       //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
       //printf("\n totaldata= %lf",totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Throughput: operations[mb] per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
```

```
//-----WriteSeqMByte-----//
clock t t5,t6;
t5=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, writeSeqMByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
       pthread join(tid[j], NULL);
t6=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t5,t6);
fprintf(log,"WriteSeqMByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
latency=(double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
elapsed = elapsed /1000;
throughput = (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
//printf("Throughput: operation(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//printf("\n totaldata= %lf",totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----WriteRandByte-----//
clock_t t7,t8;
t7=clock();
for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,writeRandByte,NULL);
for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)</pre>
       pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
t8 = \operatorname{clock}();
elapsed = timediff(t7, t8);
fprintf(log,"\tWriteRandByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000000*1)/1000000;
latency=(double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "\tLatency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
elapsed = elapsed /1000;
throughput = (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
fprintf(log, "\tThroughput: operations per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
```

```
//-----WriteRandKByte-----//
clock tt9,t10;
t9=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, writeRandKByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no\_of\_threads; j++)
      pthread join(tid[j], NULL);
t10 = clock();
elapsed = timediff(t9, t10);
fprintf(log,"\tWriteRandKByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
latency=(double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "\tLatency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
//printf("WriteRandKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
elapsed = elapsed /1000;
throughput =(double)(totaldata/elapsed);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
fprintf(log, "\tThroughput: operations per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----WriteRandMByte-----//
clock_t t11,t12;
t11=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no of threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, writeRandMByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no\_of\_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
t12 = clock();
elapsed = timediff(t11, t12);
fprintf(log,"\tWriteRandMByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
latency=(double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "\tLatency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
//printf("WriteRandMByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
elapsed = elapsed /1000;
throughput = (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
```

```
fprintf(log, "\tThroughput: operations per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
      fclose(log);
  return 0;
}
DiskBenchmarkR.c
/*
______
Name
         : Programming.c
         : Abhijeet
Author
Version
Copyright: Your copyright notice
Description: Hello World in C, Ansi-style
*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
#define BUFFER_SIZE (1*1024*10240)
// this is buffered space we are using for reading and writing purpose form Disk and to disk
char buffer[1*1024*1024];
// this is to Read a byte data sequencially from disk
void* readSeqByte(void *arg)
      FILE *fp;
      int i;
      fp=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
      char buffer[1024*1024];
      fseek(fp,0,SEEK_SET);
      for(i=0;i<100000000;i++) // 100mb file
      {
            fread(buffer,1,1,fp);
      }
```

```
fclose(fp);
}
// this is to Read a Kilo byte data sequencially from disk
void* readSeqKByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fp;
       int i;
       fp=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       char buffer[1024*1024];
       fseek(fp,0,SEEK_SET);
       for(i=0;i<100000;i++) // 100mb file
              fread(buffer,1,1024,fp);
       fclose(fp);
}
// this is to Read a mega byte data sequencially from disk
void* readSeqMByte(void *arg)
{
       FILE *fp;
       int i;
       fp = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       char buffer[1024 * 1024];
       fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);
       for (i = 0; i < 100; i++) // 100mb file
              fread(buffer, 1024, 1024, fp);
       fclose(fp);
}
// this is to Read a byte data Randomly from disk
void* readRandByte(void *arg)
{
       FILE *fp;
       int i,r,offset;
       fp = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       char buffer[1024 * 1024];
       int size_of_file=*(int *)arg;
       for (i = 0; i < 10000000; i++) // 10mb file
              r=rand();
              offset = r % size of file;
              fseek(fp, offset, SEEK_SET);
              fread(buffer, 1, 1, fp);
```

```
fclose(fp);
}
// this is to Read a kilo byte data Randomly from disk
void* readRandKByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fp;
       int i,r,offset;
       fp=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       char buffer[1024*1024];
       int size_of_file=*(int *)arg;
       size_of_file= size_of_file - 1024;
       //fseek(fp,0,SEEK_SET);
       for(i=0;i<10000;i++) // 10mb file
       {
               r = rand();
               offset = r % size_of_file;
               fseek(fp, offset, SEEK_SET);
               fread(buffer,1,1024,fp);
       fclose(fp);
}
// this is to Read a Mega byte data Randomly from disk
void* readRandMByte(void *arg)
       FILE *fp;
       int i,r,offset;
       fp = fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       char buffer[1024 * 1024];
       int size_of_file=*(int *)arg;
       size_of_file= size_of_file - (1024*1024);
       for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) // 1mb file
               r = rand();
               offset = r % size_of_file;
               fseek(fp, offset, SEEK_SET);
               fread(buffer, 1024, 1024, fp);
       fclose(fp);
}
// Return the time difference between two clocks
double timediff(clock_t t1, clock_t t2) {
```

```
double elapsed;
  elapsed = ((double)t2 - t1) / CLOCKS PER SEC * 1000;
  return elapsed;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       FILE *fp,*log;
       fp=fopen("DiskWrite.txt", "r");
       log=fopen("Disk_log.txt", "a+");
       int i,j,cnt=0,EndPos,StartPos,Size_file;
       size_t size = 1;
       double latency, throughput, total data, elapsed;
       int number_of_operation=1;
       char str[]= "Abhijeet Kedari";
       fseek(fp, 0, SEEK END);
       EndPos=ftell(fp);
       fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);
       StartPos=ftell(fp);
       Size_file = (EndPos - StartPos);
       int no_of_threads=atoi(argv[1]);
       pthread_t tid[no_of_threads];
       //-----ReadSegByte-----//
       clock_t t1,t2;
       t1=clock();
       for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
              pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,readSeqByte,NULL);
       for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)</pre>
              pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
       t2=clock();
       elapsed = timediff(t1,t2);
       fprintf(log,"ReadSeqByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
       //printf("ReadSeqByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
       totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000000*1)/1000000;
       latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
       fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
```

```
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
elapsed=elapsed/1000;
throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadSegKBvte-----//
clock t t3,t4;
t3=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
      pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readSeqKByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no\_of\_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
t4=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t3,t4);
fprintf(log,"ReadSeqKByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
//printf("ReadSeqKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
elapsed=elapsed/1000;
throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadSeqMByte-----//
clock_t t5,t6;
t5=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
{
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readSeqMByte, NULL);
for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
      pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
t6=clock();
elapsed = timediff(t5,t6);
fprintf(log,"ReadSeqMByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no of threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
```

```
//printf("ReadSegKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
elapsed=elapsed/1000;
throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadRandByte-----//
clock_t t7,t8;
t7=clock();
for(i=0;i<no_of_threads;i++)</pre>
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]),NULL,readRandByte,&Size_file);
for(j=0;j<no_of_threads;j++)
       pthread_join(tid[j],NULL);
t8 = \operatorname{clock}();
elapsed = timediff(t7, t8);
//printf("ReadRandByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
fprintf(log,"\tReadRandByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
//printf("ReadSeqByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000000*1)/1000000;
latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
//printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
elapsed=elapsed/1000;
throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
//-----ReadRandKByte-----//
clock_t t9,t10;
t9=clock();
for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
       pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readRandKByte, &Size_file);
for (j = 0; j < no\_of\_threads; j++)
       pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
t10 = clock();
elapsed = timediff(t9, t10);
```

```
fprintf(log,"\tReadRanKByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
    totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100000*1024)/1000000;
    latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
    fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
    //printf("ReadSegKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
    elapsed=elapsed/1000;
    throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
    fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
    //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
    //-----ReadRandMBvte-----//
    clock_t t11,t12;
    t11=clock();
    for (i = 0; i < no_of_threads; i++)
           pthread_create(&(tid[i]), NULL, readRandMByte, &Size_file);
    for (j = 0; j < no_of_threads; j++)
           pthread_join(tid[j], NULL);
    t12 = clock();
    elapsed = timediff(t11, t12);
    fprintf(log,"\tReadRandByte: %lf\n",elapsed);
    totaldata= (double)(no_of_threads*100*1024*1024)/1000000;
    latency= (double)(elapsed/totaldata);
    fprintf(log, "Latency: time per operation %lf \n", latency);
    //printf("ReadSeqKByte: %lf ms\n", elapsed);
    elapsed=elapsed/1000;
    throughput= (double)(totaldata/elapsed);
    fprintf(log,"Throughput: operations(mb) per seconds %lf \n", throughput);
    //printf("Throughput: operation per milliseconds %lf \n", throughput);
fclose(log);
return 0;
```

}