# Homework 3

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## Question 1

Suppose that  $X \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \chi^2(\theta)$ , where  $\theta \in \mathbb{N}$  is unknown. We would like to test  $H_0: \theta \leq 8$  against  $H_A: \theta > 8$ , using a UMP test  $\delta^*$  with a specified significance  $\alpha_* \in (0,1)$ . The joint density of X is given by

$$f(\mathbf{x} \mid \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{x_i^{\theta/2 - 1} e^{-x/2}}{2^{\theta/2} \Gamma(\theta/2)} = 2^{-n\theta/2} \cdot \Gamma^{-n}(\theta/2) \cdot \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} x_i\right)^{n(\theta/2 - 1)} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i\right)$$

To determine  $\delta^*$ , we will look at the likelihood ratio. If we have two values  $\theta_1, \theta_2$  such that  $\theta_1 < \theta_2$ , then then likelihood ratio is

$$\begin{split} \frac{f(\mathbf{x} \mid \theta_2)}{f(\mathbf{x} \mid \theta_1)} &= \frac{2^{-n\theta_1/2} \cdot \Gamma^{-n}(\theta_2/2) \cdot \left(\prod_i x_i\right)^{n(\theta_2/2-1)} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_i x_i\right)}{2^{-n\theta_1/2} \cdot \Gamma^{-n}(\theta_1/2) \cdot \left(\prod_i x_i\right)^{n(\theta_1/2-1)} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_i x_i\right)} \\ &= 2^{n(\theta_1 - \theta_2)/2} \left(\frac{\Gamma(\theta_1/2)}{\Gamma(\theta_2/2)}\right)^n \left(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i\right)^{n(\theta_2 - \theta_1)/2}, \end{split}$$

which is a monotone increasing function of the test statistic  $\prod_{i=1}^n x_i$ . Therefore, the UMP test is  $\delta^*$ : reject  $H_0$  if  $\prod_{i=1}^n X_i \ge c_*$ , where  $c_*$  is chosen such that the test has a significance level  $\alpha_*$ . Taking the log of both sides gives us  $\sum_{i=1}^8 \log X_i \ge \log c_* := k$ .

#### Question 2

### Question 8

By definition, the least-squares estimate for the intercept is  $\hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$ . Rearranging gives us  $\bar{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$ , and so the least-squares line  $y = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x$  will always pass through the point  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ .

## Question 9

(a) The least-squares coefficients for the model are given by  $\hat{\beta}_0 = 40.9$  and  $\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.548$ .