## **DELIGHT CONCEPT**

COURSE CODE:	CIT292
COURSE TITLE:	COMPUTER LABORATORY I
The pris	nciple states that if a boolean expression is 'True', then, its dual is 'True'
system	
duality	
binary	
data	
1	When counting in octal, the number after 7 is
0 to 7	
8	
9	
10	
	Since octal is base-8, hexadecimal is base

14

16	
18	
12	
When spe	ecifying a function, we usually start with product term that contain all
functions	
variables	
minterm	
1-minterm	
	We use the notation 0-minterm to mean
1-minterm	
0-minterm	
minterm	
zero-minterm	
	The label "inverted dual" means applying the principle
inverse	
formats	

duality
function
We use the notation 1-minterm to denote
term
one-minterm
0-minterm
All minterm
A boolean variable is a quatity that may, at different times, be equal to either
1 and 1
0 or 1
1 or 1
0 and 1
Boolean is a tool for the analysis and design of ditigal system
arithmetic
geometry
algebra
surds

Truth tables for the three basic logical operators are, OR and NOT
ANB
AND
ANM
ANW
We write inputs values in the normal binary order
serial
system
counting
ascending
When dealing with dealing with binary values, each input can be either
a 1 and a 0
a 1 or a 1
0 or a 0
a 0 or a 1

The NOT operator is also know as the .....

octal	
truth	
inverter	
boolean	
	The NOT gate, OR gate and AND gate are three main types of
computer	
digital gate	
logic gates	
All gates	
The	principle states that if a boolean expression is 'True', then, its dual is 'True'
system	
duality	
duolity	
truth	
	When counting in octal, the number after 7 is
0 to 7	
8	

9	
10	
	Since octal is base-8 and hexadecimal is base
14	
16	
18	
12	
	The use of is quite familiar to us
binary	
digit	
decima	I
a bit	
	To build devices that can process these values accurately is next to impossible
world	
analog	
digital	
system	

## ----- circuits deal with binary values

binary	
truth table	
Boolean	
inputs	
	A combinational circuit can be described precisely by
operations	
truth table	
function	
symbols	
	circuits whose outputs are dependent on not only the current input
gate	
combinational	
boolean	
sequential	

----- circuit are dependent only on the current inputs

electric	
combination	nal
system	
gate	
	We use special logic to denote the gates
signs	
arrows	
symbols	
directions	
	In drawing digital circuit diagrams are also called
symbols	
inverter	
schematics	
gate	
	The name comes from the fact that these devices operate like a door
or gate	
gate	

window
system
is a circuit that operates such that its output is high only when all input are high
is a circuit that operates such that its output is high only when an input are high
or gate
AND gate
NOT gate
all gate
There are basically the AND gate, OR gate and NOT gate also known as
logic gates
inverter
all gates
system gates
are the actual phyiscal implementations of logical operators
truth table
logic gates

gates
binary gates
theorems are extremely useful in simplifying expression
and the contents are contented assign to simply young corpression
Boolean
barth
DeMorgan
Nneji
Two of the most important theorems of boolean algebra were contributed by
Morgan
Onashoga
JP Morgan
DeMorgan
Boolean algebra is a tool for the analysis and design of system
binary
digit
digital
computer

The NAN	D gate is formed from the combination of the AND gate and	connected in
	series	
OR		
NOR		
XOR		
NOT		
The n	nost important memory element is the flip-flop, which is made up of an	assembly
	of	
NOR gate		
OR gate		
logic gates		
AND gate		
The outp	out of the MOD-6 counter in the MINUTES section has a frequency of_	
1 pulse per r	min	
1 pulse per l	hour	
1 pulse per s	sec	
2 pulse per s	sec	

Ij	we connect two switches in parallel, this gives rise to the logical	_ operator
NOR		
NOT		
AND		
OR		
	When the hours counter reaches 12, it will be reset to zero by the	gate
AND		
NAND		
NOR		
OR		
	A Bistable element is the simplestcircuit	
Processing		
Control		
Storage		
Inverting		
	The binary number 1000001010 equals in decir	nal

520		
500		
501		
	The K-map is aarray of squares.	
1-dimensional		
2-dimensional		
3-dimensional		
4-dimensional		
The K-map method red	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
The K-map method red	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes  Trackball	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes  Trackball  cube	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes  Trackball  cube	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes  Trackball  cube  standard	luces a Boolean function from its canonical form to its_	form
subcubes  Trackball  cube  standard		form

0 to 3
The exclusive-OR gate is another logic gate which can be constructed using
AND
OR
NOT
all of the above
The BCD does not use the numbers 1010, 1011, 1100, 1101, 1110 and 1111
True
False
not sure
not sure none of the options

5725

5624
------

5734

Complex Boolean equations can be simplified by a new kind of algebra, which is popularly
called
linear algebra
complex algeba
switching algebra
none above
Which of these electronic components are connected together to form logic gates.
Capacitors
Transistors
Resistors
Thyristor
if $x=0$ , $y=1$ , $z=0$ . the Logic gate 3-OR (X+Y+Z) in the truth table will be ?

10

not sure

1
Transistors, acting as tiny electronic binary switches are connected together to form logic gates
True
False
not sure
all of the above
The decimal value for the binary number 1011011 is
91
191
82
67
In Logic, the circuit that operates such that its output is high only when all its inputs are high is
called?
the OR gate
the NAND gate
the NOR gate

## What will be the output of a 2-input (x & y) NAND gate, if x = 0, y = 1High Toggle Low Forbidden what will be the output of a 3-input AND gate(X,Y,Z), if X = 0, Y = 1, Z = 1? 10 0 1 101 The decimal value for the binary number 1011011 is 91 97 192 45

# Which of these theorem is useful in converting maxterm-to-miniterm and miniterm-to-maxterm Boolean expression

Karnaugh Map Theorem	
De Morgan's Theorem	
Boolean Theorem	
None of the option	
Covert 101 111 010 100 base 2 to base 8	
5723	
5744	
524	
5724	
Which of these is a circuit simulator used to accurately convert Boolean expression to Truth table	
or otherwise	
Digital Converter	
Electronic Workbench	
Mathlab	
Logical Converter	

101 111 010 101
101 111 010 100
101 101 010 100
101 111 010 110
Which logic gate complements the input?
AND
OR
NAND
NOT
Whenever the J-K flip-flop is wired for use only in the toggle mode, then the flip-flop is commonly
called
Clocked JK flip-flop
T flip-flop
Toggled JK flip-flop
D flip-flop
Which logic gate might be called the " any but not all gate?

NAND

XOR	
OR	
XNOR	
	Which logic gate might be called the " any or all gate"?
NAND	
XOR	
OR	
XNOR	
	Which logic gate might be called the " all or nothing gate"?
NAND	
XOR	
OR	
XNOR	
	Switches arranged in series will act like what type of logic gate?
OR	
AND	

NOT
NAND
Switches arranged in parallel will act like what type of logic gate?
OR
AND
NOT
NAND
Tiny electronic binary switches that are connected together to form logic gates are called?
Transformer
capacitors
Resistors
Transistors
A minterm is a product term that contains all the variables used in a function
False
not sure
True
none above

## The Binary Coded Decimal does not support four bit

True	
False	
All of the above	
None of the above	
	Covert this octal number 5724 to binary numbering system
111 101 001 110	
101 111 010 101	
101 101 010 100	
101 111 010 100	
	What range of number is the Octal numbering system?
0 to 8	
1 to 8	
0 to 7	
0 to 10	