## 3-fundamentals-of-a-program

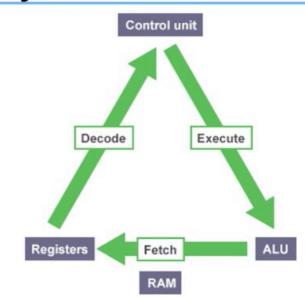
#### ############################

- When telling a pc what to do, you are literally sending commands to the pc's cpu.
- This is done in the form of ALGORITHMS or STATEMENTS

### **TERMINOLOGY**

- CPU
  - Does most of the computing work
  - This is where instructions are executed.
- RAM
  - Stores data of a program while it is running
- Fetch Execution or lifecycle of the CPU

# Fetch / Execute Cycle



### ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE V HIGH LEVEL LANGUAGE

- C is a high level language.

#### **COMPILER**

A program that translates the high-level language source code into the

- detailed set of machine language instructions the computer requires.
- The compile does all the tedious assembly language interpreting for you.

# Writing a program

•the act of writing a C program can be broken down into multiple steps

