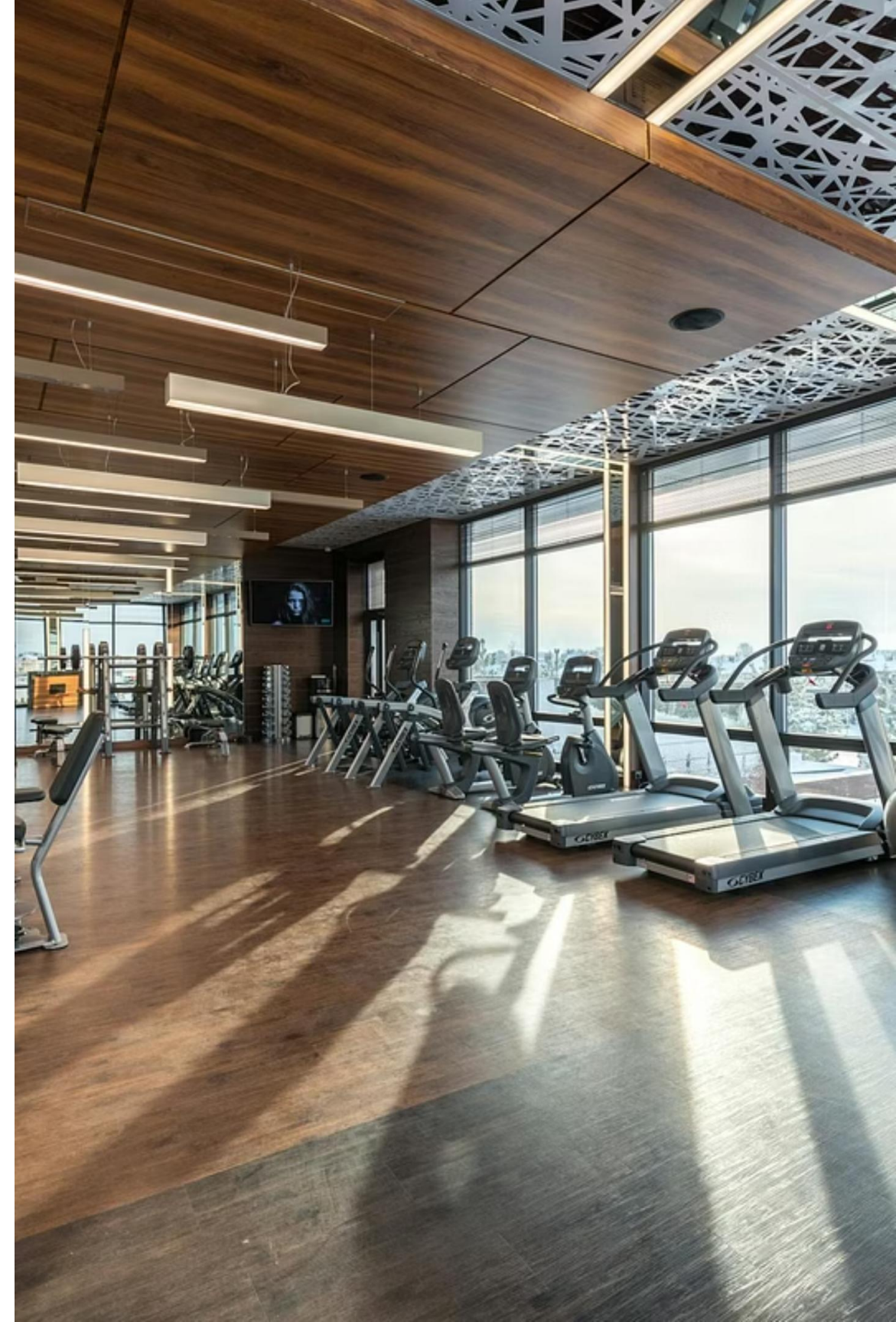


# Fitness Club Membership Management

Database Project: Implementation of a relational database using PostgreSQL.





# Project Overview: Fitness Club Database Development

## Objective

Developed a relational database for comprehensive management of fitness club operations.

## Scope of Functionality

Includes management of members, memberships, subscriptions, trainers, classes, attendance, payments, and locker assignments.

## Implementation

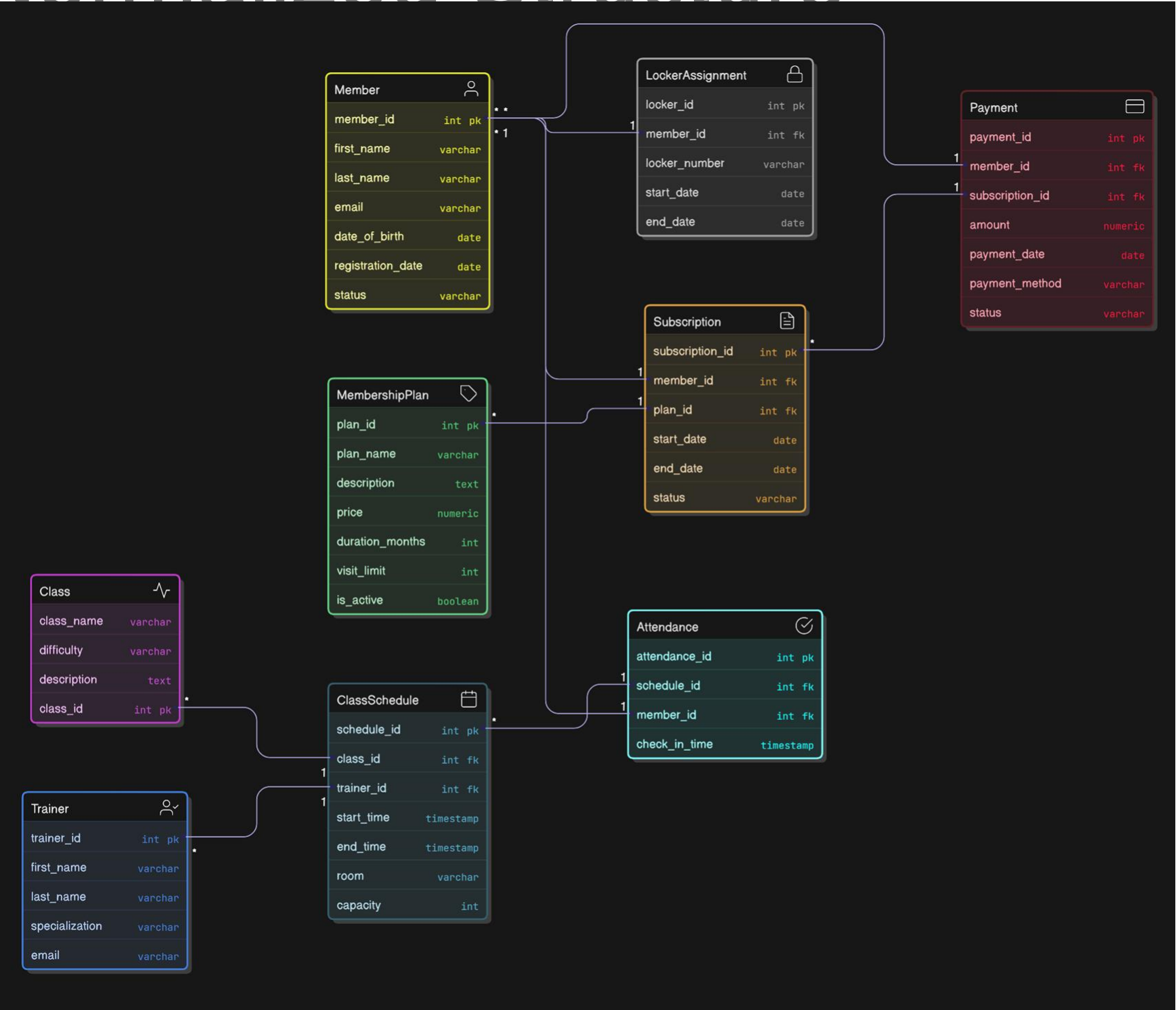
All business logic is implemented directly using SQL for integrity and performance.



# Database Schema: Normalized Structure

The system's foundation is a normalized relational schema, ensuring data integrity and minimizing redundancy.

Relationships between the 9 main tables are defined using primary and foreign keys.



# Data Integrity Rules

A comprehensive set of integrity rules has been implemented to ensure data reliability.

- **Primary Keys:** Guarantee the uniqueness of records across all tables.
- **Foreign Keys:** Maintain referential integrity between related tables.
- **Unique Constraints:** Applied to fields such as email and locker assignments per member.

## CHECK Constraints:

- **Positive payment amounts.**
- **Valid date and time ranges.**
- **Positive class capacity.**
- **No duplicate attendance for a member within the same schedule.**



# Test Data and Its Significance

Realistic test data has been inserted to verify functionality and test queries.

## Data Completeness

The data covers all entities and their relationships, ensuring comprehensive testing.

## Meaningful Testing

Allows for meaningful testing of queries and transactions in conditions close to real-world scenarios.

## Realism

The generated data simulates the behavior of a real fitness club for accurate performance evaluation.

# Basic SQL Queries: Retrieving Core Information

Queries have been developed to extract key information about club operations.

1

## List of Active Members

Retrieve a list of all members with active subscriptions.

2

## Member Subscriptions and Plans

Information on each member's current plans and subscription status.

3

## Class Schedule with Trainers

Full schedule of all classes, including information about the lead trainers.

4

## Member Attendance History

Detailed record of each member's class attendance.

5

## Payment History

Records of all payments made by each club member.

# Advanced SQL Queries for Analysis

Using complex SQL constructs for in-depth data analysis and report generation.

## Data Aggregation

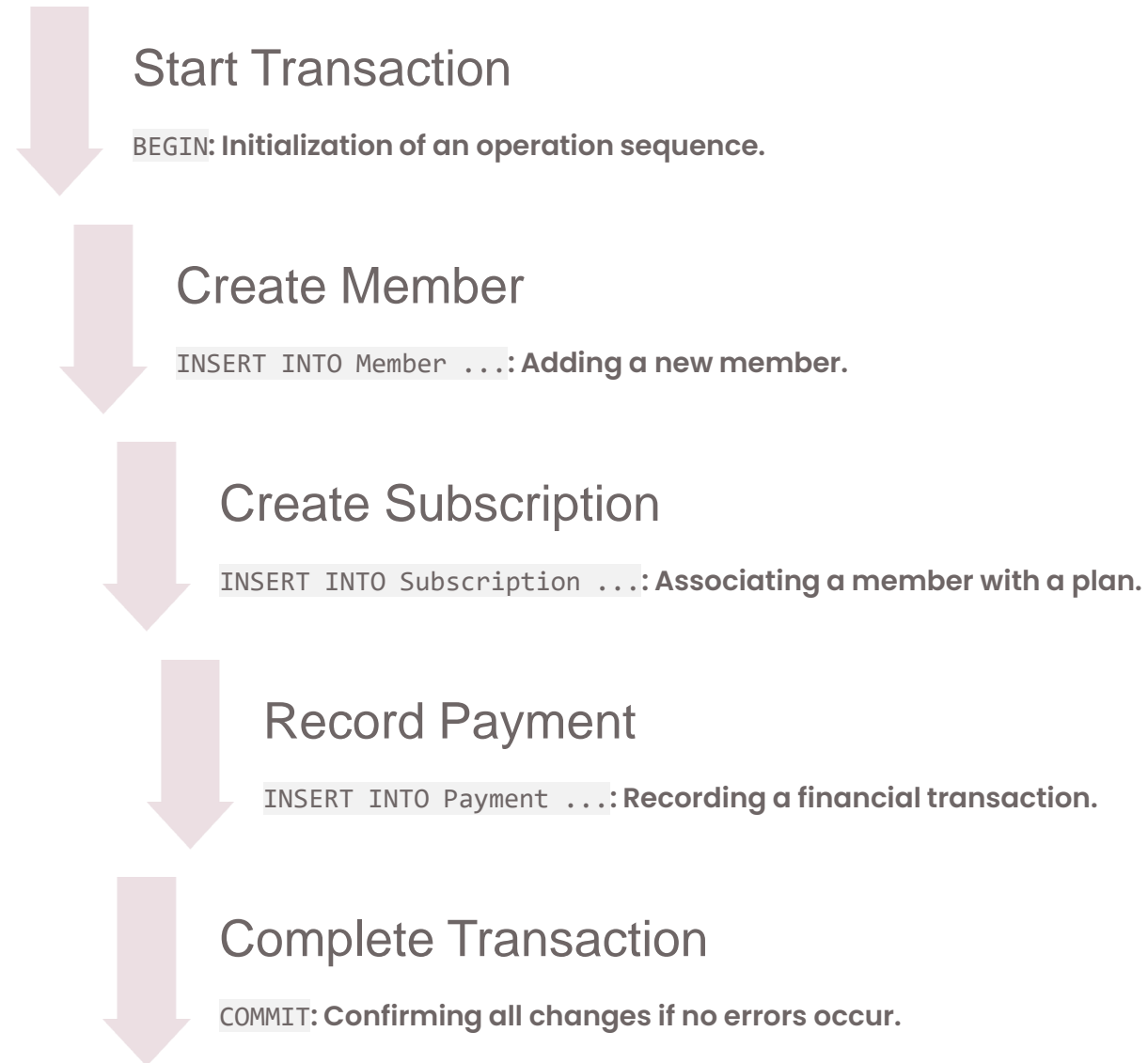
- Using `GROUP BY` and `HAVING` for statistical reports.
- Class occupancy and attendance statistics.
- Total payment amount for each member.

## Advanced Reporting

- Reports based on Common Table Expressions (CTE) for complex logic.
- Window functions for ranking the most active members.

# Transactions: Ensuring Operational Integrity

Transactions ensure that multi-step operations are performed atomically, maintaining data integrity.



The `ROLLBACK` example demonstrates error handling and maintaining data consistency upon failure.



# Indexing: Performance Optimization

Indexes were strategically added to speed up frequently used queries and reports.

## Member Fields

Member's email and last name for quick searches.

## Subscriptions

Member and subscription status for tracking active memberships.

## Schedule

Class start time for effective planning.

## Foreign Keys

Keys for attendance and payments to speed up table joins.

# Database Views

Views were created to simplify complex queries and provide personalized reports.

- **Active Members:** A list of members with active subscriptions.
- **Active Subscriptions:** Current and pending subscriptions.
- **Class Occupancy Summary:** Overview of class attendance.
- **Trainer Schedule:** Each trainer's availability.
- **Payment Summaries:** General information about financial inflows.
- **Members Without Visits:** For identifying inactive users.
- **Expired Subscriptions:** A list for renewal or deletion.

Question Time!

Thanks for attention!