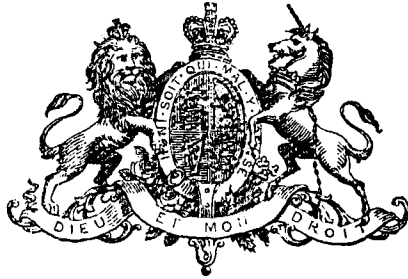


# THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

OF THE

EAST AFRICA



AND UGANDA

PROTECTORATES.

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Published under the authority of His Majesty's Commissioners.

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Vol. III.—No. 36.]

MOMBASA, MAY 1, 1901.

[PRICE 3 ANNAS.]

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## EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

### NOTICE.

The following Rules made by the Protectorate Court, with the approval of the Secretary of State and of the Court for Zanzibar, are published for general information.

Mombasa, 25th April, 1901.

(Signed) R. W. HAMILTON,  
Acting Judge of His Majesty's Court  
for the East Africa Protectorate.

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*Rules under Article 44 of "The East Africa Order in Council, 1897."*

No. 8 of 1901.

#### LEGAL PRACTITIONERS.

##### I.

The following persons shall be entitled to practise before the Protectorate Court of the East Africa Protectorate, or any of the Courts subordinate thereto, upon the terms and subject to the conditions hereinafter contained:—

1. Members of the Bar of England, Scotland, or Ireland ( hereinafter referred to as barristers.)
2. Solicitors of the Supreme Court in England or Ireland, writers to the Signet and solicitors in the Supreme Courts in Scotland ( hereinafter referred to as solicitors ).
3. Pleaders who have been admitted to practise before one of the High Courts in India.
4. Native vakeels as hereinafter provided.

##### II.

Any barrister, solicitor, or pleader upon producing to the Protectorate Judge satisfactory proof of his qualification and such testimonials as to character as the Judge shall deem satisfactory, and upon payment of the prescribed fee, and upon signing the roll of the Protectorate

Court shall be admitted to practise in the Protectorate Court and the Courts subordinate thereto. Such barrister, solicitor, or pleader will thereupon become and be styled a pleader of the Protectorate Court ( hereinafter referred to as a pleader ), and shall continue to be a pleader so long as he takes out the annual certificate to practise hereinafter referred to, and is not struck off the roll as hereinafter mentioned.

### III.

Barristers, solicitors, and pleaders of a High Court in India will take precedence in the order named and as between themselves according to the date of their signing the roll of the Protectorate Court, provided always that any pleader appointed to represent His Majesty or the Protectorate Government, under whatever designation, shall take precedence of all other pleaders.

### IV.

If, in the opinion of the Protectorate Judge, the number of pleaders is insufficient for the public requirements in any Court, he may, in his discretion, admit other persons of good character and sufficient capability to practise either in that Court, but such persons shall only be licensed to practise during the pleasure of the Protectorate Judge.

### V.

In any proceeding in the Protectorate Court or any of the Courts subordinate thereto native vakeels shall be entitled to represent natives upon similar conditions to those provided by the Native Courts Practitioners Rules for the time being in force.

### VI.

The Protectorate Judge may, after such inquiry as he thinks fit, suspend or dismiss any pleader for any of the following causes :—

1. If he takes instructions in any case except from the party on whose behalf he is retained, or some person who is the recognized agent of such party, within the meaning of the Indian Civil Procedure Code, or some servant, relation, or friend authorized by the party to give such instructions.
2. If he is guilty of fraudulent or improper conduct in the discharge of his professional duty, or misleads, or allows the Court to be misled, so that the Court makes an order which he knows to be wrong or improper.
3. If he tenders, gives, or consents to the retention out of any fee paid or payable to him for his services of any gratification for procuring or having procured the employment in any legal business of himself or any other pleader.
4. If he directly or indirectly procures, or attempts to procure, the employment of himself as such pleader, through or by the intervention of any person to whom any remuneration for obtaining such employment has been given by him, or agreed or promised to be so given.
5. If he accepts any employment in any legal business through a person who has been proclaimed as a tout, as hereinafter mentioned.
6. If he is otherwise guilty of unprofessional conduct.

### VII.

In the event of any pleader being suspended or dismissed under the last mentioned Rule, he shall be at liberty to appeal to the High Court at Zanzibar against the order of suspension or dismissal, but pending the hearing of his appeal he shall not be entitled to practise in the Protectorate. Provided always that nothing in this Rule shall be held to deprive any pleaders of the ultimate right of appeal to the Secretary of State provided for by Article 44 of " The East Africa Order in Council, 1897."

### VIII.

" Tout " means a person who procures the employment in any legal business of any legal practitioner in consideration of any remuneration moving from such practitioner, or proposes to a legal practitioner to procure his employment in any legal business in consideration of such remuneration.

### IX.

1. The Protectorate Judge and any subordinate Judge, or class of Judges, authorized by the Protectorate Judge may frame and publish lists of persons proved to his or their satisfaction by evidence of general repute or otherwise habitually to act as touts, and may from time to time alter and amend such lists.
2. No person's name shall be included in any such list until he shall have had an opportunity of showing cause against such inclusion.
3. A copy of every such list shall be kept hung up in every Court to which the same relates.
4. The Judge may by general or special order exclude from the precincts of his Court, or of any Court subordinate to himself, any person whose name is included in any such list.

5. Any person whose name is included in any such list shall be deemed to be proclaimed as a tout within the meaning of Rule VI (5).

## X.

No agreement entered into by any pleader with any person retaining or employing him respecting the amount and manner of payment for the whole or any part of any past or future services, fees, charges, or disbursements in respect of business done, or to be done, by such pleader shall be valid unless it is made in writing signed by such person, and is filed within such time and in such Court as may from time to time be prescribed by the Protectorate Court.

## XI.

When a suit is brought to enforce any such agreement, if the agreement is not proved to be fair and reasonable, the Court may reduce the amount payable thereunder or order it to be cancelled, and the costs, fees, charges, and disbursements in respect of the business done to be ascertained in the same manner as if no such agreement had been made

## XII.

Such an agreement shall exclude any further claim of the pleader beyond the terms of the agreement with respect to any services, fees, charges or disbursements in relation to the conduct and completion of the business in respect of which the agreement is made, except such services, fees, charges, or disbursements, if any, as are expressly accepted by the agreement.

## XIII.

A provision in any such agreement that the pleader shall not be liable for negligence or that he shall be relieved from any responsibility to which he would otherwise be subject as such pleader, shall be wholly void.

## XIV.

On the admission of a pleader he will be granted a certificate to practise up to the 31st December next following the date of his admission, and every pleader desirous of practising thereafter shall renew his certificate on the 1st January in every subsequent year, and shall pay the prescribed fee upon the renewal of his certificate.

No pleader shall be entitled to practise in any year until he shall have taken out a certificate to practise during that year, and any pleader who shall infringe this Regulation shall be liable to be struck off the roll, and to pay a penalty of 100 rupees for each separate occasion on which he may practise without having obtained such certificate.

## XV.

These Regulations may be cited as "The East Africa Legal Practitioner Rules, 1901."

(Signed) R. W. HAMILTON,  
Acting Judge of His Majesty's Court  
for the East Africa Protectorate.

Approved :

(Signed) G. BETTESWORTH PIGOTT  
Acting Judge of His Majesty's Court for Zanzibar.

Approved :

(Signed) LANSDOWNE,  
His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S COURT FOR EAST AFRICA.

## NOTICE.

The following Rule, made by His Majesty's Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary of State and concurrence of His Majesty's Treasury, is published for general information.

(Signed) C. ELIOT,  
Mombasa, April 25th, 1901. H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

*Rules under Article 48 (a) of "The East Africa Order-in-Council, 1897."*

No. 9 OF 1901.

*Court Fees.*

The fees specified in the Schedule annexed hereto shall henceforth be levied in addition

to the fees specified in the Table annexed to the Rule made by Sir A. Hardinge on the 18th March, 1899.

(Signed) C. ELIOT,

Mombasa, April 25th, 1901.

H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

Approved:

(Signed) LANSDOWNE,

H. M. Principal Secretary of State  
for Foreign Affairs.

#### SCHEDULE OF FEES.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. On certificate of admission to practise in the Protectorate Courts ...	200	0	0
2. On each annual renewal of such certificate ... ..	30	0	0

### CIRCULAR No. 7/6.

The attention of Officers responsible for the submission of requisitions for stores is invited to the forms of these requisitions, which have hitherto as a general rule been inadequately filled up.

In future all the particulars required on the forms must be inserted, *viz.* the description of the stores, the quantity, the purpose for which required and it is very important that the approximate total cost should be inserted.

(Signed) E. BRADBRIDGE,

Mombasa, 16th April, 1901.

Treasurer.

## UGANDA RAILWAY.

### TENDERS.

Tenders are invited for the supply of all or any of the following Rations for the Uganda Railway for a period of one year commencing from July 1st 1901, under the following conditions:—

(1.) The rations required, and the approximate quantities to be supplied monthly are as follows:—

Ghee.....	26	Tons.
Dhall .....	70	"
Chillies.....	3	"
Salt .....	12	"
Rice .....	75 to 100	"
Rice Superior .....	10	"
Atta .....	500	"
Gram .....	20	"
Lime Juice .....	10	Barrels.
Gunny Bags .....	60 lbs. 2,500	
Gunny Bags (flour) quantity small but uncertain.		

(2.) The quantities given are as nearly as can be estimated what will be required for one month, but as recruiting for the Railway has now been stopped the supply required will gradually decrease.

Notice of alterations of the quantities required any month will be given one month in advance.

(3.) The rations are to be supplied in quantities as required within seven days of the date of the order, and delivered in good condition at Kilindini Ration Sheds at the sole risk and expense of the Contractor.

(4.) The rations are to be of good and approved quality and payment is to be made upon the actual net weight or quantity received, the decision of the Chief Engineer or his agent in India upon any question that may arise to be binding and final.

(5.) The Contractor is to always keep a stock sufficient for one month's supply; and in the event of his not complying with this condition, or failing to supply the necessary quantities of rations required, or if the quality is unsatisfactory the Chief Engineer, is at liberty to procure the rations elsewhere and the Contractor shall bear any extra expense incurred by his so doing.

(6.) All orders for rations up to the limits given above will be made out on printed forms and signed by the Commissariat Officer.

A priced invoice must be sent with each delivery of stores; and the signature of a responsible employee of the Railway must be obtained before the delivery is considered as complete.

(7.) The Chief Engineer is at liberty to accept a tender for the whole or any part of the rations required, but the lowest or any tender need not necessarily be accepted.

(8.) The Contractor is required to enter into a bond of Rs. 10,000 for the due and proper completion of this Contract.

(9.) Tenders to reach the Chief Engineer at Nairobi not later than the 1st May 1901.

(Signed) G. WHITEHOUSE.

Manager and Chief Engineer's Office,  
Nairobi, 12th April 1901.

Manager and Chief Engineer,  
Uganda Railway.

### Approximate Statement of Public Traffic for the month of March 1901.

Coaching Traffic 448 miles open	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 28,882
Goods       ,,   475       ,,	...	...	...	...	...	„ 93,817

Total Rs. 122,699

#### Corresponding month of previous year:—

Coaching Traffic 363 miles open	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 22,779
Goods       ,,   363       ,,	...	...	...	...	...	„ 19,210

Total Rs. 41,989

Total increase Rs. 80,710

Traffic Manager's Office,  
Nairobi, April 12th, 1901.

(Signed) A. E. CRUICKSHANK,  
Traffic Manager.

## EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

### CIRCULAR NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that, the owners of private Passenger Gharis, who use the Mombasa-Kilindini Tram line, will be requested to pay the Government monthly rent of Rs. 15 for thier Ghari, on and after the 1st May 1901, in advance.

Mombasa, April 23rd, 1901.

(Signed) J. W. TRITTON,  
Acting Sub-Commissioner.

### NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that on and after 1st May 1901 any person wishing to hire a Government Passenger or Goods Ghari on the Mombasa-Kilindini Tram line must pay in advance for the same at the ticket offices.

The ticket collectors have been strictly forbidden to accept a written promise to pay.

The public are invited to demand a printed receipt for money paid for Ghari hire.

Mombasa, April 23rd, 1901.

(Signed) J. W. TRITTON,  
Acting Sub-Commissioner.

## Reuter's Telegrams.

APRIL 15TH.—The correspondent of the "Times" at Shanghai reports that the Viceroy of Nanking has received a letter from the British Government recognising his patriotism and pertinacity in opposing the Manchurian convention and congratulating him on the success he achieved.

The importations of beet sugar into Liverpool, last week were 10,000 tons more than usual in anticipation of the budget.

On Colonel Plumer's arrival at Pietersburg 300 Boers under Commandant Burgers retired in the direction of Heanertsburg (about 35 miles to the eastwards) after destroying 2,500 rounds of ammunition. They also removed their Long Tom. The town and bridges have not been damaged.

Undesirable residents expelled from Pietersburg are arriving at Pretoria. They agree that the Boers are tired of the war and only compelled by their leaders to keep the field. The gaols have been filled for months with deserters. The advance on Pietersburg was a complete surprise to the Boers and interrupted preparations for another invasion of Cape Colony. The Boers fled into the bush completely routed.

It was reported in Bloemfontein on the 13th that De Wet is believed to be still in the Transvaal and Steyn with a few followers at Tabaksberg. His health is said to be shattered and it is rumoured that he has advised the Burgers who are still on commando to resign.

Letters have been received in Constantinople to the effect that the Macedonian Committee is determined to provoke an insurrection in Macedonia.

The Italian Squadron has left Toulon. The German Crown Prince is visiting Vienna where he has been cordially welcomed by the Emperor and people. A State Banquet gala performance at the Opera were held in his honour.

It is understood that America proposes to fix the indemnity on the basis of the number of troops actually employed in the relief of the Peking Legations.

APRIL 16TH.—The mad Mullah is in Somaliland collecting a horde of men to attack the British Garrison of Burao. He has already 8,000 men, but the garrison is well entrenched and supplied and is quite able to hold out. It is expected that a general advance will be commenced on the 9th May.

A case of plague has occurred at Kalgoorlie in West Australia.

Small parties of Boers are still about the Jagersfontein, Philippolis and Edenburg districts.

APRIL 17TH.—Lord Kitchener in a despatch from Pretoria reports that Sir Henry Rawlinson rushed the South laager to the Northwest of Klerksdorp. The Boers lost 16 killed and wounded and 23 taken prisoners, also one twelve pounder, one pompom and two waggons of ammunition. We had three casualties.

APRIL 18TH.—An expedition consisting of 5,000 Germans and 3,000 French is about to leave Paotingfu to attack General Lin-Kwan-Ting, who with 10,000 Chinese troops is defiantly ignoring the boundaries prescribed by Count von Waldersee for the Paotingfu district.

France besides preferring her own claims is desirous of supporting the claims to compensation made by the Roman Catholic institutions and Missionaries.

The "Daily news" and the Chronicle, both announce that Sir A. Milner is going to England on two months' leave, owing to ill health.

Colonel Plumer has occupied Chuniespoort, the most difficult pass in the country. The Northern advance has disturbed the Boers preparation for a fresh invasion of Cape Colony.

APRIL 19TH.—A Blue book has been issued on the subject of a despatch from Sir A. Milner dated 6th February and summarising the situation in South Africa. It states that it is useless to deny that the last half year has been one of retrogression both materially and morally.

Fortunately the country has great recuperative powers and it will not take many years to repair the economic ravages of the war. The loyalists are sick to death of the war, which has been the means of ruining many, but, they are prepared to fight on indefinitely in order to make South Africa indisputably and for ever one country under the British flag.

The Imperial Palace, Count von Waldersee's headquarters, has been burned, it is thought by incendiaries. General Schwartzhoff is missing and is believed to have perished in the fire. Count von Waldersee was with difficulty rescued through a window.

The Budget shews that last year's deficit amounted to £53,000,000. Without the war there would have been a surplus of £15,000,000.

The estimated expenditure for 1901 is £187,602,000 of which £60,000,000 is on account of the war and will show a deficit of £55,000,000.

Two pence is added to the income tax and duty of 4s 2d is imposed on refined sugar polarizing at 98 including West Indian sugar. The duty will diminish for raw sugar polarizing below 98 by a complex graduated scale to a minimum of 2s for sugar polarizing at 76. The scale is tentative and revisable under experience. A duty of 2s on Molasses and 1s 8d on glucose is also to be imposed.

There is an export duty of 1s per ton on coal. Altogether the new taxes should yield £11,000,000 and it is proposed to suspend the sinking fund and borrow £60,000,000 Consols.

APRIL 20TH.—Count von Waldersee is suffering considerably from the shock caused by the fire.

In the debate on the Budget criticism was chiefly directed at the duty on coal which was considered to be a reversion to protection. Some members regretted that there was no differential treatment in favour of colonial sugar. The resolution imposing the duty on sugar was adopted by 183 to 123 and that on coal by 171 to 137 votes.

Lord Kitchener reports from Pretoria that a party of 9th Lancers fell into an ambush Lieutenant MacDonald and 3 men being killed and 5 wounded.

In consequence of urgent representations made by the French an edict has been issued ordering Lin-Kwan-Ting to withdraw from his positions. It is understood that the French thereupon gladly abandoned the expedition.

APRIL 22ND.—The resolution to issue the loan was adopted by 186 to 117 votes. The "Daily Telegraph" announces that saccharin will be taxed to the extent of 15 pence per ounce.

Operations have been commenced in the Bethel and Ermelo districts with a view to preventing the Boers from breaking North to the bush veldt.

The Boers captured a train carrying cattle forage to Malteno on Saturday.

The ambushade into which the 9th Lancers fell as reported on Saturday was near Krugersdorp.

The issue price of the new Consols will probably be 94½.

Mons. Delcassé started for St. Petersburg yesterday.

Applications have been invited for £30,000,000 Consols at 94½ and 2½ per cent, ranking with existing Consols and not redeemable before the year 1923. The balance of the total £60,000,000 required has already been placed. The interest on the new Consols after April 1903 will be 2½ per cent only.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall have reached Singapore where they met with an enthusiastic reception. Several Malay Rajahs were present. The only foreign Warship was *Durch*, and she had been sent specially and was decorated like the British ships.

Colonel Schwartzhoff's funeral took place at Peking yesterday. It was a most imposing spectacle, troops of all nationalities being present.

It is stated in Paris that France has arranged to withdraw 10,000 men leaving 6,000 in China.

Two and a half companies of the 4th Punjab regiment had a severe engagement with 1,000 bandits near Sving-fu. Major Browning and one Sepoy were killed; reinforcements have been sent.

Reuter's Agent at Yokohama has received advice from Seoul to the effect that Korea is borrowing 5 million yen in France, to construct a Northern railway.

APRIL 23RD.—Payments on account of the loan are due in nine instalments, the last to be paid by 5th December.

The remainders of the deserters from the West African Regiment have been captured at Bayin by the Central African Regiment and a naval force. A dozen were shot and 128 surrendered.

The loan of £30,000,000 has already been amply covered.

The Boksburg Commando of 106 men with their waggons and rifles has surrendered near Middelburg.

Lord Kitchener telegraphs that different columns have captured 242 more prisoners 248 rifles, and some ammunition, waggons and carts.

APRIL 24TH.—The loan has been covered 5 times.

Of the £30,000,000 allotted privately a syndicate of Rothschild, Beit and others took £20,000,000 and an American Syndicate £10,000,000.

Lord Kitchener has warned residents in those districts of the Cape, to which Martial law has been applied that any person giving assistance to the enemy will be punished, after trial by Court Martial, with the severest penalties.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall left Singapore yesterday.

The House of Commons has passed the Income Tax Resolution.

The Ogaden expedition reached its objective on the 7th unopposed. One Chief surrendered and another has been killed and British authority is restored.

Mrs. Botha has returned to Pretoria after a fresh conference with her husband.

APRIL 25TH.—The Expedition mentioned on the 17th instant reached the boundary of Shansi unopposed Lin-Kwan-Ting having withdrawn.

The House of Commons has passed a resolution to appoint a select Committee to enquire into the system of subsidies as granted to Foreign steamship companies and its effect on British Trade.

Mr. Gerald Balfour announced that the Foreign Office are considering the question of subsidizing a direct mail service to Zanzibar.

The "Deceased wife's sister" Bill has been read a second time in the House of Commons by 279 to 122 votes.

Speaking in the Reichstag Count von Buelow strongly supported the demands for an Imperial guarantee for the Railway from Dar-es-Salaam to Mrogoro. He said that the salvation of German East Africa depended on its construction as without it all trade would go by British Uganda and Nyassaland routes.

APRIL 26TH.—The Dar-es-Salaam Railway bill has been referred to a Committee. Herr Richter adduced figures to show that it is impossible to make the line pay.

800 International troops under Colonel Radford left Shanhai-Kwan to punish the band of brigands that killed Major Browning. They met the enemy in force and killed 50. Six British, 2 Japanese and 1 Frenchman were killed. The enemy fled to the mountains closely pursued. Major Browning's body was recovered.

APRIL 27TH.—The Government a fortnight ago submitted to France definite proposals for the settlement of the whole Newfoundland fishery question and a reply is now awaited.

Sir Michael Hick Beach replying to a deputation of Colliery owners said he is unable to withdraw the coal tax but wished to deal fairly with existing contracts and suggested that coal owners should appoint a committee to confer with him.

Mr. Redmond asked in the House of Commons whether Government would name a date for the evacuation of Egypt.

Lord Cranborne replied in the negative.

Lord Kitchener reports further captures of 113 prisoners, 1 twelve pounder Krupp gun with 1,500 rounds of ammunition. The 47 gun captured at Helvetia has been found destroyed; also a disabled maxim.

Sauer, a brother of the ex-minister has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment for treason.

100 persons have been killed and injured by an explosion in an explosives' factory at Griesheim near Frankfurt yesterday.

A resolution reimposing the duty on tea was adopted by 221 to 130 votes.

Lin-Kwan-Ting's troops are returning and occupying fresh points. The French General Bulloud is ready to act but has been ordered to refrain pending the result of renewed remonstrances to Li-Hung-Chang.

A new Edict appoints a Board of National Administration comprising 4 Ministers, and Li-Hung-Chang and Ching to relieve the Empress of her public functions. The object is not understood.

APRIL 29TH.—The objects of the Board of National administration in China, mentioned in Saturday's telegram were incorrectly described through an error in translation. It is identical with the reforms' Board mentioned on the 24th.

The Arabs at Milianah in Algeria have revolted and looted the village of Marguerite, killing, wounding or capturing most of the inhabitants. The French Administrator was captured. Troops have been despatched to the scene.

Information has been received that the British Expedition against the Ogaden Somalis is so incapacitated by sickness among the Officers, and the scarcity of water that it has been obliged to return to the coast to await a better opportunity of punishing the murderers of Jenner. The object of the operations cabled on the 24th instant was to seize the ford across the Juba river and prevent the Ogadens from watering their herds.

Marauders are becoming bolder on the lines of communication between Tientsin and Peking and have attacked some transport junks. Count von Walderssee has sent a mixed column to disperse them.

The Germans from Paotingfu, had considerable fighting on the 23rd near the great wall, driving the Chinese back into Shansi with heavy loss. The Germans lost 4 men. They captured 4 flags and 4 guns. The French in obedience to instructions avoided hostilities.

The trouble in Algeria is due to a local Marabout preaching extermination of the foreigners and the recovery of stolen lands. It will be speedily suppressed and is unlikely to spread.

A St. Petersburg Journal warmly eulogizes Mons. Delcassé, whose sagacity and broad mindedness contribute largely to the furtherance of aims for alliance and to the preservation of General peace.

APRIL 30TH.—Later official despatches state that the Germans advanced in four columns all of which were engaged on the 23rd and 24th instant. Three were heavily engaged, Major Muehlenfel's column meeting with a stubborn resistance for 11 hours. Muehlenfel, 2 officers and 16 men were wounded, and 2 killed.

A body of 25 Colonial troops were surprised by 400 Boers 15 miles from Kroonstad. They resisted for 8 hours, when 14 being killed and others wounded and their ammunition exhausted, the remainder surrendered. The Boers derailed an ambulance train on the 25th April to the South of Pretoria. They also blew up a train conveying horses near Springfontein.

It is officially reported that Kitchener's scouts surprised Vourensberg's laager to the North of Pietersburg. They killed 7 Boers and captured 41 with 38,500 rounds of ammunition, all their waggons and animals. Other columns report 10 killed and 60 captured, also a quick firer, and 77 surrendered.

### ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

April 13th, Mr. Bagge for Uganda.

April 19th, Mr. C. H. Booth M. Dept. from England via Zanzibar.

April 22nd, Mr. C. W. Hobley Sub-Commissioner from Uganda.

April 23rd, Mr. G. E. Powter left for England on 6 months leave of absence.

April 24th, Mr. C. H. Hobley for England via Zanzibar.

Messrs. H. W. Thorpe and C. S. Hemsted left for Nairobi.

April 27th, Mr. H. H. Henderson, A. D. O. returned from leave.

Major E. G. Harrison, D.S.O. East Africa Rifles returned from leave.

### NOTES.

Messrs. H. W. Thorpe and C. S. Hemsted left Mombasa to open a Branch Office of the Treasury at Nairobi. Mr. Thorpe will return to Mombasa after completing arrangements for the opening of the Branch. Mr. C. S. Hemsted will be the Treasury Officer in charge of the Branch until further notice.

### NOTICE.

Pursuant to the order of H. M. Court dated the 25th and 26th April 1901 (1) one house at Mjiakali No. 251 property of Sidik Essa with any incumbrances affecting the same and bounded on the North by the house of Shani bin Hansi on the South by Mguja wa Bara-fundi's, on the East by Haji Elias Jusab's and on the West by Mactule's (2) one house at Kibokoni belonging to Messrs. Essa Thawar and Co. with any incumbrances thereon and subject to claim of Jaffer Dewji Jamal on behalf of himself and others to remove the verandah and close the windows and doors of the said house, and bounded on the North by the garden "Bostan" of Dewji Jamal on the East by house of Mwana Muhindi wife of Moye Shimba, on the South by Public Road and on the West by the house of a Jakaria, will be sold by Public Auction, the date of which will be fixed hereafter; for further particulars apply to the undersigned.

(Signed) SORABJEE M.

Mombasa, 29th April 1901.

Government Auctioneer and Broker.

### Rates of Advertisements.

	2 pages.	1 page.	$\frac{1}{2}$ page.	$\frac{1}{3}$ page.	$\frac{1}{4}$ page.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
One year ... ..	360	200	110	76	58
Half year ... ..	200	110	58	45	32
Quarter year ... ..	110	58	32	24	17
Month ... ..	23	20	11	9	7
Insertion ... ..	21	14	8	6	4

Special terms for smaller advertisements can be arranged.



## IN THE COURT OF THE EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE AT MOMBASA.

## BANKRUPTCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 1 OF 1899.

*Re* CARAHALIO GEORGE, A GREEK OF MOMBASA.

Take notice that a final dividend in the above estate will be paid, on application to the undersigned, at his office, on the 1st day of May, 1901.

(Signed) SKINNER TURNER,

Mombasa, 20th April, 1901.

Registrar.

## BANKRUPTCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 2 OF 1900.

*Re* COUTINHO AND Co.

Take notice that a final dividend in the above estate will be paid on application to the undersigned, at his office, on the 1st day of May 1900.

(Signed) SKINNER TURNER,

Mombasa, 25th April 1901.

Registrar.

## CRICKET.

A match was played on the Sport's Club Ground on Saturday April 20th between an England XI and the Rest of the World which resulted after a very close game in a win for the England XI by one wicket.

Score :

## REST OF THE WORLD XI.

A. G. Turnbull, c Cooper, b Whitehead	...	2
W. A. M. Sim, c Bowring, b Boustead	...	2
Virji, b Boustead	...	2
A. Daly, retired...	...	26
R. H. Long, b Armitstead	...	24
R. W. Hamilton (capt.), c Boustead, b Nosworthy	...	16
P. Graham, b Armitstead...	...	1
U. Dinshaw, absent	...	0
G. Grierson, run out	...	4
E. H. Denne, run out	...	0
R. N. Patel, not out	...	0
Extras.....	...	14

Total..... 91

## AN ENGLAND XI.

R. Whitehead, b Long	...	...	...	6
A. C. Nosworthy, b Long	...	...	...	1
R. N. Boustead, b Long	...	...	...	7
E. L. Pearson, retired	...	...	...	25
P. N. Cooper (capt.), retired	...	...	...	25
C. A. Armitstead, run out	...	...	...	1
R. Drake, run out...	...	...	...	0
W. A. Bowring, b Patel	...	...	...	12
H. W. Thorpe, not out	...	...	...	0
C. S. Hemsted	...	...	...	0
F. Legg	...	...	...	2
Extras.....	...	...	...	15

Total (for 9 wickets)..... 94

A match was played on the Sport's Club ground on Saturday April 27th between the Anglo Indians and the Anglo Africans of Mombasa which resulted after a very good game in a win for the former by 16 runs, Lunch was kindly provided on the ground by Mr. Daly and tea by Mr. Tonks, both of which were much appreciated.

Score :—

## ANGLO-AFRICANS.

P. W. Cooper, st Daly, b Hatch	...	4
H. H. Bull, b Long	...	10
E. L. Pearson, c Turnbull, b Hatch	...	2
N. A. M. Sim, b Long	...	5
R. M. Hemsted, b Long	...	0
R. W. Hamilton, not out	...	2
W. A. Bowring, c Long b Hatch	...	4
R. N. Boustead, b Long...	...	4
J. W. Tritton, b Long	...	4
C. A. Armitstead, st Daly, b Rawson...	...	0
H. P. Espie, c Dinshaw b Long	...	1
Extras.....	...	16
Total.....	52	(6 wickets)

## ANGLO-INDIANS.

A. G. Turnbull, run out...	...	...	8
S. U. Dinshaw, b Hemsted	...	...	5
A. Daly, c Boustead, b Sim	...	...	3
F. Rawson, c and b Sim	...	...	38
R. H. Long, b Hemsted...	...	...	3
R. N. Patel, c Boustead, b Hemsted	...	...	0
Considine, b Sim...	...	...	0
N. Y. Wyndham, c Cooper, b Sim	...	...	2
Virjee, b Cooper	...	...	5
N. Pereira, not out	...	...	1
Col. Hatch absent	...	...	0
Extras.....	...	...	3
Total .....	68		

# IN THE COURT OF THE EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE AT MOMBASA.

## PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 6 OF 1901.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE ESTATE OF THE LATE C. MARTIN, P. W. INSPECTOR VOI.

Pursuant to an order of the East Africa Protectorate Court at Mombasa granting Letters of administration in the estate of the late C. MARTIN deceased, who died at Kilindini on the 12th day of January 1901, all creditors and others having claims upon the estate of the above-named deceased are required to send in writing the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands, to the Administrator General, Court Mombasa on or before the 18th day of May, 1901.

Mombasa, 18th April 1901.

(Signed) R. W. HAMILTON,  
Administrator General, E. A. P. Court.

## ANTWERP EAST AFRICAN TRADING COMPANY, LD.

MAIN STREET MOMBASA.

### General Merchants in all English and Indian Manufactured Goods Wholesale and Retail.

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**LADIES** Blouses, Garibaldies, Tea Gowns, Corsets, Hose, Suspenders, Parasols, Umbrellas, Boots, Shoes and Slippers Belts.

SENT OUT TO RESIDENCES ON APPROVAL.

Joiners and Masons Tools, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Glass and China Ware, Lamps and Glasses. Provisions H. & P. and P. & F. Biscuits and Cakes, &c.

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**J. H. DRAKE,**  
Chief Agent.

## ALLIDINA VISRAM LALJI.

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AND

BAGAMOYO, DAR-ES-SALAAM, KILIMATINDE, TABORA, MUANZA, MUMIAS, MAKINDU, NAIROBI, NAIYASHA, SIMONI, NANDI, PORT UGOWE, PORT ALICE, KAMPALA, MISINDI, FORT BERKELY, BEDDEN, AFFUDU, WADILAI, LIVIOGI, AND ZANZIBAR &c., &c.

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" " " " " " 1900.

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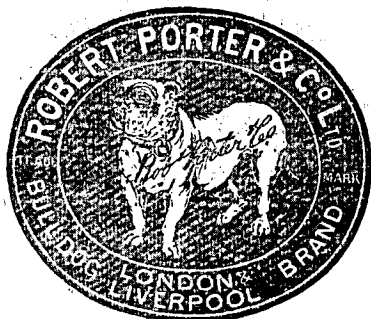
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CAMP EQUIPMENT.

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STOCK ON HAND.

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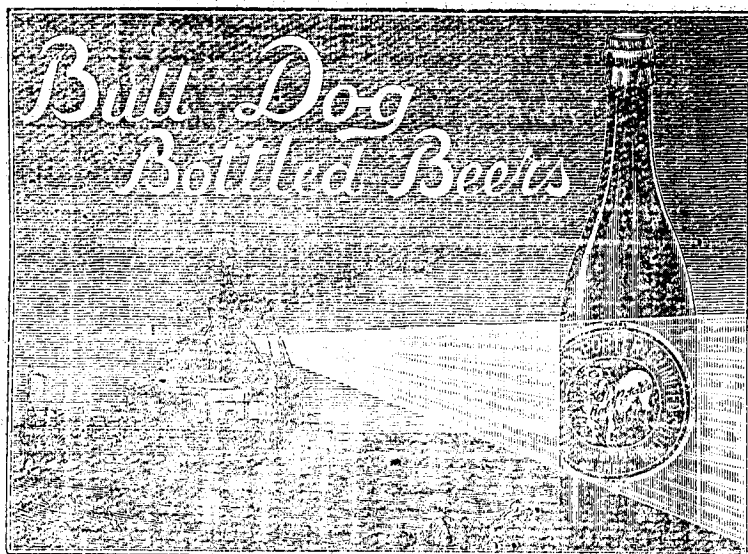


# BULL DOG BRAND.



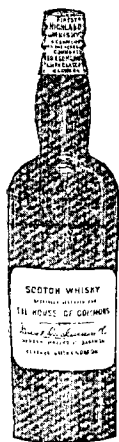
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JAMAICA 1891.  
CHICAGO 1893.



BASS' PALE ALE  
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BRUSHES OF ALL SORTS,  
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MESSRS. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE &amp; CO.

*Bombay, Aden, Mombasa, & Zanzibar Mail Line connecting  
with the Bombay & Zanzibar direct Line for Southern  
Ports to Delagoa-Bay.*

A Company's steamer will leave Zanzibar three days after the due date of the mail steamers arrival from Aden and touch at the following ports Ibo, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, calling at the same ports on her return voyage.

Particulars to be had at Agents Office.

The Bombay-Seychelles-Mombasa-Zanzibar line dates  
are subject to alterations.

## SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Under arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Co., passengers proceeding to London or any other port of call of that Coy's steamers, can be booked at through rates, to be obtained from the undersigned. Passengers can also be booked for Aden only by the B. I. S. N. Co's. steamers making their own arrangements as to on carrying steamer.

## MAILS HOMEWARDS.

ZANZIBAR.	MOMBASA.	ADEN.	MAILS DUE IN LONDON.
LEAVE.	* ARRIVE AND LEAVE.	ARRIVE.	
Thursday 5 P.M., 24 January 21 February 21 March 18 April Friday. 17 May 14 June 12 July 9 August 6 September Thursday 3 October 31 October 28 November  26 December	Friday  25 January 22 February 22 March 19 April Saturday 18 May 15 June 13 July 10 August 7 September Friday 4 October 1 November 29 November  27 December.	Tuesday Daylight 5 February 5 March 2 April 30 April Wednesday 29 May 26 June 24 July 21 August 18 September Tuesday 15 October 12 November 10 December 1902 7 January	Sunday  17 February 17 March 14 April 12 May Monday 10 June 8 July 5 August 2 September 30 September Sunday 27 October 24 November 22 December 1902 19 January

\* The departure from Mombasa may be delayed for two days at the Coy's option. In most instances however, steamers leave for Aden on the day of their arrival from Zanzibar.

## RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Per B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer to Aden.....Rs. 280, 1st CLASS, Rs. 187, 2nd CLASS

Do. do. do. and thence per

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A surtax of 10 % is meantime added to the above rates.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Any claim for damage to goods must be brought to the notice of the Agents not later than three days after the landing of the steamer's cargo has been completed. No claims will be admitted unless brought to the notice of Agent within the above mentioned period.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage money apply to the undersigned.

**SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.**  
AGENTS.

**B.I.S.N. CO., P. & O.S.N. CO.,**