

THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

OF THE

EAST AFRICA



& UGANDA

PROTECTORATES.

Published under the authority of H. M. Commissioners.

Vol. III.—No. 30.] MOMBASA, FEBRUARY 1, 1901. [PRICE 3 ANNAS.

OBITUARY.

It was with the profoundest regret that intelligence was received on Wednesday the 23rd ultimo of the death of our Beloved Sovereign, Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen *VICTORIA*, Empress of India.

The first intimation of such a calamity was conveyed by telegram on the 19th January to the effect that the great strain of the past year having told rather on the Queen's nervous system, the Physicians had prescribed perfect quiet in the house, and abstention for the present from public affairs.

The daily bulletins were followed by Her Majesty's subjects in East Africa with the keenest sympathy, and the news of this overwhelming misfortune which has befallen the British nation, was received in Mombasa with the deepest expressions of grief and sorrow.

The Queen passed away peacefully at 6-30 on the night of the 22nd ultimo, surrounded by her children and grand children. Thus ends the reign of the most illustrious Sovereign that history records, and a life which was a bright example of loving tenderness, courageous devotion, and self sacrifice to duty.

The deep sense of loyalty and affectionate sympathy evinced by British subjects in every part of the Empire, was shared to the fullest extent by Her Majesty's subjects throughout the Protectorates, and at Mombasa took expression in the form of a telegram of condolence with the Royal Family in this most sad bereavement which has befallen them, as well as the Nation.

—:O:—

H. B. M. Commissioner and Consul-General announces that the Queen's funeral takes place on Saturday next the 2nd February at Windsor.

A memorial service will be held at Mombasa in the English Church at 4-45 p.m. on that date.

ACCESSION OF KING EDWARD VII.

The Accession to the Throne of His Majesty King Edward VII. of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperor of India, was officially announced on Saturday the 26th January.

All flags were hoisted at mid-day, and a Royal Salute was fired from the Fort in honour of the occasion.

Mr. Tritton, as His Majesty's Representative in Mombasa, held a Baraza in the Jubilee Hall at noon, and proclaimed to the inhabitants, the Accession, in the terms of H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General's telegraphic instructions.

ID-EL-FITR.

On Tuesday, 22nd January, all preparations were made for celebrating the Id-el-Fitr, the *Siku Kuu* of the Mahomedan year with the customary formalities. H. M. Acting Sub-Commissioner, accompanied by the Protectorate Officials, proceeded to the Jubilee Hall at 9-30 A.M., and met the Wali, Sheikhs, and principal Mahomedans of Mombasa in full Baraza.

While the Baraza was in progress, a message was received from Sir Charles Eliot to the effect that the Baraza should be countermanded, in deference to the wishes of H. H. the Sultan, owing to the critical condition of Her Majesty's health. The Baraza accordingly dispersed.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR'S BIRTHDAY.

On Saturday the 27th ultimo, H. I. M. the Emperor of Germany celebrated his 42nd birthday. H. M. Sub-Commissioner and several Protectorate officers and British Residents of Mombasa paid complimentary visits to the Imperial German Vice-Consul.

Flags were hoisted at 11-45 and remained mastheaded until 12-15, in honour of the occasion.

DEPARTURES AND ARRIVALS.

January 15th, Mr. C. C. Bowring for Nairobi and Railhead.

January 16th, Mr. E. Bradbridge and Mr. T. E. C. Remington from Zanzibar.

Mr. G. F. M. Ennis and Mr. H. G. H. Henderson for Zanzibar.

January 17th, Messrs. Hubbard and Ainsworth for Kismayu for special service with the Ogaden Punitive Force.

January 18th, Mr. R. Whitehead from Rabai.

Capt. A. T. Meldon Uganda Rifles and Dr. E. Winston Waters, for Uganda.

January 19th, Mr. R. Whitehead for Rabai.

January 25th, Mr. H. R. Tate for Kismayu.

Captain W. H. Cooper, Uganda Rifles, from Uganda.

Mr. A. B. Percival from Takaungu.

January 26th, Captain W. H. Cooper, Uganda Rifles, and Captain Blair, Lagos Hausas, by Dhow for Zanzibar.

Mr. R. B. P. Cator and Mr. H. G. H. Henderson from Zanzibar.

January 28th, Mr. F. A. Knowles, Uganda Protectorate, from Uganda.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr. H. B. Johnstone has been granted two months extension of leave without pay from January 27th to March 26th, 1901.

OBITUARY.

The death after a few days' illness of Mr. A. V. Hill, Head Jailer of the Mombasa Gaol, is announced with regret. The deceased was originally employed by the Uganda Railway in 1896, and in 1897 he obtained an appointment in the Mombasa Police Force; in 1898 he was transferred to the Customs Department and in 1899 he received the appointment which he held at his death. A valued public servant has passed away in Mr. Hill.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

GAME REGULATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

In virtue of the authority conferred upon me by Article 11 of the East Africa Game Regulations 1900, I hereby proclaim, with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State that the area comprised within a circle drawn at a radius of ten miles from the Government buildings at Fort Smith shall henceforth cease to be a Game Reserve.

(Sd.) C. ELIOT,

Zanzibar, 16th January, 1901.

H. B. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

PROCLAMATION.

At the request of the Sub-Commissioner of Ukambani and in the exercise of the powers conferred upon me in that behalf by the East Africa Orders-in-Council of 1897 and 1899, I hereby declare that the Judicial powers conferred upon Sub-Commissioners by Her Majesty's Commissioner on the 1st of February, 1900, are hereby withdrawn from the said Sub-Commissioner and I appoint Thomas Train Gilkison Esquire to exercise the powers of a First Class Magistrate throughout the said Province of Ukambani until further order, provided that the said Thomas Train Gilkison shall not pass any sentence on a European or American other than imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or both and provided that this appointment shall not be taken to interfere in any manner with the powers conferred upon the Railway Magistrate within the said Province.

And I further appoint the said Thomas Train Gilkison to be an Assistant Judge under the Bombay Civil Courts Act 1869.

(Sd.) C. ELIOT,

Zanzibar, 24th January, 1901.

H. B. M. Commissioner & Consul-General.

NAIROBI TOWNSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that under the Fees and Royalties Regulations in force in this Protectorate the undernoted Fees will be charged:—

SLAUGHTER HOUSE FEES.

	Per goat or sheep.	Cattle per head.
Butchers producing Municipal pass	4 annas	Rs. 1.
Butchers not producing a Municipal pass	8 annas	Rs. 2.

CATTLE POUND FEES.

Any animal put in the Government Cattle pound,

Each horse, donkey, mule, ox, cow	8 annas each per diem.
Goats and sheeps	2 annas each per diem.

N.B.—All cattle, goats and sheep for slaughter are to be driven to the Government Slaughter Yard where they will be examined and a certificate given.

NAIROBI MUNICIPAL BAZAAR.

Notice is hereby given that any persons found selling any articles whatsoever in the street, or in any place not authorized by the Committee for that purpose, will be prosecuted under the Police Act.

The digging of any holes in the ground near the Bazaar, unless with the permission of the Sub-Commissioner, is hereby prohibited, and any person found committing such an offence will be prosecuted and will be held liable for any damages to human life or property in consequence of any accident occurring through such holes or pits, and also for all expenses attendant upon their refilling.

Anybody depositing filth, or rubbish in or near the Bazaar except in any places set apart for that purpose will be prosecuted,

By Order

(Signed) JOHN AINSWORTH,

Nairobi, January 9th 1901.

H. M. Sub-Commissioner.

Reuter's Telegrams.

JANUARY 15TH.—The note has been signed by the Chinese representatives.

The rising in Gambia is spreading and the outlook is considered to be grave.

The "Daily News" states that Sir Henry Johnston has declared in favour of amalgamating the Uganda and East Africa Protectorates.

The Boers have withdrawn from the Sutherland district.

Column under De Lisle and Thornewcroft are advancing from the North.

The Boers attacked Zuurfontein on Monday morning and were again repulsed. There are no details to hand.

The British punitive expedition in Gambia surprised and captured the town of Dumbutu with slight loss killing and wounding 120 and capturing 200 prisoners.

China has not protested against any clauses in the note.

JANUARY 16TH.—Mr. Barton in bidding farewell to the troops at Sydney said that the Imperial and Indian contingents had deeply impressed the Australians with the Power of the Empire of which he hopes Australia would always remain a part.

The invaders have reached Clan Williams pursued by a strong column. No farther advance has been made by the Boers from Calvinia.

A British steamer has arrived at Shields from the River Plate, having had 4 deaths on board from plague.

It is officially announced that the Government is sending drafts of Yeomanry to South Africa and has authorized the enlistment of 5,000 Yeomen.

It is stated that several militia battalions will be reembodyed.

Lord Kitchener reports from Pretoria on 14th January that no important changes have occurred in the situation in the Cape Colony. Several small parties appear to be returning to the Orange Colony and the Cape Colony rebels accompanying the Commandoes are surrendering.

JANUARY 17TH.—The Government are inviting 500 Volunteers to replace the volunteer service companies.

It is officially announced that Captain H. Fitzherbert and 5 men were killed, 15 wounded, and 4 missing in a fight with the invaders in the Murraysburg district on the 11th instant (Murraysburg is about 80 miles E. N. E. of Beaufort West).

There is a great rush of applicants for the New Australian contingent being raised in Sydney.

De Wet has crossed the Vaal and joined the Transvaal Commandoes. The losses of the Boers while retreating from Kaalfontein on Saturday were heavy and are estimated at 60 killed and wounded.

In Pretoria the Government has prohibited civilians from wearing Khaki owing to frequent cases in which Boers have deceived sentries while so dressed.

Fighting is renewed on the Gambia but no details are to hand.

JANUARY 18TH.—It is stated that the Boers have reached Aberdeen 40 miles South of Graaffreinet.

A Commando looted Sutherland and cut the telegraph wire, and then retired Northwards.

The appeal to the volunteers mentioned yesterday is limited to Regiments already represented at the front.

Applications for enlistment in the South Africa constabulary are pouring in.

The Canadian Militia Department reports that many men who have returned from the war are reenlisting.

JANUARY 19TH.—Lord Kitchener reports that 3,000 Boers are concentrating at Carolina (about 20 miles South of the Railway from Pretoria to Delagoa Bay and half way between these two places).

Colville's mobile column repulsed the Boers with heavy loss at Yantondershoek

300 Boers looted a store in Aberdeen, but retreated on seeing 100 troops.

H. M. S. "Sybille" when landing blue Jackets to intercept the invaders, stranded in Lambert Bay. The crew were saved.

Mr. Barton in his proclamation on the policy of Australia states that Free Trade is impossible, but that the tariff will be protective not prohibitive. He would be glad of reciprocity with Britain where possible. Legislation to exclude Asiatics will be undertaken.

The raiders on the West are retiring on Calvinia where the main Commando remains. They are more active in the midlands, where they are advancing on Willowmore (only 60 miles from the Southern coast and about 130 N. N. W. of Port Elizabeth).

There are numerous reports to the effect that the Queen is ill. It is stated that two physicians have been summoned to Osborne.

It is unofficially stated that the symptoms are depression, loss of appetite and insomnia. It is feared that her illness may prevent the visit of the Duke of York to Australia.

It is officially announced that the great strain of the past year has told rather on the Queen's nervous system. The physicians have prescribed perfect quiet in the house and abstention for the present from public affairs.

JANUARY 21ST.—No news is to hand of the movements of the troops in the Cape.

Many colonials were brought as prisoners to Magersfontein, and in connection with this some grave charges will be preferred.

Lord Methuen defeated Delarey near Taungs on the 14th instant.

The Bulletin at noon on Saturday states that the Queen was suffering great physical prostration accompanied by symptoms that cause anxiety. The Prince of Wales who intended proceeding to South Africa on Saturday went instead to Osborne.

The Bulletin at 6 p.m. Saturday states that the Queen's strength was fairly maintained and that there were indications of a slight improvement in the symptoms. All the Royal family have gone to Osborne, and the German Emperor has started with the Duke of Connaught, who was at Berlin. The British Cruiser "Minerva" will meet them at Flushing to convey them to Osborne.

The Bulletin at 11 a.m. Sunday announces that the Queen passed rather a restless night, but there is no material change.

Bulletin 4-30 p.m. Strength fairly maintained throughout the day, but although there are no fresh developments, the symptoms continue to cause anxiety.

It was unofficially reported from Osborne at 8 p.m. last night, that the Queen was in extremis, and the end was a question of hours.

Bulletin late on Sunday evening. The Queen's condition had become more serious owing to increasing weakness and a diminished power of taking nourishment.

The family is assembled in the Bed-Chamber and the end is expected momentarily.

The Prince of Wales returned to London met the German Emperor and the Duke of Connaught and drove to Buckingham Palace.

They will proceed to Osborne at 10 o'clock this morning.

JANUARY 22ND.—The papers dwell on the significance of the visit of the German Emperor which is a sign that the most powerful sovereign on the continent is keenly conscious of his close ties with England.

His Majesty's disregard of the cares of Empire at the summons of filial piety will be appreciated by all countries.

Kritzinger's Commando attacked Willowmore but was repulsed. It then proceeded to Kuysna 30 miles from the sea.

The Prince of Wales and the German Emperor reached Osborne yesterday; the former looked very harassed and distressed.

A Bulletin issued at 11 a.m. yesterday announced that the Queen had rallied slightly having taken more food and had some refreshing sleep and her strength was not diminished. The symptoms which occasion the most anxiety point to a local obstruction in the brain circulation.

It is officially stated that the Queen is suffering from a stroke of paralysis affecting the side of the face and her speech.

The Bulletin at 5 p.m. yesterday states that the slight improvement of the morning is maintained.

A Bulletin at midnight reports no material change, the slight improvement of the morning being maintained throughout the day, food being taken fairly well and a tranquil sleep secured.

The De Wet who recently joined Botha in the Transvaal is merely a namesake of General De Wet who is believed to be still in the Orange Colony.

JANUARY 23RD.—Bulletin 8 a.m. Strength diminishing and condition again assuming a more serious aspect, many important public engagements are being postponed or abandoned on account of the Queen's illness.

Cablegrams from all parts of the world continue to testify world wide sorrows. The papers dwell on the unparalleled demonstration of the Unity of the Empire in showing love for the Queen. Bulletin at noon yesterday. There was no change for the worse. Her Majesty had recognised several members of the family and was then asleep.

The Queen is dead.

JANUARY 24TH.—According to official information the Queen suffered no pain but passed away quite peacefully, surrounded by her family. The Bishop of Winchester read the prayers for the dying early in the afternoon and, remained until the end.

The Prince of Wales wired to the Lord Mayor of London.

"My Beloved mother the Queen passed away peacefully at 6-30 p.m. surrounded by her children and grandchildren."

All Monday night the Queen was very restless, her bedroom door being locked and only the doctors and nurses allowed within. It is understood that the family were thrice summoned to the bedside yesterday the last time being at 3-30 after which they remained in constant attendance. Her Majesty was still conscious at intervals, but the end came in sleep.

The King arrived at Marlborough House yesterday afternoon, and from thence proceeded escorted by Life Guards to St. James Palace, where a great number of Privy Councillors were assembled. Lord Salisbury administered the Oath to the King. The Councillors were then sworn and defiled past the King kissing his hand. His Majesty announced that he assumed the title of Edward VII. Emperor of India.

JANUARY 25TH.—The Gazette gives the text of the King's speech; after announcing the death of his Beloved Mother and expressing his appreciation of the deep sympathy displayed by the whole nation, he thought he might say, by the whole world; he said:—

"It will be our constant endeavour to walk in her footsteps. We are fully determined to be a constitutional monarch in the strictest sense of the word, and while the breath is in our body, we will work for the good and amelioration of our people."

The Heralds yesterday morning proclaimed our rightful Liege Lord Edward VII. first at St. James Palace and afterwards on the steps of the Royal Exchange.

The late Queen's Body will be removed from Osborne on the 1st February and the funeral takes place at Windsor on the 2nd.

JANUARY 26TH.—The "Times" advocates a change in the style of the title of the Monarch in view of the federation of Canada and Australia, and the unprecedented closeness of the relations between the Mother country and the Colonies.

The German Emperor will remain in England until after the funeral.

An order in Council, providing for the changes to be made in the Prayer Book, replaces the name of the Prince of Wales by that of the Duke of Cornwall and York.

JANUARY 28TH.—Both Houses of Parliament have unanimously adopted the address to the King in reply to his announcement of the death of his Beloved Mother.

The Body of the late Queen was laid in the coffin on Friday last, and borne to the state Chamber which is converted into a Chapelle ardente guarded by grenadiers. There will be no public lying in state.

The Royal Family attend Divine worship in the Chapel daily.

The King has published messages to the Navy and Army. He thanks them for their splendid services during the reign of his mother and expresses his own desire to watch over their interests and his confidence in their devotion.

A train conveying Lord Kitchener to Middleburg was attacked and the pilot engine blown up by dynamite. The Boers were repulsed.

The Boers captured 20 newly recruited police near Vryburg without a shot being fired, also a train filled with cattle and provisions to the Northward of Kimberley.

The Duke of Connaught yesterday handed to the German Emperor a sword on the occasion of his appointment to be a Field Marshal in the British Army.

The German Emperor celebrated his birthday at Osborne. He has expressed his delight at his appointment to Field Marshal. He entertained the King and the Royal Family to Tea, on board the Hohenzollern at Cowes.

The King in the morning presented to the German Emperor, who is already a Knight of the Garter, the same Order set in diamonds, and to-day will confer the Order of the Garter on the Crown Prince of Germany.

France is represented at the naval demonstration in the Solent by the Cruiser Dupuy-de-Lome.

Lord Kitchener reports from Pretoria that Cunningham and Babington engaged Delarey's force to the northward of Ventersdorp on the 28th instant. The Boers were outflanked and retired westwards. The casualties numbered 45.

JANUARY 29TH.—The German Emperor has despatched telegrams to the Marquess of Salisbury and Lord Roberts expressing his deep appreciation of the signal marks of the King's affection. He also telegraphed to Lord Roberts that he was rejoiced to be now one of his comrades.

JANUARY 30TH.—The King has directed, that Saturday next be observed as a day of general mourning. Banks will be closed and all business suspended.

The King proceeds to London to-day in connection with the funeral arrangements.

Sir Sandford Fleming sends to the "Times" a letter he addressed to the Post Master General of Canada, suggesting the laying down of a cable, to be owned by the State between India and Australia. This will secure a 50 per cent. reduction on the rates from India to England, via the Pacific route.

At a meeting of the Eastern Telegraph Company, the Chairman said that he hoped, the new direct route to Australia via Mauritius and Perth would be completed within the current year.

The text of the King's speech while investing the Crown Prince with the Order of the Garter is officially published. He hoped that the bestowal of the Order would further cement and strengthen the feeling between the two countries, and both advance hand in hand, ensuring peace and promoting the progress of Civilization.

The King warmly thanked the Kaiser for coming over at a moment's notice, and watching by the Queen until her last moment.

JANUARY 31ST.—The German Emperor has been appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, the regiment of which the Queen was Colonel-in-Chief. A detachment of the regiment will participate in the funeral procession.

The King saw Lord Salisbury and Mr Joseph Chamberlain on Tuesday and slept in London that night.

Columns under Colonels Bethune and Delisle have arrived at Clan William and operations will be commenced in a few days. The task of repelling the invaders will be a most arduous one.

Lord Kitchener telegraphs that De Wet is again attempting to invade the Cape.

General Knox engaged him 40 miles north of Thabanchu, but no details are to hand.

The Boers have damaged the Modderfontein Vanrhyns mines. Commandant Marais and two others have been captured.

The Duke of York in consequence of a sudden indisposition has been forbidden to attend the Royal Funeral. The King of Belgians, King of Greece, and King of Portugal are already in London.

CIRCULAR No. 7/1.

The attention of Officers serving in the East Africa Protectorate is called to the following extract from a Foreign Office letter No. 46 dated 19th December 1900 with reference to their return from leave.

"The Secretary of State is of opinion that the alternative of Mombasa or Zanzibar as a point of arrival for the completion of leave of absence no longer holds good."

"His Lordship considers that full salary can only commence from the date of an Officer's arrival in the Protectorate, viz at Mombasa, but he is willing to leave it to the discretion of Her Majesty's Commissioner to sanction for the few days by which he leave may be exceeded owing to the use of the French Mail, the continuance of an Officer's half pay until his actual arrival at Mombasa."

It is requested that such sanction may be immediately notified to the Treasurer by the Officers concerned.

(Signed) E. BRADBRIDGE,
Treasurer.

Mombasa, 29th January 1901.

NOTES.

The Imperial German Despatch vessel "Kaiser Wilhelm II." arrived from Zanzibar on the 25th January with Herr Intendanturath Müller and Herr Dr. Uhlic.

—:O:—

Mrs. Hatch returned from Zanzibar on the 26th ultimo by the s.s. "Goa," and Dr. A. D. Mackinnon, C.M.G., arrived in the same vessel. Mr. H. C. Kuhlewindt was also a passenger by the same steamer, having travelled from Khartoum, via Suez and Zanzibar, with the intention of proceeding through Uganda to Fashoda, and thence to return to Khartoum.

—:O:—

Dr. A. E. Atkinson arrived from up-country on the 28th January.

—:O:—

The Imperial German Despatch boat "Kaiser Wilhelm II." left on the 30th ultimo for Tanga and Zanzibar with Herr Müller and Herr Dr. Uhlic on board.

UGANDA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that the following stations will be open for booking of Coaching traffic on and from 1st February. 1901, namely:—

STATION.	DISTANCE FROM MOMBASA.				
Kedong...	364
Longonot	379
Naivasha	390
Gilgil	408
Elmenteita	429
Nakuru...	448

The Up mixed trains from Nairobi to Nakuru will run on Thursdays and Sundays only and the down trains from Nakuru to Nairobi on Wednesdays and Saturdays only, for train timings see time and fare tables.

Passengers for stations beyond Escarpment "Upwards" or beyond Kedong "Downwards" can purchase through tickets but they will not be carried over the Escarpment Incline and must make their own arrangements for transhipment.

For Ladies and Invalids booked through special chairs will be provided at a charge of Rs. 4 each.

Public notice is also hereby given that Elburgon station miles 475 has been opened on and from the 20th January 1901 for booking of all descriptions of goods traffic only.

The fares and rate list of above stations can be obtained from any Station Master or from Undersigned.

Traffic Manager's Office,
Nairobi, 25th January 1901.

By Order
A. E. CRUICKSHANK,
Traffic Manager

IN THE COURT OF THE EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE AT MOMBASA. BANKRUPTCY JURISDICTION.

CASE No. 1 of 1901.

Re: KASIM ALI ABDULHUSEIN.

Whereas by order of the above mentioned Court dated the 12th instant I have been appointed Receiver of the estate of the above mentioned Debtor.

This is to give notice to all having claims against the debtor, to submit the same to me not later than the 15th February 1901.

A general meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Messrs. Wm. O'Swald & Co. at Mombasa at 2-30 p.m. on the 5th of February 1901.

The public examination of the Debtor will be held in the above mentioned Court at 9 o'clock a.m. on the 20th February, 1901.

Mombasa, January 16th 1901.

(Sd.) C. ANDERS.

CIVIL CASE No. 1132 OF 1899.

MAKAMDIN DIDARBUX, PLAINTIFF *vs.* RAMZAN SUTAR (A CARPENTER), DEFENDANT.

To the defendant Ramzan Sutar (a carpenter) a Punjabi.

Take notice that the above case has been set down for final hearing on the 26th day of February, 1901.

Dated this 29th day of January 1901, at Mombasa.

(Signed) SKINNER TURNER,
Registrar.

IN THE CONSULAR COURT AT ENTEBBE, UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 2.

NOTICE IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THE LATE DR. J. L. S. SHERLOCK, LATE OF THE UGANDA MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Pursuant to an order of the said Court directing administration by the Court in the estate of the late DR. SHERLOCK who died at Fort Ternan, Nandi District, Uganda Protectorate, on October 13th, 1900, all creditors and others having claims upon the estate of the above-mentioned deceased are required to send in writing the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands, on or before February 13th, 1900, to:—

THE ACTING REGISTRAR.

Entebbe, Uganda.

This 14th day of November, 1900.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to the orders of H. M. Court dated the 9th and 16th instant, (1) a Shamba belonging to Omari bin Kigotti and situated at Changwama (2) and a house and the ground belonging to Messrs. Essa Thawer and Co., and situated in Hardinge Street and which is subject to a mortgage and to covenants running with the land; bounded on the North by Public Road, on the East by land of Dewji Jamal, on the South by the house of M. R. de Souza and on the West by the house of M. R. de Souza and the house of Sood Mahomed, will be sold by Public Auction the date of which will be fixed hereafter, for further particulars apply to the undersigned.

SORABJI M.

Mombasa, January 30th, 1901.

Government Auctioneer and Broker.

Rainfall recorded at Ras Serani, Mombasa, from April 1899 to December 1900.

1899.	inches.	1900.	inches.
April	2.49	January	2.96
May	16.72	February	1.80
June	1.27	March	6.25
July	6.70	April	2.90
August	4.68	May	19.02
September	0.92	June	2.31
October	0.39	July	5.81
November	1.49	August	1.75
December	3.64	September	2.67
Total in 9 months...	27.70	October	6.12
		November	5.87
		December	2.46

Total in 1900 ... 59.95

ANTWERP EAST AFRICAN TRADING COMPANY, LD.

MAIN STREET MOMBASA.

General Merchants in all English and Indian Manufactured Goods Wholesale and Retail.

SPECIALITIES :—Gents Norfolk, Tennis, Cricket and Drill (White and Khaki) Suits, Shirt, Pants, Sweaters, White and Print Shirts, Knicker Hose, Half Hose, Handkerchiefs, Turkish Towels, Umbrellas, Boots and Shoes, Felt and Panama Hats, Smoking Caps, Water-proof Coats and Leggings, Ghari Sheets, Rugs and Holdalls, Guns and Ammunition.

LADIES Blouses, Garibaldies, Tea Gowns, Corsets, Hose, Suspenders, Parasols, Umbrellas, Boots, Shoes and Slippers Belts.

SENT OUT TO RESIDENCES ON APPROVAL.

Joiners and Masons Tools, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Glass and China Ware, Lamps and Glasses. Provisions H. & P. and P. & F. Biscuits and Cakes, &c.

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BAGAMOYO, DAR-ES-SALAAM, KILIMATINDE, TABORA, NUANZA, MUMIAS, MAKINDU, NAIROBI, NAIYASHA, SIMONI, NANDI, PORT UGOWE, PORT ALICE, KAMPALA, MISINDI, FORT BERKELY, SEDDEN, AFFUDU, WADILAI, LIVIOGI, AND ZANZIBAR &c., &c.

Telegraphic Address:

Mombasa and Zanzibar, (PAGAZI).

General Merchant and General Contractor and Dealer in Provisions, Beads, Piece Goods, Brass, Copper and Iron Wire, Equipment of Caravans, Enamel Ware, &c.

Up-country orders promptly attended to and transport arranged.

Buyer of Ivory, horns, rubber, hides, skins and all kinds of East Africa and Uganda produce.

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A Pure Malt Whiskey—Unsurpassed for mellowness of
flavour.

HIGHEST AWARDS AT

CORK 1833; LIVERPOOL 1836; PARIS 1886; ADELAIDE 1887;

THE ONLY MEDAL FOR PURE MALT WHISKEY AT CHICAGO 1893, AND
ONLY GOLD MEDAL FOR WHISKEY AT PARIS 1889.

“ “ “ “ “ “ 1900.

AGENTS:—

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.

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COGNAC.

This is unequalled upon the Market and well worth
the attention of consumers of this spirit.

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SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.

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SPECIAL ROTPROOF TENTS

AND

CAMP EQUIPMENT.

A LARGE AND VARIED

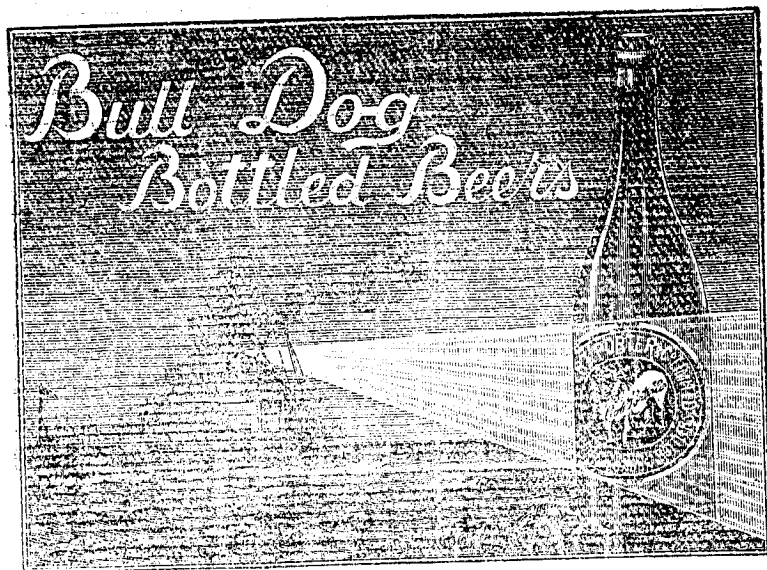
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BASS' PALE ALE
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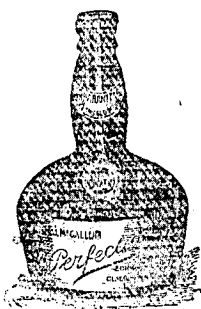
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SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS.

BY APPOINTMENT TO

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“PERFECTION” WHISKY.

**ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE
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ONLY OBTAINABLE FROM

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**PAINTS
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**ENGINE OILS, LUBRICATING OIL,
COTTON WASTE, COAL TAR,
CREOSOTE, ROOFING FELTS,
BRUSHES OF ALL SORTS,
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To be had from—

SMITH MACKENZIE & CO.

CUTLER PALMER & Co.

Wine Merchants

ESTABLISHED IN LONDON 1815, AND IN INDIA 1842.

SHIPPERS TO MOMBASA, & ZANZIBAR OF THE FOLLOWING WINES & SPIRITS:

CLARET, BURGUNDY, PORT, SHERRY, GIN, WHISKY, &.,

including their renowned

Invalid's Port;

"SPECIAL BLEND" Whisky;

NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S "Square Bottle" Whisky.

In cases of 1 dozen Bottles each.

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"JEYES' FLUID" (NON-POISONOUS) AND JEYES' SANITARY POWDERS

are the best and most reliable Disinfectant in the market.

JEYES' FLUID—Is recommended for use by the highest Scientific and Medical authorities whose evidence cannot be purchased or influenced; it is the only sure preventive against Cholera Small-pox and all epidemic diseases.

Prize Medals

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Other Awards.

THE BEST
DISINFECTANT.

JEYES' SANITARY POWDER—Contains all the active principles of JEYES' FLUID and is the best dry disinfectant made. It is absorbent and dry and clean in use.

JEYES' VETERINARY OINTMENT—Containing 20 % of JEYES' FLUID. It will cure Skin Diseases, Ring-worm, Itch etc., is non-poisonous and more efficient than any other ointment in the market

JEYES' HOUSEHOLD (white) SOAP & DISINFECTANT (brown) SOAP—Are unequalled for cheapness in use. TRY ALSO THE TOILET SOAPS.

PUNJAB EXHIBITION 1893-94.

Diploma for Excellence of Exhibit awarded.

For all kinds of Tropical Cultivation use
JADOO FIBRE.

The most marvellous root producer in the World. Invaluable for growing. Supplied for Tea and Coffee Gardens and for planting out Tobacco, Sugar cane, Fruit Trees and vegetables.

Numerous Gold and Silver Medals, Certificates and Awards. For full particulars, Testimonials, &c., write to—

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OR

JADOO LIMITED, Exeter, England.

MELROSE'S TEAS.

A FINE BLENDED TEA WITH A REPUTATION UNSURPASSED
FOR NEARLY A CENTURY.

AGENTS:—SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.,



OF WORLD WIDE FAME

TEACHERS' VERY OLD

HIGHLAND CREAM.

THE PERFECTION OF OLD WHISKY

In cases of one dozen and kegs of 5
gallons.

ALSO "SPECIAL LIQUEUR WHISKY."

AGENTS:—

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RAHTJEN'S COMPOSITIONS.

THE RED HAND BRAND.

ANTIFOULING FOR SHIPS.

HARTMANN'S ANTICORROSIVE PAINTS

FOR INSIDES OF VESSELS AND
ALL KINDS OF METAL WORK.

SPECIMENS ON VIEW.

AT

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British India Steam Navigation Company Ltd.

MANAGING AGENTS IN INDIA:—

AGENTS IN BOMBAY:—

MESSRS. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
CALCUTTA.

MESSRS. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

*Bombay, Aden, Mombasa, & Zanzibar Mail Line connecting
with the Bombay & Zanzibar direct Line for Southern
Ports to Delagoa-Bay.*

(The running of steamers from Zanzibar to Delagoa-Bay is suspended for the present.)

The Bombay-Seychelles-Mombasa-Zanzibar line dates
are subject to alterations.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Under arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Co., passengers proceeding to London or any other port of call of that Coy's steamers, can be booked at through rates, to be obtained from the undersigned. Passengers can also be booked for Aden only by the B. I. S. N. Co's. steamers making their own arrangements as to on carrying steamer.

MAILS HOMEWARDS.

ZANZIBAR.	MOMBASA.	ADEN.	MAILS DUE IN LONDON.
LEAVE.	*ARRIVE AND LEAVE.	ARRIVE.	
Thursday 5 P.M., 24 January 21 February 21 March 18 April Friday. 17 May 14 June 12 July 9 August 6 September Thursday 3 October 31 October 28 November 26 December	Friday 25 January 22 February 22 March 19 April Saturday 18 May 15 June 13 July 10 August 7 September Friday 4 October 1 November 29 November 27 December.	Tuesday Daylight 5 February 5 March 2 April 30 April Wednesday 29 May 26 June 24 July 21 August 18 September Tuesday 15 October 12 November 10 December 1902 7 January	Sunday 17 February 17 March 14 April 12 May Monday 10 June 8 July 5 August 2 September 30 September Sunday 27 October 24 November 22 December 1902 19 January

* The departure from Mombasa may be delayed for two days at the Coy's option. In most instances however, steamers leave for Aden on the day of their arrival from Zanzibar.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Per B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer to Aden.....Rs. 280, 1st CLASS, Rs. 187, 2nd CLASS

Do. do. do. and thence per

P. & O. to London.....Rs. 830, 1st CLASS, Rs. 587, 2nd CLASS.

A surtax of 10 % is meantime added to the above rates.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Any claim for damage to goods must be brought to the notice of the Agents not later than three days after the landing of the steamer's cargo has been completed. No claims will be admitted unless brought to the notice of Agent within the above mentioned period.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage money apply to the undersigned.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.

AGENTS.

B.I.S.N. CO., P. & O.S.N. CO.,