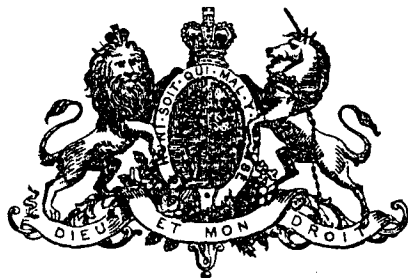


THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

OF THE

EAST AFRICA



AND UGANDA

PROTECTORATES.

Published under the authority of His Majesty's Commissioners.

Vol. III.—No. 51.]

MOMBASA, DECEMBER 15, 1901.

[PRICE 3 ANNAS.]

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

Palm Wine Regulations 1900.

I give notice under Article 4 of the above Regulations that they are hereby applied to Machakos.

(Signed) C. ELIOT,
H. M.'s. Commissioner.

Mombasa, December 15th, 1901.

UKAMBA PROVINCE.

NOTICE.

SMALL-POX, is reported by the Uganda Protectorate Authorities as raging in SUK, KERO and TURKANA. Notice is hereby given that until further notice Caravans proceeding from those districts will be placed in quarantine on entering the Ukamba Province of the East Africa Protectorate unless they can produce a clean bill of health from the Uganda Protectorate Officer at Naivasha.

Any evasion or attempt to evade this order will be punishable under Sec : 271, I. P. C.

By order,
(Sd.) JOHN AINSWORTH,
H. M. Sub-Commissioner.

Nairobi, November 28th, 1901.

In consequence of the Christmas holidays, the public offices will be closed from Tuesday the 24th to Thursday the 26th December, both days inclusive.

Arrangements will be made for the performance of urgent business during the above mentioned period.

The Mombasa Post and Telegraph Offices will be open from 9 A.M. to noon on the 25th and 26th instant.

(Signed) J. W. TRITTON,
for H. M.'s. Commissioner.

Mombasa December 15th 1901.

The Protectorate Court will be closed from midday on Saturday December 21st till Tuesday December 31st inclusive.

(Sd.) R. W. HAMILTON,
Acting Judge.

Notice is hereby given that the National Bank of India will be closed from the 24th of December to the 1st January 1902, both days inclusive.

(Sd.) A. G. TURNBULL,
Acting Manager.

UGANDA RAILWAY TRANSPORT.

FOR SALE.

THREE TRACTION ENGINES MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. FOWLER AND Co.

These have been in use on the construction of the Railway for the past three years and have been recently put into thorough order. Full particulars can be obtained from the Chief Engineer, Uganda Railway, Nairobi.

(Signed) G. WHITEHOUSE,

Manager and Chief Engineer,

Nairobi, November 5th, 1901.

Uganda Railway.

FOR SALE.

The following mules, carts etc., are now available for sale. Full particulars can be obtained from the Chief Engineer, Uganda Railway, Nairobi.

450 Cyprus Mules, average age 8, and all have been used for both pack and wheel transport. Price £26 each, delivered at Mombasa.

169 Second hand Woolwich Carts—£13 each. Large quantities of Harness for above together with spare parts, Tonga Saddles, Pack Saddles, Curricie Bars, Nose Bags, Horse Brushes, Currycombs etc., prices of which can be obtained on application.

(Signed) G. WHITEHOUSE,

Manager and Chief Engineer,

Nairobi, November 5th, 1901.

Uganda Railway.

NOTICE.

FOUND.

A set of Gold studs as worn by Indians, any person claiming the same must prove their ownership and pay all expenses.

If not claimed before the 7th January 1902 they will be sold.

FOUND.

A shot gun, anyone proving their ownership to same may have the gun on payment of all expenses, if the gun is not claimed before the 7th January 1902 it will be sold.

By order,

(Signed) JOHN AINSWORTH,

Nairobi, December 5th, 1901.

H. M. Sub-Commissioner.

PUBLIC AUCTION AT ZANZIBAR.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Residence of the late General Sir Lloyd Mathews, K.C.M.G., C.B.

All the valuable and handsome furniture of the late General Sir Lloyd Mathews deceased on Monday the 16th December 1901 and following days. Sale from 9 o'clock A.M. to 12-30 P.M. each day.

NOTICE.

In the matter of bankruptcy of Babu Feroze Deen late Clerk, Chief Accountant's Office, Uganda Railway, Nairobi.

Whereas by order of Nairobi Court I have been appointed receiver of the estate of above debtor this is to give notice to all having claims against said debtor to submit same before 21st December 1901 to me.

A general meeting of creditors will be held at my House on the 22nd December 1901.

The public examination of the debtor will be held at Nairobi on the 30th December 1901.

(Sd.) MIRZA MOHAMED BEG,

Dated Nairobi, 6th December, 1901.

Hindustani Teacher, Nairobi.

NOTICE.

During the Acting Judge's absence at Nairobi urgent applications may be made to the Acting Town Magistrate.

A list of persons liable to serve during 1902, as Assessors and Jurors in the Protectorate Court at Mombasa, is on view at the Collector's Office and the Protectorate Court.

Objections will be heard and determined by the Acting Judge and Collector at the Protectorate Court on January 11th, 1902, at 10 a.m.

(Sd.) R. W. HAMILTON,
Acting Judge.

(Sd.) J. W. TRITTON,
Collector.

NAIROBI RACES.

DECEMBER 24th 1901.

PROGRAMME.

(1). The Nairobi Hurdle Race.—For all horses. First Rs. 149. Second Rs. 49. Distance about one mile and a half over eight flights of hurdles.

Horses 15 hands to carry 12 st. 7 lbs.

(2). The Commissioner's Cup.—For all horses. A challenge cup presented by Sir. C. Eliot, K.C.M.G., C.B., to be retained by any owner winning it twice with Rs. 199 added. Second Rs. 99. Distance seven furlongs.

Horses 15 hands to carry 12 st. 7 lbs.

(3). The Chief Engineer's Cup.—Presented by George Whitehouse Esq., for all horses 15 hands and under. Second Rs. 99. Distance one mile.

Ponies 13 hands to carry 8 st. 1 lb. not 9 st. 1 lb. as previously published.

(4). The X'Mas Handicap.—For all horses that have previously run in East Africa. First Rs. 149. Second Rs. 49. Distance four furlongs.

(5). The Kikuyu Handicap.—For all horses that have previously run in East Africa but who have never won a race worth Rs. 100. First Rs. 149. Second Rs. 99. Distance five furlongs.

(6). The Mombasa Purse.—For all ponies 14-2 and under. First Rs. 149. Second Rs. 49. Distance six furlongs.

Ponies 14-2 hands to carry 11 st. 7 lbs.

(7). The Maiden Stakes.—For all horses that have never won Rs. 50. First Rs. 149. Second Rs. 49. Distance six furlongs.

Horses 15 hands to carry 12 st. 7 lbs.

Penalties and allowances 2 lbs. per quarter inch and the usual penalties for previous winners and English, Australian and Cape Horses.

Races will commence punctually at 2 p. m.

(Sd.) A. S. COOPER,
Hon: Secretary.

UGANDA RAILWAY.**CONCESSIONS FOR CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS**

AND

NAIROBI RACE MEETING, 1901.

Public notice is hereby given that between Thursday, December 19th 1901 and Friday, January 3rd, 1902, both days inclusive, Return Tickets for 1st, 2nd and Intermediate Class Passengers and also Horses, will be issued at reduced rates as follows, viz:—

For outward distance of not less than 100 miles 1st and 2nd Class Tickets at single fare for the double journey.

Intermediate Class Tickets, at a fare and fourth for the double journey.

Horses and Ponies attending the Nairobi Races or Gymkhana, at a single fare for the double journey, irrespective of distance.

A certificate from the Race or Gymkhana Secretary, stating that the horse or pony actually ran a race at the meeting, must be produced at Nairobi Station, before starting on the return journey otherwise full fare will be charged both ways.

EXTRA TRAIN SERVICE.

During the above period, in addition to the present trains running between Nairobi and Mombasa and *vice-versa*, an "Up" and "Down" extra mixed train will run each way, on other than ordinary train days, to the timing of present mixed train.

Intending passengers for trains from 19th December to the end of the month, should give the Station Master at starting Station, twelve hours' clear notice, if possible, of their intention to travel, so that necessary accommodation may be provided.

Passengers' luggage should be sent to the station to be booked, well in advance of starting time.

By Order of the Manager & Chief Engineer,

Traffic Manager's Office:

(Signed) A. E. CRUICKSHANK,

Traffic Manager.

Nairobi, dated 4th December, 1901.

NAIROBI SPORTS CLUB.

Gymkhana Meeting, December 26th, 1901,

TO BE HELD ON THE

CLUB GROUNDS

Commencing at 2 p.m.

President:

MR. G. WHITEHOUSE.

Vice-President.

MR. F. PAWSON.

Managing Committee:

MESSRS. A. S. COOPER, W. GRIERSON, BEALE, EWING.

Honorary Treasurer:

R. E. MILLER.

Honorary Secretary:

G. W. EVANS.

PROGRAMME OF EVENTS.

1. Throwing the Cricket Ball.
2. Sack Race—60 yards Indians and Africans.
3. Walking Race—Half mile.
4. "V. C." Race—Mounted.
5. Slow Bicycle Race—100 yards.
6. Veterans Handicap Race—100 yards, 30 years and over.
7. Whistling Race—(Ladies Nomination.)
8. Pick-a-back—Open to Indians and Africans.
9. Obstacle Race—Quarter mile.
10. Heads and Posts—(Mounted Competition.)
11. Ladies Driving Race—50 yards (Pair horse three legged, and blind folded.)
12. Potatoe and Bucket Race (On foot.)

The pavilion will be enclosed and an entrance fee of Re. 1 will be charged. To the rest of the ground admission free.

There will be First and Second Prizes for each event provided that there are 4 Competitors or more, otherwise one prize only.

The band of the East Africa Rifles will play during the afternoon by kind permission of the Officers.

(Sd.) G. W. EVANS,

Honorary Secretary

Reuter's Telegrams.

DECEMBER 2ND.—The "Standard" announces that the Belgian Premier will preside at the Sugar Conference.

The "Times" correspondent at Pretoria states that owing to the concentration of our troops South of the Delagoa Railway, the Boers have returned to their favourite haunts at Steenkamsberg where supplies are abundant. More men are needed to stifle the war.

It is officially announced that no one without permits will be allowed to enter either Cape Colony or Natal after 11th January. Each applicant for permit must show that he is in a position to maintain himself, that the object of his journey is a *bona fide* one, and that he has not been previously deported.

At the Devonian dinner Sir Redvers Buller was heartily cheered. In thanking his audience for their sympathetic reception, he said that consideration for discipline absolutely precluded his referring to recent events.

A proclamation has been issued at Pretoria abolishing certain Republican laws on the grounds that they are unsuitable under the changed Government.

The Blockhouses have frustrated the general attempt of the Boers to cross the line west of Middleburgh in Transvaal. The attempt was made on the 28th ultimo, the enemy being repulsed apparently suffering considerable loss.

The Socialist petition against the new German Customs Tariff contains over 3 million signatures; violent debates are expected in the Reichstag, but the Tariff will probably become law.

DECEMBER 3RD.—Sir George Sprigg the Cape Premier, speaking at Cape Town said, that the Cape Army now in the field numbered 1,800, and that the Colony had incurred considerable debt in maintaining the troops, but that the prospects were not at all discouraging and that he was confident that the war was rapidly drawing to a close.

The Coronation has been fixed for the 26th of June.

In the Reichstag during the debate on the Customs Tariff, Count von Buelow stated that while finding it necessary to protect the Agricultural Industry, the Policy of the Government still continues to be based on Treaties of Commerce.

The Military progress is encouraging influential South Africans to return to the country in large and increasing numbers. General Elliot has captured in the Northern district of the Orange River Colony 12 Boers, 600 horses 100 vehicles and 3,000 head of cattle.

The Boxers are causing trouble in the Northeast corner of China. The Chilian Government troops have been badly defeated.

DECEMBER 4TH.—Lord Kitchener reports that since the 25th November 32 Boers have been killed 18 wounded, 256 taken prisoner and 14 surrendered.

Mr. Roosevelt in his message to Congress deprecates any change in the Tariff and recommends a policy of reciprocity so far as that is compatible with the interests of Home Industries. He admits that a more Liberal Policy is required to secure wider markets. He strongly reasserts the Monroe Doctrine, and lays stress on the necessity for steadily increasing the Navy to secure the respect of other Nations.

With reference to the statement in Reuter's of the 29th with regard to the shooting of 2 men of the Connaught Rangers, it is now officially announced that the men were shot, not captured and shot. Mr. Brodrick has cabled to the Commander-in-Chief that the officer in Command should be warned to exercise greater care before making allegations with regard to Boer misconduct. Such allegations unless fully substantiated are much to be deprecated.

The Destroyer Salmon has been wrecked owing to a collision with a mail steamer in Harwich harbour. Two stokers lost their lives.

DECEMBER 5TH.—Lord Kitchener in a despatch dealing with the operations in September last states that the block-house system which has been largely extended, enables each column to operate in its own sphere. Lord Kitchener attributes the recent invasion of Natal, to the necessity of Boer leaders to tide over the 15th September, which was the date of the expiry of the Proclamation dealing with the treatment of Boers found in the field after that date, and thus prevent a general surrender.

Prior to Queen Wilhelmina's miscarriage, she had an altercation with her husband at the dinner table, ending in the Prince insulting Her Majesty. Thereupon the Queen's Aid-de-camp Vantete challenged the Prince to a duel. They fought immediately with the result, that the Aid-de-camp was dangerously wounded. Subsequently another gentleman attached to the Court, fought the Prince and was slightly wounded.

The report of the United States Canal Commission, favours the Nicaraguan route, which will take 8 years constructing and cost 190 million Dollars. At the same time the report admits many advantages in the Panama route.

DECEMBER 6TH.—In order to prevent the difficulties which were experienced in Natal at the commencement of the campaign the Government have decided to make a complete military survey of all the principal colonies.

The "Daily News" states that the Government are now engaged in another informal attempt to negotiate with the Boers through their leaders in South Africa.

DECEMBER 7TH.—Three Laagers were surprised on the 4th in the Transvaal and 250 Boers captured.

Prince Henry has returned to the Hague, and has resumed relations with Queen Wilhelmina.

At a Luncheon at the Guildhall on the 5th the Prince of Wales made a brilliant, long and statesmanlike speech. He reviewed his voyage from the beginning to the end, which he stated was one of the deepest interest and of lasting memories. He emphasized the happy relations existing between the motherland and her Colonies and their loyalty and attachment to the Crown and Empire. He alluded to the warmth and enthusiasm of his welcome at Mauritius where the inhabitants showed the gifted and charming characteristics of the French of the Olden times.

The Hay Pauncéfote Treaty has been published. It provides for the construction of the Canal, either by or under the auspices of the United States, who are given all rights incident to such construction, and exclusive right of management. The Treaty provides free and equal navigation to Merchantmen and Warships of all nations, on the same lines as the Suez Canal.

The French Senate have passed the Chinese Loan Bill.

The Foreign Committee of the American Senate have reported favourably on the Hay Pauncéfote Treaty.

The Melbourne Senate have passed the Bill dealing with restrictions, in connection with alien immigration.

DECEMBER 9TH.—There is a recrudescence of Boer activity in the Transvaal under Botha, and in the Orange River Colony under De Wet.

Our successes on the 4th instant included a laager captured by Bruce Hamilton with 93 prisoners and 26 waggons; also a portion of Botha's force near Ermelo by Dankins including 104 prisoners.

Mule Transports are loading with all haste at New Orleans. The shipments during the last 90 days have broken all records.

The punitive expedition against the Mahsuds in Waziristan encountered opposition on the 5th instant and lost 10 killed and 15 wounded. Captain McVian was wounded. The Mahsuds losses were heavy.

The number of Boers taking arms against the enemy in the field shows a notable increase.

A Proclamation has been issued from Pretoria providing for the resumption of money orders and removing prohibitions against dealing in stocks and shares. This is a further indication of the restoration of normal condition in the Rand.

Botha with 1,500 Boers is North of Ermelo. The extension of the Block-houses from the Railway is compelling him to concentrate his force within a limited area.

The Marquis of Tullibardine is engaged in developing a scheme with a view to the immigration of Scotch women to the Transvaal.

Sir H. C. Chirmside has been appointed Governor of Queensland.

The severe treatment of Polish school children at Werschen in East Prussia, in order to compel them to speak the German language and the imprisonment of their parents for protesting against the order, has led to riotous demonstrations outside the German Consulates at Warsay and Lemberg. The windows were broken and the Escutcheon at Warsay dragged in the mud. The authorities subsequently replaced it and apologized.

DECEMBER 10TH.—The "Times" correspondent at Pretoria states that De Wet in command of 1,000 Boers from South Heilbron in the Transvaal, is endeavouring to go North, and makes frequent attacks on the Railway. It has therefore become necessary to build Block-houses connected with wire entanglements every 600 yards. Block-houses placed a mile apart are quite useless.

The Dutch Dockers have finally abandoned the scheme for an International boycott of British shipping. A number of foreigners including many Dutch refused to join.

The 5th Warwickshires nearly 900 strong leave on the 16th for the Cape.

DECEMBER 11TH.—Reuter's Agent at Tientsin reports that an Indian Sentry at Amoi killed two of his comrades and in consequence a company of Punjabis were turned out to arrest him. In the meantime some German soldiers shot him. The Germans then opened fire on the Punjabis and a free fight ensued. Three Germans were killed and one officer mortally wounded. Three Indians were killed and several wounded. The Germans are now confined to Barracks.

Lord Onslow in a speech at Crewe states that the Colonial Office have now taken over the concentration camps in South Africa and all who may wish to go to the coast will have permission freely granted.

The extension of the Blockhouses has made it possible for the first time to carry out systematic and continuous operations in the vicinity of Ermelo.

Bethel Commandant of the Carolina Boers has been severely wounded at Maritz.

DECEMBER 12TH.—At Maritz in North Calvinia a strong force of Boers have thrice attacked a grain Depot garrisoned by 20 of our men, between the 27th ultimo, and the 4th instant. The attack has now been abandoned with a loss to the Boers of 16.

It is officially announced at Tientsin that no blame whatever attaches to the Germans in connection with the free fight between them and the company of Indian Troops. The Germans did not understand the position.

It is stated in Berlin from Government sources that not the slightest importance is attached to the affair.

The British delegates to the Sugar Conference include Phipps the Minister at Brussels, representatives from the Foreign Colonial and India Offices and expert advisers including Neville, Lubbock and Martineau.

It is officially announced that Bruce Hamilton's column after a night march surprised and captured practically the whole of Bethel's Commando. 7 Boers were killed and 131 taken prisoners.

Louis Botha with a large Commando is reported to be Northeast of Vryheid.

DECEMBER 13TH.—Mr. Brodrick speaking at Glasgow stated that the expenses of the war had considerably diminished during the last two months, and that it was now possible to reestablish on a larger scale the Rand Industries. He added that 400 refugees are now allowed to return per week instead of 200 per fortnight formerly and that it had been decided to remove the overflow of refugees from unhealthy concentration camps to the coast.

Mr. Edmund Barton and the Right Hon. Richard J. Seddon have accepted a proposal from Sir Wilfred Laurier to have a conference in London on Colonial Questions on the occasion of the Coronation.

Fourteen Boers surrendered near Standerton on the 10th. Meetings of Boers in the field are frequent and lately there have been signs of an increasing inclination of individual Boers to surrender.

DECEMBER 14TH.—At a dinner given by the Gresham Committee with Sir Robert Rogers in the Chair, and the Lord Mayor with a representative Colonial gathering present Sir Charles Tennant in a speech stated that he hoped the war would end immediately after the reassembling of Parliament. Sir Robert Rogers dwelt on the magnificent revelation of Love and Loyalty on the part of Her Colonial children for the Mother Land, during the South African War. He said that its memory was ineffably imprinted on the hearts of the English people. Other speakers dwelt on the Political and Commercial importance of the projected Exhibition of Colonial products to be held at the Royal Exchange under the auspices of the Gresham Committee. This Exhibition would practically be the first step made by the city to recognise our Colonies.

Colonel Saddler the present Consul, Somaliland, has been appointed Commissioner in Uganda.

Lord Kitchener reports from Pretoria on the 13th that Hamilton's columns which captured Bethel's Commando, covered 51 miles in 24 hours, including a seven miles dashing chase.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

Mr. Hugh Bromley to be Assistant Auditor East Africa Protectorate dating from November 9th 1901.

Mr. H. T. Powell to be 3rd Assistant Treasurer East Africa Protectorate, Mombasa, dating from December, 3rd, 1901.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

December 2nd, Mr. J. W. Tritton for Jimba.

Captain H. B. Millais, East Africa Rifles, from Nairobi.

December 4th, Mr. H. T. Powell from Zanzibar

Dr. Chevallier from Nairobi.

Mr. J. W. Tritton from Jimba.

December 5th, Major E. Harrison, D.S.O., E. A. Rifles from Nairobi.

December 6th, Lieut-Colonel G. P. Hatch, C.M.G., Major E. Harrison D.S.O., Mr. A. Marsden, Dr. Chevallier and Captain J. H. Bailey, for Kismayu.

December 9th, Capt. G. C. R. Mundy, Uganda Rifles, from Uganda.

Mr. G. Whitehouse and Mr. S. C. E. Baty from Nairobi.

December 10th, Mr. C. Crossland from Zanzibar.

December 11th, The Rt. Hon. Sir George Dashwood Taubman-Goldie, K.C.M.G., Member of the Privy Council, from Europe.

December 12th, The Rt. Hon. Sir George Dashwood Taubman-Goldie, K.C.M.G., Member of the Privy Council and Mr. G. Whitehouse for Nairobi.

December 13th, M. J. B. Ainsworth from Nairobi.

December 14th, Mr. C. A. Armitstead for Rabai.

NOTES.

A very favourable report has been received from Official and other experts dealing with samples of grain grown by Mr. John Ainsworth at Machakos in 1896. According to the present value it is estimated that the Machakos barley would be sold at £1-12-0 per 448 lbs. which clearly shows that the climate and soil are favourable for the growth of a first class barley useful for malting processes. Wheat also has been considered excellent; and is placed on a par with the Australian commanding a ready sale in the London market. Oats however have not met with so encouraging an opinion, and are said to be light and poor, only to be used for feeding.

Some fibre collected at Kiu (Ukamba) and sent to England to be sampled, has been classed as moderate in length, colour dirty, strength medium, fairly clean, value per ton £12.

An Agricultural and Horticultural Society, it is understood, will be brought into existence with the coming year through the indefatigable efforts of Mr. John Ainsworth and several other gentlemen. The object of the Society is doubtless to bring into more general notice the great adequacy of the highlands of both Protectorates for European settlement and farming, though the membership of the new Society is open to Arabs, Indians and Africans of respectability. Besides encouraging the production of vegetables, cereals, fruits, coffee, cotton, rubber, vanilla etc., the Society will endeavour also to organize and push forward the breeding of farm stock and draft animals, besides extending its interest to dairy produce and the artistic culture of flowers. This new organization will also render valuable service in supplying exact information and technical data to intended settlers and persons desiring to know the tested resources of East Africa and Uganda. The head quarters of the Committee is, at present, at Nairobi.

At sunset on the 12th instant, the crescent moon of the Ramazan was greeted with the usual respect by a salute of seven guns from the Fort at Mombasa. On the morrow the annual period of fasting began.

UGANDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Statement of Public and Government Traffic for the month of November 1901.

Coaching Traffic 448 miles open.....	Rs. 36,610
Goods Traffic 543 miles open	„ 51,725
Total Rs.	88,335

Corresponding month of previous year:—

Coaching Traffic 365 miles open.....	Rs. 31,121
Goods Traffic 448 miles open	Rs. 72,894
Total Rs.	1,04,015
Decrease Rs.	15,680

Traffic Manager's Office,
Nairobi, dated 9-12-1901.

(Signed) A. E. CRUICKSHANK,
Traffic Manager, Uganda Railway.

Rates of Advertisements.

	2 pages.	1 page.	$\frac{1}{2}$ page.	$\frac{1}{3}$ page.	$\frac{1}{4}$ page.
One year	Rs. 360	Rs. 200	Rs. 110	Rs. 76	Rs. 58
Half year	200	110	58	45	32
Quarter year	110	58	32	24	17
Month	38	20	11	9	7
Insertion	21	14	8	6	4

Special terms for smaller advertisements can be arranged.

MOMBASA HARBOUR.

High Water at Mombasa, 15th to 31st December, 1901.

—	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
A. M.	7 8	8 1	8 54	9 47	10 41	11 35	0 0	0 54	1 48	2 42	3 36	4 26	5 16	6 6	6 56	7 46	8 36
P. M.	7 32	8 25	9 18	10 11	11 5	11 59	12 28	1 21	2 14	3 7	4 0	4 50	5 40	6 30	7 20	8 10	9 0

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

THE WEATHER IN MOMBASA.

FORTNIGHT ENDING 14th DECEMBER 1901.

Temperature.

Days.	Month and Date.	Barometer.	Dry B.	Wet B.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain.
		9 a.m.	9 a.m.	9 a.m.	24 hours.	24 hours.	24 hours.
Saturday	... November 30	30.112	84	83	88	82	0.20
Sunday	... December 1	30.144	85	83	88	83	0.05
Monday	... " 2	30.144	85	83	88	83	0.00
Tuesday	... " 3	30.136	84	83	88	83	0.00
Wednesday	... " 4	30.138	84	82	88	83	0.00
Thursday	... " 5	30.132	85	82	88	84	0.13
Friday	... " 6	30.154	84	82	87	82	0.00
Saturday	... " 7	30.184	84	82.5	87	83	0.00
Sunday	... " 8	30.184	84	82.5	87	83	0.00
Monday	... " 9	30.184	84.5	82	87	83	0.00
Tuesday	... " 10	30.142	84	82	87	83	0.00
Wednesday	... " 11	30.108	84	81	87	83	0.00
Thursday	... " 12	30.108	83	81	87	82	0.00
Friday	... " 13	30.118	85	81	87	82	0.00
Saturday	... " 14	30.134	85	82	87	83	0.00
Fortnightly average.		30.142	84.3	82.1	87.2	82.5	

Total rainfall for 11 months ending 30th November 57.34 inches.

Total 0.38

Mombasa, 14th December 1901.

Statement showing value in rupees of various articles exported from Mombasa during November 1901.

Items.	Value in Rupees.						
Ivory	187,568
Rubber	5,985
Gum Copal...	814
Hides horns, &c.	6,883
Tortoise Shells	124
Grain	131
Live Stock...	42
Provisions	15
Copra	7,142

Total Rupees... 208,704

Total value of exports in November 1900.....Rs 22,117

Total increase in value „ 186,587

(Signed) H. PIDCOCK,
for Chief of Customs and Shipping.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

Statement showing value in rupees of imports made into
Mombasa from different countries during November, 1901.

COUNTRIES.	RUPEES.
EUROPE—	
United Kingdom... ..	1,31,516
Germany	42,555
Holland	20,196
France	6,062
Italy	7,361
Miscellaneous Ports of Europe	55,055
AMERICA—	
United States of America	17,538
ASIA—	
India and Burmah	90,367
AFRICA—	
African Ports	6,116
TOTAL.....	3,76,766

Statement showing number of trade packages and value in
rupees of various articles imported into Mombasa during
November 1901

ITEMS.	NUMBER OF PACKAGES.	VALUE IN RUPEES.
Piece and Trade Goods	1434	1,29,176
Grain and Flour	405	5,231
Hardware, Glassware, &c....	1150	9,682
Arms and Ammunition	48	6,450
Building materials	17423	17,087
Provisions	2702	51,362
Spirituuous liquors, Wines, &c.	1354	27,710
Tobacco	206	11,257
Live stock	5	50
Furniture, Tents, &c.	40	4,347
Sundries	686	91,233
Rice	1463	13,977
Kerosene oil...
Spices and Grocery... ..	34	1,578
Fruits and Vegetables	2504	4,977
Drugs and Chemicals	22	2,659
Coal
TOTAL.....	29,476	3,76,766

Value of trade imports in November, 1900.....Rupees 3,71,622

Total increase in value ,, 5,144

(Signed) H. PIDCOCK,
for Chief of Customs and Shipping.

ZEBRAS.

The Baron Bronsart von Sheblendorff's experiments in capturing and taming wild Zebra having proved a success he is now in a position to supply these animals at rates as quoted below, within nine months of the receipt of orders. The Zebra is quite tamable, has an extremely powerful chest with full muscular development and strong tethers; above all it is immune to the tse-tse fly and epidemics generally; in character it much resembles that of the horse, which varies according to the individuals.

Prices, according to points, character, age, sex and degree of training, as follows:

Tamed Zebras, but not broken inRs 200 to 300

Zebras tamed and broken in as per order „ 400 to 600

Photographs taken at "Trakehnen," Zebra breeding farm near Mbuguni (Kilimanjaro) can be viewed on demand.

F. J. BRONSART von SHEBLENDORFF,
for the Kilimanjaro Handels-und-Landwirtschafts
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LADIES Blouses, Garibaldies, Tea Gowns, Corsets, Hose, Suspenders, Parasols, Umbrellas, Boots, Shoes and Slippers Belts.

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Joiners and Masons Tools, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Glass and China Ware, Lamps and Glasses. Provisions H. & P. and P. & F. Biscuits and Cakes, &c.

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Up-country orders promptly attended to and transport arranged

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CLARETS.—Cheap & Medium Priced Wines (Specially Selected for the Mombasa Market).

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All in cases of 1 dozen Bottles.

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JEYES' FLUID—Is recommended for use by the highest Scientific and Medical authorities whose evidence cannot be purchased or influenced; it is the only sure preventive against Cholera Small-pox and all epidemic diseases.

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JEYES' SANITARY POWDER—Contains all the active principles of JEYES' FLUID and is the best dry disinfectant made. It is absorbent and dry and clean in use.

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MELROSE'S TEAS.

A FINE BLENDED TEA WITH A REPUTATION UNSURPASSED
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In cases of one dozen and kegs of 5
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ALSO "SPECIAL LIQUEUR WHISKY."

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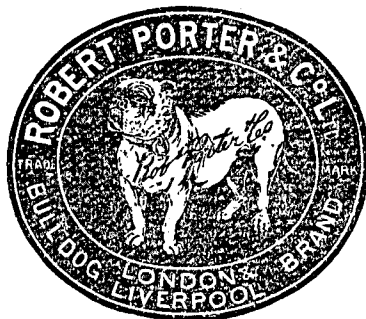
SPECIMENS ON VIEW.

AT

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.

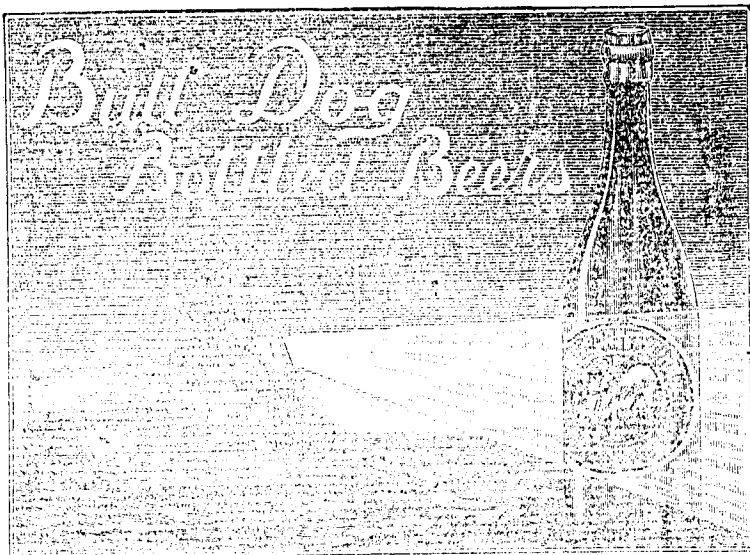


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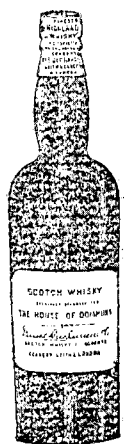
AWARDS

MELBOURNE 1880.
ADELAIDE 1881.
CALCUTTA GOLD MEDAL 1883-4.
JAMAICA 1891.
CHICAGO 1893.



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("Oriental Ale.")
Guinness' Extra Stout.

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The Popular Scotch
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D. & J. McCallum's.

"PERFECTION" WHISKY.

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE
THE FINEST SCOTCH BLEND

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**PAINTS
PAINT OILS
TURPENTINE**

ENGINE OILS, LUBRICATING OIL,
COTTON WASTE, COAL TAR,
CREOSOTE, ROOFING FELTS
BRUSHES OF ALL SORTS,
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SMITH MACKENZIE & CO.

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DISTRICT BETWEEN GUARDAFUI & CAPE DELGADO INCLUDING ZANZIBAR & PEMBA.

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CONTRACTORS TO THE BRITISH AND GERMAN NAVIES.

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A Pure Malt Whiskey—Unsurpassed for mellowness of flavour.

HIGHEST AWARDS AT

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THE ONLY MEDAL FOR PURE MALT WHISKEY AT CHICAGO 1893, AND

ONLY GOLD MEDAL FOR WHISKEY AT PARIS 1889.

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This is unequalled upon the Market and well worth the attention of consumers of this spirit.

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CAMP EQUIPMENT.

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*Bombay, Aden, Mombasa, & Zanzibar Mail Line connecting
with the Bombay & Zanzibar direct Line for Southern
Ports to Delagoa-Bay.*

A Company's steamer will leave Zanzibar three days after the due date of the mail steamers arrival from Aden and touch at the following ports Ibo, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, calling at the same ports on her return voyage.
Particulars to be had at Agents Office.

The Bombay-Seychelles-Mombasa-Zanzibar line dates
are subject to alterations.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Under arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Co., passengers proceeding to London or any other port of call of that Coy's steamers, can be booked at through rates, to be obtained from the undersigned. Passengers can also be booked for Aden only by the B. I. S. N. Co's. steamers making their own arrangements as to carrying steamer.

MAILS HOMEWARDS.

ZANZIBAR.	MOMBASA.	ADEN.	MAILS DUE IN LONDON.
LEAVE.	*ARRIVE AND LEAVE.	ARRIVE.	
Thursday 5 P.M., 24 January 21 February 21 March 18 April Friday. 17 May 14 June 12 July 9 August 6 September Thursday 3 October 31 October 28 November 26 December	Friday 25 January 22 February 22 March 19 April Saturday 18 May 15 June 13 July 10 August 7 September Friday 4 October 1 November 29 November 27 December.	Tuesday Daylight 5 February 5 March 2 April 30 April Wednesday 29 May 26 June 24 July 21 August 18 September Tuesday 15 October 12 November 10 December 1902 7 January	Sunday 17 February 17 March 14 April 12 May Monday 10 June 8 July 5 August 2 September 30 September Sunday 27 October 24 November 22 December 1902 19 January

* The departure from Mombasa may be delayed for two days at the Coy's option. In most instances however, steamers leave for Aden on the day of their arrival from Zanzibar.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Per B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer to Aden.....Rs. 280, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 187, 2ND CLASS
Do do do and thence per
P. & O. to London.....Rs. 830, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 587, 2ND CLASS
A surtax of 10 % is meantime added to the above rates.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Any claim for damage to goods must be brought to the notice of the Agents not later than three days after the landing of the steamer's cargo has been completed. No claims will be admitted unless brought to the notice of Agent within the above mentioned period.
For further particulars regarding freight and passage money apply to the undersigned.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.
AGENTS.

B.I.S.N. CO., P. & O.S.N. CO.,