



THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

OF THE

EAST AFRICA



AND UGANDA

PROTECTORATES.

Published under the authority of Her Majesty's Commissioners.

Vol. II.—No. 9.]

MOMBASA, MARCH 15, 1900.

[PRICE 3 ANNAS.]

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

The following Regulations made by Her Majesty's Commissioner and Consul-General for the East Africa Protectorate under Article 45 of "The East Africa Order-in-Council, 1897," and hereby declared to be urgent, are published for general information:—

STREET CLEANING AND LIGHTING REGULATIONS.

ARTICLE I.—Every occupier of a house or owner of an occupied house in any area to which these Regulations are applied, shall if required by the Sub-Commissioner or Collector of the district (1) keep any path or street round his house free from dirt or refuse of every kind and maintain such light from sunset to sunrise as the Sub-Commissioner may approve; or (2) he shall pay such assessment for lighting and cleaning as may be from time to time fixed by the Sub-Commissioner or Collector.

ARTICLE II.—Any "occupier" failing to comply with provisions of Article (I.) shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 200 or to imprisonment which may extend to one month or with both.

Provided that legal proceedings shall in no case be commenced unless the person proceeded against shall have first had notice from the Sub-Commissioner or Collector and a period of 14 days have elapsed from the date of such notice.

Proceedings shall in every case be taken by summons.

ARTICLE III.—(a.) "Occupier" means such person as may be living in or using a house, such house being his own property or being held or used by him as sole tenant on agreement lease or sub-lease.

Where a house is in the occupation of more tenants than one, the owner or lessor of the whole house shall be deemed to be the occupier for the purpose of these Regulations.

(b.) "House" means a building of any description whether unoccupied or used for living or any other purpose whatsoever.

ARTICLE IV.—These Regulations are hereby applied to the Island of Mombasa and may be applied to such other area or areas in the Protectorate as Her Majesty's Commissioner and Consul-General may from time to time notify in the *Government Gazette*.

ARTICLE V.—These Regulations may be cited as "The Street Cleaning and Lighting Regulations, 1900."

(Signed) ARTHUR H. HARDINGE,

H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General,

for the East Africa Protectorate.

Mombasa, February 16th, 1900.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas under Article 4 Clause 2 of the East Africa Currency Order-in-Council any coin, which in virtue of any proclamation under the aforesaid order has ceased to be legal tender, may be called in, cut, broken, and defaced under the authority of the Commissioner in accordance with such Regulations as he may make:—

And whereas by virtue of a proclamation dated the 1st of January 1899 a date was specified, after which all coins, other than those mentioned in the schedule attached to the aforesaid order, were to cease to be legal tender, and a period of 24 days assigned for their exchange, which period has long since expired:

It is hereby notified that the Commissioner has in the exercise of the powers above recited made the following Regulations.

On and after the First of April next, any coin not being a coin mentioned in the schedule attached to the Regulations, which may be tendered in payment on any account to any Government officer or servant, including in that term any person in the service of the Protectorate Administration, may be cut, broken, or defaced by the nearest Collector, Assistant Collector, or other officer appointed by such Collector or Assistant Collector for the purpose, and within the limits of the Island of Mombasa by the Treasurer or such officer of the Treasury as he may depute.

(Signed) ARTHUR H. HARDINGE,

H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

Mombasa, February 20th, 1900.

NOTICE.

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has approved the "Ukamba Woods and Forests Regulations, 1899 subject to an alteration in Article 2, which is hereby declared to be amended as follows:—

For the words "imprisonment of either description" are substituted and should be read the words "imprisonment of either kind as defined by Section 53 of the Indian Penal Code."

(Signed) ARTHUR H. HARDINGE,

H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

Nairobi, February 22nd, 1900.

NOTICE.

The rates leviable by the Conservancy upon such British subjects or British Protected persons as elect to discharge in such manner the obligations laid upon them by the Street Cleaning and Lighting Regulations 1900, shall be for the future and until further notice as follows:—

ANNUAL RENT.			MONTHLY RATE.		
			Rs.	as.	p.
24	to	60 rupees	8	0	
60	to	100 "	10	0	
100	to	150 "	12	0	
150	to	200 "	14	0	
200	to	250 "	1	0	0
250	to	400 "	1	8	0
400	to	500 "	2	0	0
500	to	600 "	2	8	0
600	to	700 "	3	0	0
700	to	900 "	3	8	0
900	to	1,200 "	4	0	0

(Signed) J. W. TRITTON,

H. M. Acting Sub-Commissioner and Consul,

Province of Seyyidieh.

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EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

The following Regulations made by Her Majesty's Commissioner under Article 45 of the East Africa Order-in-Council 1897 and hereby declared to be urgent are published for general information.

JUBALAND CANTONMENT BAZAAR REGULATIONS.

1. A radius of one and a half miles on the right bank of the river Juba, round the camp of the East Africa Rifles at Yonte is hereby declared to be a "Cantonment" in the sense in which the term is generally understood in India.

2. The senior Officer of the East Africa Rifles for the time being quartered at Yonte shall within the limits of the Cantonment exercise so far as may be practicable in view of local conditions, the powers of a Cantonment Magistrate in India, including the right of fixing from time to time as may be necessary, having reference to the price of Kismayu or elsewhere in the Province, the rates, at which food may be sold within the Cantonment; and such rates shall be made public in such manner as he may direct.

3. He shall appoint a bazaar master from among the local traders who shall be responsible to him for the maintenance of order in the bazaar, and for the quality of the food supplied there.

4. It shall be lawful for the Collector and District Officer at Kismayu with the Sanction of the Sub-Commissioner of the Province of Jubaland, to appoint should be deem it necessary a bazaar master, and to fix and publish the rates at which food shall be sold, within the town of Kismayu, in the manner prescribed in the foregoing Regulations.

Nothing in these Regulations shall be construed as taking away any powers hitherto exercised or exerciseable within the area now constituted a Cantonment by the Sub-Commissioner of the Province of Jubaland, or by the Collector and District Officer of the Kismayu and Lower Juba District.

5. Any breach of these Regulations shall be punishable in the manner prescribed in the East Africa Order-in-Council 1897.

7. These Regulations may be cited as the "Jubaland Cantonment Bazaar Regulations, 1900."

(Signed) ARTHUR H. HARDINGE,
M. H. Commissioner and Consul-General,
East Africa Protectorate.

Mombasa, March 15th, 1900.

INSTRUCTIONS TO E. A. P. OFFICIALS GOING ON LEAVE TO INDIA.

1. The Official will report his arrival to the General Agent in India whose address is 7 Colaba Causeway Bombay, and will himself give an address which will be sufficiently permanent while in India.

2. No funds can be remitted by the General Agent until a proper receipt is in his possession.

3. Remittances are entirely at the risk of the applicant.

4. Passage tickets cannot be forwarded to the Captain of a steamer for delivery on board.

5. It is notified that postal remittances from British India to Portuguese territory are liable to considerable delay.

6. Movements of steamers should be ascertained direct from their respective Agents, and the Official should see that the vessel is so timed to depart that he may return to East Africa by his proper date.

7. Passages are not granted by steamers *via* Aden.

E. BRADBRIDGE,
Treasurer.

UGANDA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

Tenders are invited for the supply of certain general stores for the Uganda Railway for the year Commencing 1st July, 1900, and ending 30th June 1901.

Full particulars can be obtained either at the Chief Engineer's Office, Nairobi, or the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Kilindini.

Tenders, which should be in sealed covers, will be opened at 12 A.M., on April 15th, 1900.

The Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any other tender.

The Chief Engineer's Office,

(Signed) G. WHITEHOUSE,

Nairobi, 1st March, 1900.

Chief Engineer, Uganda Railway.

Tenders are invited for the supply of all or any of the following Rations for the Uganda Railway for a period of one year commencing from July 1st 1900, under the following conditions.

(1). The rations required, and the approximate quantities to be supplied monthly are as follows—

Ghee	...	...	...	...	...	26	Tons.
Dhall	...	...	...	...	...	69½	"
Chillies	...	...	...	...	...	3	"
Salt	...	...	...	...	...	11½	"
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	200	"
Rice Superior	...	...	...	...	...	25	"
Atta	...	...	...	...	...	415	"
Gram	...	...	...	...	...	25	"
Lime Juice	...	...	...	...	...	10	Barrels.
Gunny Bags 60lb	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	
Gunny Bags (flour) quantity small but uncertain.							

(2). The quantities given are as nearly as can be estimated what will be required for one month, but they can be either increased or decreased as may be deemed necessary by the Chief Engineer. Notice of alterations of the quantities required any month will be given three weeks in advance.

(3). The rations are to be supplied in quantities as required within seven days of the date of the order, and delivered in good condition at Kilindini Ration Sheds at the sole risk and expense of the Contractor,

(4). The rations are to be of good and approved quality and payment is to be made upon the actual net weight or quantity received, the decision of the Chief Engineer or his agent in India upon any question that may arise to be binding and final.

(5). The Contractor is to always keep a stock sufficient for one month's supply; and in the event of his not complying with this condition, or failing to supply the necessary quantities of rations required, or if the quality is unsatisfactory the Chief Engineer is at liberty to procure the rations elsewhere and the Contractor shall bear any extra expense incurred by his so doing.

(6). All orders for rations up to the limits given above will be made out on printed forms and signed by the Commissariat Officer.

A priced Invoice must be sent with each delivery of stores; and the signature of a responsible employee of the Railway must be obtained before the delivery is considered as complete.

(7). The Chief Engineer is at liberty to accept a tender for the whole or any part of the rations required, but the lowest or any tender need not necessarily be accepted.

(8). The Contractor is required to enter into a bond of Rs. 10,000 for the due and proper completion of this Contract.

(9). Tenders to reach the Chief Engineer at Nairobi East Africa not later than April 15th, 1900.

G. WHITEHOUSE,

Chief Engineer, Uganda Railway.

NOTICE.

On and from the 25th instant, no credit will be given or cheques received in payment of accounts in the Dak Bungalows on the Uganda Railway.

By Order,

A. E. CRUICKSHANK,

Traffic Manager's Office,

Nairobi, dated 21st February, 1900.

Traffic Manager.

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Reuter's Telegrams.

MARCH 1ST.—In Natal serious fighting continues. The Inniskillings lost heavily in a night attack last Saturday, and on Sunday an armistice was agreed on to bury the dead.

Buller telegraphs from his headquarters at Hlangwani Plain on the 28th ultimo that on the 27th Barton's Brigade assaulted and carried the heights on Pieters Hill, thus to a certain extent turning the enemy's left.

The 4th and 11th Brigades over which General Warren is in supreme command assailed the enemy's main position, which was magnificently carried at sunset by the South Lancashires; 60 prisoners were taken and the enemy were scattered in all directions.

MARCH 2ND.—A despatch from General Buller dated the 1st states that Dundonald with the Natal Carabineers and a composite regiment entered Ladysmith last night, also that the country between his force and Ladysmith is reported to be clear of the enemy and that he is moving on Nelthorpe.

Lord Roberts wires from Paardeberg that General Clements reports that he yesterday occupied Colesberg, was enthusiastically welcomed and secured some ammunition belonging to the rebels.

General Buller cables from Nelthorpe 5-0 p.m., on Thursday that he has just returned from Ladysmith and with the exception of a small rear guard to the North of Surprise Hill all the besiegers have retired in hot haste southwards from the country. Ladysmith is quite clear of the enemy: the Garrison require a little nursing before being fit for the field.

Lord Lansdowne has announced in the House of Lords that 38,800 troops sail in March for the Cape and 17,800 in April.

The Army Estimates total £61,499,400, bringing the standing Army up to 430,000 men.

MARCH 3RD.—The correspondents at Paardeberg wire that our scouts are in touch with the enemy to the East and that the latter are believed to be some 7,000 strong.

The Government have telegraphed Australia requesting 2,500 more mounted troops. The Premiers are considering the matter.

Lords Roberts and Kitchener arrived yesterday morning in Kimberley; they leave again to-day.

A party of Boers is active to the North-west of Kimberley, destroying and looting. Another party is shelling Barkly West.

General Barton was wounded on the 27th ultimo.

Sir M. Hicks Beach will introduce the Budget next Monday, a month earlier than usual.

General Buller telegraphing from Ladysmith on the 2nd states that the defeat of the Boers is more complete than he dared to anticipate; the whole district is completely clear.

MARCH 5TH.—General Gatacre reconnoitred in force Stormberg on the 2nd and shelled the enemy's Laagers, who replied with 2 guns, which were located.

From Colesberg all the Boers have returned to the Free State.

Reuter's Agent at Dordrecht telegraphing on Sunday states that Brabant's Colonial Division is now attacking the Boers who hold a strong position at Lubuschagies Nek.

Kruger has gone to the Free State, it is believed, to consult Steyn regarding peace proposals.

A cablegram from Leyds has been published in America to the effect that the Boers want peace but insist on independence.

MARCH 6TH.—Her Majesty has abandoned her trip to Bordighera, deciding to remain in England during the present juncture.

Later news from Dordrecht advises that Brabant has occupied the Boer position and has repulsed with heavy loss a determined attack on the enemy's part to retake it. The British loss was 6 killed and 15 wounded.

The Budget to meet the War expenditure of 60 millions increases the Income Tax by 4 pence in the £ sterling, the Tax on Beer by a shilling per barrel.

On Spirits	by 6 pence per gallon.
" Tobacco	" 4 " " pound.
" Cigars	" 6 " " "
" Tea	" 2 " " "

It also extends the Stamp Duties now in force on transactions in the Stock Exchange to Produce Sales.

The Sinking Fund is suspended, also certain annuities next year.

The balance of 35 millions required is to be raised by means of a Loan.

MARCH 7TH.—The House of Commons have adopted the Budget Resolutions relating to the additional duties.

The Boers evacuated Stormberg on the 4th.

Reuter's Agent at Dordrecht wiring on the 5th inst. states that "Brabant secured a complete victory over the Boers, the latter are in full retreat and are being pursued."

Reuter's Agent at Sterkstroom telegraphs on the 5th inst. that Gatacre entered Stormberg unopposed.

Reuter's Agent at Ofontein wiring on the 3rd advises that General French's artillery shelled the right of the Boer position on the North side of the river.

A strong force is marching from Kimberley to the relief of Mafeking.

The Boers stubbornly resisted Brabant's attack on the 4th and 5th, then suddenly retreated removing their guns and waggons. The British casualties were 30.

General Buller reports that Natal is now practically clear of the enemy.

The Australian Premiers have cabled Chamberlain that they will heartily cooperate in raising the new Imperial force and advise that the Bushmen's Corps is expected to be ready in about 5 weeks.

There are 800 cases of typhoid in Ladysmith.

The House of Commons have approved of the raising of a Loan of £35,000,000 by 161 to 26.

Four deaths from plague have occurred in Sydney.

MARCH 8TH.—Reuter's Agent in Cape Town telegraphs on the 6th that the Districts of Prieska and Kenhardt have proclaimed themselves Free State territory; nearly the whole Dutch population is in rebellion and the movement is spreading to Victoria West, Franschburg and other districts. It is estimated that the rebels number about 3,000.

Lord Roberts telegraphs from Oosfontein on the 7th that to-day he has attacked the enemy who occupied a position four miles North of the Modder River and eleven miles South. The Cavalry Division succeeded in turning their flank and the enemy is now in full retreat Northward and Eastward closely pursued by Cavalry, Horse Artillery and Mounted Infantry. Tucker's and Colville's Divisions of the Guards Brigade are moving across the river at Poppo's Drift to meet the flying Boers.

Her Majesty has decided to visit Ireland in April and will stay at the Viceregal Lodge.

By an Army Order published on the evening of the 7th Her Majesty orders all ranks of Irish Regiments henceforth to wear as a distinction on St. Patrick's day a sprig of shamrock in their head dress in order to commemorate their gallantry in recent battles.

Lord Roberts wiring from Oosfontein on the evening of the 7th states that our forces have been very successful to-day. The enemy has been completely routed and is in full retreat.

MARCH 9TH.—It is reported that the British occupied Burghersdorp yesterday unopposed.

General Roberts telegraphs from Poplar Grove on the 8th that Kelly-Kenny's Division of Infantry with two Cavalry Brigades and also Horse Artillery marched 10 miles Eastwards. General Gatacre occupied Burghersdorp. General Clements occupied N. rvalsfontein and found that the bridge had been blown up on the 6th. The enemy are holding the North bank of the river but in no great force.

MARCH 10TH.—Reuter's Agent at Achetan telegraphing on the 8th states that General Clements moved his main Camp 6 miles nearer the river to Vanzyls Siding. The Boers have completely withdrawn to the Free State.

Reuter's Agent at Cape Town telegraphs that troops have been dispatched to the disaffected districts in the North West.

General Roberts telegraphs from Poplar Grove early this morning that both Kruger and Steyn were present at the fight on the 7th inst. and did their best to rally the Boers. The rout however was complete, the Boers declaring that they are unable to withstand the British Artillery together with such a formidable Cavalry force.

MARCH 12TH.—Boer reports from Pretoria state that 12,000 British are threatening their position from the direction of Helpanakaar.

Sir George White has arrived at Pietermaritzburg.

The Second Edition of the *Times* states that reports from Ladysmith are to the effect that the Boers are entreaching near Biggarsberg in order to guard the Western passes of the Drakensberg Mountains.

Various reports go to prove that the Transvaal are taking some action in favour of peace. As however the independence of the two Republics is demanded, little is expected from the negotiations.

Brabant occupied Jamestown.

Kitchener has gone to Victoria Road to organize the advance of troops into the rebellious districts round Griqualand.

General White had a splendid reception at Pietermaritzburg. The crowd unharnessed his horses and dragged the carriage to Government House. General White is weak and feverish.

Her Majesty returned to Windsor after reviewing 2,000 guardsmen who are about to sail for Africa.

Broadwood's Brigade when advancing on Bloemfontein on the 10th unexpectedly found the enemy posted in a strong position on the Driefontein Kopjes. Kelly-Kenny's Division arrived and sharp fighting took place. The Cavalry turned the position and the Boers were dislodged from the centre Kopje. They tenaciously hung on to the rest of the position. 40 prisoners were taken and a number of Boers killed. Our force moves forward to-day.

Lord Roberts telegraphs from Priesfontein on the 11th that the enemy gave considerable trouble throughout yesterday's march, but owing to the admirable conduct of our troops they were unable to prevent us reaching our destination. The brunt of the fighting fell on Kelly-Kenny's Division. The Welch and Essex Regiments dislodged the Boers from two strong positions at the point of the bayonet. The Boers suffered heavily, leaving 102 dead and 20 prisoners.

MARCH 13TH.—Large numbers of rebels are surrendering at Ladygrey, Herschel, and Aliwal North.

It is reported that thousand of rebels contemplate surrendering to Brabant.

The Boers on the Cape border are in serious straits.

The Daily News correspondent at Aasvogelkop telegraphing on the evening of the 11th states that Lord Roberts continued his march Eastward to-day, saw no Boers and is now 25 miles from Bloemfontein.

General Gatacre arrived close to Bethulie and found the Railway bridge partly destroyed and the enemy holding the opposite bank.

Lord Roberts telegraphs from Aasvogelkop on the 12th that his march yesterday was unopposed.

Reuter's Agent at Ventersvlei telegraphing on the evening of the 12th states that the British force marched rapidly here and is now 15 miles from Bloemfontein, having turned the enemy's position on Kopjes. The enemy's force consisted of 12,000 men and 18 guns.

The Transvaal has appealed to Germany asking her either to mediate or intervene. Germany has replied declining to interfere, as she does not consider that she is in any way concerned in the conflict.

The War Loan has been covered twenty times over.

MARCH 14TH.—Lord Roberts telegraphing from Ventersvlei at 5-0 P.M. on the 13th states that yesterday the troops were unopposed on the march and that he directed General French, should there be time before dark, to seize the Bloemfontein station and secure the rolling stock. General French reported at mid-night that he had occupied the two hills close to the station and commanding the town after considerable opposition. Mr. Steyn's brother is a prisoner, the telegraph line to the north is cut and the Railway damaged. General Roberts is now starting with the 3rd Cavalry Brigade and the Mounted Infantry to re-inforce French. The rest of the troops followed quickly.

Kruger and Steyn besides addressing Lord Salisbury have applied direct for mediation or intervention to the Great Powers. America, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland have promptly and emphatically refused to entertain and it is thought that the action of Germany is likely to prevent any other nation entertaining the idea of mediation.

Lord Salisbury replying to the communication received from Kruger and Steyn states that H. M. Government can only answer their Honours' telegram by saying that they are not prepared to assent to the independence of either the Transvaal or the Free State.

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Local News.

On March 1st, s. s. *Safari* arrived and left with Lieut. Cape, Uganda Rifles,

On March 5th, s. s. *Reichstag* arrived and left with Major Cooper, Uganda Rifles.

On March 8th, s. s. *Woodcock* arrived with Mr. W. M. Griess, Uganda Railway.

On March 11th, s. s. *Woodcock* left for Kismayu, Capt. Pidcock being on board.

On March 12th, s. s. *Admiral* arrived and left with Dr. Haran, East Africa Protectorate, and Mr. C. G. Farquhar, Dr. Rose and Mr. Cross of the Uganda Railway.

As is usual at this season fever has been very prevalent in Mombasa during the last month and a large percentage of the European Officials and residents have suffered more or less severely from its attacks,

Plague has appeared at Aden.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE APPOINTMENT.

Mr H. R. Tate has been appointed Acting Superintendent of Govt. Transport to date from March 1st.

IN THE COURT OF THE EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE AT MOMBASA.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 1 OF 1900.

NOTICE OF GRANT OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE DOSAJEE AMIJEE KHAMBALIA

Pursuant to an order of the East Africa Protectorate Court at Mombasa, granting Letters of Administration in the Estate of the late DOSSAJEE AMIJEE KHAMBALIA of Vanga, deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about two years ago, all creditors and others having claims upon the estate of the above-named deceased are required to send in writing the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands, to Moosajee Amijee Khambalia at Vanga, one of the executors named in the Will, on or before the 15th day of April 1900.

Mombasa, 15th February, 1900.

R. B. P. CATOR,

H. M. Judge, E. A. P.

IN RE H. E. H. CAINE, INSOLVENT.

All claims on the Estate should be submitted prior to the 31st proximo. Similarly all assets of the Estate should be handed to the undersigned and not to the debtor.

Nairobi, 17th February, 1900.

T. GILKISON,

Receiver of the Estate.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, and to all who may at any time have stored private effects with Messrs. Smith Mackenzie and Co., Mombasa, that all goods not claimed and cleared from their premises by 30th April, 1900, will be sold by public auction to defray expenses.

Mombasa, February 1st, 1900.

MOMBASA HARBOUR.

High Water at Mombasa, 15th to 31st March, 1900.

MARCH.	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
A. M.	2 45	3 36	4 27	5 18	6 09	7 00	7 49	8 45	9 36	10 21	11 11	12 01	1 21	2 14	3 05	3 56	4 21
P. M.	3 12	4 04	4 51	5 38	6 24	7 10	8 01	8 45	9 36	10 21	11 11	12 01	1 21	2 14	3 05	3 56	4 21

Messrs. D. LEO & Co.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Undertake photographic developing, and all kinds of Photographic work at very moderate rates.

Amateurs supplied with all kinds of chemicals at moderate rates.

TERMS ON APPLICATION.

Messrs. D. LEO & Co.

MAIN STREET, NDIKUU.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

Statement showing value in rupees of imports made into Mombasa from different countries during February, 1900.

COUNTRIES.	RUPEES.
EUROPE—	
United Kingdom...	92,740
Germany ...	56,300
France ...	3,660
Holland ...	.....
Italy ...	2,260
Miscellaneous Ports of Europe ...	29,740
AMERICA—	
United States of America ...	16,260
ASIA—	
India and Burmah ...	2,02,660
AFRICA—	
African Ports ...	24,520
TOTAL.....	4,28,140

Statement showing number of trade packages and value in rupees of various articles imported into Mombasa during February, 1900.

ITEMS.	NUMBER OF PACKAGES.	VALUE IN RUPEES.
Iron and Trade Goods ...	612	69,380
Grain and Flour ...	1,099	21,100
Hardware, Glassware, &c. ...	665	17,760
Arms and Ammunition ...	35	3,340
Building materials ...	590	17,300
Provisions ...	3,841	97,280
Spirituous liquors, Wines, &c, ...	947	18,880
Tobacco ...	266	10,340
Live stock ...	640	5,940
Furniture ...	286	4,100
Sundries ...	1,682	41,730
Rice ...	10,450	98,240
Kerosine oil... ..	1,595	6,940
Spices and Grocery... ..	207	4,420
Fruits and Vegetables (Onions, Potatoes) ...	2,294	6,640
Drugs and Chemicals ...	24	1,780
TOTAL.....	25,233	4,28,140

Value of trade imports in February, 1900.....6,38,420

Total decrease in value2,10,280

A. MARSDEN,
Chief of Customs and Shipping.

SHIPPING REPORT.

SHIPPING REPORT.

Mombasa Harbour.

MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1900.

NAME OF VESSEL.	CAPTAIN.	Gross Tons.	CARGO.	NATIONALITY.	To whom Consigned.	FROM.	DATE.		BOUND TO.
							Arrival.	Departure.	
S. S. Juba.	Wilson.	596	General.	British.	Protectorate.	Zanzibar.	February 2	February 3	Bombay.
" Setos.	Carsson.	1835	do.	German.	H. & Co. D. O. A. L.	Bombay.	" 6	" 6	Zanzibar.
" Woodcock.	Leard.	330	do.	British.	Protectorate.	Zanzibar.	" 7	" 8	Wassien.
" Barawa.	Jaffer.	330	do.	Zanzibar.	Dewjee Jamal & Co.	"	" 8	" 9	Kismayu.
" Bandesrath.	Wisslam.	2981	do.	German.	H. & Co. D. O. A. L.	"	" 10	" 10	Hamburg.
" Canara.	Acheson.	1902	do.	British.	S. M. & Co.	Bombay.	" 13	" 14	Zanzibar.
" Soderhamn.	Kelwebek.	1105	do.	German.	H. & Co. D. O. A. L.	Hamburg.	" 15	" 16	Do.
" General.	Gedde.	2331	do.	"	"	Zanzibar.	" 17	" 17	Hamburg.
" Kaiser.	Elson.	2721	do.	"	"	Hamburg.	" 20	" 20	Zanzibar.
" Nevasa.	Jacob.	2933	Rice.	British.	S. M. & Co.	(Rangoon) via Z.	" 22	" 23	Still in harbour.
" Canara.	Acheson.	1902	General.	"	"	Zanzibar.	" 23	" 23	Bombay.
" Woodcock.	Leard.	330	do.	"	Protectorate.	Kismayu	" 25	" 25	Zanzibar.
" Barawa.	Jaffer.	330	do.	Zanzibar.	Dewjee Jamal & Co.	Zanzibar.	" 26	" 27	Do.
" Setos.	Carsson.	1835	do.	German.	H. & Co. D. O. A. L.	Benadir & K.	" 27	" 28	Bombay.

Kilindini Harbour.

S. S. Alala.	Smith.	3217	General.	British.	Uganda Railway.	Cardiff.	January 13	February 6	Columbo.
" Nuddee.	Willis.	3005	"	"	S. M. & Co.	Bombay.	February 8	" 11	Zanzibar.
" "	"	3005	"	"	"	Zanzibar.	" 13	" 15	Karachi.
" "ton.	Gimblett.	1903	"	"	"	Bombay.	" 23	" 24	Zanzibar.
" Fororic.	White.	3987	"	"	Uganda Railway.	Cardiff.	" 24	"	Still in Harbour.

H. PIDCOCK,

Port Officer.

March 15, 1900.

THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.,

LLOYD'S AGENTS

DISTRICT BETWEEN GUARDAFUI & CAPE DELGADO INCLUDING ZANZIBAR & PEMBA.

AGENTS FOR

Messrs. CORY BROS. & Co. Ltd., BEST WELSH COAL (Myrthyr)
CONTRACTORS TO THE BRITISH AND GERMAN NAVIES.
AFRICAN LAKES CORPORATION LIMITED.

"JEYES' FLUID" (NON-POISONOUS) AND JEYES' SANITARY POWDERS

are the best and most reliable disinfectant in the market.

JEYES' FLUID—is recommended for use by the highest Scientific and Medical authorities whose evidence cannot be purchased or influenced; it is the only sure preventive against Cholera, small-pox and all epidemic diseases.

Prize Medals

"JEYES'
FLUID"

and
Other Awards.

THE BEST
DISINFECTANT.

JEYES' SANITARY POWDER—Contains all the active principles of JEYES' FLUID and is the best dry disinfectant made. It is absorbent and dry and clean in use.

JEYES' VETERINARY OINTMENT—Containing 20% of JEYES' FLUID. It will cure Skin Diseases, Ring-worm, Itch etc., is non-poisonous and more efficient than any other ointment in the market.

JEYES' HOUSEHOLD (white) SOAP & DISINFECTANT (brown) SOAP—Are unequalled for cheapness in use. TRY ALSO THE TOILET SOAPS.

PUNJAB EXHIBITION 1893-94.

Diploma for Excellence of Exhibit awarded.

VICKERS' OILS.

Quality Reliable.

MARINE ENGINE OILS, CYLINDER OIL, COLA LAMP OILS, MACHINE OILS,

RAW OIL, BOILED OIL, GENUINE TURPENTINE, COTTON WASTE,

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"EMPIRE" SHEEP & CATTLE DIP &c. &c. &c.

From BEN JN. R. VICKERS & SONS.
LEEDS.

James Buchanan & Co.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

Specially selected for the House of Commons.

In cases of one dozen and kegs of 5 gallons.

TENTS
JOHN EDGINGTON & Co.
Established 1805.



TENTS.

Specially manufactured from the patent green rot-proof and waterproof canvas for use in Africa.

Camp Furniture Canteens, Lunchcon, Laskets, Hammocks, and other necessities for Travellers and Sportsmen.

A large and varied stock on hand.

OF WORLD WIDE FAME

TEACHEFS' VERY OLD

HIGHLAND CREAM.

THE PERFECTION OF OLD WHISKY

In cases of one dozen and kegs of 5 gallons.

Wm. TEACHER & SONS.

Messrs. JADOO & Co., Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS FOR ALL THE ABOVE

SMITH MACKENZIE & COMPANY, Mombasa and Zanzibar.

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SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR.

McCallum's—Perfection Whiskey Guaranteed 20 years old.

Bushmills—Fine, Genuine Old Irish.

Canadian Club Whiskey—The only Rye Whiskey which has attained any reputation.

"Glenfarg"—The Pearl of Scottish Whiskies.

Cognac—C. & F. Boudeau & Co., A good wholesome spirit

Wrexham—Lager Beer, Club Brand.

Robert Porter & Co Ltd.—Bull Dog Ale, Stout & Ginger Ale.

CUTLER PALMER & Co. Large stock of all their well known wines and spirits always on hand.

Ærator Ltd.—Sparklet Bottles and Sparklets always on hand. Spare fittings for Bottles.

Fruit powders, Tonic, Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry, Black currant.

Sparklene, a new and refreshing Beverage.

MELROSE TEA—A fine blended tea with a reputation unsurpassed for over a century.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co have always on hand large stocks of Tents, Camp furniture of all descriptions, Green rot proof Canvas, Hessian cloth for loads, Matches, Paints, Oils, and Turpentine, Servants' Tents.

Saddles, Arms and Ammunition, stencil plates, ink, and brushes, Zanzibar Soda water, Ginger Ale and Ginger beer.

FILTERS.

Berkefeld and Pasteur.

Earthenware Enamelled Pump.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.,

MOMBASA.

BOUSTEAD RIDLEY & Co.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS and TRANSPORT AGENTS.

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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS—BOUSTEAD, MOMBASA, NAIROBI, & ZANZIBAR.

SPORTING & EXPLORING CARAVANS EQUIPPED.

Up-country orders promptly attended to and transport arranged.

Indents Executed for all kinds of Merchandise.

Special Manchester, American, German, and Austrian Correspondents.

BUYERS OF RUBBER, GOATSKIN, AND ALL KINDS OF EAST AFRICA & UGANDA PRODUCE.

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GRINDLAY GROOM & Co. } AGENTS.	" VARIOUS IRON.
THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE Co., LD.	" BENJAMIN EDGINGTON'S TENTS.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.	" SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.
Messrs. E. & J. BURKE, LD. (STOUT, ALE, &c., &c.)	" LEWIS BERGER & SONS, OILS & COLOURS.
" J. WALKER & SON'S WHISKY.	" BLANKENHEYM & NOLET'S GINS.
" D. CRAWFORD & SON'S WHISKY.	" HUMER & Co's. BICYCLES.
" MOSES RISK'S & SON'S WHISKY.	" THE SURREY SEED Co. REDHILL ENGLAND.
" G. DUNVILLES & Co's. H. M. S. WHISKY.	" THE AEROMOTOR Co. CHICAGO.
" ADET SEWARD & Co's. CLARETS &	" THE WESTERN DAIRY Co. (BOMBAY
" BRANDIES ("BEEHIVE.")	" BUTTER).
	" TENNANT & Co's. PILSENER BEER.

Proprietors of

The Mombasa Stores.

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COLOMBO:—PRICE BOUSTEAD & Co., AND BOUSTEAD BROS.

SEYCHELLES:—BOUSTEAD SONS & Co., MAHE.

VIENNA:—JOS. JAFF & SOHN.

ZANZIBAR:—BOUSTEAD, RIDLEY & Co.

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THE MOMBASA STORES.

Suppliers

of

Provisions, and every description of Stores
required on Safari and by up-country residents

Chop-boxes a speciality by experienced packers.

Arms & Ammunition of every kind always in stock.

Mannlicher, Mauser, Lee-Metford, Shot guns, &c., &c.

Chemist and Drug Department under a fully qualified Pharmacist.

Prescriptions carefully made up.

Patent medicines stocked.

Sporting & exploring caravans fully equipped with all camp and safari requisites.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO AND TRANSPORT ARRANGED.

Fresh Provisions and liquors of all kinds received by every Mail.

Proprietors.—BOUSTEAD RIDLEY & Co.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

DE FRANCE.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

The steamers of this line leave Zanzibar on the
26th of every month taking cargo and passengers for
Djibouti, Suez, Port Said, and Marseilles, and on the
28th of each month leave Zanzibar for all Madagascar
and Mauritius Ports.

A certain number of well situated cabins are
always strictly reserved for Mombasa requirements.

CORRESPONDENTS:—

BOUSTEAD RIDLEY & Co.,
MOMBASA.

British India Steam Navigation Company Ltd.

MANAGING AGENTS IN INDIA:—

MESSRS. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
CALCUTTA.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY:—

MESSRS. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO

*Bombay, Aden, Mombasa, & Zanzibar Mail Line connecting
with the Bombay & Zanzibar direct Line for Southern
Ports to Delagoa-Bay.*

(The running of steamers from Zanzibar to Delagoa-Bay is suspended for the present.)

The Bombay-Seychelles-Mombasa-Zanzibar line dates
are subject to alterations.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Under arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Co., passengers proceeding to London or any other port of call of that Coy's steamers, can be booked at through rates, to be obtained from the undersigned. Passengers can also be booked for Aden only by the B. I. S. N. Co's. steamers making their own arrangements as to on carrying steamer.

MAILS HOMEWARDS.

ZANZIBAR.	MOMBASA.	ADEN.	MAILS DUE IN LONDON.
LEAVE.	*ARRIVE AND LEAVE.	ARRIVE.	
Thursday 5 P.M., 25 January 22 February 22 March 19 April Friday. 18 May 15 June 13 July 10 August 7 September Thursday 4 October 1 November 29 November 27 December	Friday 26 January 23 February 23 March 20 April Saturday 19 May 16 June 14 July 11 August 8 September Friday 5 October 2 November 30 November 28 December.	Tuesday Daylight 6 February 6 March 3 April 1 May Wednesday 30 May 27 June 25 July 22 August 19 September Tuesday 16 October 13 November 11 December 1901 6 January	Sunday 18 February 18 March 15 April 13 May Monday. 11 June 9 July 6 August 3 September 1 October Sunday 28 October 25 November 23 December 1901 20 January

* The departure from Mombasa may be delayed for two days at the Coy's option. In most instances however, steamers leave for Aden on the day of their arrival from Zanzibar.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Per B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer to Aden.....Rs. 280, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 187, 2ND CLASS
Do. do. do. and thence per
P. & O. to London.....Rs. 830, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 587, 2ND CLASS

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Any claim for damage to goods must be brought to the notice of the Agents not later than three days after the landing of the steamer's cargo has been completed. No claims will be admitted unless brought to the notice of Agents within the above mentioned period.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage money apply to the undersigned.

SMITH MACKENZIE & Co.
AGENTS.

B.I.S.N. CO., P. & O.S.N. CO.,