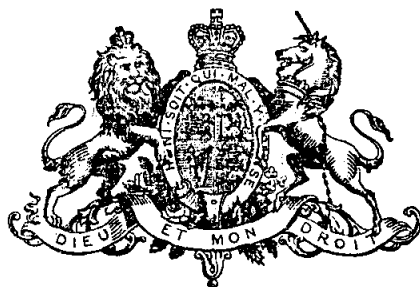


THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE

EAST AFRICA



AND UGANDA

PROTECTORATES.

Published under the authority of His Majesty's Commissioners.

Vol. IV.—No. 75.]

MOMBASA, DECEMBER 15, 1902.

[PRICE 3 ANNAS.]

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

HIS MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF EAST AFRICA

Rules made by the High Court with the approval of His Majesty's Commissioner under Article 20 of the East Africa Order in Council 1902.

No. 1 of 1902.

Court Fees.

1. The fees specified in the Schedule hereto annexed shall henceforth be levied in respect of the several proceedings mentioned therein.

2. These Rules may be cited as "The East Africa Court Fees Rules, 1902."

R. B. P. CATOR,

R. W. HAMILTON,

Judges of the High Court.

Mombasa, December 2nd, 1902.

Approved :

C. ELIOT,

His Majesty's Commissioner.

SCHEDULE.

SCALE OF FEES TO BE LEVIED IN HIS MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF EAST AFRICA.

I.—CIVIL.

	Rs.	s.	d.
1. For taking particulars of plaint
2. In all suits unless otherwise specified—
Where the amount involved is—			
(a.) Not exceeding ten rupees.
(b.) Not exceeding 50
(c.) Exceeding 50 rupees and not exceeding 100 rupees

(d.) Exceeding 100 rupees

{ An additional fee of 2 rupees for every 100 rupees or part thereof up to 1,000 rupees, and an additional fee of 1 rupee for every 100 rupees in excess of 1,000 rupees. The whole fee levied not to exceed 1,000 rupees.

	Rs. a p.
3. On submission of special case, to include hearing... ..	30 0 0
4. In every suit where it is impossible to estimate the subject-matter at a money value, and with regard to which no special fee is prescribed, unless in any class of cases the Judge otherwise orders	10 0 0
Provided that in every case where by reason of any finding or order of the Court a declaration of ownership of any money or property is made, an <i>ad valorem</i> fee at the same rate as in fee 2 shall at once become payable, less the fee already paid.	
5. In a suit for arrears of rent by landlord against tenant { An <i>ad valorem</i> fee of 5 per cent. on the yearly rental of the property in addition to the fee leviable for recovery of rent under fee 2.	
	Rs. a p.
6. On every interlocutory application, including the filing of an affidavit in support ...	3 0 0
7. On every order made thereon	2 0 0
8. On application for a mandamus or final prohibitory injunction unless the Judge otherwise orders	50 0 0
9. On every summons, motion, application or demand taken out, made or filed (not particularly charged)	5 0 0
10. On every decree or order (not particularly charged)	2 8 0
11. On order of adjournment of hearing rendered necessary } Such sum as the Judge may by default of either party (to be paid by that party) } order, not exceeding	10 0 0
12. On every warrant of execution against goods—	
(a.) For less than 100 rupees	2 0 0
(b.) For 100 rupees and not exceeding 500 rupees	5 0 0
(c.) For 500 rupees and not exceeding 1,000 rupees	10 0 0
(d.) For 1,000 rupees and upwards.	20 0 0
To include keeping possession for 15 days unless the Court otherwise order	
13. On taking or passing an account by an officer of the Court, otherwise than in Court, unless the Judge otherwise orders	10 0 0
And in addition for every hour or part thereof after the first	5 0 0

II.—CRIMINAL.

14. On every summons or warrant issued at the instance of a private individual unless specially directed by the Court to be issued free of charge	2 0 0
15. For service—	
(a.) Within 2 miles (English) of the Court issuing the same	1 0 0
(b.) Beyond that distance	{ Such fees as will cover the cost of service, but not less than 2 rupees.
	Rs. a p.
16. On hearing unless specially directed by the Court to be free	2 0 0
17. On warrant of commitment	1 0 0
18. On every recognizance or bail bond	1 0 0
19. On any proceedings taken at the instance of private individuals in respect of offences under Chapter XXI of the Indian Penal Code fees shall be charged as far as possible upon the same scale as in a civil action for damages unless the Judge otherwise orders.	

III.—PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

20. On application for probate or administration	15 0 0
21. On oath for every executor, administrator, or surety	7 8 0
22. On every security	15 0 0

Provided that the sum levied in respect of fees 20, 21, and 22, shall not in the aggregate exceed 5 per cent. of the net value of the estate.

23. On probate or administration in the Protectorate	{ The like sum as was payable in England for stamp duty under section 27 of the Act 44 Vict., cap. 12, in like cases.
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Provided that where the Judge shall be satisfied that estate duty under "The Finance Act, 1894" (57 & 58 Vict., cap. 30), or under "The Finance Act, 1896" (59 & 60 Vict., cap. 28), or any Act amending the same, has been paid in the United Kingdom in respect of property passing on the death of the deceased situate at any place within the jurisdiction of the Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to repay to the legal personal representative the amount paid in respect of that property on obtaining probate or administration.

	Rs. a p.
24. On filing account	10 0 0
25. On passing account	15 0 0
26. In the case of estates of less than 1,500 rupees gross value, in (5 per cent. on gross value of the place of fees Nos. 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25) estate, not exceeding 50 rupees.	
	Rs. a p.
27. On lodging a caveat	5 0 0
28. Where the Court itself winds up an estate or grants Probate or Administration to the Administrator-General of the Protectorate in his official capacity, a fee shall be charged at the rate of 2½ per cent. upon the total amount realized and 2½ per cent. upon the total amount distributed.	

IV.—BANKRUPTCY AND LIQUIDATION BY ARRANGEMENT OR COMPOSITION.

	Rs.	a.	p.
29. On declaration by a debtor of inability to pay his debts	4	0	0
30. On application under Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure	4	0	0
31. On bankruptcy petition	80	0	0
32. On petition for arrangement or composition	15	0	0
33. On order of adjudication	15	0	0
34. On meeting or adjournment of meeting	15	0	0
35. On order of discharge	30	0	0
36. On notice to creditors (each)	0	4	0
37. On preparing advertisement	4	0	0

Provided that if, on account of the small value of the estate, the Judge thinks fit to reduce any of the above fees (numbered 29 to 37), he may do so.

V.—MISCELLANEOUS.

38. For service of summons, petition, answer, motion-paper, notice, warrant, decree, order, or other document on a party, witness, assessors, or other person under any branch whatever of the civil jurisdiction—			
(a.) Within 2 miles (English) of the Court issuing the same	1	0	0
(b.) Beyond that distance	<div> <div>Such fees as will cover the cost of service, but not less than 2 rupees.</div> </div>		
39. On the issue of every witness summons	1	0	0
40. For attending to view, in addition to all expenses incurred, unless the Judge otherwise orders	10	0	0
41. On taxation of any bill of costs, for every ten folios	5	0	0
42. On deposit of any document	15	0	0
43. For taking an affidavit	1	0	0
44. For every exhibit	0	8	0
45. For attending to administer an oath or affirmation, or to take a declaration elsewhere than at the offices of the Court, in addition to the ordinary fee thereon ...	5	0	0
46. On every deposition taken by the Judge before trial	5	0	0
47. On evidence taken on commission—			
(a.) To be charged by the officer taking the evidence	10	0	0
(b.) And in addition for every hour or part thereof after the first.	5	0	0
48. On balances of estates of deceased persons paid into Court	<div> <div>2½ per cent. on the amount or value up to 1,000 rupees and 1 per cent. above, in no case exceeding a total fee of 50 rupees.</div> </div>		
49. For superintending or taking an inventory			
50. On deposit of any money or valuables in Court			
51. On payment of money into Court in an action	<div> <div>1 per cent. not exceeding a total fee of 25 rupees.</div> </div>		
52. On filing in the High Court any document for the filing whereof no other special fee is prescribed under the present Schedule	2	0	0
53. On filing in any Court, other than the High Court, any document for the filing whereof no other special fee is prescribed under the present Schedule.	1	0	0
54. For certifying signature or seal	4	0	0
55. For attendance of an officer of the Court at a sale	10	0	0
And in addition for every hour or part thereof after the first	5	0	0
56. On reference to the archives	2	0	0
57. For certified copy of any document in the archives—			
(a.) For the first folio of 100 words	2	0	0
(b.) For each subsequent folio	1	0	0
58. For uncertified copy of any document in the archives—			
(a.) For the first four folios or part thereof	1	0	0
(b.) For each subsequent folio	0	4	0
59. For an official certified translation of any document—			
(a.) For first folio	8	0	0
(b.) For each subsequent folio	4	0	0
60. For communication with another Tribunal out of the jurisdiction of the Court ...	8	0	0
61. For communication with another Tribunal within the jurisdiction of the Court ...	2	0	0
62. On every recognizance or bail bond	1	0	0
63. On a reference to the High Court other than an appeal unless the Judge otherwise orders	10	0	0

VI.—APPEAL.

(A.) On Appeals from any Court within the Protectorate to any other Court within the Protectorate.

(i.) In Civil Matters.

64. On filing a memorandum of appeal	<div> <div>An ad valorem fee of 4 rupees for every 100 rupees or part thereof, such fee not to exceed 40 rupees.</div> </div>		
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Provided that, if the appeal be abandoned, half the fee shall be returned.

65. On every appeal where it is not possible to estimate the subject-matter at a money value	<div> <div>A fee not to exceed twice the fee charged in the lower Court.</div> </div>		
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Provided that, if the appeal be abandoned, half the fee shall be returned.

66. On every security for costs	5	0	0
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(ii.) *In Criminal Matters.*

67. On filing a memorandum of appeal... 10 0 0
 Provided that the Judge may reduce this fee at his discretion.

(B.)—On Appeal from the High Court to the Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa.

(i.) *In Civil Matters.*

- | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| 68. On filing memorandum of appeal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | Rs. a. p. |
| 69. On every security for costs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 50 0 0 |
| 70. On record of appeal (including expenses of transmission) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 5 0 0 |
- Such sum as the Court may direct.

(ii.) *In Criminal Matters.*

- | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| 71. On the appeal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | Rs. a. p. |
| | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10 0 0 |

VII.—ON ADMISSION OF LEGAL PRACTITIONERS.

- | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| 72. On certificate of admission to practice | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 200 0 0 |
| 73. On each annual renewal of such certificate | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30 0 0 |

A P P O I N T M E N T S .

The King has been pleased to appoint Ralph Bertie Peter Cator Esq., and Robert William Hamilton Esq., to be Judges of His Majesty's High Court of East Africa.

C. ELIOT,
 H. M. Commissioner.

UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE MINING REGULATIONS 1902.

- (1) The Assistant Secretary to the Administration is hereby appointed to act as Commissioner of Mines.
- (2) The Collector of Entebbe is hereby authorised to issue prospecting licences.
- (3) The notice of the 9th June 1902 is hereby cancelled.

J. HAYES SADLER,
 H. M.'s Commissioner.

Entebbe, 12th November, 1902.

E A S T A F R I C A P R O T E C T O R A T E .

NOTICE.

Whereas by Article 7 of the East Africa Game Regulations 1900 it is provided that if any person is found to be in possession of any elephant tusk weighing less than 11 lbs. or any ivory being in the opinion of the Court part of an elephant's tusk which would have weighed less than 11 lbs. he shall be guilty of an offence against those Regulations and the tusk or ivory shall be forfeited unless he proves that the tusk or ivory was not obtained in breach of these Regulations.

And whereas by Schedule I of the aforesaid Regulations it is unlawful for any person except under special licence to hunt kill or capture female elephants.

And whereas there is reason to believe that certain persons are in possession or control of small ivory and cow elephant tusks which they obtained prior to the publication of the said Regulations.

Notice is hereby given that up to and including June 30th 1903 His Majesty's Government on such small ivory and cow elephant tusks being brought to any officer in the service of the Protectorate, will purchase the same, provided they be in fair condition, at a price equal to 50% only of the price which such officer shall consider to be the full value thereof.

C ELIOT,

December 8th, 1902.

H. M. Commissioner and Consul-General.

NOTICE.

In consequence of the Christmas holidays, the public offices will be closed from Wednesday the 24th to Friday the 26th December, both days inclusive.

Arrangements will be made for the performance of urgent business during the above mentioned period.

The Mombasa Post and Telegraph offices will be open from 9 A.M. to noon on the 25th and 26th instant.

C. ELIOT,
 H. M. Commissioner.

Mombasa, December 9th 1902.

AN ORDINANCE

Enacted by His Britannic Majesty's Commissioner for the East Africa Protectorate.

C. ELIOT,

Commissioner.

Mombasa, December 12th, 1902.

No. 31 of 1902.

Native Courts.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The East Africa Native Courts Short title.
Amendment Ordinance, 1902."
2. The Commissioner may by Proclamation declare any district or part Creation of special
districts.
of a district to be a special district within the meaning of this Ordinance, and such district shall be called a "special district."
3. The Native Courts Regulations, 1897, shall not apply to a special Native Courts
Regulations not to
apply.
district.
- 4.—(1.) In every special district there shall be established a Court with Establishment and
jurisdiction of
Special Court.
full civil and criminal jurisdiction over all natives in the special district, and such Court shall administer justice among the natives of the district in accordance with the laws in force in the Protectorate for the time being.
(2.) The said Court, hereinafter called a "Special Court," shall be termed "His Majesty's Special Court for the district of . . ."
- 5.—(1.) The collector of the district shall be the judge of and shall preside Collector to preside.
over the Special Court, but the Commissioner may direct an assistant collector to preside over the Special Court instead of the collector or to hold and preside over an additional Special Court in the district.
(2.) "Collector" in this Ordinance includes an assistant collector directed by the Commissioner under this section to hold a Special Court.
6. The collector may in any case where he thinks fit, or where it may be Native assessors.
prescribed by Rules of Court, appoint one or more native assessors to sit with him in the Special Court, but such assessors shall have a consultative voice only.
7. A Special Court shall sit at such times and places as the collector Weekly sittings.
directs, but every Special Court shall, so far as practicable, hold not less than one sitting in each week.
8. The collector shall keep a record of all the proceedings in the Special Record to be kept.
Court.
9. A Judge of the High Court shall periodically inspect the records of all Inspection of
records.
Special Courts, and may give such instructions and advice as he may deem necessary to the collector.
- 10.—(1.) The High Court shall make Rules of Court as to the procedure Rules of Court.
to be followed and the fees to be paid in Special Courts, and as to the manner of keeping the records and their transmission for inspection, and as to appeals to the High Court.
(2.) Subject to the Rules of Court, Special Courts shall follow the principles of the procedure laid down in the Indian Codes of Civil and Criminal Procedure so far as the same may be applicable and suitable to the requirements of the natives.
- 11.—(1.) A Special Court may impose a sentence of whipping not exceed- Sentence of
whipping.
ing fifty lashes.
(2.) A sentence of whipping shall not be carried out except in the presence of a medical officer of the Protectorate or, if no medical officer is available, of an European officer of the Protectorate, nor before the said officer, after examination of the prisoner, has certified that he is physically fit to undergo the sentence imposed upon him.
(3.) The medical or European officer may at any time during the execution of a sentence of whipping intervene and prohibit the remainder of the sentence from being carried out, if he considers the prisoner unable to bear it without risk of physical injury.
(4.) No sentence of whipping shall be carried out in instalments.
(5.) The instrument used in whipping shall be such as the Commissioner may from time to time direct.
- 12.—(1.) No sentence of death imposed by a Special Court shall be carried Confirmation of
sentences.
into effect until a copy of the evidence has been transmitted to the High Court, and the sentence has been confirmed by that Court and also by the Commissioner.

(2.) No sentence imposed by a Special Court exceeding twenty-five lashes or six months' imprisonment shall be carried into effect, and no fine exceeding 500 rupees shall be exacted until a copy of the evidence has been transmitted to and the sentence confirmed by the High Court.

Reduction and
remission of
sentences.

13. The High Court may reduce or amend any sentence or fine imposed by a Special Court if upon the inspection of the record the sentence is considered excessive or unjust.

Appeal.

14. An appeal shall lie to the High Court from any decision of a Special Court.

Authority of
tribal Chief.

15.—(1.) Nothing herein shall affect the power of the Commissioner to recognize the jurisdiction of a tribal Chief over the members of his tribe, or the exercise by such tribal Chief of such authority as may be lawfully vested in him, or may be granted to him by the Commissioner.

(2.) The collector may transfer to any recognized tribal Chief the determination of any suit or proceeding in a Special Court.

(3.) The collector may take such steps as he think fit to enforce the orders of any recognized tribal Chief in a special district.

Supervision of
tribal authority.

16. The collector shall exercise supervision over, but shall not unduly interfere with the procedure, orders, or punishments of, any tribal authority within a special district, except where such procedure, orders, or punishments are contrary to justice or morality, or the laws in force for the time being within the Protectorate.

Warrants.

17. Warrants for the arrest of a native in a special district shall be issued by the collector.

Mombasa, December 12th, 1902.

C. ELIOT,
Commissioner.

PROCLAMATION.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by The East Africa Native Courts Amendment Ordinance 1902, Article 2, I hereby proclaim that every district in the Province of Ukamba, Naivasha, Kisumu, Kenia and Jubaland shall be a Special District within the meaning of the aforesaid Ordinance.

December 12th, 1902.

C. ELIOT,
H. M. Commissioner.

CIRCULAR.

In future unless special permission is obtained from the Commissioner no goods imported on Government account except those shipped by the Crown Agents for the Colonies or the Protectorate Agent in Bombay will be exempted from the payment of Customs duty.

Mombasa, December 6th, 1902.

C. ELIOT,
H. M. Commissioner.

UKAMBA PROVINCE.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

The Veterinary Officer to the East Africa Protectorate has notified to me an outbreak of Rinderpest at the Homestead Farm, Nairobi, therefore under the powers conferred on me by "The Cattle Disease Ordinance 1902," and in accordance with Section 11 of the Ordinance I hereby declare an area of 5 miles round Nairobi, to be an infected area and I direct that until further notice no cattle, sheep, goats and camels shall either enter or leave the said infected area except in so far as the importation of sheep, goats and cattle which may be required for slaughter purposes only, the importation of which will, when considered necessary and desirable, be permitted under a special permit to be obtained from the Collector, Nairobi, the Veterinary Officer or Assistant Collector.

Any person committing a breach of this order shall be liable to a fine of Rs. 1,000 or to imprisonment not exceeding two months of either kind, or both, as provided under the above quoted Ordinance.

Nairobi, December 2nd, 1902.

JOHN AINSWORTH,
H. M.'s Sub-Commissioner.

NOTICE.

H. M. Commissioner has authorised the Registrar of the High Court to Act for the Town Magistrate of Mombasa during Mr. Morris Carter's absence for the Christmas Vacation.

R. B. P. CATOR,
H. M. Judge.

NOTICE.

The New Mombasa Law Courts will be publicly opened on Wednesday the 31st of December 1902 at 4-0 P.M. by H. M. Commissioner.

The Judges and Registrar of High Court and the Town Magistrate of Mombasa will afterwards be AT HOME at the Courts to all who attend the ceremony.

R. B. P. CATOR,
H. M. Judge.

NOTICE.

The High Court will be closed for the vacation from Monday the 15th of December 1902 until Saturday the 3rd of January 1903 inclusive.

The offices will be open from 9-0 to 12-0 A.M. except from Monday the 22nd to Saturday the 27th of December inclusive.

Urgent applications may be made to the Judges or Registrar at their private residences.

The Town Magistrate's Court will be closed on Thursday and Friday the 25th and 26th of December 1902 and upon the 1st of January 1903.

J. W. MURISON,
Registrar.

The offices of the Administrator-General and of the Registration of Documents will be closed from Monday 22nd to Saturday 27th December inclusive, and during the rest of the Court vacation will be open from 9 to 12 A.M. only.

R. W. HAMILTON,
Administrator-General.

J. W. MURISON,
Principal Registrar of Documents.

NOTICE.

The Mombasa office of the National Bank of India will be closed from Wednesday 24th instant to Friday 1st January both days inclusive on account of the Xmas holidays.

A. G. TURNBULL,
Acting Manager.

NOTICE.**SALE OF LICENSES UNDER THE OPIUM REGULATIONS 1902.**

Under the instructions of His Majesty's Commissioner two Opium Licenses will be sold by Messrs. Palmer and Grey at their premises, Ndia Kuu, Mombasa, on the 30th day of December next in the forenoon.

The licenses will be operative during the six months dating from the 1st January 1903 and will be confined to the Island of Mombasa.

The sale is further subject to the right of His Majesty's Commissioner to accept the highest or any other bid.

No license shall be transferable.

Each license shall apply to one place only, such place to be approved by His Majesty's Sub-Commissioner for the Province of Seyidie and the particulars thereof inserted in the License.

J. W. TRITTON,
H. M. Sub-Commissioner.

Mombasa, December 5th 1902.

Reuter's Telegrams.

DECEMBER 2ND.—The Indian Mounted Infantry have arrived at Aden, and are proceeding to Berbera immediately.

It is feared that a continuance of the strike at Marseilles will imperil its existence as a port and endanger the French Fleet in the Mediterranean. A special meeting of the Cabinet was held yesterday afternoon, and it was decided to take immediate measures to safe-guard the public service. It appears that British ships are not affected by the strike.

Lord Kitchener arrived yesterday in Bombay and was given a most cordial reception. He goes to Agra to-night.

The King of Portugal accompanied by Lord Roberts and General Kelly-Kenny reviewed the Oxfordshire Light Infantry of which His Majesty is Colonel-in-Chief, at Chatham, yesterday morning. He highly complimented the Regiment on their service in South Africa.

The French Liners at Marseilles are being laid up. The English Liners are only taking mails and passengers.

The Loir miners have resumed work.

Sir Edmond Barton has announced that he will shortly introduce a bill requiring vessels that are engaged in Coastal trade to pay local rates of wages and excluding from the trade vessels belonging to those nations who prohibit British steamers from trading at their ports.

The "Standard" correspondent at Shanghai states that the British authorities have ordered the evacuation to be completed by the 20th instant.

The Russian Government presented a note to the British Government in September last, declaring that if the latter persisted in their resolve to enforce retaliatory duties on Russian Sugar under the penal clause of the Sugar Convention, they considered that same would be infringing their Commercial Treaty and they would regard such an action as a very dangerous precedent in International relations. The note concluded by suggesting that the matter in dispute should be referred to the Hague Arbitration Court.

The Deputy M. Deloncle has written to the Minister for the Colonies describing the establishment of gold standard in Siam as an economic compêtat affecting seriously Indo-China, and urges the immediate appointment of a commission to consider the matter.

The Kabul Khel Expedition has destroyed 59 Towers, 3 villages, capturing 202 Waziris and 5,600 cattle. The enemy lost 25 killed and 2 wounded.

DECEMBER 5TH.—Neither the strikers nor the ship-owners at Marseilles will yield anything to one another. Troops are arriving to maintain order and Torpedo destroyers are expected to carry out the Mail service to Algeria and Corsica. Crews of several tugs have joined the strikers.

The Mail Mullah has returned to the British the stores he captured when fighting with Colonel Swane. Before giving them back however, he rendered them quite unfit for use and at the same time sent a most defiant message. He has established strong posts at ranges round Bobotle varying from a thousand yards to 4 miles and his pickets and the British are constantly exchanging shots. Bobotle is now garrisoned by a company of Bombay Grenadiers and the Sikh Contingent of the East African Rifles.

M. Pelletan having decided to transmit to the Budget Committee Vayrons confidential report on the Expedition to China, M. Combes' protested urging that the reporter alone should be cognizant of the report. In spite however of M. Combes' action the Committee decided to take cognizance of the report.

The Council of State has pronounced the Bishops' petition in favour of the congregations illegal.

Sydney Slayer, Banker and David Etrelat have been sentenced to 10 years imprisonment.

The Leaders of strikers at Marseilles threaten to appeal to all French ports and enforce a general strike. The French Government are taking measures to ensure the mail service being carried out with a delay of 24 to 48 hours.

The Hague Tribunal arbitrating the dispute between Russia and America in connection with the Behring Fisheries has decided entirely in the favour of the Americans and has awarded them damages to the extent of upwards of a hundred thousand dollars.

A telegram from Bangkok published in Paris states that the Banks there are asking through their diplomatic representatives reimbursement for losses sustained owing to the Gold Standard. These losses amount to about eight million francs. The various Foreign Consuls are supporting the claims.

Upwards of 40 steamers are lying idle in Marseilles Harbour.

A full telegraph section from Aldershot has been ordered to proceed to Somaliland.

I. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught left Genoa on the 1st on board H. M. S. "Renown."

Lord George Hamilton replying in the House of Commons to a question from Sir Seymour King stated that the Foreign Office would continue to grant Batta to the Indian troops employed in Expeditions in East Africa. Lord Stanley stated that the British forces in South Africa amounted roughly to 55,000.

The "Standard" correspondent at Shanghai reports that the French and German Commanders have formally declined to evacuate the place before February.

Owing to the accumulation of destitute persons in Marseilles awaiting passage to Algiers, Tunis, Indo-China, the French Government have ordered Naval seamen to man the mail steamers.

The French Government have suspended the stipends of six Bishops for journeying in the British in favour of the Confraternities.

Mr. Gerald Balfour replying in the House of Commons to Mr. Gibson Bowles stated that the Brussels convention reviews undoubtedly the right to Great Britain to regard the fiscal relations of her Colonies as her own. Great Britain declines at the conference to apply the penal clause to Colonial productions.

The second Dutch Chamber has adopted the Sugar Conference. Her Foreign Minister declared that Great Britain would be obliged to countervail sugar produced by her Colonies if they received bounties.

The "Norddeutscher" states that the date of the evacuation of Shanghai by the Germans depended on transports available. In any case the place will be evacuated during January.

It is unlikely that General Manning will be able to take the fields before the middle of January. Meanwhile Colonel Cobbes' column continues operations mainly of a nature of route marches to accustom the troops to their surroundings.

Lord Cranborne in the House of Commons states that the Governor held the opinion that the imposition of countervailing duties on the prohibition of the importation of bounty fed sugar was not inconsistent with the provisions laid down in the "most favoured nation clause" Russia was informed in 1899 that the Government held this view, also that should Russia be unable to agree, Great Britain was prepared to denounce the Treaty of Commerce made in 1859. Russia has not replied.

Lord Kitchener has been in Delhi, and has now started from there to follow the Grand Coronation Manœuvres which will last until Christmas.

The House of Commons has read the Education Bill for the third time, by 286 votes to 134. At a special midnight sitting of the House of Lords the Bill was read for the first time.

Lord Cranborne stated in the House of Commons that Great Britain had informed Russia that she could not agree that the question of countervailing duties on sugar was a proper one to be submitted to the Hague Arbitration Court.

Mr. Chamberlain is at Cairo and is the guest of Lord Cromer.

Reuters Agent at Berbera telegraphing on the 23rd ulto advises that H. M. S. "Pomone" has finished the survey of the coast of the Italian Protectorate with a view of selecting a port to land troops. Illig was found unsuitable, Obbia has been selected and will become the base of the main operating column.

DECEMBER 6TH.—Lord Cranborne stated in the House of Commons that the British interpretation regarding countervailing colonial sugar had been questioned in other quarters besides Holland, that correspondence was proceeding between Mr. Austen Chamberlain and the only British Colony granting bounties Ontario. These would cease at the end of 1903.

The Chamberlains left Cairo where they were the guests of Lord Cromer to rejoin the "Good Hope" at Suez on Sunday last. Lord and Lady Cromer, Sir Francis Wingate also representative of the Khedive were at the station to say good-bye.

Reuters Agent at Berbera states that the second Battalion of the Kings African Rifles are leaving shortly to reinforce Colonel Cobbes' column at Garrers. The First Battalion of the King's African Rifles go to Obbia.

The Porte yielding to strong pressure for Russia and Austria have appointed a special Commission to super-vise reforms in Macedonia. This measure however is generally regarded as merely palliative.

The French Government have suppressed the stipends of several more Bishops including Archbishop De-San-Cor for signing the petition in favour of the confraternities.

The negotiations instituted by the French Government to terminate the Marseilles strike mentioned in Reuters of 5th inst. are regarded by the Masters and Officers as unsatisfactory and the strikers themselves have issued a violent manifest against them.

DECEMBER 8TH.—The French Chamber have adopted a Bill reducing the sugar tax, and have also approved of the sugar convention.

In the House of Lord the Education Bill was read a second time by 147 to 37 votes.

Lord Dandley has informed the Lord Mayor of Dublin that their Majesties intend visiting Ireland early in 1903.

Three German warships have arrived at Curacis.

Mr. Chamberlain on Friday visited the Cairo barrage on a steamer.

In the French Chamber on Saturday the Minister for Justice replying to the Nationalists allegations regarding the complicity of the Government in the Humbert case, recalled the fact that Frederic Humbert was a Boulangist Deputy. Thereupon a violent scene was enacted, Radicals and Nationalists left their seats and engaged in a general melee. The sitting was twice suspended and the Socialist Deputy Contant was expelled for calling the Minister of Justice a liar.

Trade returns for November show an increase of £1,814,802 in the Exports and a decrease of £1,692,497 in the Imports.

Reuters Agent at Berbera telegraphing on the 4th instant states, that exceptionally heavy rains have fallen that the lands is covered with vegetation and water for the moment is plentiful. The time therefore is favourable for an advance, and as the organisation of the field force is well advanced, the decision of an early start has been left to the Cabinet. It is thought desirable to take advantage of the present favourable conditions as same may disappear in the course of a few weeks.

M. Valle explained in the French Chamber that a most minute investigation has been conducted with a view to arrest the Humberts, and that he had himself at first instigated the proceedings. This Chamber passed to the order of the day by 336 to 136 stating that they approved of the declarations made by Government and were convinced that Mr. Valle had done his duty. Mr. Syveton has sent his seconds to Mr. Valle. In the French Chamber on Saturday M. Syveton was expelled.

Reuters Agent at Shanghai reports that owing to the delay in the departure of the French and German troops it is probable that the withdrawal of the British force may be deferred.

Mr. Chamberlain had an audience with the Khedive on Saturday.

DECEMBER 9TH.—The Draft of the Franco Siamese convention has been laid on the table in the French Chamber accompanied by a declaration from the Siamese Government promising not to erect fortifications in the provinces of Battambang and Siemreap, nor in a region 25 Kilometres broad on the right bank of the Mekong.

The Duke of Connaught invested Colonel the Hon Milo. G. Talbot with the Commanderships of the Bath at the British Agency in Cairo in presence of Lord Cromer and the staff of the British army there. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Lord and Lady Cromer and the Talbots started the same evening for Luxor, the Khedive followed.

The King of Portugal has left England on his way home. During the greater part of his stay he was paying private visits to various country houses.

Colonel H. McMahon M. P. is dead.

Lord Cranborne stated in the House of Commons that the Government is in close communication with the Italian Government with regard to the general situation in Somaliland, also that the directions of military operations has been transferred from the Foreign Office to the War Office.

DECEMBER 10TH.—The British and German Governments presented identical ultimatums to the President of Caracas on Sunday afternoon intimating that unless their demands were immediately complied with military action would be taken.

The Dockers in Marseilles have joined the strike and refused to unload vessels of any nationality. The trades Union in Marseilles are discussing the advisability of a general strike, the Fishermen, the Joiners, the Bakers and the Butchers have already joined.

Dr. Manson speaking on Monday night at a farewell banquet to Dr. Balfour, the Bacteriological Director of Gordon College mentioned that the Commission sent to Uganda had already discovered the germ and the cause of the "Sleeping Sickness."

Reuters Agent at Caracas reports that the British and German Ministers left there on Monday with their staff for Laguaira they where embarked on the German and British men-of-war.

The report of the Committee on shipping subsidies has been published in which a general system of subsidies is deprecated, but the subsidising of an East African Line owing to the foreign subsidised lines seriously handicapping British trade is recommended.

The French Cabinet have decided to actively intervene in the strike in Marseilles. They have instructed Admiral-Rouvier to call upon the masters and men to accept arbitration with the Admiral as Arbitrator.

DECEMBER 11TH.—The Marseilles strikers have refused to negotiate further either with the employers or with Government and have resolved to continue the struggle to the bitter end.

The House of Commons have agreed to a resolution permitting a loan for £600,000 for the Uganda Railway Lord Cranborne admitted that the increase was partly due to unavoidable mistake, but also stated, that further expenditure was possible

Reuters Agent at Caracas telegraphing on the 9th instant states that on that day the combined English and German Fleet seized the Venezuelan Fleet consisting of 4 Warships in the Harbour of La Guayra also that all English subjects in Caracas have been arrested

H. M. S. "Charybdis" "Indefatigable" "Alert" "Fantome" and "Quail" concentrated on Monday at Trinidad where the "Charybdis" on Tuesday night seized the Venezuelan Gunboat "Bolivar" her crew being sent to Venezuela but the Officers were detained as prisoners. The "Quail" has now gone to seize the Venezuelan vessel blockading Orinoco against the Rebels.

It is stated in Trinidad that Great Britain will blockade the whole of the coast eastward of La Guayra while Germany will blockade westward the Customs have not been seized.

DECEMBER 12TH.—Violent demonstrations occurred in Caracas on Tuesday evening on receipt of the news from La Guayra. The crowd burnt the British German flags and attempted to burst the doors of the German legation shouting death to all Germans. The Police made no attempt to interfere with the mob. The Venezuelan Government have placed an embargo on the British and German Railways. President Castro has proclaiming amnesty to all rebels and has called the Venezuelans to arms. Bowen as representing British and German interests has obtained President Castros consent to the release of the principal British German prisoners, and he still insists on the release of the remainder.

The Assuan Dam was formally opened on Wednesday.

Reuters Agent at Caracas telegraphing on the 10th inst. states that the Venezuelan warships with the exception of one which is claimed to be French property have been sunk and parties of sailors and Marines are being landed at La Guayra to repulse troops that are expected to arrive from Caracas.

The rest of the prisoners in Caracas have been released. Ferrer the Minister of war with 2,100 troops and 18 guns has arrived at La Guayra. The landing parties previously mentioned re-embarked after rescuing the British and German prisoners in La Guayra.

DECEMBER 13TH.—Reuters Agent at Berbera telegraphing on the 8th instant states that everything is in readiness for an advance that Garrero has been converted into an advance base and has been provisioned with 4 months supplies for a force of 2,800 men with 2,000 Camels.

600 of the King's African Rifles are ready to sail for Obbia.

There is a rumour that the Mad Mullah has been assassinated a spear having been thrust through him whilst he was occupied in his devotions.

The French Chamber has restored the war credit to enable the Mediterranean Fleet to be kept up on the Summer strength.

The Marseilles Chamber of Commerce in a strong letter to the Government demands the enforcement of the law against Inscrits Maritimes whom it characterises as deserters.

The Venezuelan Government has asked Bowen to propose to Great Britain and Germany to submit to arbitration.

It is unlikely that the Allies will agree at the present juncture.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

December 2nd, Lieut. H. A. Wilson, 4th K. A. R. from Fort Ternan.

December 3rd, Sir Charles Eliot, K.C.M.G., C.B., Mr. W. J. Monson and Lieut. H. A. Wilson, for Zanzibar.

December 6th, Sir Charles Eliot, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. W. J. Monson and Lieut. H. A. Wilson, from Zanzibar.

December 6th, Mr. Sinclair, for Nairobi.

December 6th, Mr. H. Bromley, for Taveta.

December 9th, Sir Charles Eliot, Mr. A. C. Hollis and Mr. H. R. Phelps, for Nairobi.

December 10th, Mr. F. H. Leakey, Collector; Mr. T. Grant, Asst. Collector and Mr. Dawe, Scientific Dept. from England.

December 13th, Sir Charles Eliot, Mr. A. C. Hollis and Mr. H. R. Phelps, from Nairobi.

December 15th, Sir Charles Eliot, Mr. F. J. Jackson, C.B., C.M.G., Mr. W. J. Monson, Mr. A. B. Percival and Mr. H. T. Powell, for Nairobi.

Lieut. H. A. Wilson, for Fort Ternan,

Right Hon. J. Chamberlain, M. P. and Mrs. Chamberlain, Lord Monk Bretton, Mr. H. W. Just, C.B., C.M.G., Mr. J. Wilson, Rear-Admiral W. H. Fawkes, R.N. C.V.O., Captain P. Hoskyns, R.N., C.M.G., M.V.O., Staff Surgeon Barrington, R.N., Paymaster Hadley, R.N., and Sub-Lieutenant Willoughby, R.N., from Europe and left the same day for Nairobi.

MOMBASA HARBOUR.

High Water at Mombasa, 15th to 31st December, 1902.

—	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
A. M.	3 36	4 29	5 22	6 15	7 8	8 1	8 54	9 47	10 41	11 35	0 0	0 54	1 48	2 42	3 36	4 26	5 16
P. M.	4 0	4 53	5 46	6 39	7 32	8 25	9 18	10 11	11 5	11 59	0 28	1 21	2 14	3 7	4 0	4 50	5 40

UGANDA RAILWAY.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF PUBLIC AND GOODS TRAFFIC FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1902.

Coaching Traffic 584 miles open.....Rs. 34,186
 Goods Traffic 584 miles open „ 73,702

Total Rs. 1,07,888

CORRESPONDING MONTH OF PREVIOUS YEAR:—

Coaching Traffic 448 miles open.....Rs. 26,260
 Goods Traffic 543 miles open „ 62,075

Total Rs. 88,335

Increase Rs. 19,553

Traffic Manager's Office,

(Signed) A. E. CRUICKSHANK,

Dated Nairobi, 11th December, 1902.

Traffic Manager, Uganda Railway.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

THE WEATHER IN MOMBASA.

FORTNIGHT ENDING 15th DECEMBER, 1902.

Temperature.

Days.	Month and date.	Barometer 8 a.m.	Dry B. 8 a.m.	Wet B. 8 a.m.	Maximum 24 hours.	Minimum 24 hours.	Rain hours 24
Monday	... December 1	30.026	80.8	78.8	87.6	75.5	0.00
Tuesday	... „ 2	30.026	80.2	79	87.8	76.5	0.00
Wednesday	... „ 3	30.050	75.6	74	83.6	75	1.65
Thursday	... „ 4	30.038	78.5	77	85	75	0.35
Friday	... „ 5	30.048	81.8	80	87	75.5	0.00
Saturday	... „ 6	30.050	80.6	78.2	87	75.2	0.00
Sunday	... „ 7	30.050	80	78	87.8	75.5	0.13
Monday	... „ 8	30.048	79	78	89	75.5	0.01
Tuesday	... „ 9	30.012	82.2	80	88	78	0.00
Wednesday	... „ 10	29.938	76.8	76	84.8	75	0.11
Thursday	... „ 11	29.960	77	73.2	85.6	76	0.02
Friday	... „ 12	29.986	80	77	90	75	0.01
Saturday	... „ 13	29.992	79	76	85.6	74.5	0.02
Sunday	... „ 14	30.020	81.4	79.4	86.2	77.4	0.00
Monday	... „ 15	30.944	78.8	76.2	...	74	0.02

Total rainfall for 11 months ending 30th November 1902, 45.02.

Total Rainfall...2.32

W. H. MUST L. D. S. ENG.,

DENTAL SURGEON.

CAN BE CONSULTED AT NAIROBI.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

STATEMENT SHOWING NUMBER OF TRADE PACKAGES AND VALUE IN RUPEES OF VARIOUS ARTICLES IMPORTED INTO MOMBASA DURING NOVEMBER, 1902.			STATEMENT SHOWING VALUE IN RUPEES OF IMPORTS MADE INTO MOMBASA FROM DIFFERENT COUNTRIES DURING NOVEMBER, 1902.	
ITEMS.	NUMBER OF PACKAGES.	VALUE IN RUPEES	COUNTRIES.	RUPEES.
Piece and Trade Goods ...	2970	2,36,750	EUROPE—	
Grain and Flour ...	1444	14,731	United Kingdom ...	1,32,674
Hardware, Glassware, &c. ...	166	6,383	Germany ...	55,730
Arms and Ammunition ...	32	3,763	Ireland ...	19,348
Building material ...	2715	21,428	France ...	5,130
Provisions ...	2168	35,141	Italy ...	5,337
Spirituous liquors, Wines, &c. ...	794	14,981	Miscellaneous Ports of Europe ...	20,977
Tobacco ...	210	8,255	AMERICA—	
Live stock ...	277	4,920	United States of America ...	62,421
Furniture, Tents, &c. ...	56	6,391	ASIA—	
Sandries ...	914	67,304	India and Barmah ...	1,15,468
Rice ...	504	9,933	AFRICA—	
Kerosene oil ...	nil	nil	Arabian and African Ports ...	12,499
Spices and Grocery ...	160	3,277		
Fruits and Vegetables ...	1963	4,565		
Drugs and Chemicals ...	34	1,886		
Coal ...	nil	nil		
TOTAL...	14,777	4,29,584	TOTAL...	4,29,584
Value of trade imports in Nov. 1901 ...Rs.	3,76,766			
Total increase in value ...		52,818		

Statement showing value in rupees of various articles
exported from Mombasa during November 1902.

Items.	Value in Rupees.
Ivory ...	64,214
Rubber ...	5,721
Gum Copal ...	91
Ground nuts ...	335
Sim Sim ...	355
Hides, horns, Skins &c. ...	28,112
Tobacco ...	323
Coffee ...	620
Live Stock ...	191
Copra ...	4,218
Total Rupees ...	1,04,180

Total value of exports in November 1901Rs. 2,08,704

Total decrease in value , 1,04,524

A. MARSDEN,
Chief of Customs and Shipping.

SHIPPING REPORT.

MOMBASA HARBOUR.

MONTH OF NOVEMBER 30TH 1902.

Name of vessel.	Captain.	Gross Tons.	Cargo.	Nationality.	To Whom consigned.	From	Date.		Bound to.
							Arrival.	Departure	
S. S. Juba.	Wilson.	506	General.	British.	Protectorate.	Zanzibar.	Oct. 31	Nov. 8	Kismayu.
„ Barawa.	S. Jaffer.	330	„	Zanzibar.	D. Jumal & Co.	Kismayu.	Nov. 3	„ 4	Zanzibar.
„ Carinthia.	Badessich.	2812	„	Austrian.	I. C. T. Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 5	„ 5	Trieste.
„ Holywell.	Tointon.	3900	„	British.	S. M. & Co.	Middlebrough.	„ 7	„ 8	Zanzibar.
„ Reichstag.	Oswald.	2085	„	German.	Hansing & Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 9	„ 9	Bombay.
„ Secundra.	Dewing.	2610	„	British.	S. M. & Co.	Bombay.	„ 10	„ 10	Zanzibar.
„ General.	Scharfe.	2361	„	German.	Hansing & Co.	Hamburg.	„ 12	„ 13	„
„ Khalif.	Kopplstatter.	1600	„	Do.	Do.	Bombay.	„ 15	„ 16	„
„ Kilwa.	Nurudin.	330	„	Zanzibar.	D. Jumal & Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 17	„ 17	Benadir Coast.
„ Bancoora.	MacLean.	2917	„	British.	S. M. & Co.	Aden.	„ 19	„ 19	Zanzibar.
„ Juba.	Wilson.	506	„	Do.	Protectorate.	Kismayu.	„ 19	„ 20	„
„ Bundesrath.	Carstens.	2084	„	German.	Hansing & Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 19	„ 19	Hamburg.
„ Galicia.	Stabile.	2836	„	Austrian.	I. C. T. Co.	Trieste.	„ 19	„ 20	Zanzibar.
„ Safari.	Tepe.	1433	„	German.	Hansing & Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 2	„ 20	Bombay.
„ Sultan.	Ahrens.	2816	„	Do.	Do.	Bombay.	„ 21	„ 22	Zanzibar.
„ Nerbudda.	Fry.	3025	„	British.	S. M. & Co.	Zanzibar.	„ 29	„ 30	Aden.

MEN-OF-WAR.

H. M. S. Rattler.	Tibbits.		Nil	British.		Kismayu.	Oct. 20	Nov. 3	Wasseine.
„ „ Beagle.	Elliott.		„	„		„	Nov. 6	„ 10	Kismayu.
„ „ Beagle.	Elliott.		„	„		„	„ 21	„ 21	Zanzibar.

KILINDINI HARBOUR.

S. S. Bancoora	MacLean.	2917	General.	British.	S. M. & Co.	Zanzibar.	Nov. 23	„ 23	Bombay.
„ Great Northern.	Larnder.	1421	Nil.	„	E. T. Co.	„	„ 27	„ 28	Zanzibar.

MEN-OF-WAR.

H. M. S. Genta.	Boeckman.		Nil	Austrian.		Aden.	„ 21	„ 23	Zanzibar.
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H. PIDCOCK,
Port Officer.

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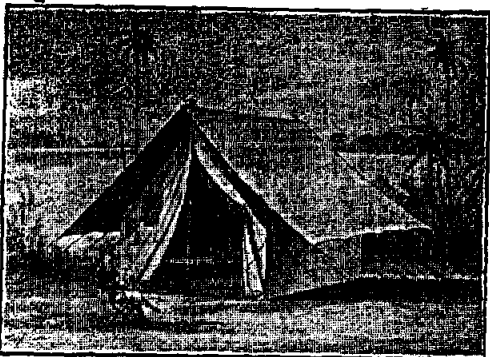
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A cargo steamer will sail from London every 28 days commencing 14th June 1902, via the Suez Canal Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Direct steamers from Rangoon for Mombasa, Tanga and Zanzibar will sail as inducement offers.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Under arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Co., passengers proceeding to London or any other port of call of that Coy's steamers, can be booked at through rates, to be obtained from the undersigned. Passengers can also be booked for Aden only by the B. I. S. N. Co's steamers making their own arrangements as to on carrying steamer.

MAILS OUT AND HOME.

MAILS LEAVE LONDON.	ADEN LEAVE.	MOMBASA ARRIVE.	MOMBASA * LEAVE	ADEN. ARRIVE.	MAILS DUE IN LONDON.
13 June	24 June	5 July	Saturday	Wednesday	Monday
11 July	22 July	2 August	12 July	23 July	4 August
8 August	19 August	30 August	9 August	20 August	1 September
5 September	16 September	27 September	6 September	17 September	29 September
3 October	14 October	25 October	Friday	Tuesday	
31 October	11 November	22 November	3 October	14 October	26 October
28 November	9 December	20 December	31 October	11 November	23 November

* The departure from Mombasa may be delayed for two days at the Company's option. In most instances however, steamers leave for Aden on the day of their arrival from Zanzibar.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Per B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer to Aden.....Rs. 280, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 187, 2ND CLASS
Do. do. do. and thence per

P. & O. to London.....Rs. 830, 1ST CLASS, Rs. 587, 2ND CLASS

A surtax of 10 % is meantime added to the rates to London.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Any claim for damage to goods must be brought to the notice of the Agents not later than three days after the landing of the steamer's cargo has been completed. No claims will be admitted unless brought to the notice of the Agents within the above mentioned period.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage money apply to the undersigned.

SMITH, MACKENZIE & Co.,

AGENTS.

B.I.S.N. Co., P. & O.S.N. Co.