

# Assignment -2 SHELL CODE

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## 4. Write a script that will display the chessboard on the screen

**chess-1.sh**

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
for(( i=0;i<8;i++))                #outer for loop
do
    for((j=0;j<8;j++))              #inner for loop
    do
        val=$((i+j)%2)              #calculating the sum of i and j
        if [ $val -eq 0 ]           #checking if the value val is even
        then
            echo -e -n "\u2588"     #If even , printing white
        else
            echo -e -n " "           #else, printing black
        fi
    done
    echo " "
done
```

## 5. File Sorting (marks: 15)

### Instructions:

Write a shell script or command-line program to perform the following tasks.

Use appropriate command-line arguments or prompts to receive inputs and display outputs.

Document your code with comments to explain the purpose and functionality of each section.

### Tasks:

Prompt the user to enter the name of a directory.

Check if the directory exists. If it doesn't, display an error message and exit the program.

List all the files in the given directory.

Sort the files alphabetically.

Create a new directory named "sorted" inside the given directory.

Move each file from the original directory to the "sorted" directory.

Display a success message with the total number of files moved.

Note: Ensure proper error handling and informative error messages throughout the code.

### file\_sorting.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "enter the full path of the directory name"           #prompting user to enter full
path
read directory_name

#reading directory name

if [ -d "$directory_name" ];
#checking if directory name exists

then
    sorted_f=$(ls $directory_name | sort)                  #sorting the files in
the directory
    mkdir -p sorted
    #making a directory named sorted
```

```
count=0
echo "The files in the directory are : "
echo "$(ls -l $directory_name)"
all files in the directory
for i in $sorted_f;
#looping through all files in the directory
do
    mv $directory_name/$i sorted
#moving all files to sorted directory
    count=$(( count+1 ))
#increment count
done

if [ $count -eq 0 ]
#checking if directory is empty
then
    echo "No files in the directory to move"
else
    echo "Success !!!"
#printing success message
fi
echo "Moved $count files"

else
    echo "$directory not found"
#printing directory not found message
fi
```

#listing

6. You are given a directory named "logs" that contains a set of log files. Each log file has a name in the format "log\_YYYYMMDD.txt", where "YYYY" represents the year, "MM" represents the month, and "DD" represents the day. The log files contain entries in the following format:

Directory: log\_folder

Download this folder, unzip it, and then perform the following tasks.

Write a Linux command or script that performs the following tasks:

1. Reads all log files in the "logs" directory.
2. Extract the timestamp and message from each log entry.
3. Filter out log entries that have a timestamp older than a given date.
4. Sort the remaining log entries in descending order based on their timestamps.
5. Writes the sorted log entries to a new file named "filtered\_logs.txt" in the following format:

**log\_prog.sh**

```
log_dir="./logs"                                #initialising the log
directory

logs=$(ls "$log_dir")                           #listing all files in log_dir

date_num=$(echo "$(date +%F)")                  #saving current date
cur_date=$(echo "${date_num:8:10}")              #Extracting the date day
value from the whole date

for log in $logs;                               #looping through all
do
    count=0
    log_array=()
    for word in $(cat "$log_dir/$log");          #Looking at each word form the log
    do

        if [ $count == 1 ]
```

```

        then
            echo ${word:8:10}>bing_text
            consider_word=${word:8:10}
            #Taking only the date day

value from the log

            if [ $cur_date -gt $consider_word ]
            then
                echo "Filtering file.."
                #Filtering out all the dates
which falls below the current date day
                rm "$log_dir/$log"
            fi
        fi

        if [ $count -eq 3 ]
        then
            log_array+=$(echo -e "\n ")
        fi
        log_array+=$(echo "$word ")
        count=$((count+1))

done
echo "$log_array "
echo -e "\n "

done
cur_date=$(date)
#date_val=$(date -f <(echo "$cur_date") "+%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
#echo "Current date : $cur_date"

```