import pandas as pd

data = pd.read\_csv('train.csv')
data.head()

<b>₹</b>		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	S

data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
 RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890

Data columns (total 12 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype int64 PassengerId 891 non-null Survived 891 non-null int64 Pclass 891 non-null int64 Name 891 non-null object 891 non-null 4 Sex object Age 714 non-null float64 SibSp 891 non-null int64 891 non-null Parch int64 891 non-null object 8 Ticket Fare 891 non-null float64 10 Cabin 204 non-null object 11 Embarked 889 non-null object dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)

data.isnull().sum()

memory usage: 83.7+ KB

<del>\_</del> 0 Passengerld 0 Survived 0 Pclass 0 Name 0 Sex 0 Age 177 SibSp 0 Parch 0 Ticket 0 Fare 0 Cabin 687 2 **Embarked** 

```
data.loc[:, 'Embarked'] = data['Embarked'].fillna(data['Embarked'].mode()[0])
data.loc[:, 'Age'] = data['Age'].fillna(data['Age'].mean())
data = data.drop(columns=['Cabin'], errors='ignore')
data.isnull().sum()
₹
      Passengerld 0
       Survived
                  0
        Pclass
                  0
        Name
         Sex
                  0
         Age
                  0
        SibSp
                  0
        Parch
                  0
        Ticket
                  0
                  0
         Fare
       Embarked
                  0
print(data.isnull().sum())
→ PassengerId
     Survived
                    0
     Pclass
                   0
     Name
                    0
                    0
     Sex
     Age
                    0
                   0
     SibSp
     Parch
                    0
     Ticket
                    0
     Fare
     Embarked
                    0
     dtype: int64
data.to_csv('train_cleaned.csv', index=False)
data.shape
→ (891, 11)
data.info()
data.describe()
data.nunique()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
     Data columns (total 11 columns):
      # Column
                      Non-Null Count Dtype
      0
          PassengerId 891 non-null
                                        int64
          Survived
                       891 non-null
                                       int64
      2
         Pclass
                       891 non-null
                                       int64
          Name
                       891 non-null
                                       object
                       891 non-null
                                       object
          Sex
                       891 non-null
      5
                                       float64
          SibSp
                       891 non-null
                                        int64
                       891 non-null
                                       int64
          Parch
      8
         Ticket
                       891 non-null
                                       object
          Fare
                       891 non-null
                                       float64
      10 Embarked
                       891 non-null
     dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(4)
memory usage: 76.7+ KB
      Passengerld 891
       Survived
                     2
        Pclass
                     3
         Name
                   891
          Sex
                     2
         Age
                    89
         SibSp
         Parch
                     7
         Ticket
                   681
         Fare
                   248
       Embarked
                     3
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
# Fill missing Age with mean
data.loc[:, 'Age'] = data['Age'].fillna(data['Age'].mean())
# Fill missing Embarked with most common value
data.loc[:, 'Embarked'] = data['Embarked'].fillna(data['Embarked'].mode()[0])
# Drop Cabin column
data = data.drop(columns=['Cabin'], errors='ignore')
# Check if any missing values are left
print(data.isnull().sum())
→ PassengerId
     Survived
                    0
     Pclass
                    0
     Name
     Sex
                    0
                    0
     Age
     SibSp
                    0
     Parch
                    0
     Ticket
                    0
     Fare
                    0
     Embarked
                    0
     dtype: int64
# See data summary
data.info()
data.describe()
```

→ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890 Data columns (total 11 columns):

Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype				
PassengerId	891 non-null	int64				
Survived	891 non-null	int64				
Pclass	891 non-null	int64				
Name	891 non-null	object				
Sex	891 non-null	object				
Age	891 non-null	float64				
SibSp	891 non-null	int64				
Parch	891 non-null	int64				
Ticket	891 non-null	object				
Fare	891 non-null	float64				
Embarked	891 non-null	object				
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(4)						
	PassengerId Survived Pclass Name Sex Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Embarked	PassengerId 891 non-null Survived 891 non-null Pclass 891 non-null Name 891 non-null Sex 891 non-null Age 891 non-null Age 891 non-null Ticket 891 non-null Ticket 891 non-null Fare 891 non-null Embarked 891 non-null				

memory usage: 76.7+ KB

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	13.002015	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	22.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	29.699118	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	35.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

Start coding or generate with AI.

# See data summary data.info() data.describe()

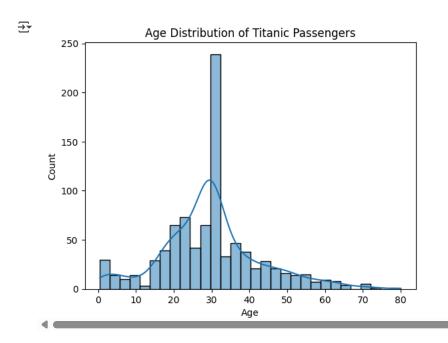
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890

Data columns (total 11 columns):

2010 CO10 (COCO1 11 CO10							
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype				
0	PassengerId	891 non-null	int64				
1	Survived	891 non-null	int64				
2	Pclass	891 non-null	int64				
3	Name	891 non-null	object				
4	Sex	891 non-null	object				
5	Age	891 non-null	float64				
6	SibSp	891 non-null	int64				
7	Parch	891 non-null	int64				
8	Ticket	891 non-null	object				
9	Fare	891 non-null	float64				
10	Embarked	891 non-null	object				
<pre>dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(4)</pre>							
memory usage: 76.7+ KB							

memor y	usage. 70.7+	KD					
	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	13.002015	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	22.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	29.699118	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	35.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

```
sns.histplot(data['Age'], bins=30, kde=True)
plt.title('Age Distribution of Titanic Passengers')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



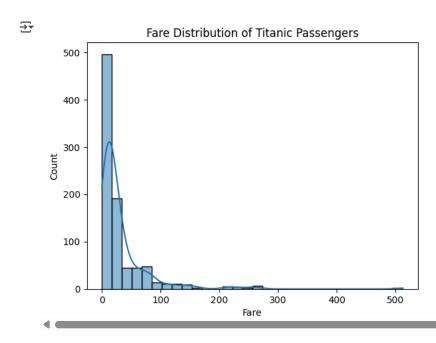
1 Histogram - Age Distribution Observation:

Most passengers were aged between 20 to 40 years.

Very few passengers were older than 60 years.

There are some children (below 10 years) as well.

```
sns.histplot(data['Fare'], bins=30, kde=True)
plt.title('Fare Distribution of Titanic Passengers')
plt.xlabel('Fare')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



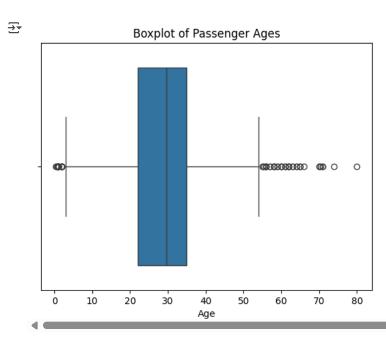
2 Histogram - Fare Distribution Observation:

Most passengers paid a fare below 100.

A few passengers paid very high fares (above 200), showing some outliers.

Fare distribution is right-skewed.

```
sns.boxplot(x=data['Age'])
plt.title('Boxplot of Passenger Ages')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.show()
```

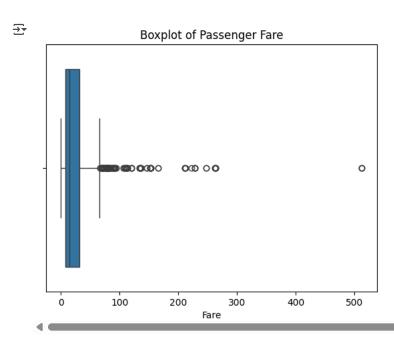


## 3 Boxplot - Age Observation:

The median age of passengers is around 28 years.

Some outliers are present among very young passengers and very old passengers.

```
sns.boxplot(x=data['Fare'])
plt.title('Boxplot of Passenger Fare')
plt.xlabel('Fare')
plt.show()
```

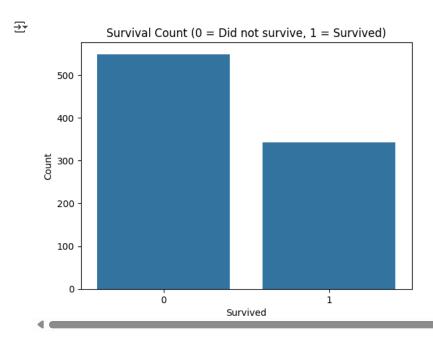


Boxplot - Fare Observation:

The Fare feature shows many outliers where some passengers paid very high ticket prices.

Most fares are clustered below 100.

```
sns.countplot(x='Survived', data=data)
plt.title('Survival Count (0 = Did not survive, 1 = Survived)')
plt.xlabel('Survived')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

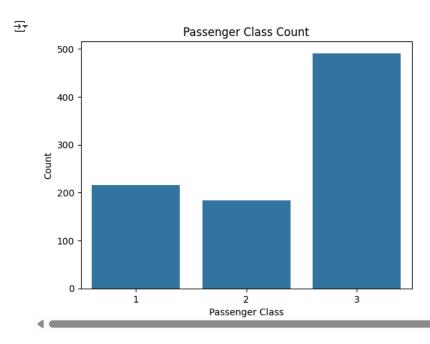


Boxplot - Fare Observation:

The Fare feature shows many outliers where some passengers paid very high ticket prices.

Most fares are clustered below 100.

```
sns.countplot(x='Pclass', data=data)
plt.title('Passenger Class Count')
plt.xlabel('Passenger Class')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



Double-click (or enter) to edit

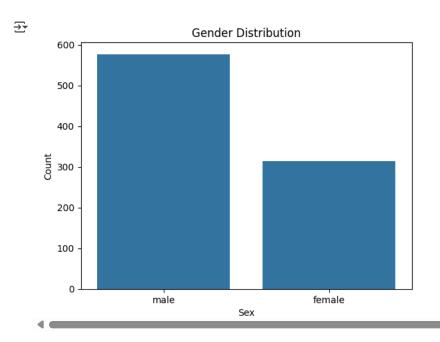
6 Countplot - Passenger Class (Pclass) Observation:

Most passengers traveled in 3rd Class.

Few passengers were in 1st Class.

3rd class had the most people onboard.

```
sns.countplot(x='Sex', data=data)
plt.title('Gender Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Sex')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

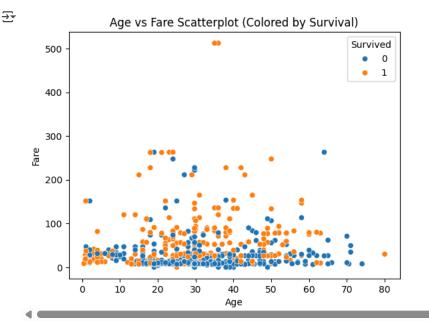


Countplot - Gender (Sex) Observation:

There were more male passengers than female passengers.

Males were almost twice as many as females.

```
sns.scatterplot(x='Age', y='Fare', hue='Survived', data=data)
plt.title('Age vs Fare Scatterplot (Colored by Survival)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Fare')
plt.show()
```

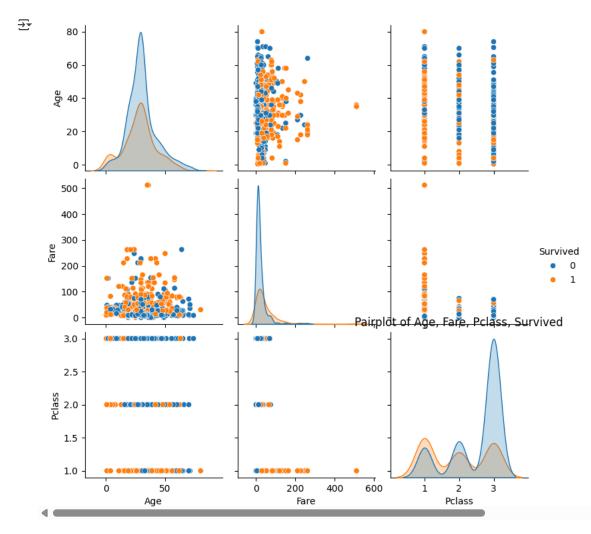


3 Scatterplot - Age vs Fare (Colored by Survival) Observation:

Passengers who paid higher fares had a higher chance of survival.

There is no strong relationship between age and survival.

sns.pairplot(data[['Age', 'Fare', 'Pclass', 'Survived']], hue='Survived')
plt.title('Pairplot of Age, Fare, Pclass, Survived')
plt.show()



from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Pairplot - Age, Fare, Pclass, Survived Observation:

First-class passengers (Pclass = 1) survived more than third-class.

Higher Fare is positively linked with survival.

No clear relation between Age and Survival.

```
# Select only numeric columns
numeric_data = data.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64'])
# Now plot heatmap
sns.heatmap(numeric_data.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Feature Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```

