

```
In [1]: ▶ import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

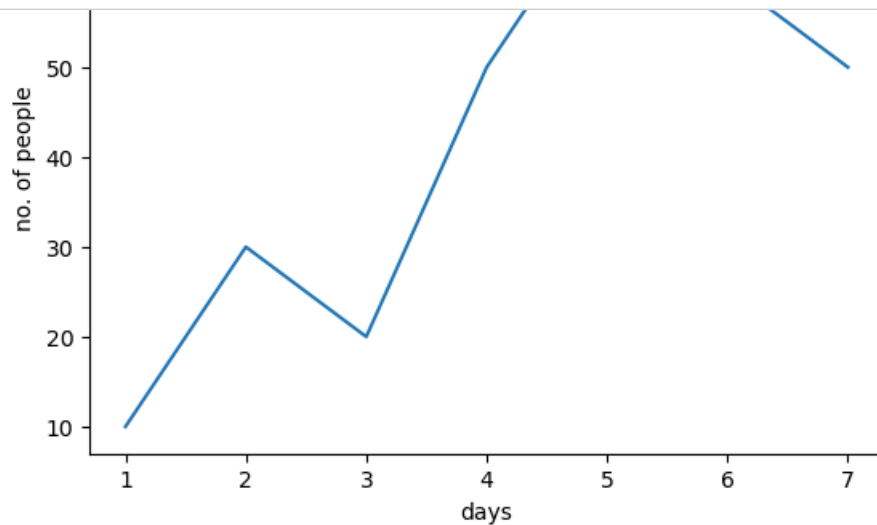
LINE PLOT

```
In [2]: ▶ x=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
y=[10,30,20,50,70,60,50]
df=pd.DataFrame({'days':x,'no. of people':y})
df
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	days	no. of people
0	1	10
1	2	30
2	3	20
3	4	50
4	5	70
5	6	60
6	7	50

```
In [3]: ▶ sns.lineplot(x='days',y='no. of people',data=df)
plt.show()
#plt.style.use('dark_background')
```

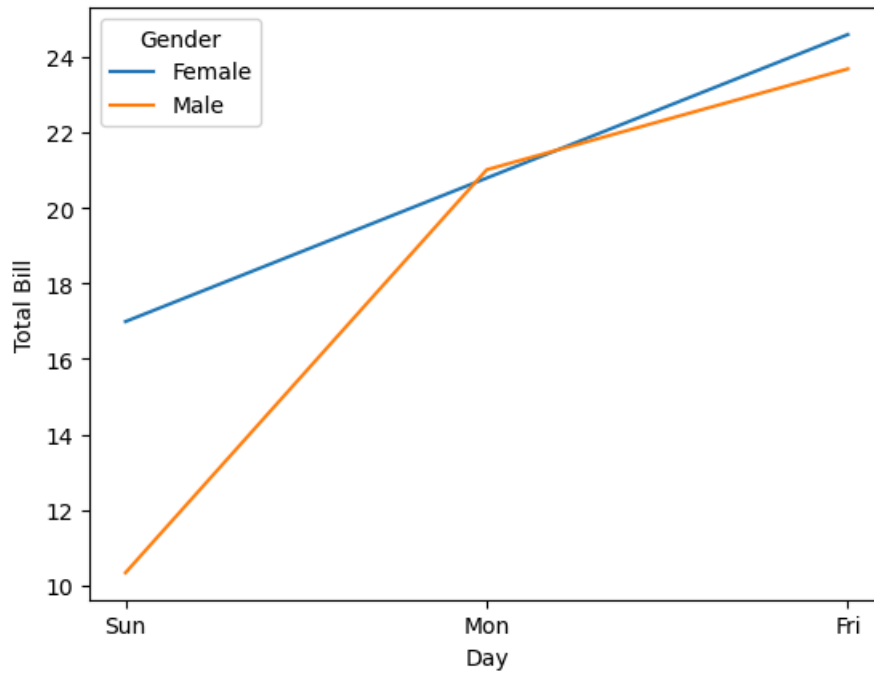


```
In [4]: ▶ df=pd.read_excel("C:\\Users\\Asus\\Downloads\\Meal.xlsx")
df
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Total Bill	Tip	Gender	Drinks	Day	Time	Size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	Yes	Sun	Dinner	2
1	10.34	1.66	Male	No	Sun	Lunch	3
2	21.01	3.51	Male	No	Mon	Dinner	5
3	23.68	3.31	Male	Yes	Fri	Lunch	2
4	24.59	3.61	Female	Yes	Fri	Lunch	3

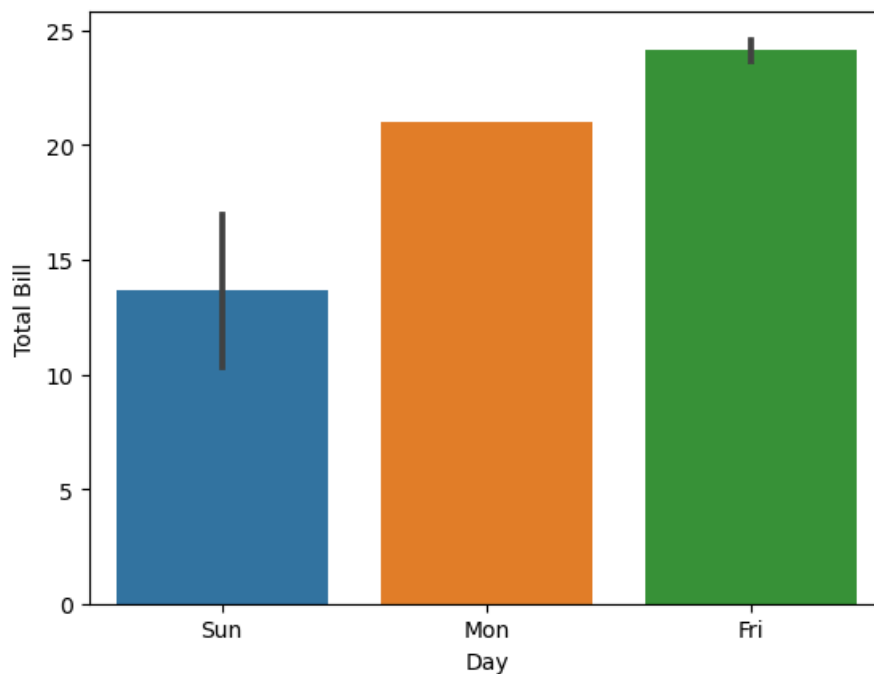
```
In [5]: ▶ #sns.lineplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df)
sns.lineplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender')
#sns.lineplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender',style='Time')
plt.show()
```



BAR PLOT

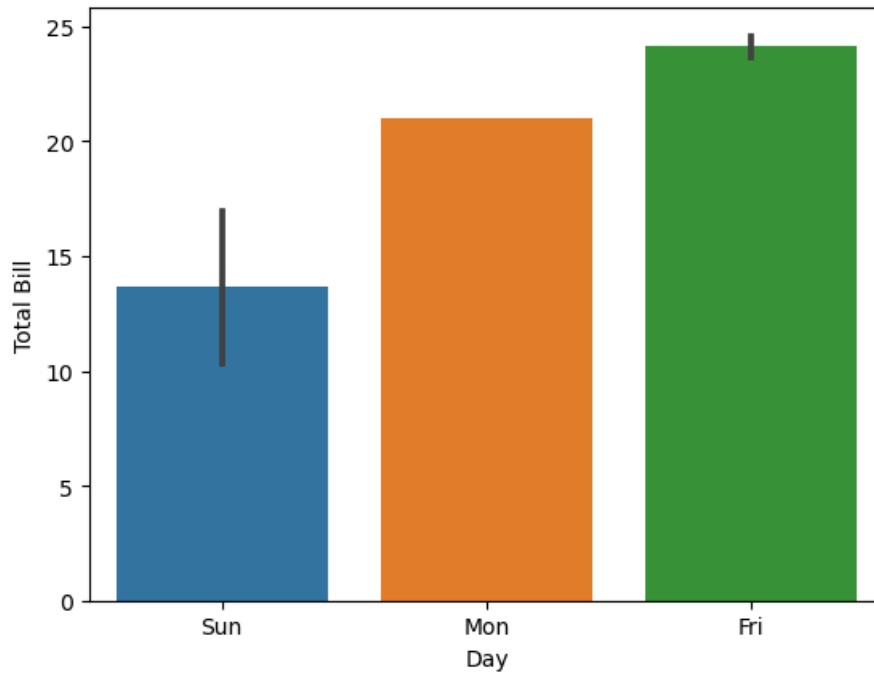
```
In [6]: ▶ sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df) #black line on top of bar represent 'MEDIAN'
```

Out[6]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>



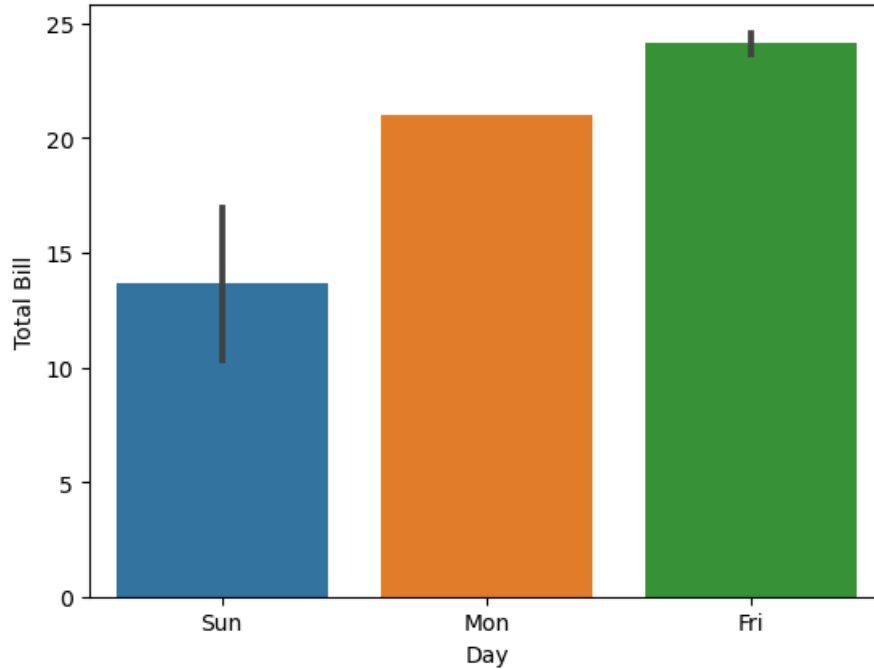
```
In [7]: ▶ from numpy import mean
sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,estimator=mean) #black line on top of bar represent 'MEAN'
```

```
Out[7]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>
```



```
In [8]: ▶ from numpy import median
sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,estimator=median) #black line on top of bar represent 'MEDIAN'
#default is median
```

```
Out[8]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>
```



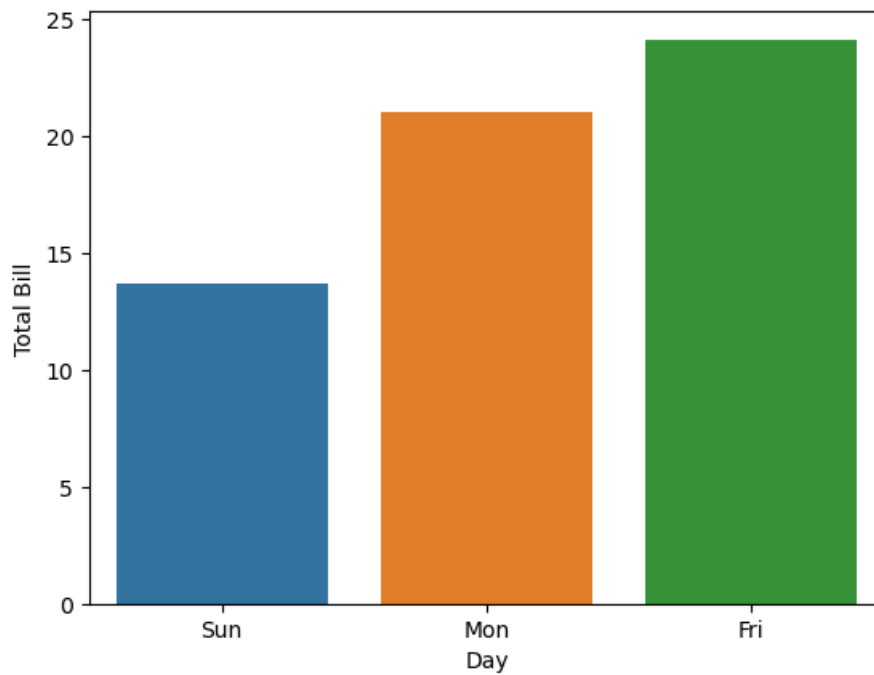
```
In [9]: sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,ci=False) #to remove black line on top of bar.
```

C:\Users\Asus\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2960\2546700023.py:1: FutureWarning:

The `ci` parameter is deprecated. Use `errorbar=(`ci`, False)` for the same effect.

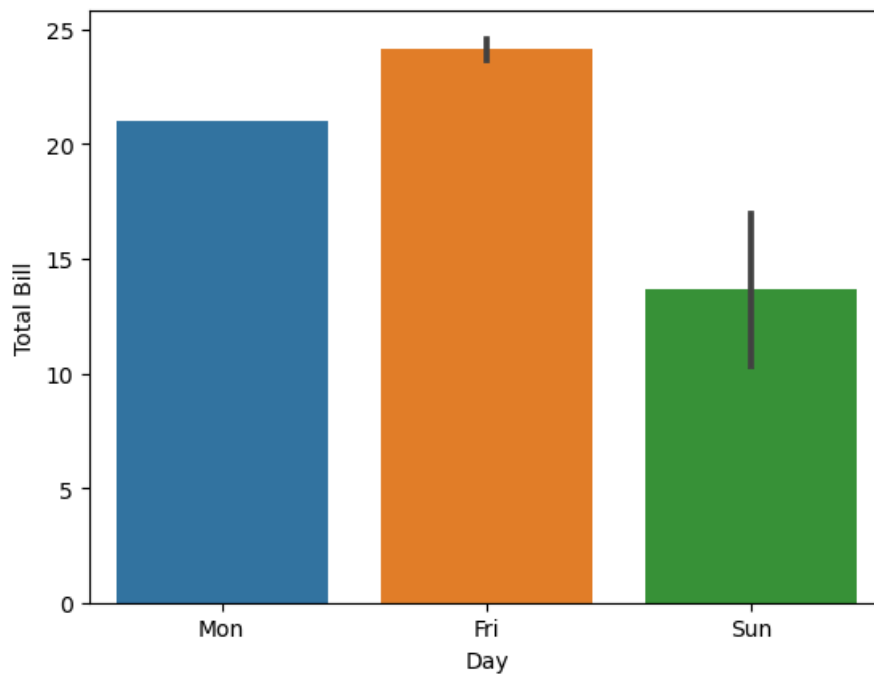
```
sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,ci=False) #to remove black line on top of bar.
```

```
Out[9]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>
```

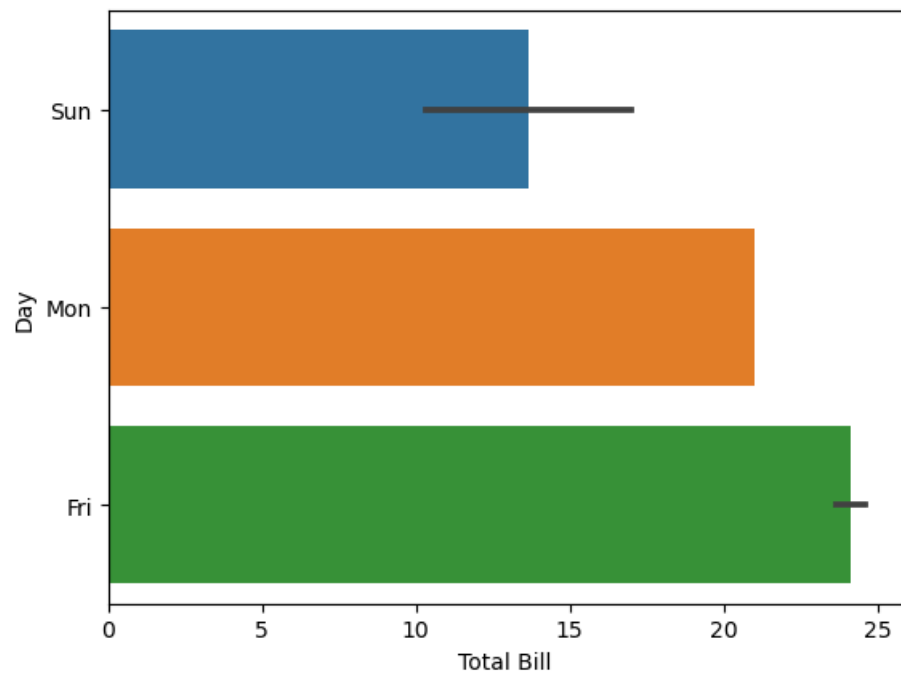


```
In [10]: sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,order=['Mon','Fri','Sun']) #to change the order
```

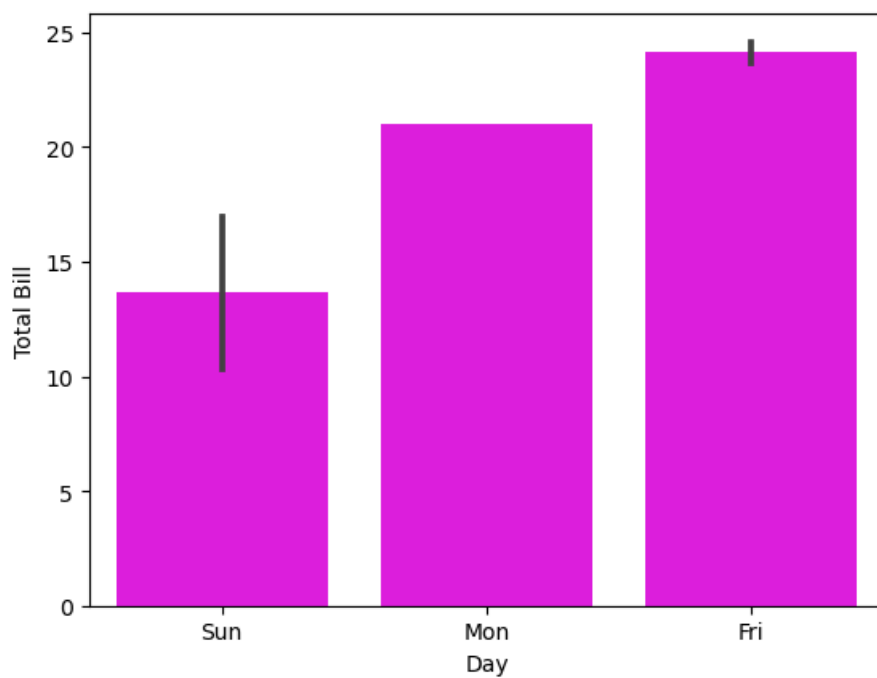
```
Out[10]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>
```



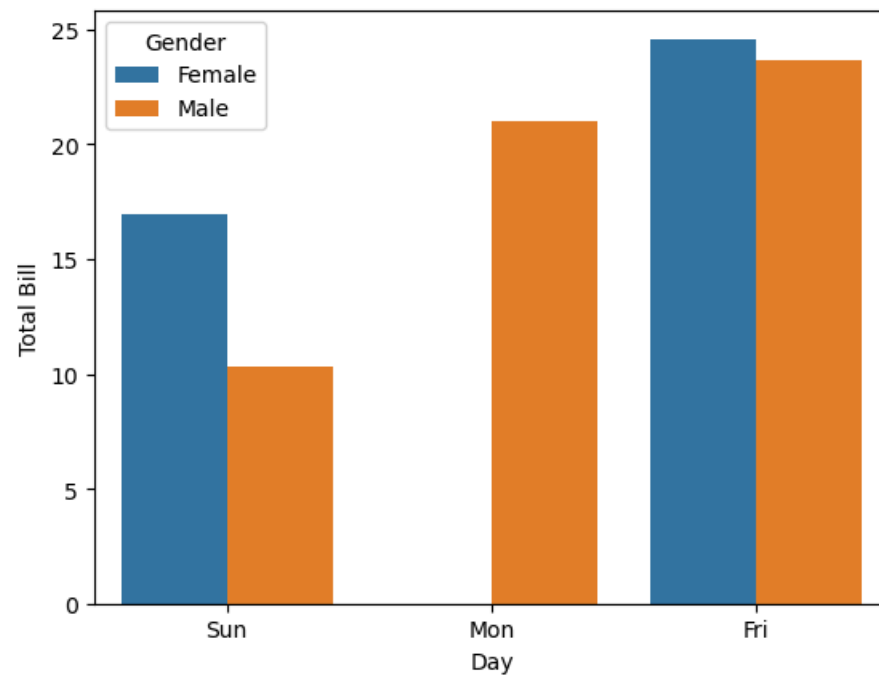
```
In [11]: ▶ sns.barplot(x='Total Bill',y='Day',data=df) #horizontal bar
plt.show()
```



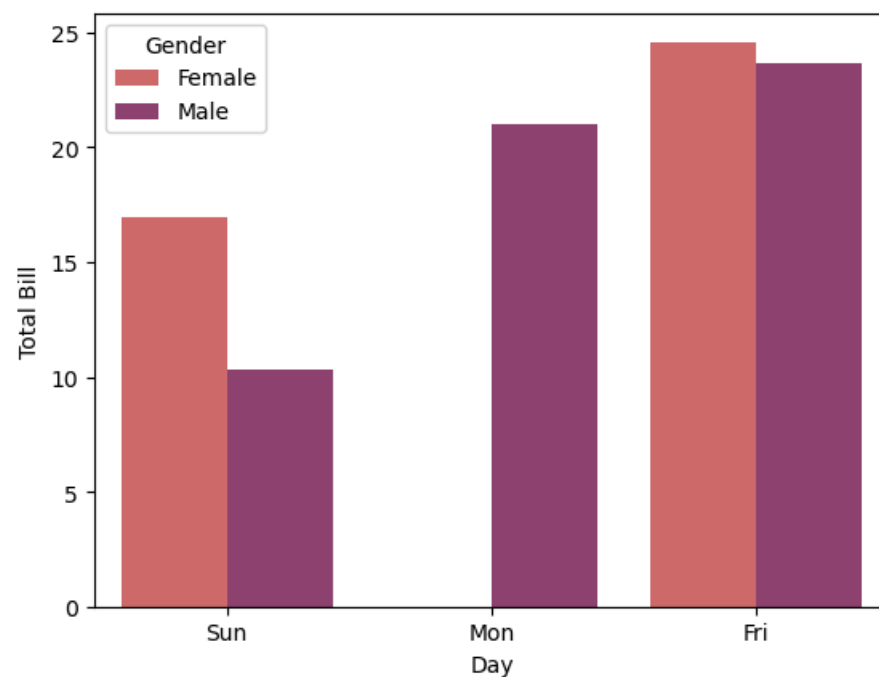
```
In [12]: ▶ sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,color='magenta')
plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: ▶ sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender')
plt.show()
```

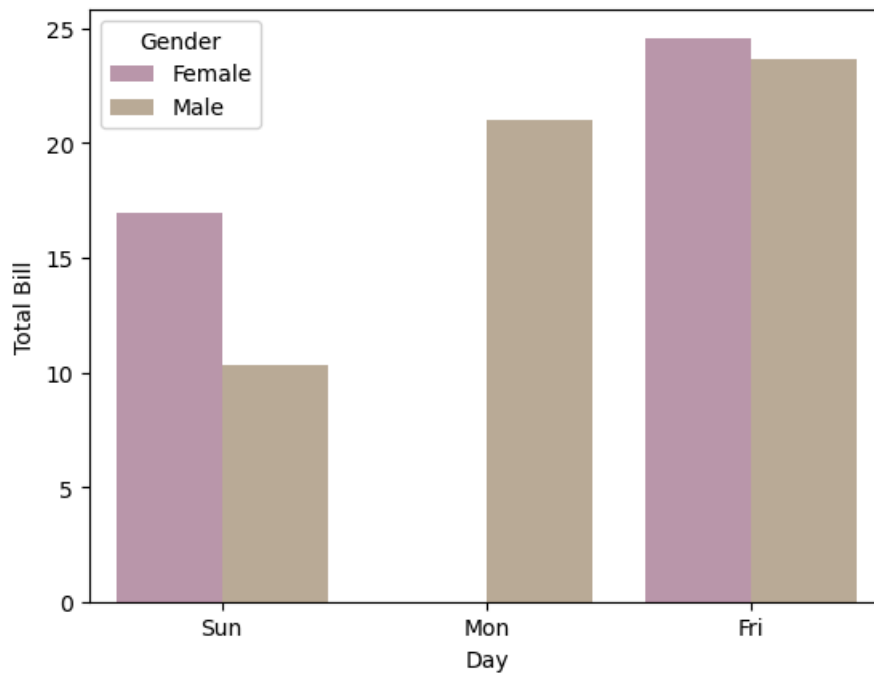


```
In [14]: ▶ sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender',palette='flare') #to change color
#sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender',palette='spring')
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: sns.barplot(x='Day',y='Total Bill',data=df,hue='Gender',palette='spring',saturation=0.2) #sharpness
```

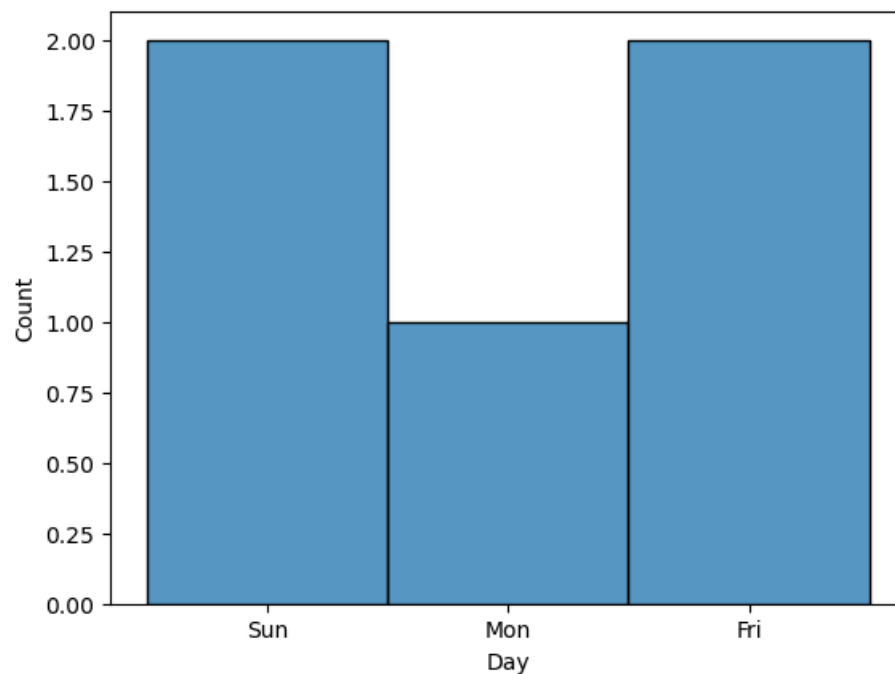
```
Out[15]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Total Bill'>
```



HISTOGRAM PLOT

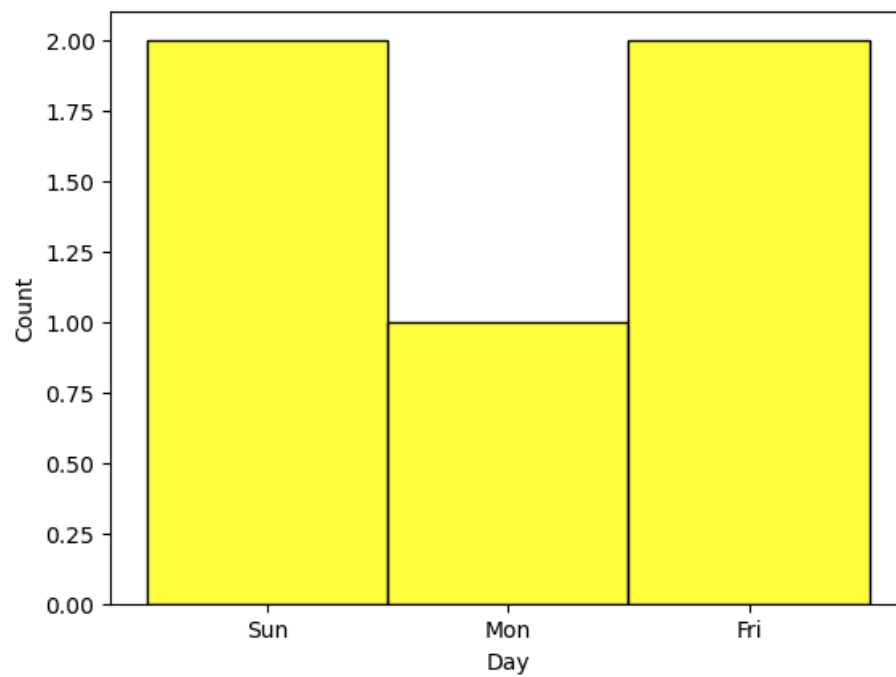
```
In [16]: sns.histplot(x='Day',data=df)
```

```
Out[16]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Count'>
```

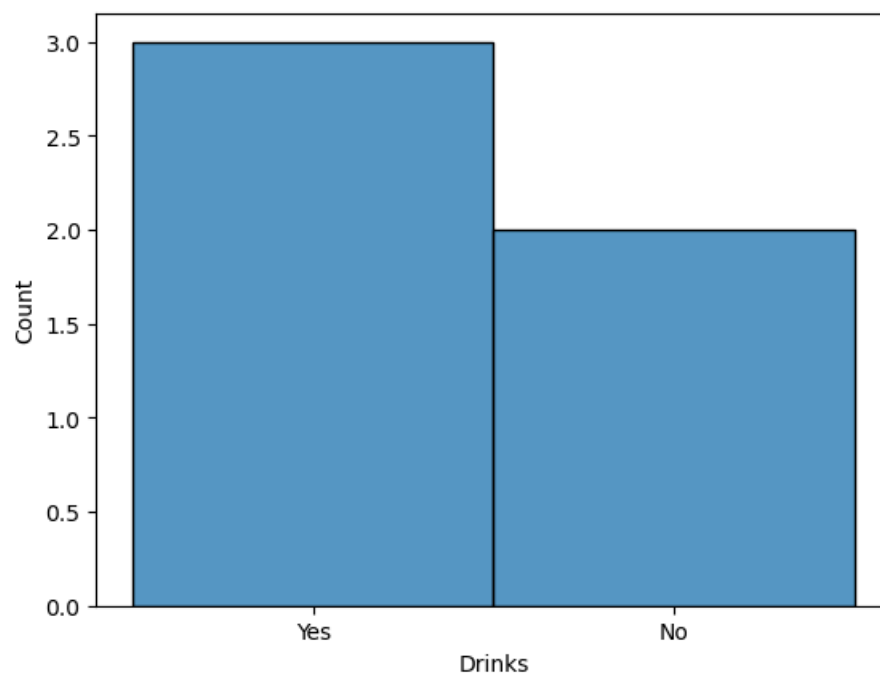


```
In [17]: sns.histplot(x='Day',data=df,color='yellow')
```

```
Out[17]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Count'>
```

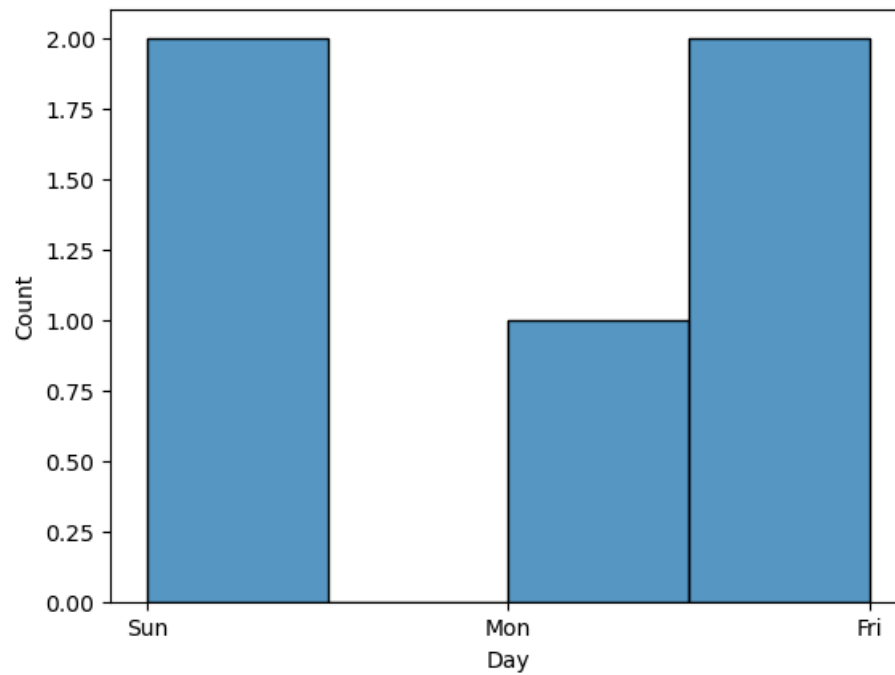


```
In [18]: sns.histplot(x='Drinks',data=df)  
plt.show()
```



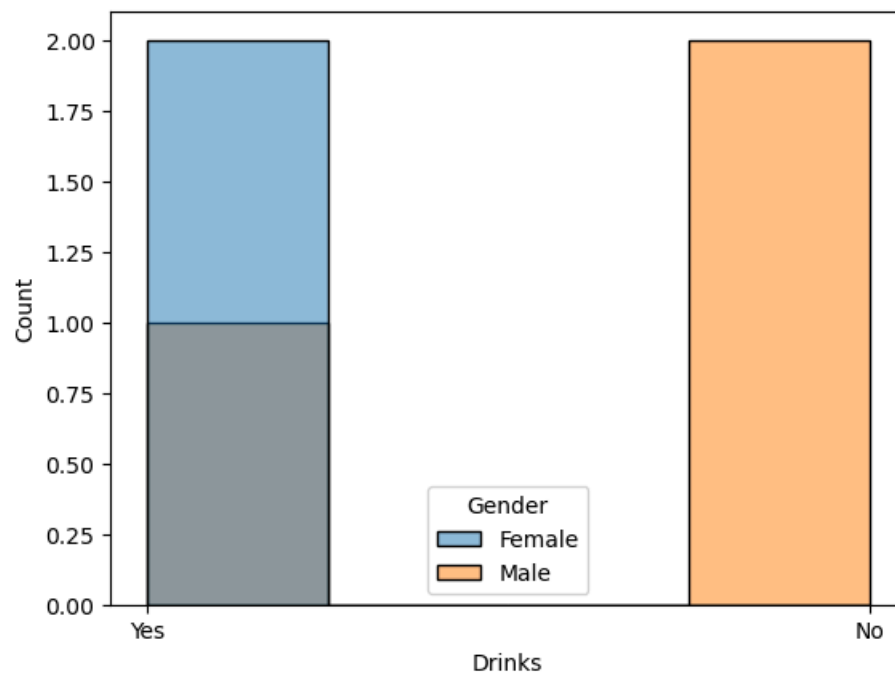

```
In [19]: ▶ sns.histplot(x='Day',data=df,discrete=False) #to give space
```

```
Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='Day', ylabel='Count'>
```



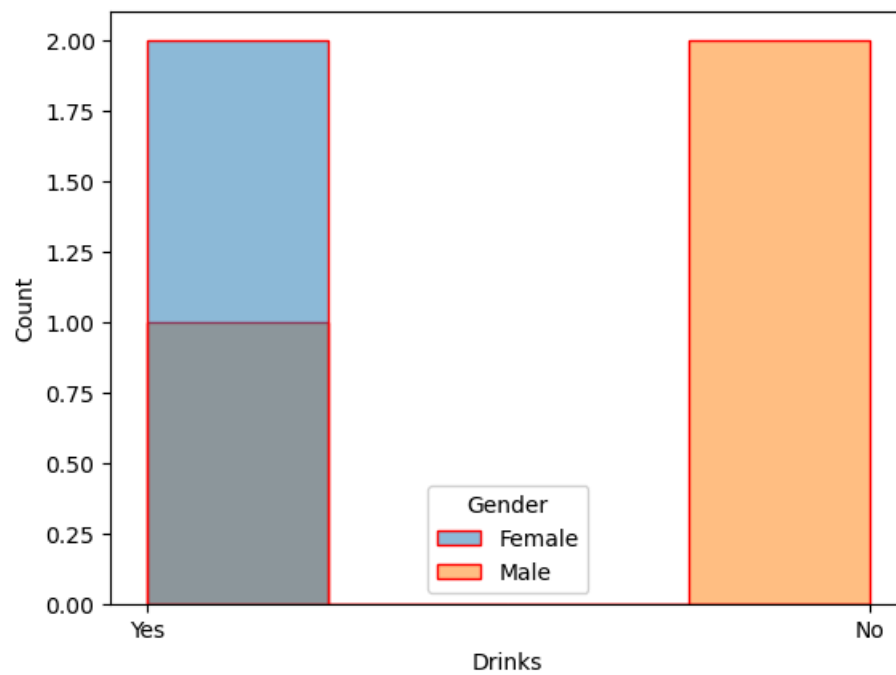
```
In [20]: ▶ sns.histplot(x='Drinks',data=df,hue='Gender',discrete=False) #gray color is overlaping data
```

```
Out[20]: <Axes: xlabel='Drinks', ylabel='Count'>
```



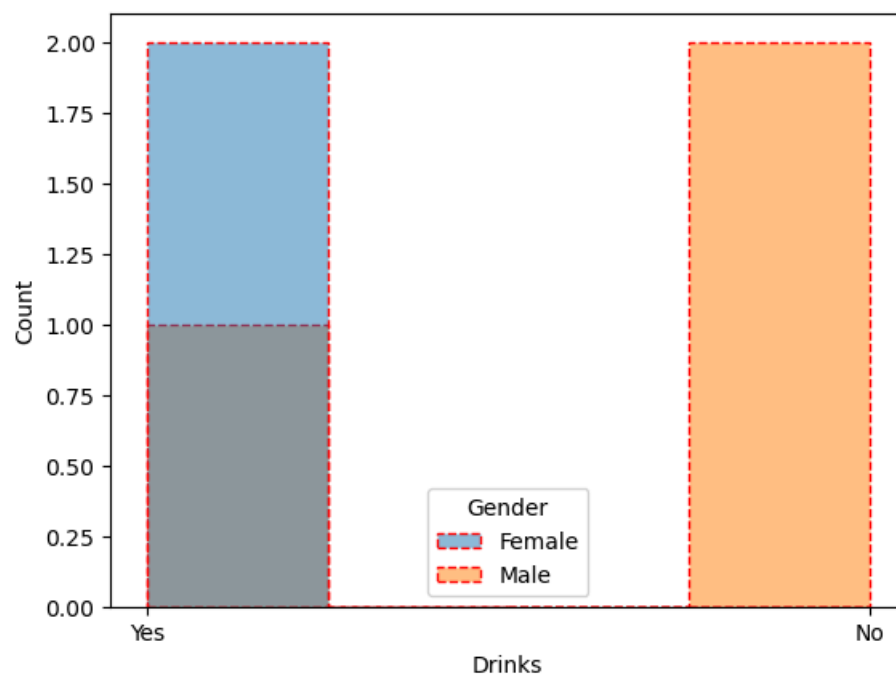
```
In [21]: ▶ sns.histplot(x='Drinks',data=df,hue='Gender',discrete=False,edgecolor='red')
```

```
Out[21]: <Axes: xlabel='Drinks', ylabel='Count'>
```



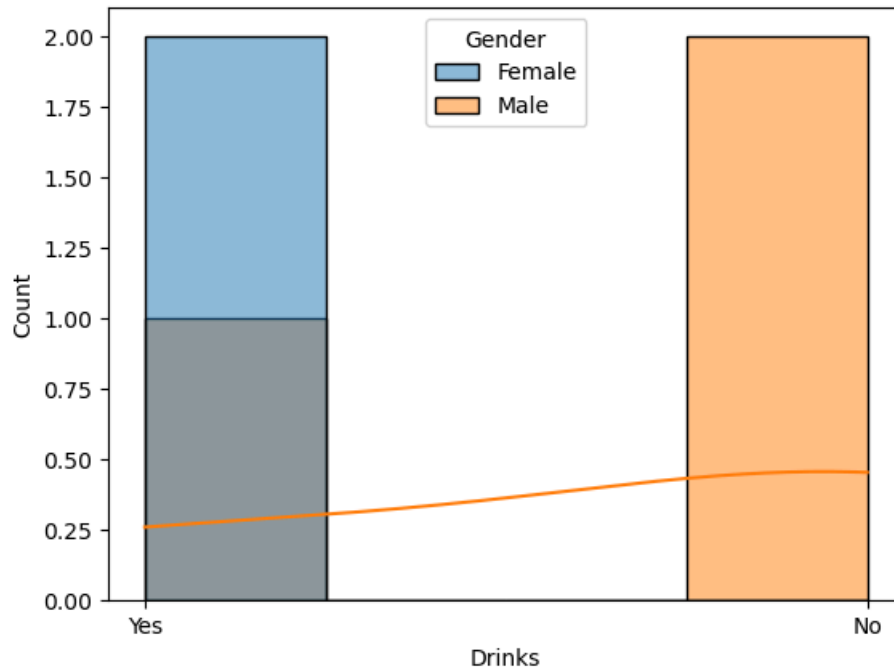
```
In [22]: ▶ sns.histplot(x='Drinks',data=df,hue='Gender',discrete=False,linestyle='--',edgecolor='red')
```

```
Out[22]: <Axes: xlabel='Drinks', ylabel='Count'>
```



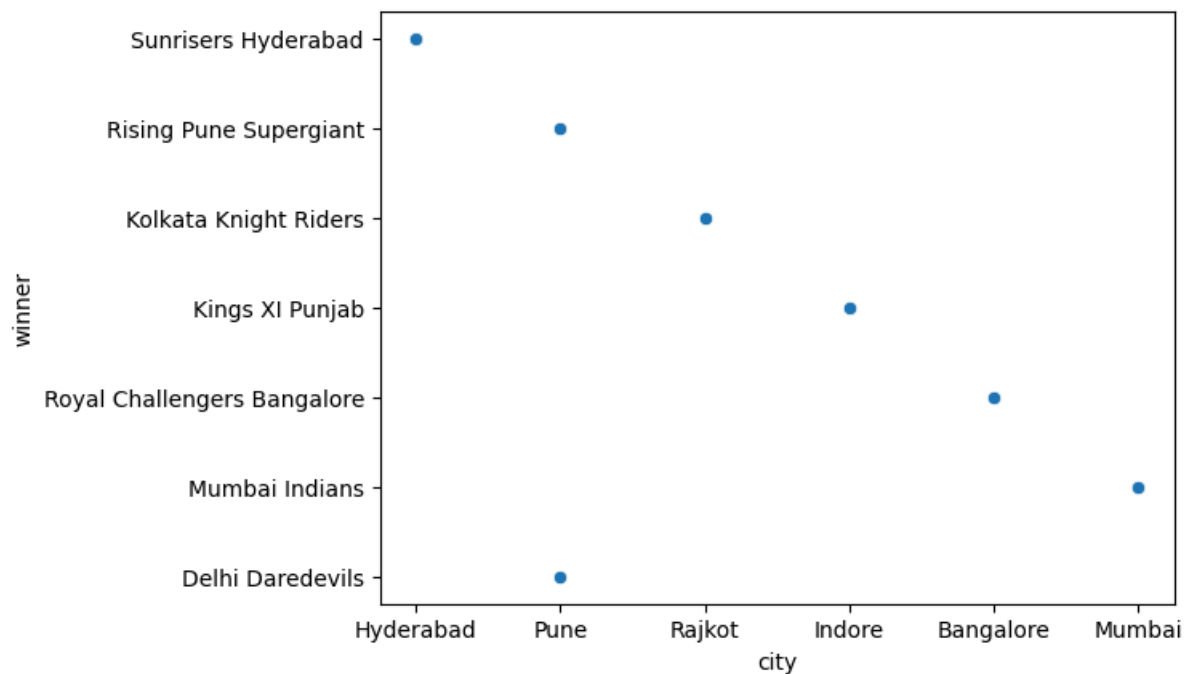
```
In [23]: sns.histplot(x='Drinks',data=df,hue='Gender',discrete=False,kde=True)
```

```
Out[23]: <Axes: xlabel='Drinks', ylabel='Count'>
```

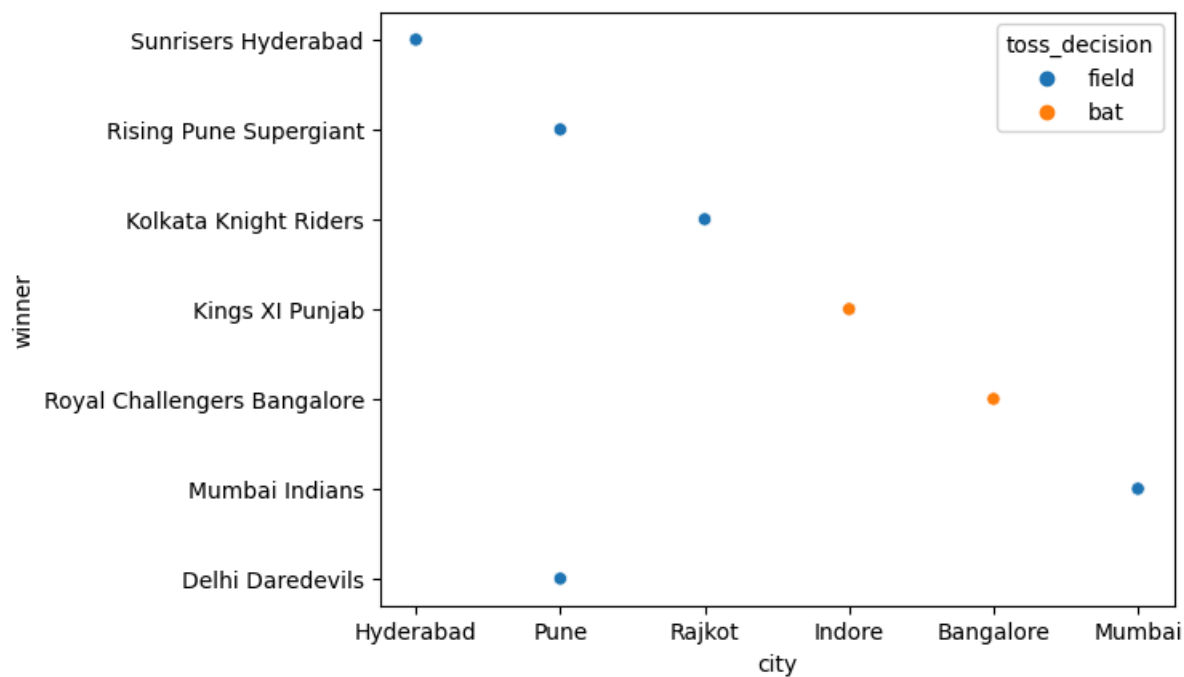


SCATTER PLOT

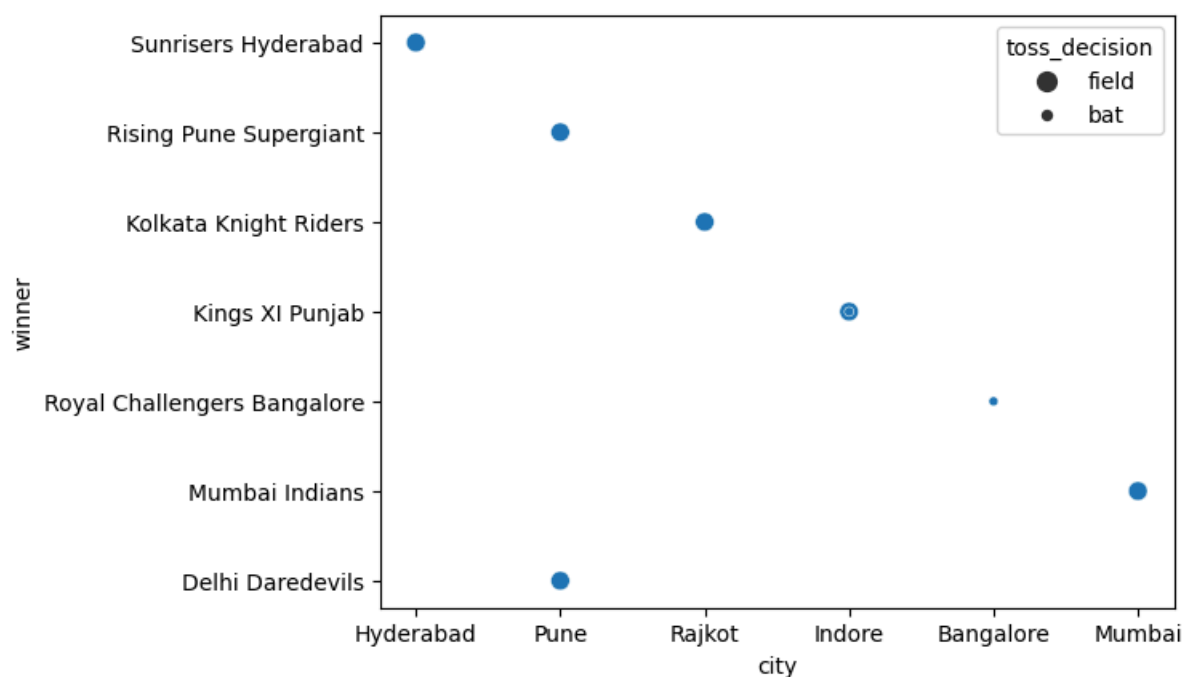
```
In [24]: df1=pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\Asus\\Downloads\\IPL.csv")
df1
sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1)
plt.show()
```



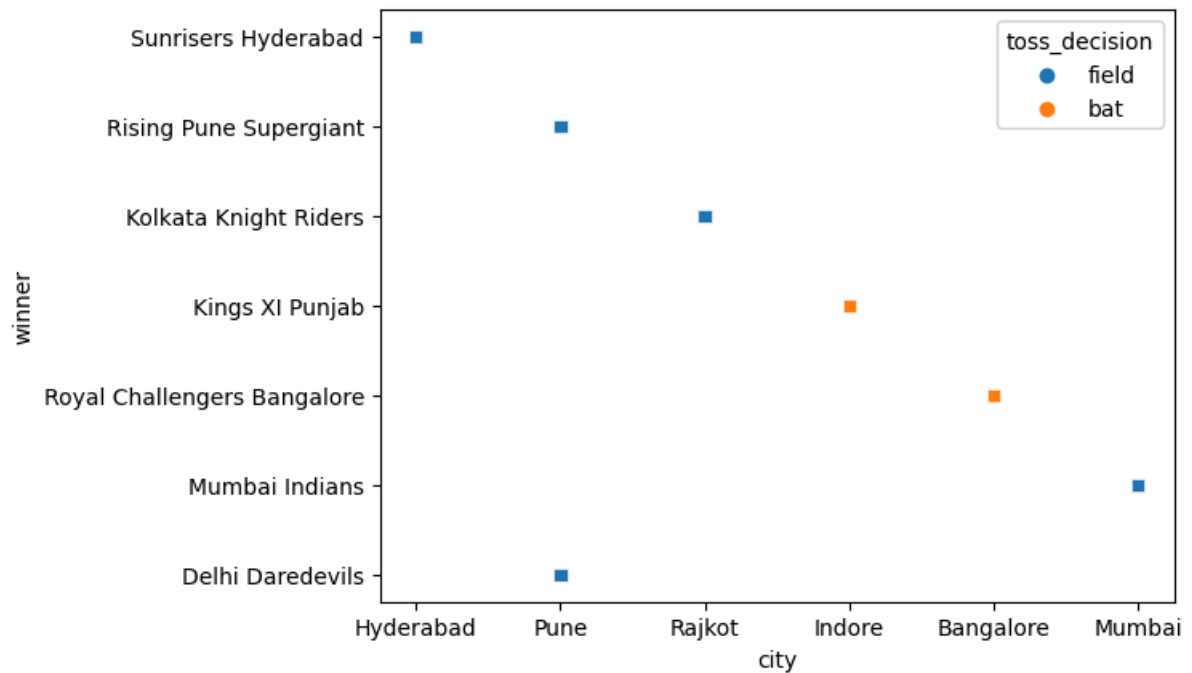
```
In [25]: sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision')
plt.show()
```



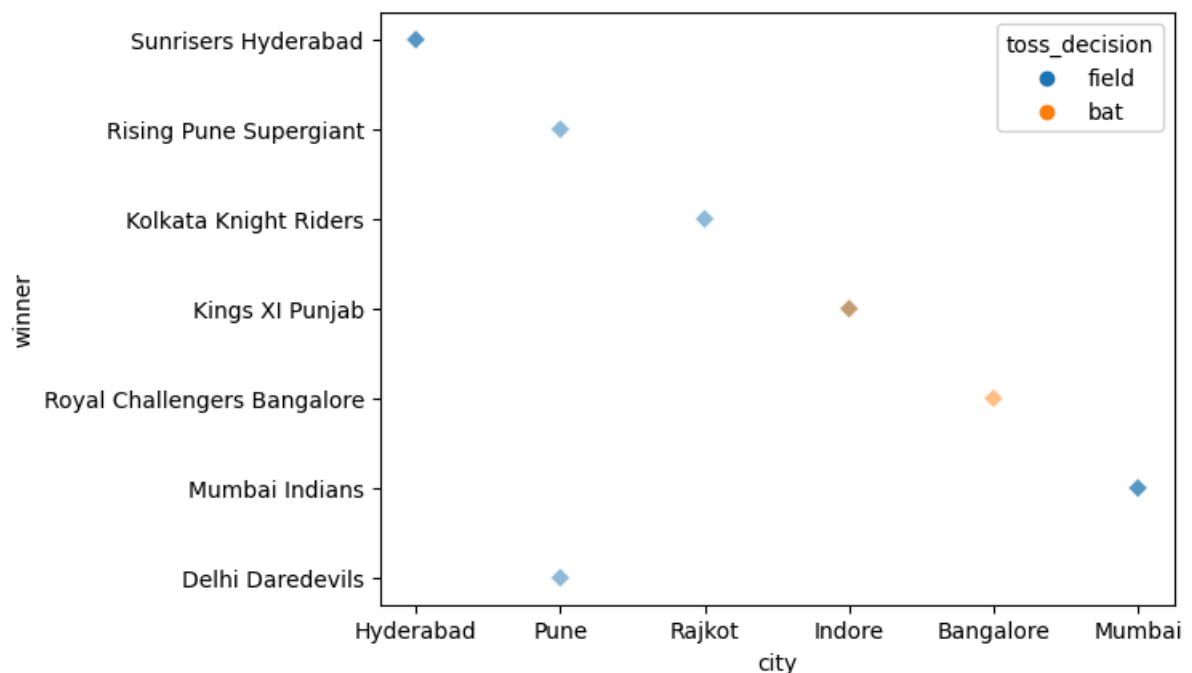
```
In [26]: sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,size='toss_decision')
plt.show()
```



```
In [27]: ▶ #sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision',marker='D') #DIAMOND
#sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision',marker='*') #star
sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision',marker='s') #square
plt.show()
```

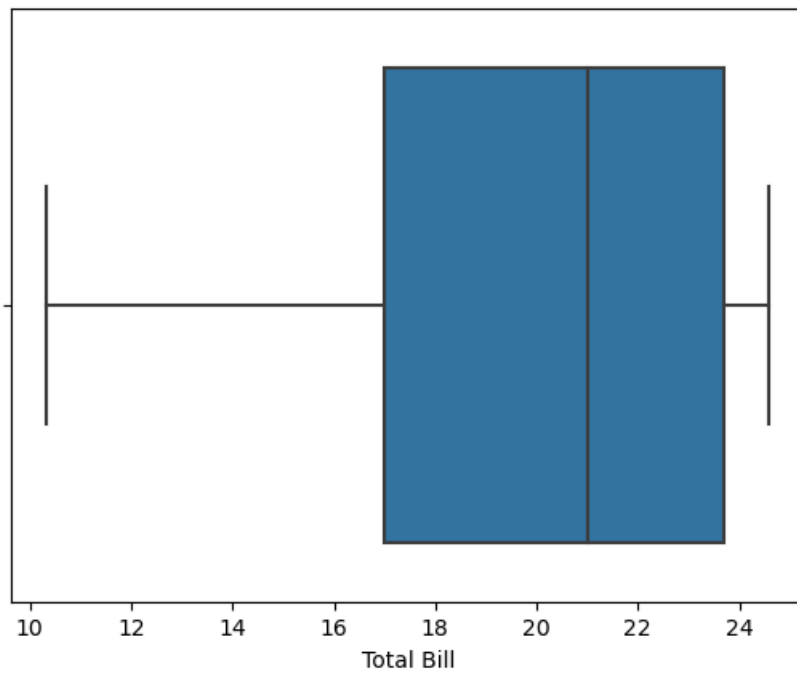


```
In [28]: ▶ #sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision',marker='D',alpha=.1) #hazy color
sns.scatterplot(x='city',y='winner',data=df1,hue='toss_decision',marker='D',alpha=.5) #half transparent
plt.show()
```

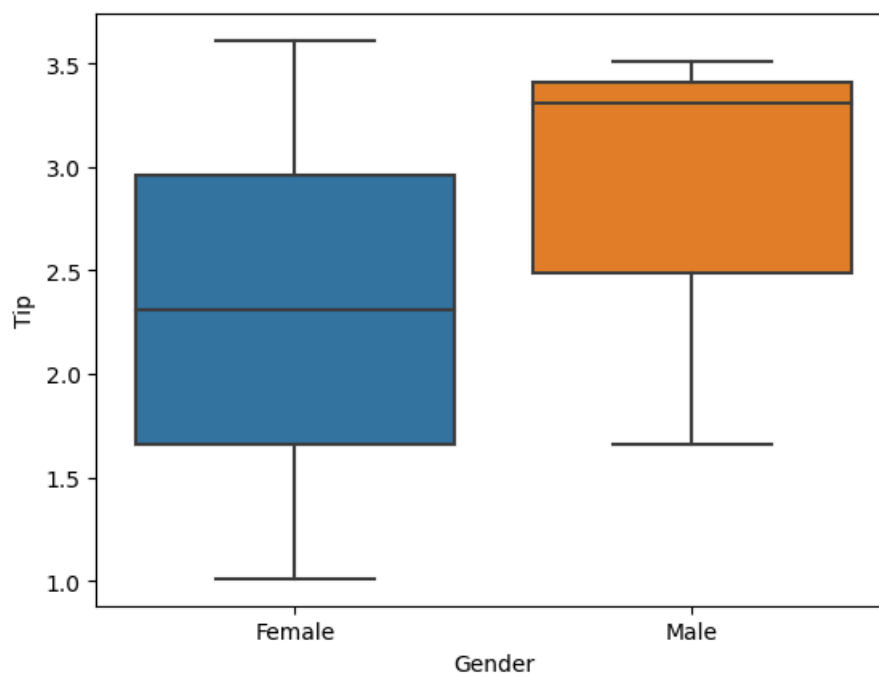


BOX PLOT

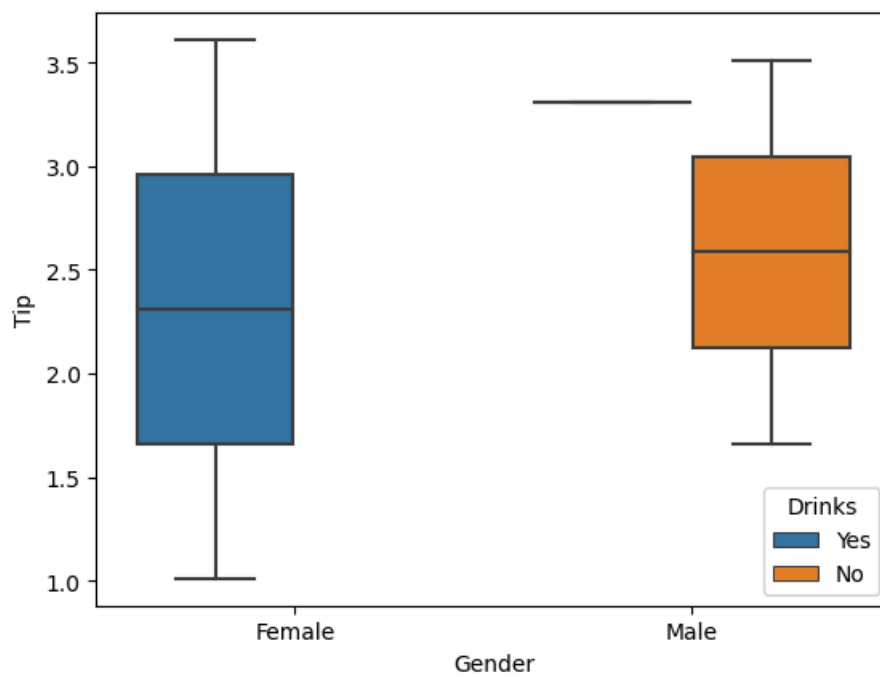
```
In [30]: ▶ sns.boxplot(x=df['Total Bill'],data=df)
plt.show()
```



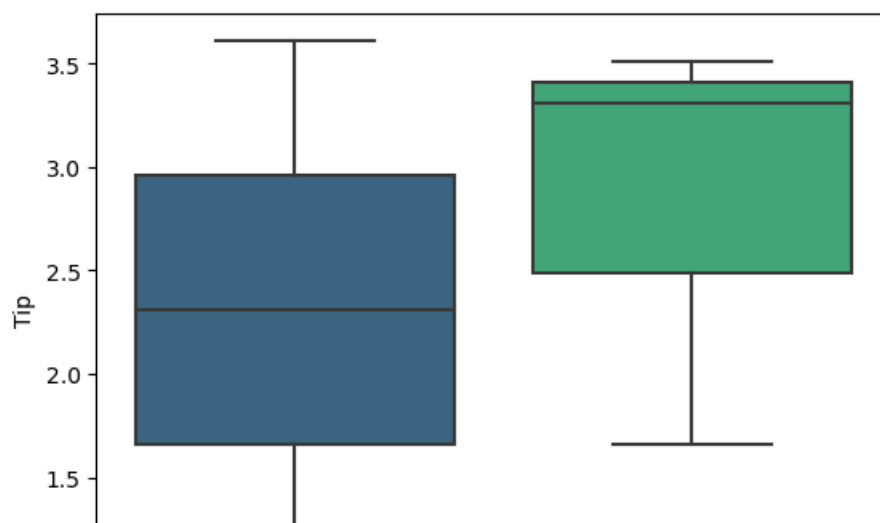
```
In [32]: ▶ sns.boxplot(x='Gender',y='Tip',data=df)
plt.show()
```



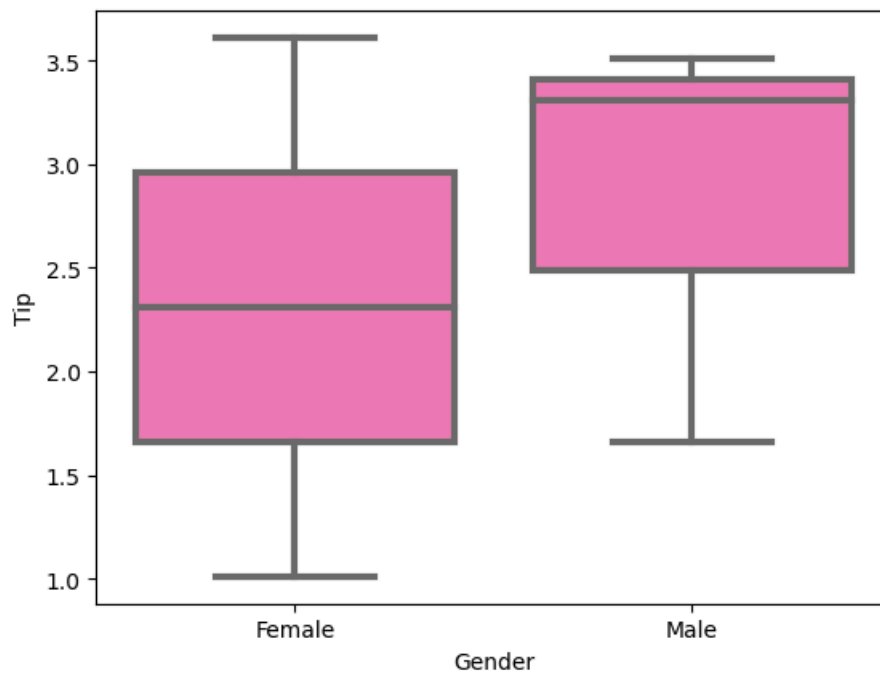
```
In [40]: ▶ sns.boxplot(x='Gender',y='Tip',data=df,hue='Drinks')  
plt.show()
```



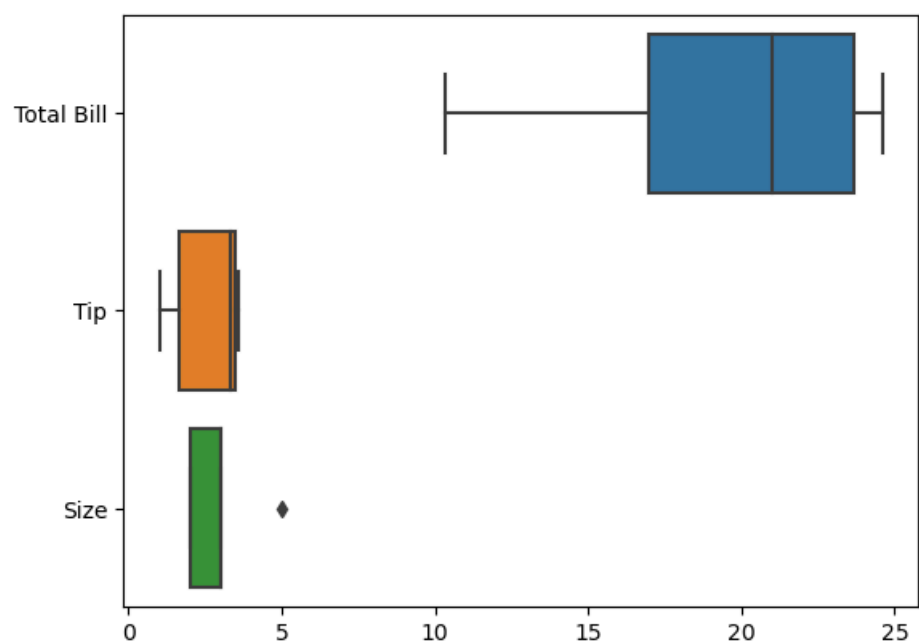
```
In [41]: ▶ sns.boxplot(x='Gender',y='Tip',data=df,palette='viridis')  
plt.show()
```



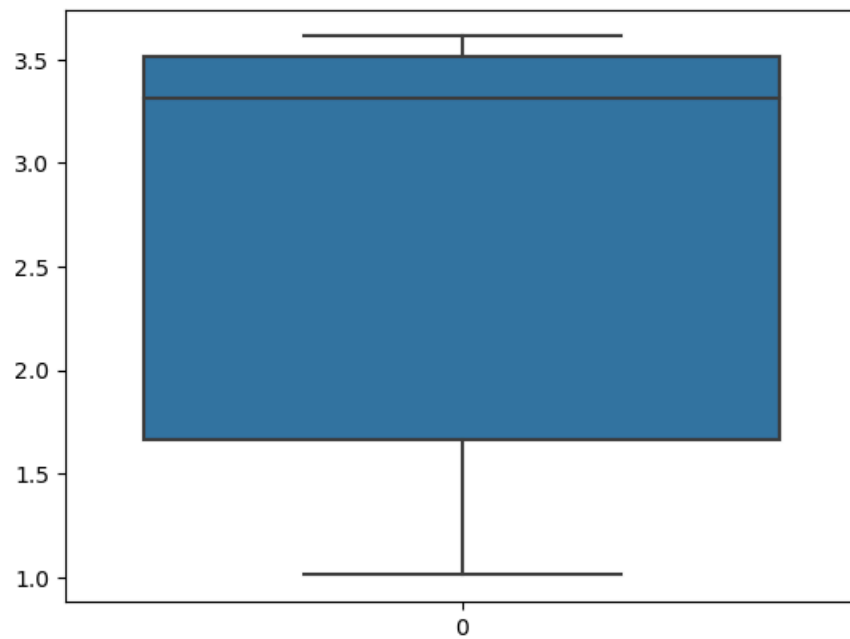
```
In [46]: sns.boxplot(x='Gender',y='Tip',data=df,color='hotpink',linewidth=3)
plt.show()
```



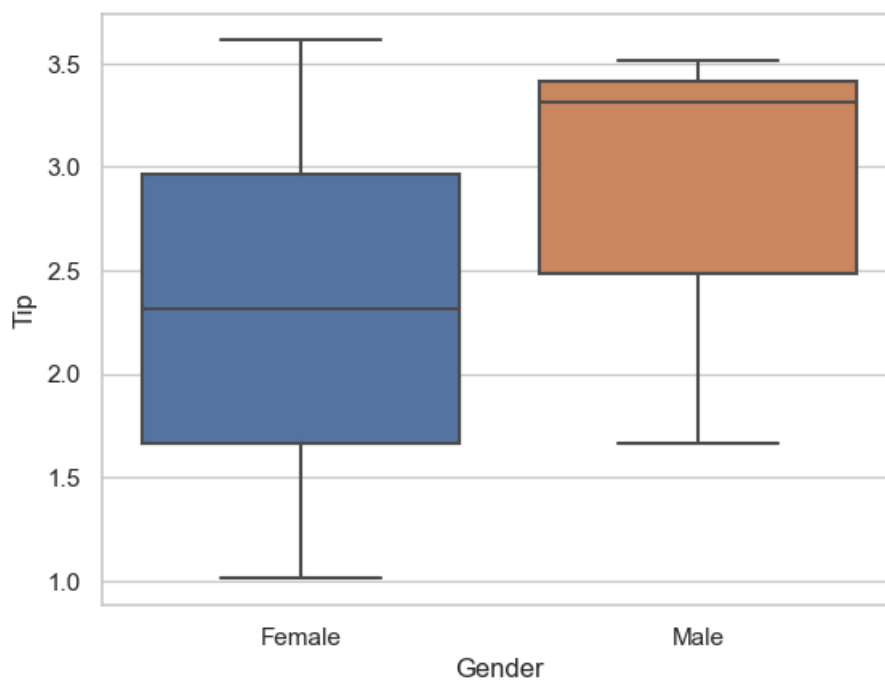
```
In [47]: sns.boxplot(data=df,orient='h') #horizontal view
plt.show()
```




```
In [51]: ▶ sns.boxplot(data=df['Tip'],orient='v') #vertical view
plt.show()
```



```
In [53]: ▶ sns.set(style='whitegrid')
sns.boxplot(x='Gender',y='Tip',data=df)
plt.show()
```



KERNEL DENSITY ESTIMATION (KDE)

```
In [58]: sns.get_dataset_names() #to see the available dataset on internet.
```

```
attention',
'brain_networks',
'car_crashes',
'diamonds',
'dots',
'dowjones',
'exercise',
'flights',
'fmri',
'geyser',
'glue',
'healthexp',
'iris',
'mpg',
'penguins',
'planets',
'seaice',
'taxis',
'tips',
'titanic']
```

```
In [62]: df2=sns.load_dataset('tips').dropna() #to load available dataset
df2.head(7)
```

```
Out[62]:
```

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2
1	10.34	1.66	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
2	21.01	3.50	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
3	23.68	3.31	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	2
4	24.59	3.61	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	4
5	25.29	4.71	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	4
6	8.77	2.00	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	2

```
In [72]: df3=sns.load_dataset('titanic') #to load available dataset
df3.head(7)
```

```
Out[72]:
```

	survived	pclass	sex	age	sibsp	parch	fare	embarked	class	who	adult_male	deck	embark_town	alive	alone
0	0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S	Third	man	True	NaN	Southampton	no	False
1	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	C	First	woman	False	C	Cherbourg	yes	False
2	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S	Third	woman	False	NaN	Southampton	yes	True
3	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S	First	woman	False	C	Southampton	yes	False
4	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S	Third	man	True	NaN	Southampton	no	True
5	0	3	male	NaN	0	0	8.4583	Q	Third	man	True	NaN	Queenstown	no	True
6	0	1	male	54.0	0	0	51.8625	S	First	man	True	E	Southampton	no	True

```
In [73]: df3.shape
```

```
Out[73]: (891, 15)
```

```
In [79]: titanic['age'].fillna(titanic['age'].mean(),inplace=True)
sns.displot(titanic['age'])
plt.show()
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[79], line 1
----> 1 titanic['age'].fillna(titanic['age'].mean(),inplace=True)
      2 sns.displot(titanic['age'])
      3 plt.show()

NameError: name 'titanic' is not defined
```

In []: ▶