## ASSIGNMENT-5 COMPILERS

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01.

a Arithmetic Operators:

- -> Represented as a sequence of statements.
- Temporary variables are used for intermediate values.
- Attributes for Expression:

id.loc()
num.val

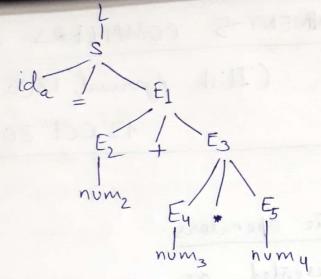
-> Auxiliary methods

gentemp()

emit (result, arg 1, op, arg 2)

Ex: a = 4 + 5 \* 7;

Reductions TAC  $E \rightarrow num$  t00 = 4  $E \rightarrow num$  t01 = 35  $E \rightarrow num$  t02 = 67  $E \rightarrow E_1 * E_2$  t03 = t01 \* t02  $E \rightarrow E_1 + E_2$  t04 = t00 + t03  $S \rightarrow id = E$  a = t04



6 Boolean operators:

-> Two types of translation: by value, by Control flow

-> We mainly use control flow to translate.

- Attributes used:

B. truelist B. falselist B. loc nextinstr Minstr

-> A uniliary methods

makelist (i)

merge (P1,P2)

backpatch (p, i)

Ex: a>b 11 c = = d

PTO

100: if a>b goto 104 101: goto 102

102: if c==d, gdo 104 103: goto 105

104: goto 000 (true)

105: goto 000 (false)

 $B \rightarrow B_1 11 B_2$   $B_1 \rightarrow E_1 \text{ red op } E_2$   $B_2 \rightarrow E_3 \text{ red op } E_4$ 

@ Array References:

) We have, a[i] begins at location (base + i \* size of (element)).

-> Attributes used:

A. Loc A. array A. type

-> Grammar uses both left and right recursion.

 $\frac{\mathcal{L}_g}{b} : \text{ int } a[2][3], b, c;$  b = c + a[i][j]

## Three- address code Reductions t1 = i\* 12 t2=j+4 A -> id[E] t3 = +1++2 ty = a[t3] $\rightarrow A_1[\bar{\epsilon}]$ t5 = c+t4 b = +5 Parse Tree ide bas that Q2. PTO

D

02.

Reduction

$$E \rightarrow (E)$$

$$E \rightarrow (E)$$

$$s \rightarrow id = E$$



PTO

