

# FULL STACK JAVA – DAY1

## Why Programming?

- Because we humans have lot of languages to communicate.
- But, we can't communicate with machines in human languages.
- So we need a language to communicate with machines ie machine understandable language to develop applications to perform our required actions.
- That's the reason we need programming.

## How many types of programming languages are there?

1. Low Level Language.
  2. High Level Language.
  3. Middle Level Language.
- We generally write a program using high – level language. Ie, English
  - This high level language is understandable by humans. It is called **Source Code**.
  - Low level Language is understandable by machines only .
  - It consists of 1's and 0's.
- ☐ To convert source code into machine understandable code ie low level language. We use Compiler o Interpreter.

## What is Compiler?

- Compiler compiles the source code in one run.
- Error will be shown only after the compilation of whole program.

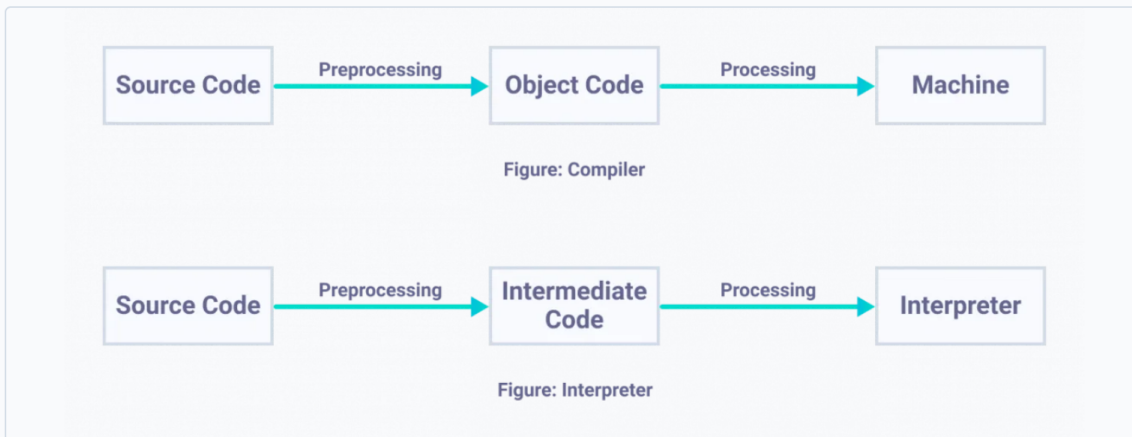
## What is Interpreter?

- Interpreter compiles the source code line by line.

# FULL STACK JAVA – DAY1

- Errors will be shown for the line if the line fails before whole program.

## Working of Compiler and Interpreter



## What are the top Programming Languages?

- C++, Python, Ruby , Go Lang , Java script
- We have many Programming Languages. But why Java.

## Advantages of Java

- Main Advantage of JAVA

## Backward Compatibility

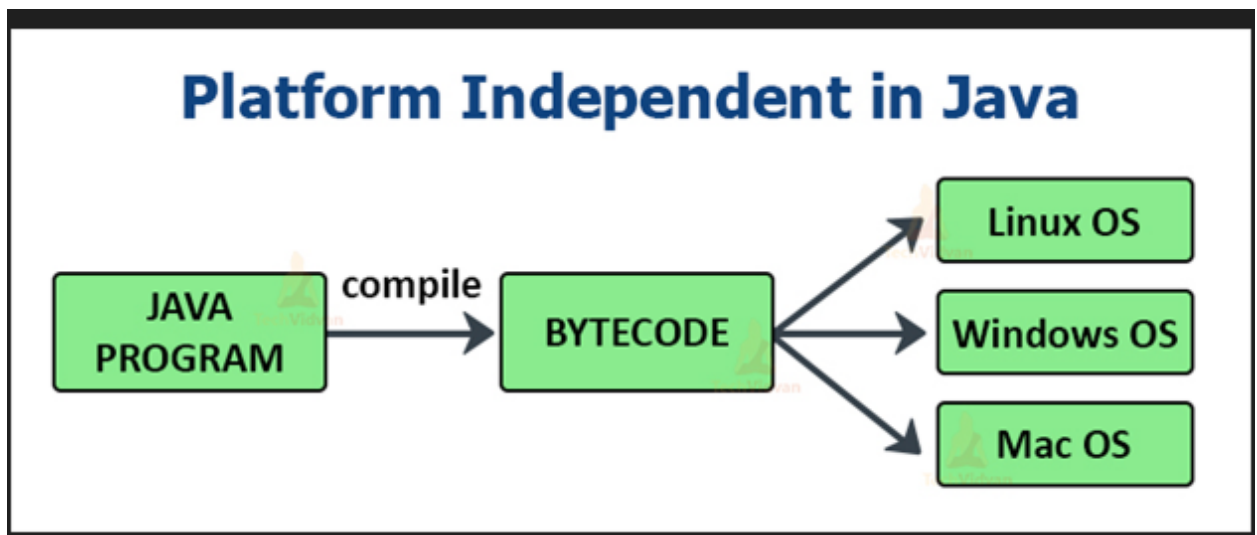
- Backward compatibility means supporting the previous versions of Java along with new version updates.

# FULL STACK JAVA – DAY1

## Features of JAVA

### 1. Platform Independent

- Java is very well known for its platform dependent feature.
- Java program converts its source code to byte code.
- This byte code can compile on any platform (or Operating System) like Windows ,Linux, MacOS.
- So Java is said to be WORA ie Write Once Run Anywhere.



### 2. Object Oriented

- Java strongly supports concepts of Object Oriented concepts.
- Will discuss in detail in coming sessions.

### 3. Strongly Typed Language

- Java is strongly typed language because it asks for variable declaration of every variable for its data type.

# **FULL STACK JAVA – DAY1**

- These data types have specific ranges and users cant create a variable without the range.
- So Java is considered as Strongly Typed Language.

## **4. Automatic Memory Management**

- Java uses an Automatic Memory Management system called Garbage Collector.
- This Garbage Automatically deleted the variables memory after the variable utilization ends.

## **5. Multi Threaded**

- Java supports multi threading feature due to this feature tasks which are in the same source code but independent on each other compiles simultaneously.
- So that time taken for compilation of the source code will be minimized.
- Will discuss in detailed way in coming sessions.