

## Department of Electrical Engineering IIT Hyderabad EE5610/AI5000 - PRML

Classtest - 2 Max. Marks: 40

1. Consider two nonnegative numbers a and b, and show that, if  $a \le b$ , then  $a \le \sqrt{ab}$ . Use this result to show that, if the decision regions of a binary classifier are chosen to minimize the probability of misclassification, this probability will satisfy

$$p(\text{mistake}) \le \int \{p(\mathbf{x}, C_1) \ p(\mathbf{x}, C_2)\}^{1/2} d\mathbf{x}$$

2. Consider a binary classification task in single dimension. The class conditional densities for the two classes are given by  $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathcal{N}(1, \sigma^2)$ , respectively. Let the loss matrix associated with the classification task be

$$L = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} 0 & L_{12} \\ L_{21} & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Show that the threshold  $x_0$  that minimizes the average risk is given by

$$x_0 = \frac{1}{2} - \sigma^2 \log \frac{L_{21}p[c_2]}{L_{12}p[c_1]}$$

where  $p[c_k]$  is the prior probability of class k.

- 3. Consider a scenario, in which the points  $\{(0,0),(0,1)\}$  belong to class  $C_1$  and points  $\{(1,1),(2,1)\}$  belong to  $C_2$ .
  - (a) Design a linear discriminant function using least squares approach. Sketch the decision boundary and identify the decision regions.
  - (b) Starting with an initial weight vector **0**, show the perceptron weight updates till the algorithm converges. Sketch the resulting decision boundary, and identify the decision regions

4. A random variable *X* follows the Erlang density function given by

$$p(x/\theta) = \theta^2 x \exp(-\theta x) u(x)$$

where u(x) denotes the unit-step function. Find the ML estimate of  $\theta$  given N independent observations from the distribution.