

# Homework

January 27, 2022

HW-1) Apply Newtons method to steepest-descent algorithm to the optimal step size  $\eta$ , and check how many iterations are required for convergence

$$\mathbf{w}^{new} = \mathbf{w}^{old} + \eta \mathbf{X}^T (\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w})|_{\mathbf{w}=\mathbf{w}^{old}}$$

HW-2) Suppose you are experimenting with  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  regularization. Further imagine that you are running gradient descent and at some iteration your weight vector is  $\mathbf{w} = [1, \epsilon] \in R^2$  where  $\epsilon > 0$  is very small. With the help of this example explain why  $L_2$  norm does not encourage sparsity i.e., it will not try to drive  $\epsilon$  to 0 to produce a sparse weight vector. Give mathematical explanation.

HW-3) Till now we have been considering a scalar target  $t$  from a vector of input observations  $\mathbf{x}$ . How do you extend this approach for regressing a vector of targets  $\mathbf{t} = (t_1, t_2, \dots, t_p)$ . Derive the close form solutions and write sequential update equations using SGD.