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Motivations

Neural Networks

Applications

Review

- **Reading:** Lecture Slides 10 min
- **Quiz:** Neural Networks: Representation 5 questions
- **Programming Assignment:** Multi-class Classification and Neural Networks 3h

Congratulations! You passed! TO PASSIZ 0% of Higher

Keep Learning

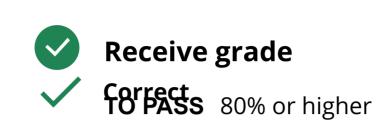
GRADE 100%

Neural Networks: Representation

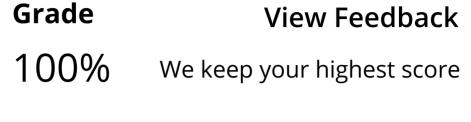
Neural Networks: Representation



1. Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.



2. Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs $x_1, x_2 \in \{0,1\}$ and



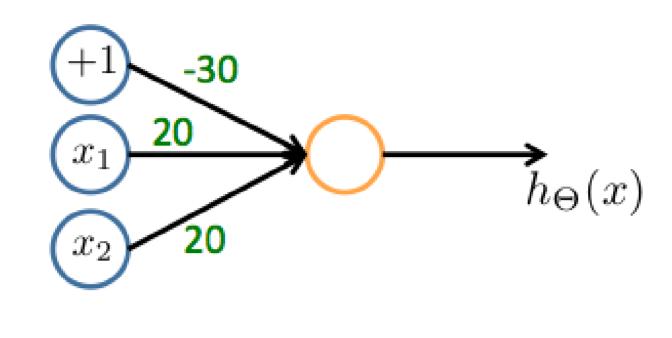
outputs $h_{\Theta}(x)$. Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?



1/1 point



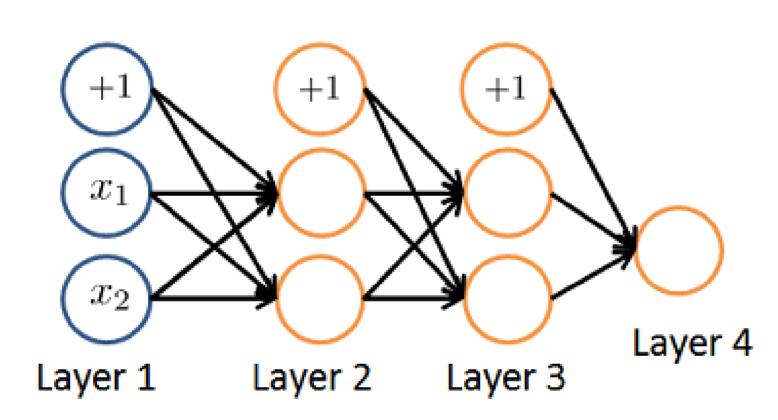
Resume



Correct

3. Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_1^{(3)}$? Note: g(z) is the sigmoid activation function.

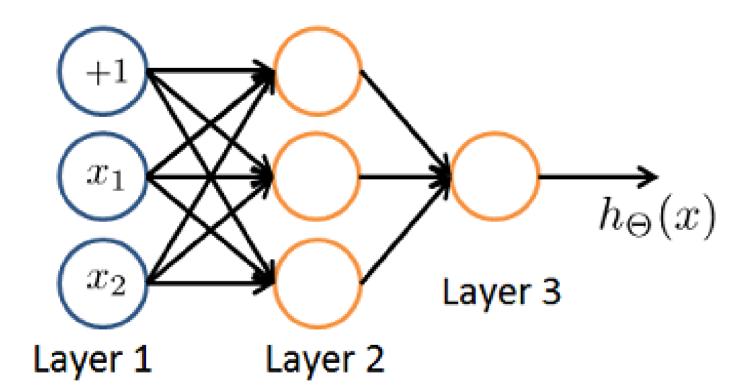
1 / 1 point



Correct

4. You have the following neural network:

1 / 1 point



You'd like to compute the activations of the hidden layer $a^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^3$. One way to do so is the following Octave code:

```
% Theta1 is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture
% ie, the matrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2
% Theta1 has size 3x3
% Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute 1 / (1 + exp(-z))
a2 = zeros (3, 1);
for i = 1:3
  for j = 1:3
   a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Theta1(i, j);
  end
  a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i));
end
```

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.