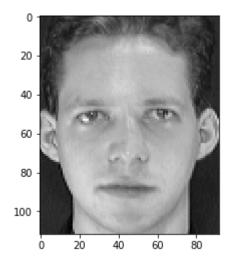
```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    from scipy.misc import imread
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import pandas as pd
```

```
In [2]: img = imread("s1/1.pgm")
   img = img.astype(np.uint8)
   img = img / 255
   plt.imshow(img,cmap="gray")
```

G:\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:1: DeprecationWarning: `imr
ead` is deprecated!
 `imread` is deprecated in SciPy 1.0.0, and will be removed in 1.2.0.
Use ``imageio.imread`` instead.
 """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

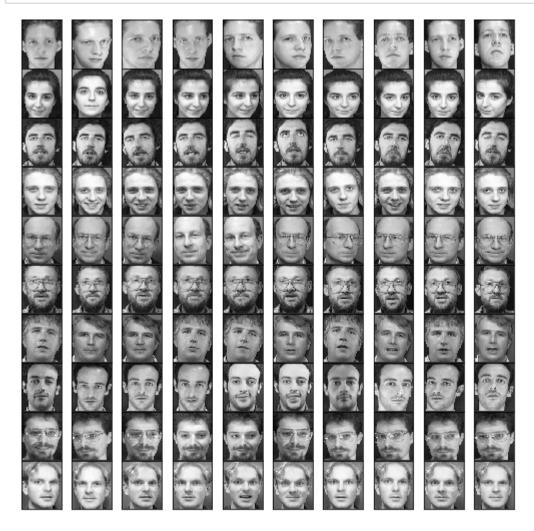
Out[2]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x2142f503ac8>



Reading face images

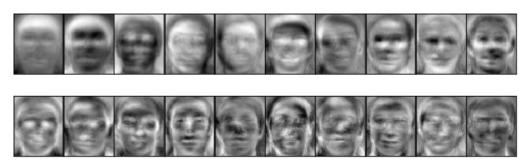
```
In [3]: from glob import iglob
  faces = pd.DataFrame([])
  for path in iglob("*/*.pgm"):
    img=imread(path)
    face = pd.Series(img.flatten(),name=path)
    faces = faces.append(face)
```

G:\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:4: DeprecationWarning: `imr
ead` is deprecated!
 `imread` is deprecated in SciPy 1.0.0, and will be removed in 1.2.0.
Use ``imageio.imread`` instead.
 after removing the cwd from sys.path.



PCA

```
In [5]: from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
    #n_components=0.80 means it will return the Eigenvectors that have the 80% of the
    faces_pca = PCA(n_components=0.8)
    faces_pca.fit(faces)
```



With these Eigenvectors it is possible to redraw any of the faces on the dataset by executing transform of the PCA object to get the Eigenvectors out, and then inverse_transform on the Eigenvectors to get all the original images:

```
In [7]: components = faces_pca.transform(faces)
projected = faces_pca.inverse_transform(components)
```

