Computer Networks Lab-3 Socket Programming

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1. How to write a C program to connect a server and client using sockets, supporting both single and multiple client connections?

Server.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define BUFFER_SIZE 1024
// Function to handle client connections
void *handle_client(void *client_socket) {
int sock = *(int *)client_socket;
char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
int bytes_read;
// Communicate with the client
while ((bytes_read = read(sock, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1)) > 0) {
buffer[bytes_read] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the string
printf("Received: %s\n", buffer);
```

```
send(sock, buffer, bytes_read, 0); // Echo back the received message
}
// Close the socket and exit the thread
close(sock);
printf("Client disconnected\n");
free(client_socket);
return NULL;
}
int main() {
int server_fd, new_socket;
struct sockaddr_in address;
int addrlen = sizeof(address);
// Create socket file descriptor
if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
perror("Socket failed");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
// Bind the socket to the specified port
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
address.sin_port = htons(PORT);
if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0) {
perror("Bind failed");
close(server_fd);
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
// Start listening for incoming connections
if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {</pre>
```

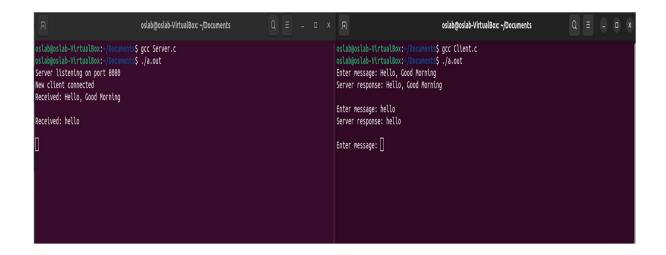
```
perror("Listen failed");
close(server_fd);
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
printf("Server listening on port %d\n", PORT);
// Accept incoming connections in a loop
while (1) {
int *client_socket = malloc(sizeof(int));
if ((*client_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, (socklen_t*)&addrlen)) <
0) {
perror("Accept failed");
free(client_socket);
continue;
}
printf("New client connected\n");
// Create a new thread for the client
pthread_t thread_id;
if (pthread_create(&thread_id, NULL, handle_client, (void *)client_socket) != 0) {
perror("Thread creation failed");
free(client_socket);
} else {
pthread_detach(thread_id); // Detach the thread to free resources on exit
}
// Close the server socket (this line will never be reached in this example)
close(server_fd);
return 0;
}
```

Client.c

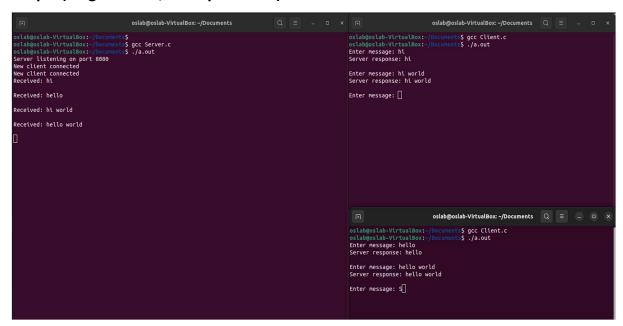
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define BUFFER SIZE 1024
int main() {
int sock = 0;
struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE] = {0};
// Create socket
if ((sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
printf("Socket creation error\n");
return -1;
}
serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
serv_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);
// Convert IPv4 and IPv6 addresses from text to binary form
if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr) <= 0) {
printf("Invalid address/ Address not supported\n");
return -1;
}
// Connect to the server
if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0) {
printf("Connection failed\n");
```

```
return -1;
}
// Communicate with the server
while (1) {
printf("Enter message: ");
fgets(buffer, BUFFER_SIZE, stdin);
// Send message to server
send(sock, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
// Read response from server
int bytes_read = read(sock, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1);
if (bytes_read > 0) {
buffer[bytes_read] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the string
printf("Server response: %s\n", buffer);
}
// Exit if the user types "exit"
if (strncmp(buffer, "exit", 4) == 0) {
break;
}
// Close the socket
close(sock);
return 0;
}
```

Output(Single Server, Single Client):



Output(Single Server, Multiple Client):



2. How to write a C program to connect a server and client using sockets, where the client sends text and the server responds with the text converted to all caps?

Server.c

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define BUFFER_SIZE 1024
// Function to convert a message to uppercase
void to_uppercase(char *msg) {
  for (int i = 0; msg[i]; i++) {
    msg[i] = toupper(msg[i]);
  }
}
// Thread function to handle communication with each client
void *handle_client(void *arg) {
  int client_socket = *(int *)arg;
  char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
  int bytes_read;
  // Receive messages from the client
  while ((bytes_read = read(client_socket, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1)) > 0) {
    buffer[bytes_read] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the received message
    // Convert the message to uppercase
```

```
to_uppercase(buffer);
    // Send the uppercase message back to the client
    send(client_socket, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
  }
  // Close the client socket when done
  if (bytes_read == 0) {
    printf("Client disconnected\n");
  } else {
    perror("Read failed");
  close(client_socket);
  return NULL;
int main() {
  int server_fd, client_socket;
  struct sockaddr_in address;
  socklen_t addr_len = sizeof(address);
  pthread_t thread_id;
  // Create the server socket
  if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
    perror("Socket creation failed");
    return -1;
  }
```

}

```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY; // Listen on any available network interface
address.sin_port = htons(PORT);
// Bind the socket to the specified port
if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0) {
  perror("Bind failed");
  return -1;
}
// Listen for incoming connections
if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {</pre>
  perror("Listen failed");
  return -1;
}
printf("Server listening on port %d...\n", PORT);
// Accept incoming client connections and spawn a thread for each client
while (1) {
  if ((client_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, &addr_len)) < 0) {
    perror("Accept failed");
    continue;
  }
  printf("New client connected\n");
  // Create a new thread to handle the client
```

```
if (pthread_create(&thread_id, NULL, handle_client, (void *)&client_socket) != 0) {
      perror("Thread creation failed");
      close(client_socket);
    } else {
      pthread_detach(thread_id); // Detach the thread so it cleans up automatically
    }
  }
  // Close the server socket (this will never be reached in this infinite loop)
  close(server_fd);
  return 0;
}
Client.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define BUFFER_SIZE 1024
int main() {
  int sock;
  struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
  char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
```

```
// Create socket
if ((sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
  perror("Socket creation failed");
  return -1;
}
server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
server_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);
// Convert IPv4 address from text to binary form
if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &server_addr.sin_addr) <= 0) {
  perror("Invalid address");
  return -1;
}
// Connect to the server
if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr)) < 0) {
  perror("Connection failed");
  return -1;
}
// Communicate with the server
while (1) {
  printf("Enter message: ");
  fgets(buffer, BUFFER_SIZE, stdin);
  // Remove newline character from the input message
  buffer[strcspn(buffer, "\n")] = "\0';
```

```
// Send message to the server
  send(sock, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
  // Receive the transformed message from the server
  int bytes_read = read(sock, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1);
  if (bytes_read > 0) {
    buffer[bytes_read] = '\0';
    printf("Server response: %s\n", buffer);
  }
  if (strncmp(buffer, "exit", 4) == 0) {
    break;
  }
}
// Close the socket
close(sock);
return 0;
```

Output(Single Server, Multiple Clients):

}

