

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

Assignment #4

Due on 05-11-2014

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1. Ridge Regression

1.1 2nd degree polynomial fitting

λ v/s training & validation error.

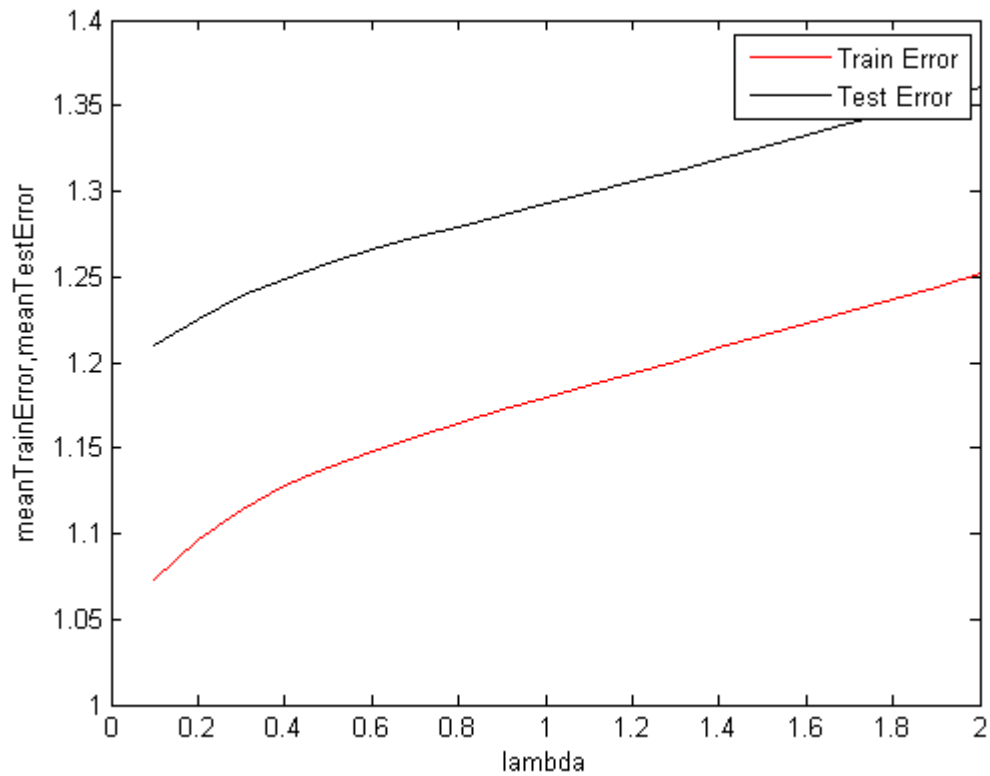
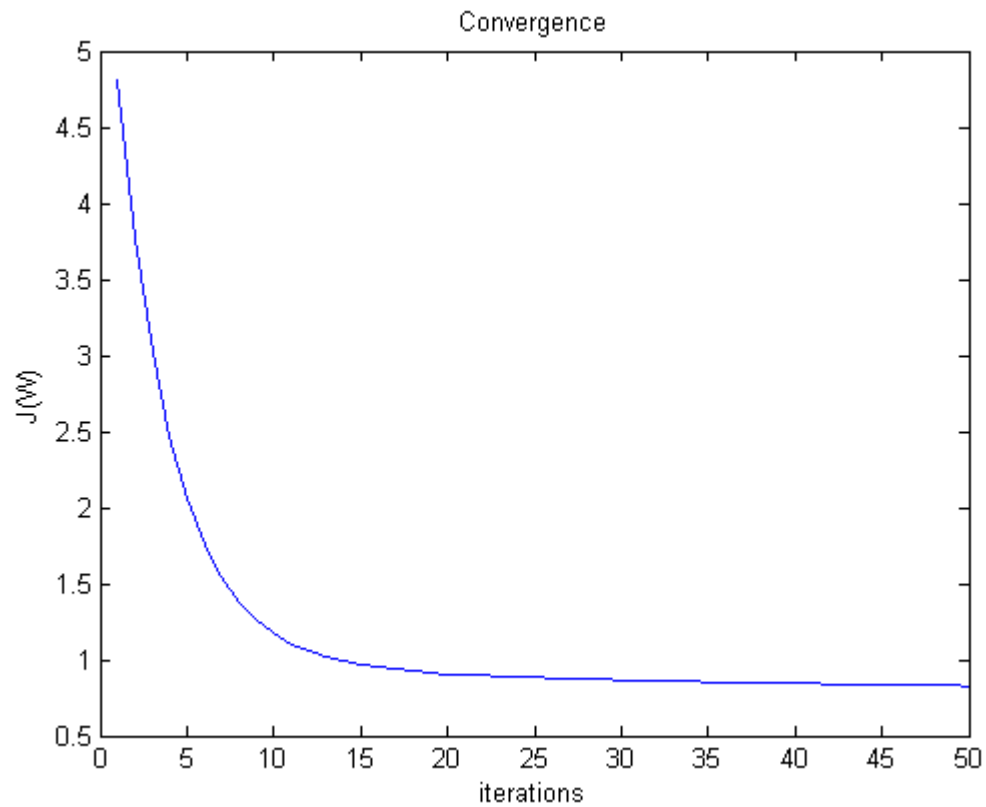


Figure 1: fitting 2nd degree polynomial

Plot of $J_{\text{reg}}(W)$

Figure 2: $J(W)$ v/s iterations

1.2 3rd degree polynomial fitting

λ v/s training & validation error.

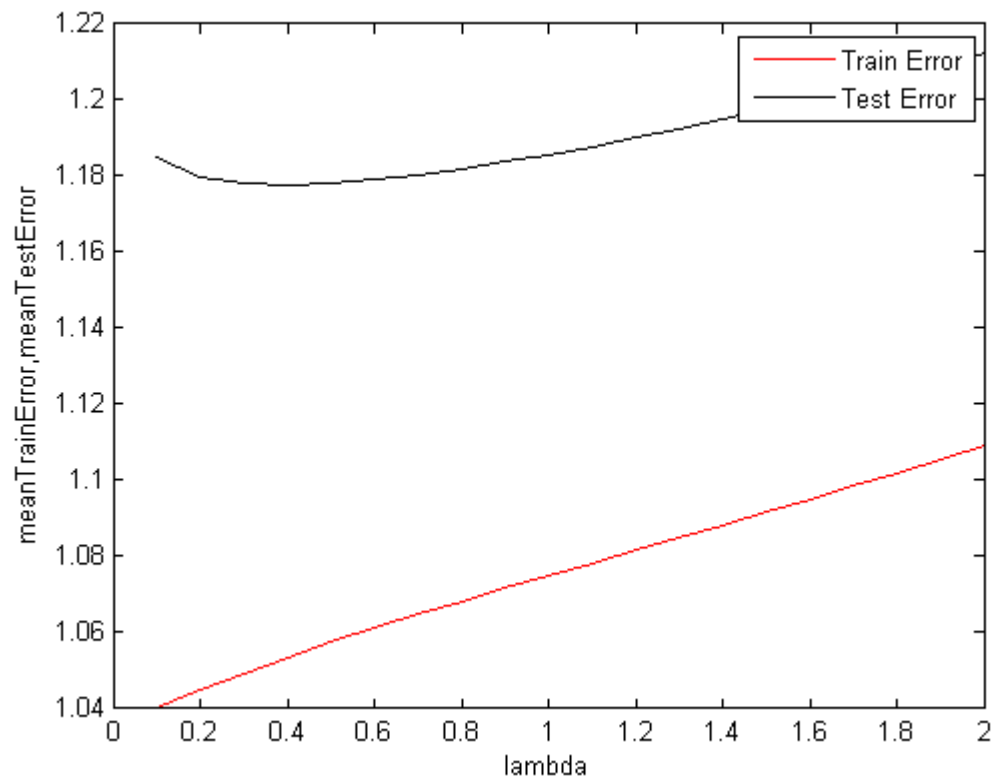
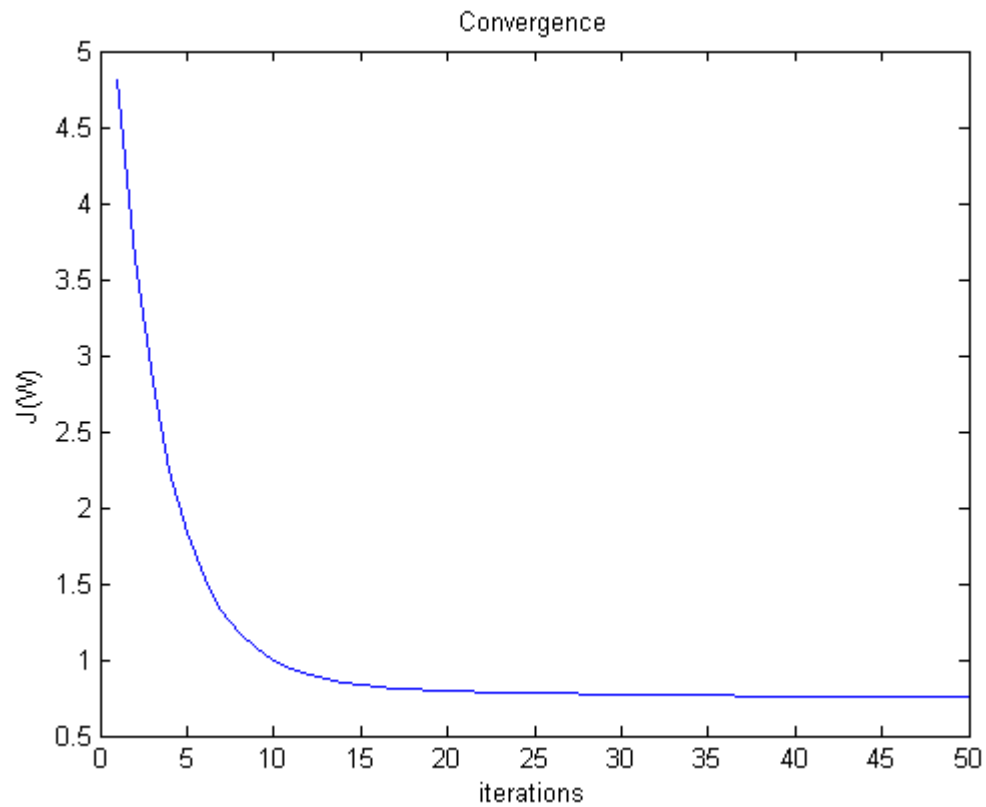


Figure 3: fitting 3rd degree polynomial

Plot of $J_{\text{reg}}(W)$

Figure 4: $J(W)$ v/s iterations

1.3 7th degree polynomial fitting

λ v/s training & validation error.

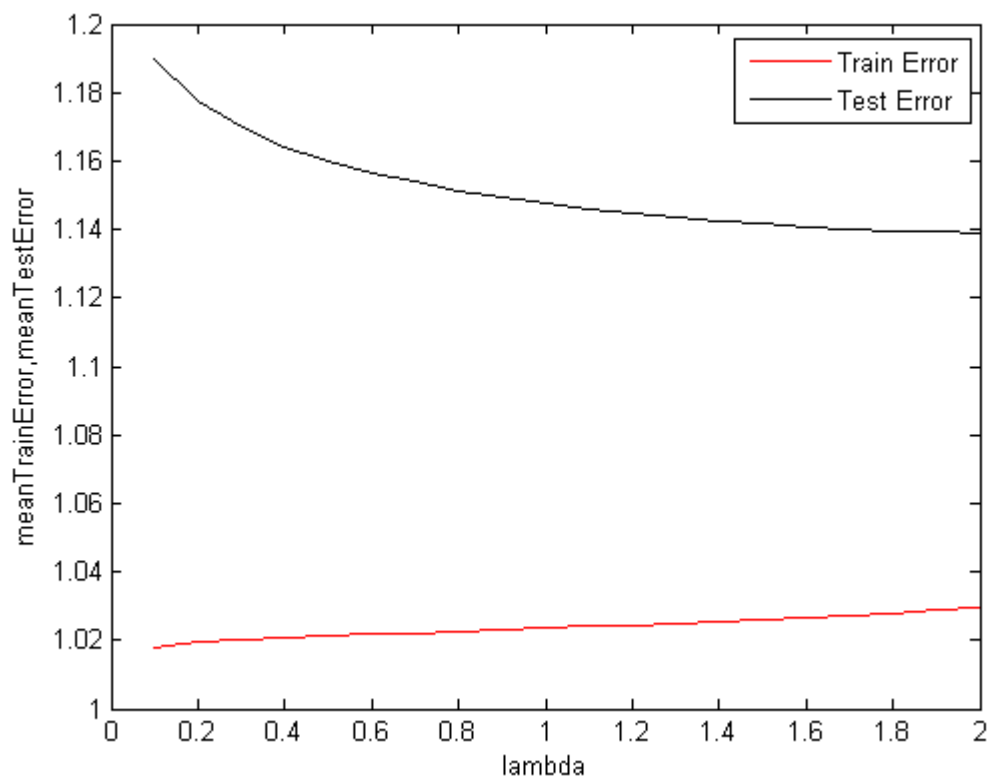


Figure 5: fitting 7th degree polynomial

Plot of $J_{\text{reg}}(W)$

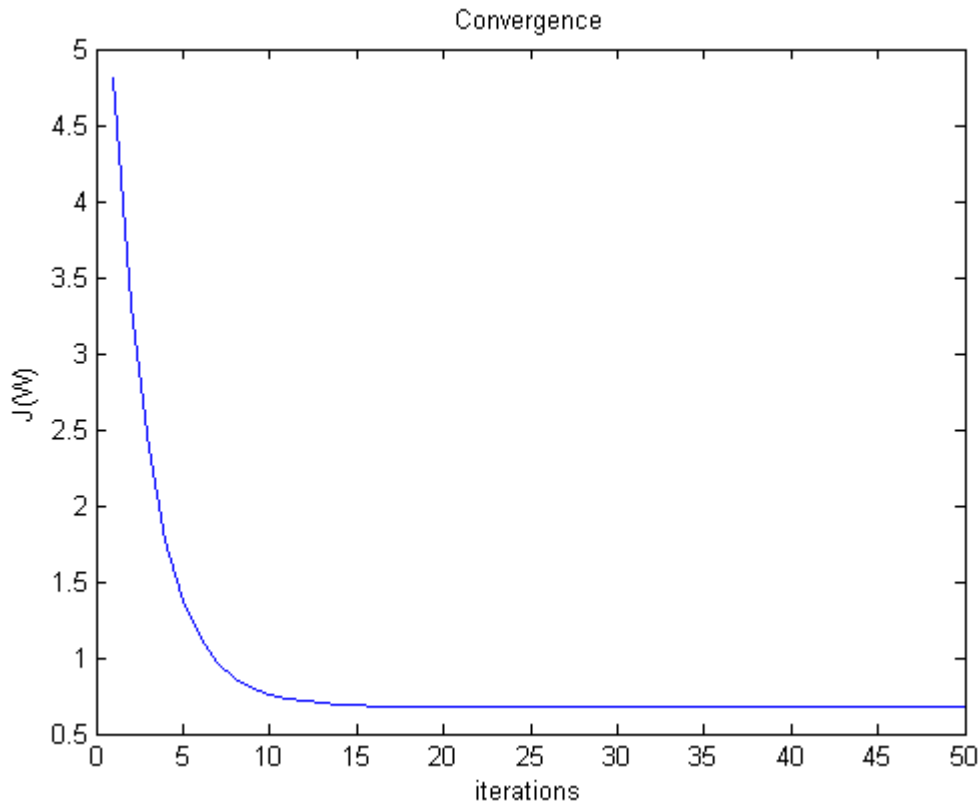


Figure 6: J(W) v/s iterations

1.4 Performance Comparisons

best model with 2nd degree polynomial : $\lambda=0.10$ test error estimated=1.2096

best model with 3rd degree polynomial : $\lambda=0.40$ test error estimated=1.1777

best model with 7th degree polynomial : $\lambda=2.00$ test error estimated=1.1389

performance of the least square method : 1.4270

Thus 7th degree polynomial gives the best fit for the data.

2.Regularised linear regression

Weight values(without regularisation) $\theta_0 = 11.6506$ $\theta_1 = -1.7925$ $\theta_2 = 4.4062$ $\theta_3 = -1.6779$ $\theta_4 = 4.1600$ $\theta_5 = -0.5733$ $\theta_6 = 16.4432$ $\theta_7 = 1.6647$ $\theta_8 = 0.3262$ $\theta_9 = 0.9794$ $\theta_{10} = -2.1768$ $\theta_{11} = -4.6693$ $\theta_{12} = 8.5775$ $\theta_{13} = -10.4561$

Weight values(with regularisation) $\theta_0 = 11.9142$ $\theta_1 = -1.8099$ $\theta_2 = 4.4106$ $\theta_3 = -1.6696$ $\theta_4 = 4.1478$ $\theta_5 = -0.5509$ $\theta_6 = 15.9588$ $\theta_7 = 1.7438$ $\theta_8 = 0.3979$ $\theta_9 = 0.9771$ $\theta_{10} = -2.1800$ $\theta_{11} = -4.6242$ $\theta_{12} = 8.5004$ $\theta_{13} = -10.6712$

cost without regularisation: 8.37

cost with regularisation: 8.20

α value : 0.500000

λ value : 0.10

3.K-nearest neighbourhood

no of test datasets: 209

no of folds: 5

no of misclassifications: 8

accuracy: 0.962

precision: 0.944

recall/sensitivity: 0.944

F-Measure: 0.944

Max accuracy during cross validation: 0.956

optimum K value: 1

The ROC-curve obtained is shown below

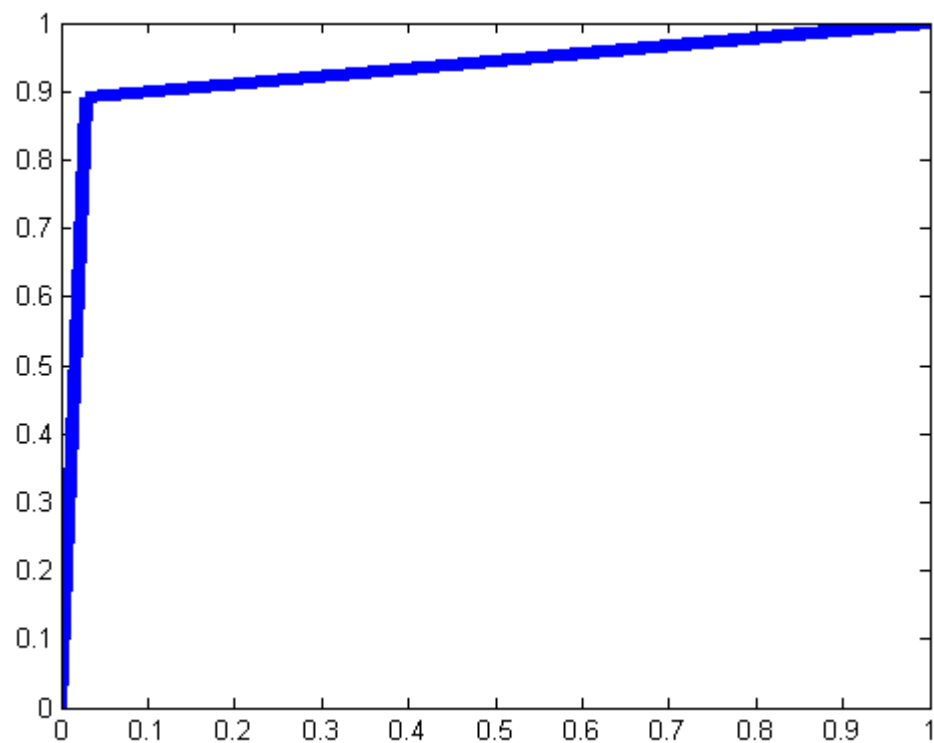


Figure 7: ROC curve for k=1

4.Decision Tree in WEKA

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Correctly Classified Instances: 5584 (85.7494%)

Incorrectly Classified Instances: 928 (14.2506%)

Kappa statistic: 0.5732

K&B Relative Info Score: 288671.6144
 K&B Information Score: 2308.5563 bits 0.3545 bits/instance
 Class complexity | order 0 : 5100.5935 bits 0.7833 bits/instance
 Class complexity | scheme : 40494.5293 bits 6.2184 bits/instance
 Complexity improvement(Sf): -35393.9358 bits -5.4352 bits/instance
 Mean absolute error: 0.1917
 Root mean squared error: 0.3191
 Relative absolute error: 52.867%
 Root relative squared error: 75.4903%
 Total Number of Instances: 6512

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	FMeasure	ROC Area	Class
0.936	0.4	0.885	0.936	0.91	0.89	<=50K
0.6	0.064	0.739	0.6	0.662	0.89	>50K
Weighted Avg						
0.857	0.322	0.851	0.857	0.852	0.89	-

=== Confusion Matrix ===

Class<=50k	Class>50k
4674	322
606	910

The Complete set of results with the obtained decision tree is accessible in [this link](#) (since it is around 1000 lines it is not included here)

5.Problem on Apriori Algorithm

Support counts of individuals

M	O	N	K	E	Y	D	A	U	C	I
3	4	2	5	4	3	1	1	1	2	1

Since Min.Support is 3(60%) we form L1 as

M	O	K	E	Y
3	4	5	4	3

Then C2 is formed as shown below

M,O	M,K	M,E	M,Y	O,K	O,E	O,Y	K,E	K,Y	E,Y
1	3	2	2	4	4	2	4	3	2

L2 obtained is

M,K	O,K	O,E	K,E	K,Y
3	4	4	4	3

Then C3 is formed as shown below

M,K,E
4

C3 is same as L3 since its support count is 4(>=3).

The rules formed are

```
{O,K} ==> E
{O,E} ==> K
{K,E} ==> O
```

$$\frac{O,K,E}{O,K} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$\frac{O,K,E}{O,E} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$\frac{O,K,E}{K,E} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

since confidence >=80%, all are strong associations

Output of WEKA tool

Generated sets of large itemsets:

Size of set of large itemsets L(1): 6

Size of set of large itemsets L(2): 6

Size of set of large itemsets L(3): 1

Best rules found:

- E=YES 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- D=NO 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- A=NO 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- U=NO 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- I=NO 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- U=NO 4 ==> E=YES 4 conf: (1)
- E=YES 4 ==> U=NO 4 conf: (1)
- E=YES U=NO 4 ==> K=YES 4 conf: (1)
- K=YES U=NO 4 ==> E=YES 4 conf: (1)
- K=YES E=YES 4 ==> U=NO 4 conf: (1)