Communicating with HTTP back-end systems

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Worklight Adapter

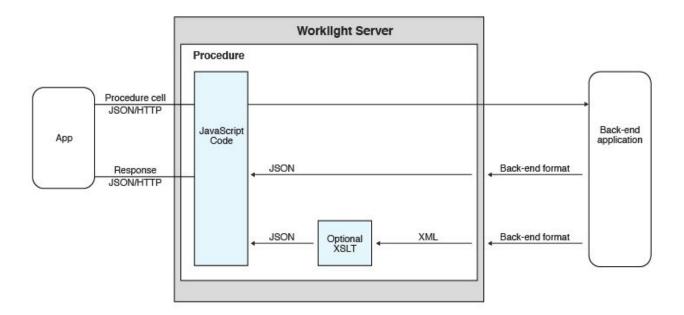
- > Adapters are the server-side code of applications that are deployed on and serviced by IBM Worklight Foundation.
- > Adapters connect to enterprise applications (otherwise referred to as back-end systems), deliver data to and from mobile applications, and perform any necessary server-side logic on this data.
- > With IBM Worklight Foundation, you can create and configure adapters manually.

benifits...

- > **Transparency**: Data retrieved from back-end applications is exposed in a uniform manner, so that application developers can access data uniformly, regardless of its source, format, and protocol.
- > **Security**: Worklight adapters use flexible authentication facilities to create connections with back-end systems. Adapters offer control over the identity of the user with whom the connection is made.

Adapter framework

> The adapter framework mediates between the mobile apps and the back-end services. A typical flow is depicted in the following diagram.



- # An adapter exposes a set of services, called procedures. Mobile apps invoke procedures by issuing Ajax requests.
- # The procedure retrieves information from the back-end application.
- # The back-end application then returns data in some format.
- # The JavaScript implementation of the procedure receives the JSON data, performs any additional processing, and returns it to the calling app.

Types...

- > The HTTP adapter
- > The SQL adapter
- > The Cast Iron adapter
- > The JMS adapter

HTTP adapter

- > Can read structured HTTP sources, for example RSS feeds.
- > Allows sending HTTP request and retrieves data from the response headers and body.
 - > Is easily customizable with simple server-side JavaScript.
 - > Enables optional server-side filtering.
 - > Retrieved data can be in XML, HTML, JSON, or plain text formats.

Working ???

- # It uses XML to define the adapter properties and procedures.
- # It uses JavaScript to create procedures.
- # It uses XSL to filter received records and fields.(optional)

Creating the adapter

• In Worklight Studio, create a Worklight Adapter.

- O Choose the HTTP Adapter type.
- O A standard HTTP adapter structure is created:

contains...

- > HTTPAdapter.xml
- > HTTPAdapter-impl.js
- > filtered.xsl
- # XML file: > Set the protocol to HTTP or HTTPS.
 - > Set the HTTP domain to domain part of HTTP URL.
 - > Set the TCP Port.
 - > Declare the required procedures.

```
<wl><wl:adapter name="Notesadapter"</li>
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xmlns:wl="http://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration"
       xmlns:http="http://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration/http">
        <displayName>Notesadapter</displayName>
        <description>Notesadapter</description>
        <connectivity>
                <connectionPolicy xsi:type="http:HTTPConnectionPolicyType">
                       otocol>http
                       <domain>www.engadget.com</domain>
                       <port>80</port>
                       <connectionTimeoutInMilliseconds>30000/connectionTimeoutInMilliseconds>
                       <socketTimeoutInMilliseconds>30000</socketTimeoutInMilliseconds>
                       <maxConcurrentConnectionsPerNode>50</maxConcurrentConnectionsPerNode>
                       <!-- Following properties used by adapter's key manager for choosing specific
certificate from key store
                        <sslCertificateAlias></sslCertificateAlias>
                       <sslCertificatePassword></sslCertificatePassword>
                </connectionPolicy>
        </connectivity>
        cedure name="getStories"/>
    cedure name="getStoriesFiltered"/>
</wl></r/>
```

JS file: Procedures are implemented in the adapter JavaScript file.

> The service URL is used for procedure invocation.

same

- > The procedure name in the JavaScript file must be the as in the XML file.
- > The required invocation parameters are method, path, and returnedContentType.
- > To invoke a HTTP request, use the WL.Server.invokeHttp method.
- > Provide an input parameters object.
- > specify: The HTTP method: GET or POST.
- > specify: The returned content type: XML, JSON, HTML, or plain.
- > specify: The service path.
- > XSL transformation: It can be used to filter received data.

```
function getStories() {
        var input = {
                    method : 'get',
                    returnedContentType : 'xml',
                    path : "rss.xml"
                };
                return WL.Server.invokeHttp(input);
        }
function getStoriesFiltered() {
       var input = {
                    method : 'get',
                    returnedContentType : 'xml',
                    path : "rss.xml",
                    transformation : {
                           type : 'xslFile',
                            xslFile : 'filtered.xsl'
                   }
                };
                return WL.Server.invokeHttp(input);
```

#XSL file: > It is used to filter received records and fields.

```
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"</pre>
                xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
                xmlns:h="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
                xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/" >
    <xsl:output method="text"/>
    <xsl:template match="/">
                'Items': [
                        <xsl:for-each select="//item">
                                 'title': '<xsl:value-of select="title"/>',
                                 'creator': '<xsl:value-of select="dc:creator"/>',
                                 'link': '<xsl:value-of select="link"/>',
                                 'pubDate': '<xsl:value-of select="pubDate"/>'
                        },
                        </xsl:for-each>
    </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

Invoking adapter procedures from client applications...

> The first step to invoke an adapter procedure is to create an **invocationData object:**

It consists of a JSON block of properties.

- > **adapter** (mandatory) A string that contains the name of the adapter as specified in the adapter element.
- > **procedure** (mandatory) Procedure name as defined in the XML file.
- > parameters (mandatory) An array of parameters that are passed to the back-end JavaScript procedure. Leave empty if no parameters are required.

> The second step is to **define failure and success behaviors** in the options object.

WL.Client.invokeProcedure({..});

It consists

> **onSuccess:** The function to be invoked on successful completion of the asynchronous call

> **onFailure:** The function to be invoked on failure.(Includes both server-side errors and client-side)

```
var invocationData={
                            adapter : 'Notesadapter',
                            procedure : 'getStories',
                            procedure : 'getStoriesFiltered'
 invocationOptions={
                            onSuccess: loadFeedsSuccess,
                            onFailure: loadFeedsFailure,
                    };
WL.Client.invokeProcedure(invocationData,invocationOptions);
    function loadFeedsSuccess(result){
    WL.Logger.debug("Feed retrive success");
    if (result.invocationResult.Items.length>0) {
            displayFeeds(result.invocationResult.Items);
    else{
            loadFeedsFailure();}
    function loadFeedsFailure(result){
            WL.Logger.debug("Feed retrive failed");
}
```

Invocation result:

Feed retrive success