

Figure 1 is a line graph showing the performance of various methods on the 15 instances of the absolute targets problem. The x-axis represents the number of instances solved (2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 40) on a logarithmic scale. The y-axis represents the performance metric. The graph compares several methods: a baseline (black line with circles), a method with a red line and circles, a method with a green line and triangles, a method with a blue line and circles, a method with a cyan line and triangles, and a method with a yellow line and diamonds. The baseline method shows the highest performance, solving all 15 instances. The other methods show varying degrees of success, with some methods failing to solve any instances (marked with red crosses).

15 instances
absolute targets