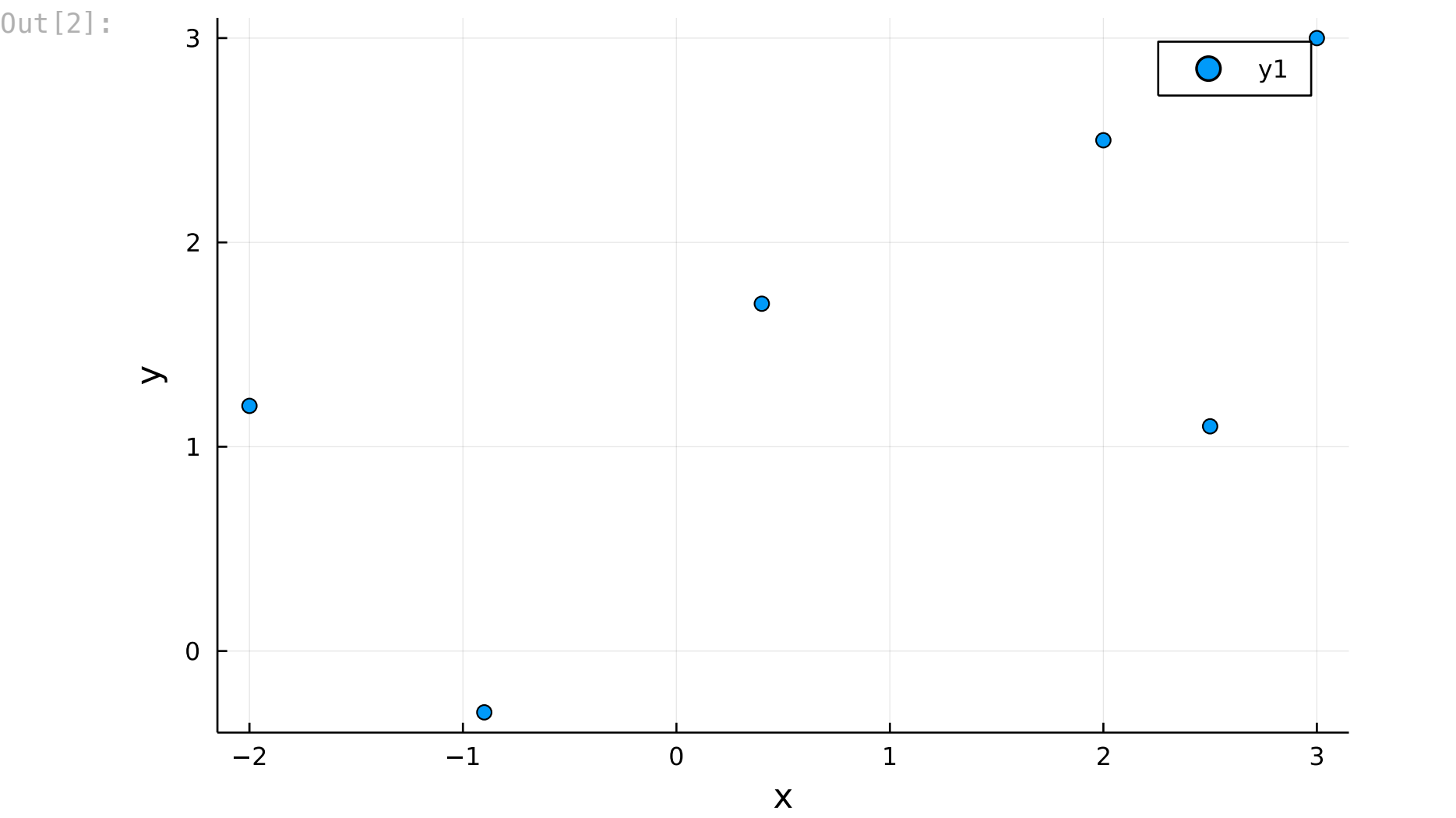


# 「ガウス過程と機械学習」

## P.15 単回帰

```
In [1]: using LinearAlgebra
using Plots
```

```
In [2]: x = [-2, -0.9, 0.4, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0]
y = [1.2, -0.3, 1.7, 2.5, 1.1, 3.0]
scatter(x, y, xlabel="x", ylabel="y")
```



単回帰の最小二乗法より導出した正規方程式を用いてパラメータ $a, b$ を求めてみる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} N & \sum_{n=1}^N x_n \\ \sum_{n=1}^N x_n & \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum_{n=1}^N y_n \\ \sum_{n=1}^N x_n y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

### 行列要素を計算

```
In [3]: N = length(x)
sum_x = sum(x)
sum_y = sum(y)
sum_xx = sum(x[n] * x[n] for n in 1:N)
sum_xy = sum(x[n] * y[n] for n in 1:N);
```

### パラメータ $a, b$ を計算

```
In [4]: X = [
    N      sum_x
    sum_x sum_xx
]

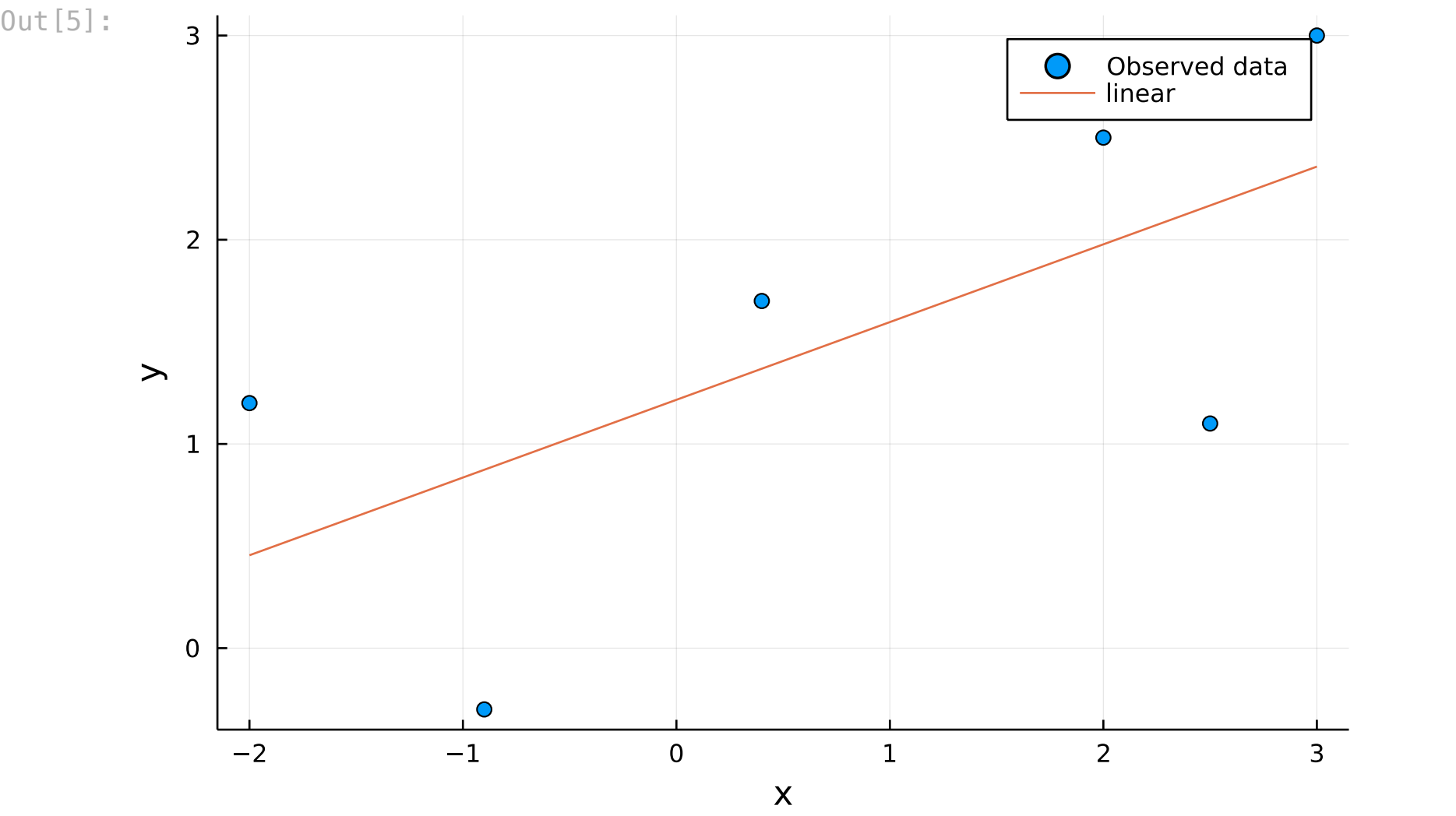
Y = [
    sum_y
    sum_xy
]

param = inv(X) * Y
```

Out[4]: 2-element Vector{Float64}:  
1.2161236702127656  
0.380651595744681

### 求めたパラメータを用いて作図

```
In [5]: a = param[1]
b = param[2]
scatter(x, y, xlabel="x", ylabel="y", label="Observed data")
plot!(x -> a + b * x, -2:3, label="linear")
```



```
In [ ]:
```