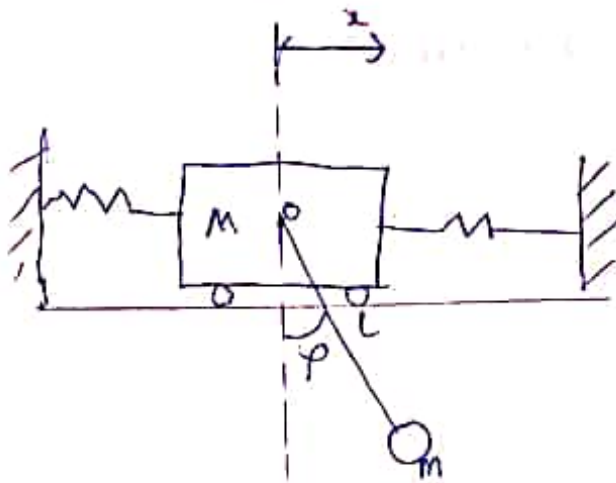


ASSIGNMENT 3

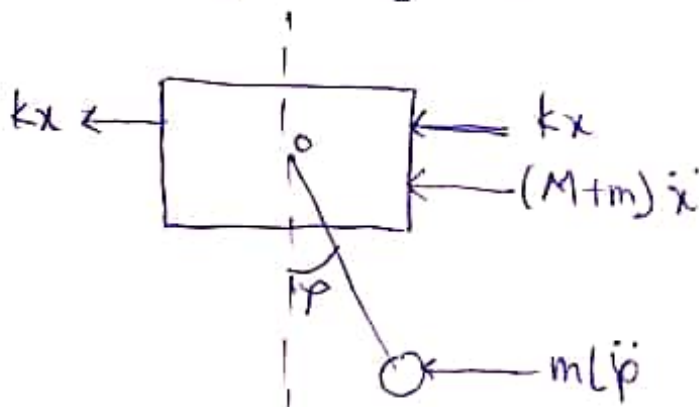
ME 363

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Q1



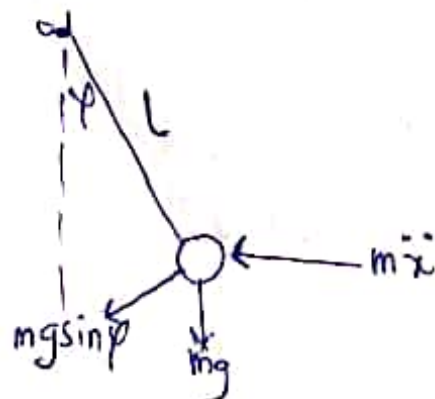
Free body diagrams



Finding Equations of motion for the system

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (M+m)\ddot{x} + m l \ddot{\phi} + 2kx = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$



$$\Sigma M_o = I_o \ddot{\varphi}$$

$$\Rightarrow -mgl \sin \varphi - m \ddot{x} l \cos \varphi = ml^2 \ddot{\varphi}$$

Dividing through by ml

$$\Rightarrow -g \sin \varphi - \ddot{x} \cos \varphi = l \ddot{\varphi}$$

$$\Rightarrow l \ddot{\varphi} + \ddot{x} \cos \varphi + g \sin \varphi = 0$$

For small values of φ [$\sin \varphi = \varphi$ and $\cos \varphi \approx 1$]

$$\therefore \ddot{x} + l \ddot{\varphi} + g \varphi = 0$$

Equations of motion:

$$(M+m) \ddot{x} + ml \ddot{\varphi} + 2kx = 0$$

$$\ddot{x} + l \ddot{\varphi} + g \varphi = 0$$

In Matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} M+m & ml \\ 1 & l \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{\varphi} \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2k & 0 \\ 0 & g \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ \varphi \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\omega_n^2 x \quad \ddot{\varphi} = -\omega_n^2 \varphi$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -(M+m)\omega_n^2 & -ml\omega_n^2 \\ -\omega_n^2 & l\omega_n^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ \varphi \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2k & 0 \\ 0 & g \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ \varphi \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Let } \lambda = \omega_n^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2k - (M+m)\lambda & -m\ell\lambda \\ -\lambda & g - \ell\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ \varphi \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$M = 100\text{kg}, m = 10\text{kg} \quad k = 2 \times 10^3 \text{N/m} \quad \ell = 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4000 - 110\lambda & -20\lambda \\ -\lambda & 9.81 - 2\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ \varphi \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

For natural frequencies

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4000 - 110\lambda & -20\lambda \\ -\lambda & 9.81 - 2\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(4000 - 110\lambda)(9.81 - 2\lambda) - 20\lambda^2 = 0$$

$$39240 - 8000\lambda - 1079.1\lambda + 220\lambda^2 - 20\lambda^2 = 0$$

$$200\lambda^2 - 9079.1\lambda + 39240 = 0$$

$$\therefore \lambda_1 = 40.558 \quad \lambda_2 = 4.838$$

\therefore Natural frequencies

$$\omega_{n1} = \sqrt{40.558} = 6.37 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_{n2} = \sqrt{4.838} = 2.199 \text{ rad/s}$$

Finding mode shapes:

1st mode

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4000 - 110(40.56) & -20(40.56) \\ -40.56 & 9.81 - 2(40.56) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2/L \end{pmatrix}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-461.6 V_1 - 811.2 \frac{V_2}{L}$$

$$-461.6 V_1 = 811.2 \frac{V_2}{L}$$

$$L=2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{V_2} = -0.879$$

2nd Mode Shape

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4000 - 110(4.84) & -20(4.84) \\ -4.84 & 9.81 - 2(4.84) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2/L \end{pmatrix}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

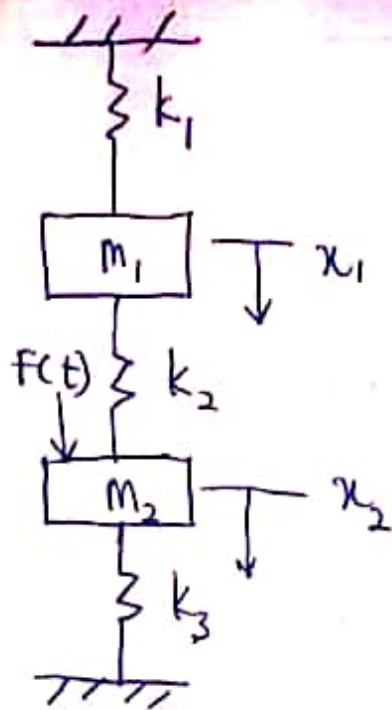
$$3467.6 V_1 - 96.8 \frac{V_2}{L} = 0$$

$$3467.6 V_1 = 96.8 \frac{V_2}{L}$$

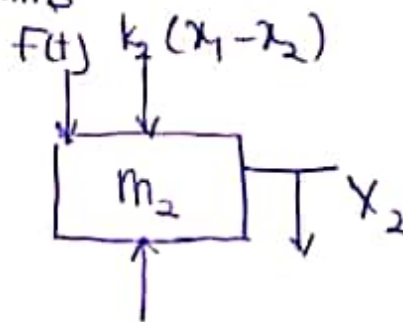
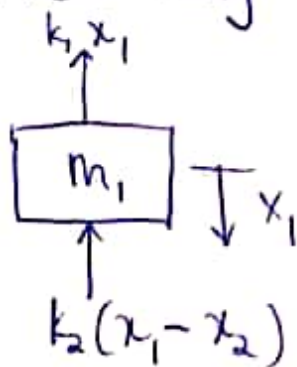
$$L=2$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 0.014$$

Q2



Free body diagrams



$$\downarrow \sum F_{m_1} = m_1 \ddot{x}_1$$

$$-k_1 x_1 - k_2 x_1 + k_2 x_2 = m_1 \ddot{x}_1$$

$$\therefore m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + (k_1 + k_2)x_1 - k_2 x_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\downarrow \sum F_{m_2} = m_2 \ddot{x}_2$$

$$f(t) + k_2 x_1 - k_2 x_2 - k_3 x_2 = m_2 \ddot{x}_2$$

$$\therefore m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - k_2 x_1 + (k_2 + k_3)x_2 = f(t) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

In matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & m_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} k_1 + k_2 & -k_2 \\ -k_2 & k_2 + k_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t$$

$$m_1 = 7 \text{ kg}, m_2 = 17 \text{ kg} \quad k_1 = 30 \text{ kN/m} \quad k_2 = 20 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$k_3 = 16 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t$$

Finding Natural frequencies

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Let } \omega_n^2 = \lambda$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 - 7\lambda & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 - 17\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 50000 - 7\lambda & -20000 \\ -20000 & 36000 - 17\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$18 \times 10^8 - 1102 \times 10^3 \lambda + 119 \lambda^2 - 4 \times 10^8 = 0$$

$$119 \lambda^2 - 1102 \times 10^3 \lambda + 14 \times 10^8 = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 7740.643, \lambda_2 = 1519.862$$

$$\therefore \omega_{n1} = \sqrt{7740.643} = 87.98 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_{n2} = \sqrt{1519.862} = 38.985 \text{ rad/s}$$

For steady state response

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t$$

$$\text{Let } x_i(t) = x_i \cos \omega t$$

$$\ddot{x}_i(t) = -\omega^2 x_i \cos \omega t$$

$$\therefore \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} -\omega^2 x_1 \\ -\omega^2 x_2 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t + \begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t$$

$$\omega = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 50 \times 10^3 - 9(7) & -20 \times 10^3 \\ -20 \times 10^3 & 36 \times 10^3 - 9(17) \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix} \cos 3t$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 49937 & -20000 \\ -20000 & 35847 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

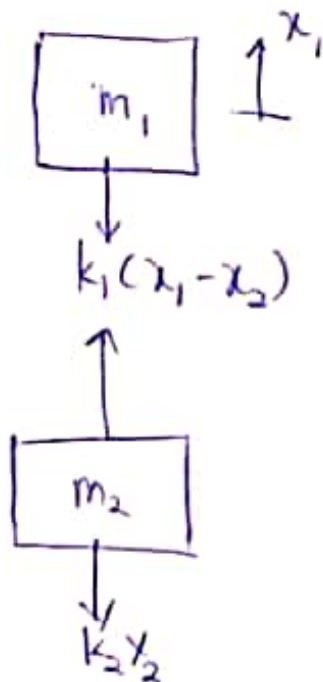
$$\therefore \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 49937 & -20000 \\ -20000 & 35847 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 15 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.2158 \\ 0.5389 \end{pmatrix}$$

Steady state response

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.2158 \\ 0.5389 \end{pmatrix} \cos 3t$$

Q 3.



$$\begin{aligned} k_1 &= 10^3 \text{ N/m} \\ k_2 &= 10^4 \text{ N/m} \\ m_1 &= 2000 \text{ kg} \\ m_2 &= 50 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

Equations of motion

$$\sum F_1 = m_1 \ddot{x}_1$$

$$-k_1(x_1 - x_2) = m_1 \ddot{x}_1$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + k_1 x_1 - k_1 x_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (b)}$$

$$\Sigma F = m_2 \ddot{x}_2$$

$$-k_2 x_2 + k_1 (x_1 - x_2) = m_2 \ddot{x}_2$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - k_1 x_1 + (k_1 + k_2) x_2 = 0$$

Given $k_1 = 10^3$, $k_2 = 10^4$, $m_1 = 2000$ and $m_2 = 50$

$$\Rightarrow 2000 \ddot{x}_1 + 1000 x_1 - 10000 x_2 = 0$$

$$50 \ddot{x}_2 - 1000 x_1 + 11000 x_2 = 0$$

In matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & m_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & -k_1 \\ -k_2 & k_1 + k_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2000 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1000 & -10000 \\ -1000 & 11000 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\omega_n^2 x$$

Let $\omega_n^2 = \lambda$

$$\ddot{x} = -\lambda x$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & -\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -0.5 \\ -20 & 220 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} 0.5 - \lambda & -0.5 \\ -20 & 220 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(0.5 - \lambda)(220 - \lambda) - 10 = 0$$

$$110 - 0.5\lambda - 220\lambda + \lambda^2 - 10 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 220.5\lambda + 100 = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0.454 \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda_2 = 220.046$$

For Natural frequencies

Since $\lambda = \omega_n^2$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{n1} = \sqrt{\lambda_1} = \sqrt{0.454}$$

$$\therefore \omega_{n1} = 0.6737 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_{n2} = \sqrt{\lambda_2} = \sqrt{220.046}$$

$$\omega_{n2} = 14.83 \text{ rad/s}$$

Hence The natural frequencies are 0.674 rad/s
and 14.8 rad/s

11) Modal Matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999 & -0.1044 \\ -0.1044 & 0.9999 \end{bmatrix}$$

Initial conditions are all zero(0)

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2000 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 \end{bmatrix}, \quad K = \begin{bmatrix} 1000 & -1000 \\ -1000 & 11000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0.4545, \quad \omega_{n1} = 0.6741 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\lambda_2 = -220.05, \quad \omega_{n2} = 14.83 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\text{Given } \xi_1 = 0.01 \text{ and } \xi_2 = 0.2$$

$$\omega_{d1} = \omega_{n1} \sqrt{1 - \xi_1^2} = 0.6741 \sqrt{1 - 0.01^2}$$

$$\omega_{d1} = 0.6741 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_{d2} = \omega_{n2} \sqrt{1 - \xi_2^2} = 14.834 \sqrt{1 - 0.2^2}$$

$$\omega_{d2} = 14.534 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$F(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \sin 3t \end{bmatrix}$$

Modal force vector:

$$P^T M^{-1/2} F(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.02036 \\ 1.4141 \end{bmatrix} \sin 3t$$

Modal Equations

$$\ddot{r}_1 + 0.01348 \dot{r}_1 + 0.454 r_1 = 0.02036 \sin 3t$$

$$\ddot{r}_2 + 5.9336 \dot{r}_2 + 220.046 r_2 = 1.414 \sin 3t$$

Solutions to modal equations:

$$r_1(t) = -0.1088 e^{-0.006741t} \sin(0.6741t + 1.0914 \times 10^{-4}) \\ + 0.002445 \sin(3t - 0.004857)$$

$$r_2(t) = -0.6756 e^{-2.9668t} \sin(14.534t + 1.3087) \\ + (0.67586 \sin(3t + 1.26947))$$

The solutions in physical coordinates:

$$X(t) = M^{-\frac{1}{2}} P r(t)$$

The response of the body is

$$X_1(t) = -0.002433 e^{-0.006741t} \sin(0.6471t - 1.091 \times 10^{-4}) \\ + 5.4665 \times 10^{-5} \sin(3t - 0.004857) \\ + 2.4133 \times 10^{-5} e^{-2.9668t} \sin(14.534t - 1.3087) \\ - 2.4430 \times 10^{-5} \sin(3t + 1.2694)$$