

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. ANSWER all questions.
2. **NOTE:** A correctly selected option **without** accompanying supporting document(s) earns a **tenth** of that question's mark. All supporting documents **MUST** be on the question sheet(s).

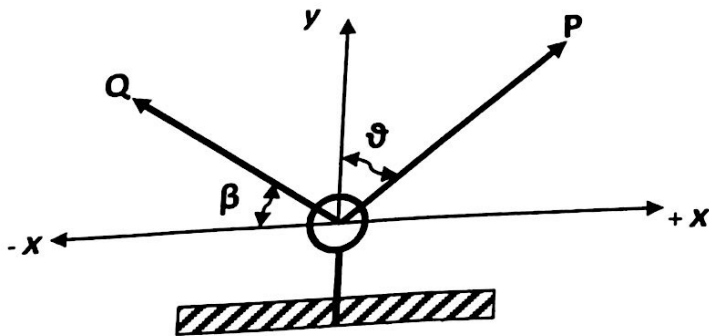


Figure 1

1. In figure 1, if the angles  $\beta = 60^\circ$ ,  $\theta = 45^\circ$ , and  $Q = 8 \text{ kN}$  and  $P = 10 \text{ kN}$ , determine the magnitude of the resultant force acting on the eyebolt and its direction measured clockwise from the positive  $y$  axis.
- a. 14.32 kN     $77.6^\circ$
  - b. 14.32 kN     $12.4^\circ$
  - c. 163.2 kN     $50.6^\circ$
  - d. 16.32 kN     $60.6^\circ$
  - e. 100.2 kN     $102.4^\circ$

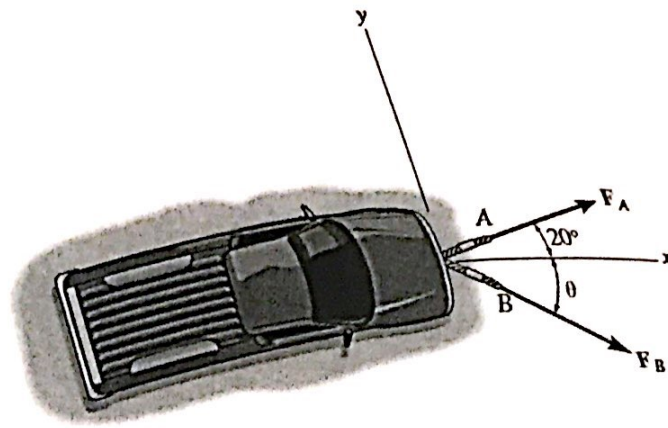


Figure 2

- Q2. In figure 2, the truck is to be towed using two ropes. At the ends of ropes A, and B, Ama pulls with force  $F_A$  and Bomp pulls with force  $F_B$  respectively. If the resultant force of  $F_A$  and  $F_B$  is to be 8 kN and is directed along the positive x axis, determine the magnitudes of  $F_A$  and  $F_B$  as shown. Assume Bomp pulls perpendicularly to Ama.
- $F_A = 2.74 \text{ N}$        $F_B = 7.52 \text{ N}$
  - $F_A = 27.4 \text{ N}$        $F_B = 75.2 \text{ N}$
  - $F_A = 3.21 \text{ N}$        $F_B = 7.82 \text{ N}$
  - $F_A = 32.1 \text{ N}$        $F_B = 78.2 \text{ N}$
- Q3. What is the gravitational force exerted by the earth on a 70 kg man whose elevation above the surface of the earth equals the radius of the earth. The mass and radius of the earth are  $M_e = 5.9742310^{24} \text{ kg}$  and  $R_e = 6378 \text{ m}$ , respectively.  $G = 6.67310^{-11} \text{ m}^3/\text{kg.s}^2$
- 171.4 N
  - 17.14 N
  - 185.5 N
  - 18.55 N

Q4. Represent each of the following combination of units in the correct SI form using an appropriate prefix

$$8.2 \text{ mN}/(\text{kg} \cdot \mu\text{s})$$

- a.  $8.2 \text{ kN}/(\text{kg} \cdot \text{s})$
- b.  $8.2 \text{ kN}/(\text{kg} \cdot \text{s})$
- c.  $8.2 \text{ N}/(\text{g} \cdot \text{s})$
- d.  $8.2 \text{ N}/(\text{g} \cdot \text{s})$
- e.  $82 \text{ N}/(\text{g} \cdot \text{s})$

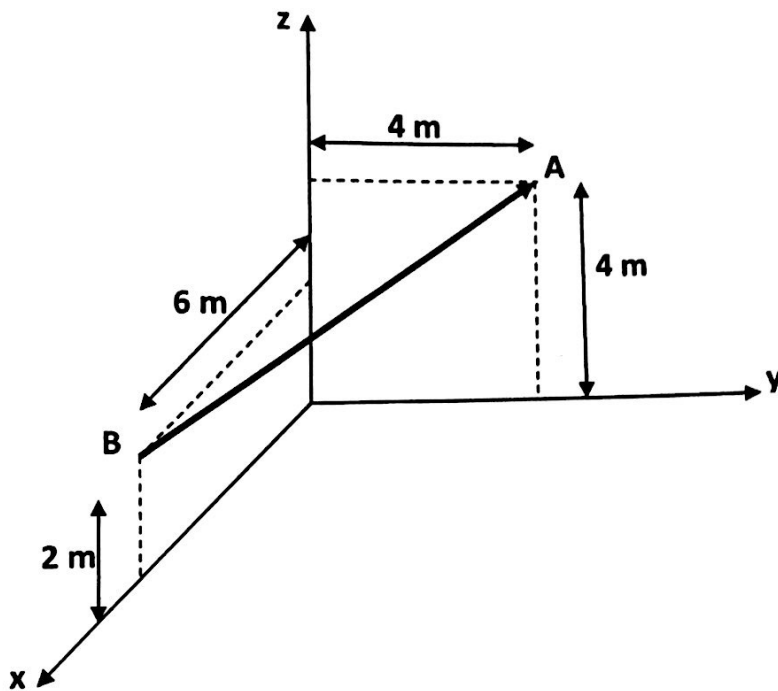


Figure 3

Q5. In figure 3, a 30 kN force acts along the line AB. Write the vector form of the force.

Figure 6

Q10. Find the zero force members in the figure 6 above

- a. BF, CG, DH
- b. AB, AF, AI
- c. AI, BI, CG
- d. DH, DE, BF

Q11. Use the method of joints to find the force in member DE in figure 6 and indicate the type of force in it.

- a. 88 compressive
- b. 88 kN tensile
- c. 99 kN tensile
- d. 99 kN compressive

Q12. Determine the minimum horizontal force, pointing towards right, required to hold a crate of mass 50 kg resting on an inclined plane from sliding downward. The plane is inclined  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal. The static coefficient of friction between the plane and the crate is 0.25

- a. 14.03 N
- b. 140.3 N
- c. 495.0 N
- d. 49.50 N

- Q6. In figure 3, calculate the turning effect of the 30 kN force about point D(1,1,0).

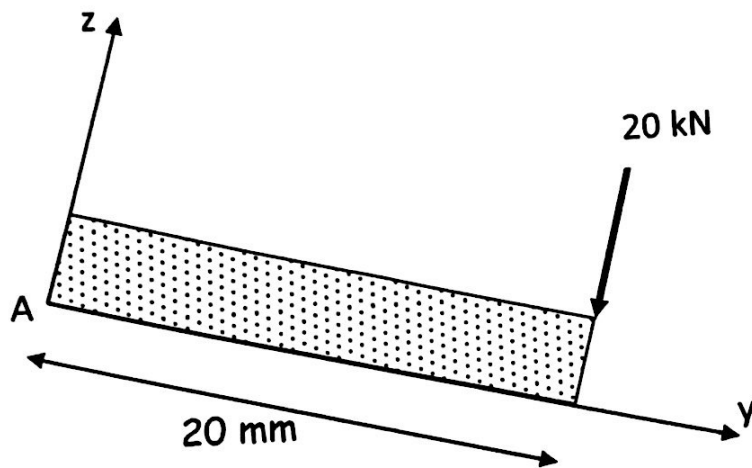


Figure 4

- Q7. Calculate the moment about 'A' in figure 4.
- a. 500 Nm
  - b. -100 Nm
  - c. -500 Nm
  - d. -400 Nm
  - e. 400 Nm

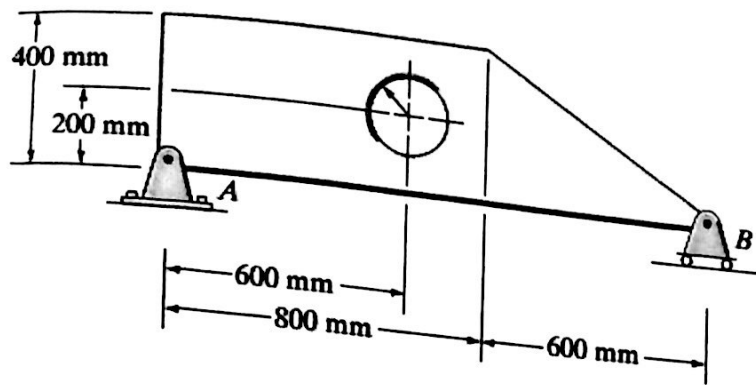
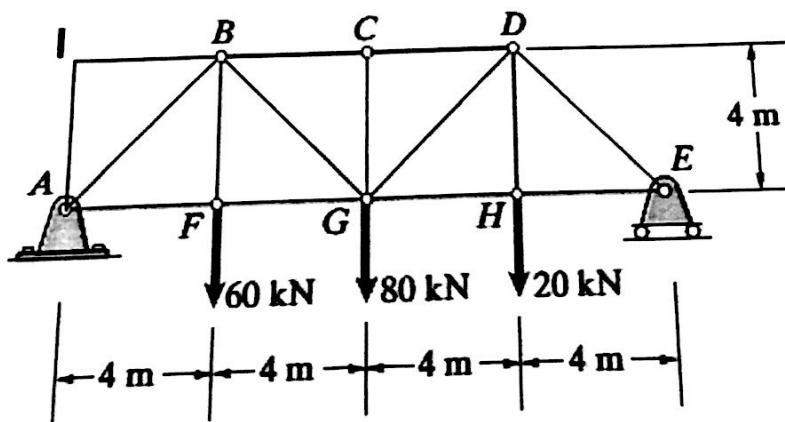


Figure 5

- Q8. Find the x-component of the centroid of the above figure. Take the radius of the circle to be 63 mm.
- 632.2 mm
  - 56.26 mm
  - 562.6 mm
  - 734.6 mm
  - 73.46 mm

- Q9. If the weight of the figure is 500 N, find the reaction at support B
- 300.9 N
  - 200.9 N
  - 400.9 N
  - 500.9 N
  - 100.9 N



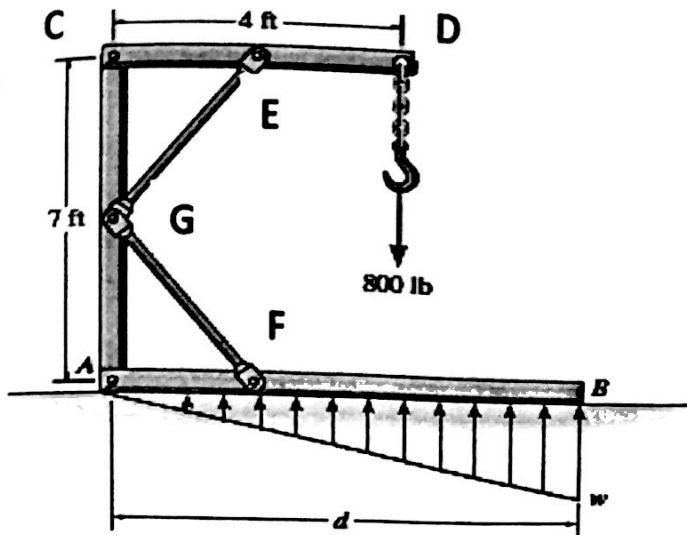


Figure 7

Q13. Identify, by circling, the truss members in the figure 7 above

- a. AB
- b. CA
- c. CD
- d. GE
- e. GF