Your name is:

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1 (25 pts.) Suppose that row operations (elimination) reduce the matrices A and B to the same row echelon form

$$R = \left[\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 & 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right].$$

- (a) Which of the four subspaces are sure to be the same for A and B? (C(A)=C(B)? N(A)=N(B)? $C(A^T)=C(B^T)$? $N(A^T)=N(B^T)$?)
- (b) Each time the subspaces in part (a) are the same for A and B, find a basis for that subspace.
- (c) True or False (A is any matrix and x, y are two vectors): If Ax and Ay are linearly independent then x and y are linearly independent.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Find a basis for the nullspace of A.
- (b) Find a basis for the column space of A.
- (c) Give the complete solution to

$$Ax = \left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 3 \\ 21 \end{array} \right].$$

3 (25 pts.) Suppose A is a 3 x 5 matrix and the solutions to $A^Ty = 0$ are spanned by the vectors

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) What is the rank of this A?
- (b) For all A, why does the rank of A equal the rank of the block matrix

$$B = \left[\begin{array}{cc} A & A \\ A & A \end{array} \right] ?$$

(c) If the rank of a matrix A equals the number of rows (r = m), what do we know about the equation Ax = b?

4 (25 pts.) Suppose A is a 4 by 3 matrix, and the complete solution to

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{is} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) What is the third column of A?
- (b) What is the second column of A?
- (c) Give all known information about the first column of A.