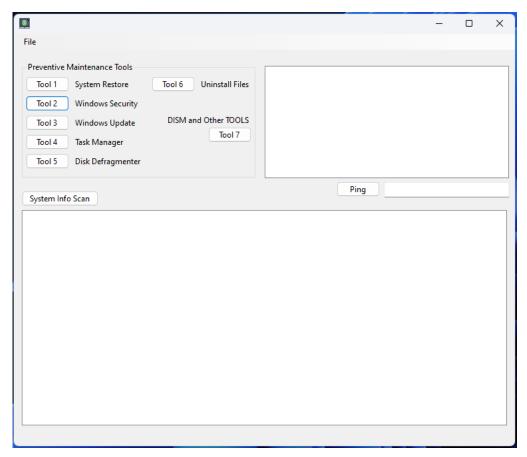
Nia Region 3 Preventive Maintenance Toolkit for Desktop and Laptop

The NIA Region 3 Preventive Maintenance Toolkit for Desktop and Laptop is a VB-developed application designed to support IT staff and designated personnel in performing annual preventive maintenance on ICT equipment. This toolkit comprises seven distinct tools, each aimed at streamlining and accelerating the preventive maintenance process for ICT devices.



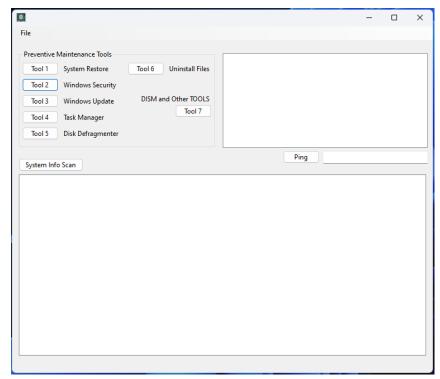
Installation guide:

The application operates as a portable solution, requiring only that the ICT equipment has Windows Runtime 6.0 installed. If the runtime is not present, the installer can be freely downloaded from Microsoft, ensuring easy setup and use. Additionally, the IT staff can store the installer on a USB storage device for easy installation. The application is compact, with a size of under 57 MB, making it convenient to transport and deploy across multiple machines.

Main Interface

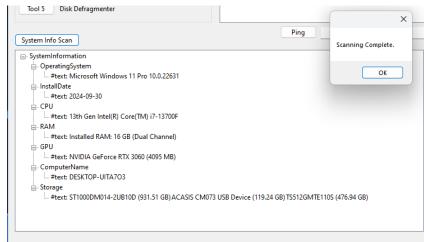
The main form of the toolkit provides easy access to all available tools through a series of buttons.

Each button triggers the corresponding tool as detailed in the description on the right side of the interface.



A small window within the main user form that, when activated, performs a comprehensive scan of the system unit to retrieve current settings and specifications. The scan provides detailed information, including:

- Operating System (OS)
 Installed: Identifies the current OS and its version.
- Installation Date: Determines when the OS was installed.
- CPU Details: Information about the installed Central Processing Unit.
- RAM Information: Amount of RAM installed in the system.
- GPU Details: Information about the installed Dedicated Graphics (GPU).
- Computer Name: The current name assigned to the computer.
- Storage Devices: Lists all storage devices present during the scan, including internal drives and connected USB storage devices.

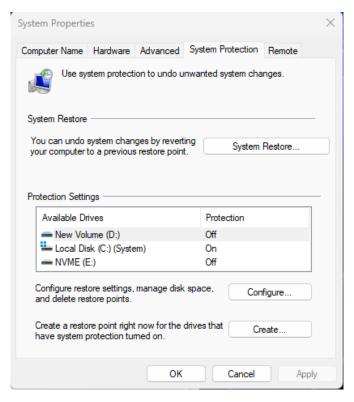


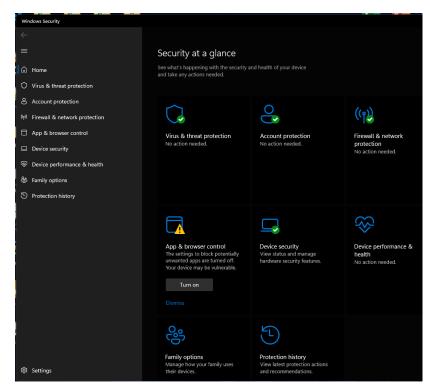
Tool 1 launches System Properties window,

This feature allows you to create a system restore point for the machine, named with the pattern "PM-YYYY" (where YYYY represents the current year). It ensures that the system protection settings are correctly configured, specifically:

- Activation: The system protection for the drive labeled as "System" must be turned on.
- Storage Allocation: At least 10% of the drive's space is allocated for system restore purposes.

By adhering to these settings, you can safeguard your system's stability and quickly revert to a previous state if needed.

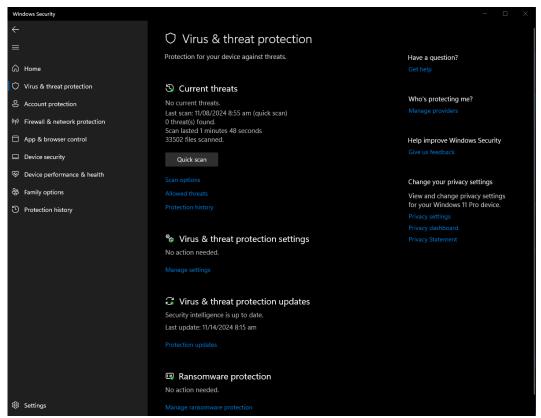




Tool 2 launches Windows Security Management,

This feature provides guidance on managing your system's security settings:

- For Paid Third-Party Security Programs: Ensure the security program is automatically updated to maintain optimal protection.
- For Free Third-Party Security Programs: Uninstall the free security program and switch to the built-in Windows Security. Make sure enable all protection within Windows settings Security for comprehensive coverage.

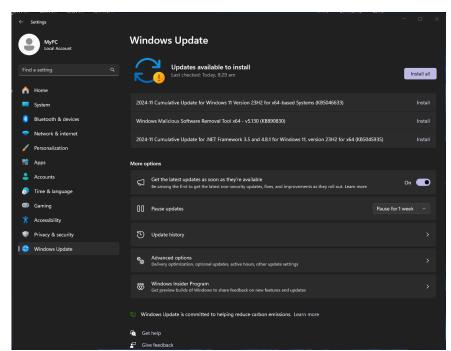


Virus and Threat Protection under windows security ensure your device's virus and threat protection is always up-to-date and regularly perform quick scans. Due to the potentially lengthy duration of scans based on the number of files, it is not recommended to wait for completion. Instead, advise end users to notify IT staff once the scan is finished.

Tool 3 launches Windows Update,

Ensure that Windows Update is enabled and encourage users to update their systems regularly, particularly focusing on the Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool. Advise users to avoid interrupting updates to prevent software malfunctions.

For users with outdated operating systems that no longer receive updates, recommend installing a third-party internet security program and consider upgrading the system if possible.

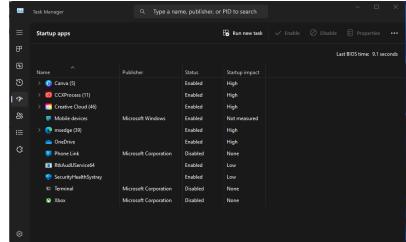


Tool 4 launches Task Manager,

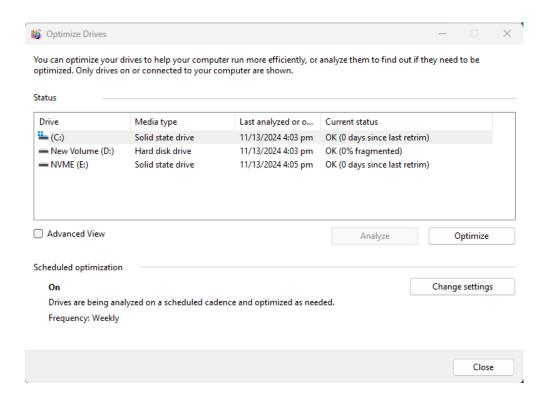
Task Manager - Startup Apps Management

Monitor startup applications for their impact on system performance. For each application:

- Essential Applications: Keep enabled if necessary for system functionality.
- Non-Essential Applications: Disable if not critical to system operation, unless actively used by the end-user.

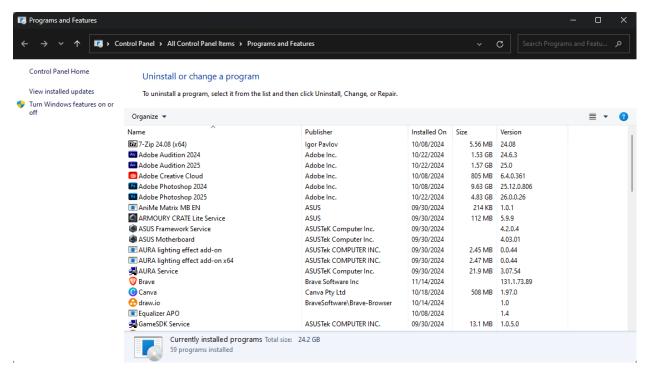


Ensure that all non-work-related applications (e.g., Spotify, Xbox, etc.) are disabled to optimize system performance and efficiency. This approach helps maintain a smooth and responsive system by minimizing unnecessary startup load.



Tool 5 launches Disk Defragmentation.

Ensure that drive optimization is enabled and set the frequency to at least weekly. This regular maintenance helps improve system performance and longevity by keeping the storage drives in optimal condition.



Tool 6 launches uninstall and change a program,

Manage installed programs by uninstalling any unnecessary applications that do not contribute to work-related tasks, such as games and software with cracked licenses. If additional software is required, prefer open-source applications that meet the necessary needs. This ensures a streamlined and compliant software environment on the system.

```
Choose an option:

1. DISM Scan health
    Scans the Windows image for corruption or integrity issues
    Useful when troubleshooting system problems or verifying the health of the Windows installation.

2. DISM Restore health
    Restores the Windows image by repairing any corrupted files found during the scan.
    Helps fix issues related to missing or damaged system files.

3. DISM Check health
    Checks the health of the Windows image without attempting repairs.
    Provides a quick assessment of the systemf(Os health.

4. SFC Scan now
    Scans and repairs protected system files using the System File Checker (SFC) utility.
    Useful when encountering issues related to system file corruption.

5. WMIC Get hard disks status
    Retrieves information about the status of hard disk drives.
    Helps monitor disk health, check for errors, and identify failing drives.

6. Exit
Enter the number of your choice:
```

Tool 7 launches an external Command Prompt window with full description of their functionalities.

System Requirements

RAM: At least 40 Mb available

CPU: At least 1 Ghz Operating System: Minimum of Windows 8	
	egional Office IT Staff, with few help from selected tion is used in the application all tools are available
Prepared and Submitted by:	Reviewed by:
Achilles S. Bitangcol Senior Computer Operator	Khristalyn M. Santiago Senior Computer Services Programmer
Noted by:	
Josephine B. Salazar Regional Manager	

Source Code:

```
Imports System.IO
Imports System. Management
Imports System.Xml
Public Class Form1
 Private Sub Form1 Load(ender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
 End Sub
 Private Sub nfoScan Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles nfoScan.Click
      Collect system information
     Dim systemInfoXml As String = GenerateSystemInfoXml()
     ' Display XML in TreeView
     PopulateTreeViewWithXmlData(systemInfoXml)
     MessageBox.Show("Scanning Complete.")
   Catch ex As Exception
     MessageBox.Show("An error occurred: " & ex.Message)
   End Try
 End Sub
 Private Function GenerateSystemInfoXml() As String
   Dim xmlDoc As New XmlDocument()
   Dim xmlDeclaration As XmlDeclaration = xmlDoc.CreateXmlDeclaration("1.0", "UTF-8",
Nothing)
   xmlDoc.AppendChild(xmlDeclaration)
   Dim rootNode As XmlNode = xmlDoc.CreateElement("SystemInformation")
   xmlDoc.AppendChild(rootNode)
   ' Add collected information to XML
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "OperatingSystem", GetOperatingSystemInfo())
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "InstallDate", GetOperatingSystemInstallDate())
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "CPU", GetCpuInfo())
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "RAM", GetRamInfo()) 'Ensure this captures the
numeric value
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "GPU", GetGpuInfo())
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "ComputerName", Environment.MachineName)
   AddXmlElement(xmlDoc, rootNode, "StorageDevices", GetStorageInfo()) ' Changed to
StorageDevices
   Return xmlDoc.OuterXml
 End Function
 Private Sub PopulateTreeViewWithXmlData(xmlData As String)
   treeViewXML.Nodes.Clear()
   If Not String.IsNullOrEmpty(xmlData) Then
     Dim xmlDoc As New XmlDocument()
     xmlDoc.LoadXml(xmlData)
     Dim rootNode As TreeNode = treeViewXML.Nodes.Add(xmlDoc.DocumentElement.Name)
     AddNode(xmlDoc.DocumentElement, rootNode)
     treeViewXML.ExpandAll()
```

```
Else
     MessageBox.Show("XML data is empty.", "Error", MessageBoxButtons.OK,
MessageBoxIcon.Error)
    End If
 End Sub
 Private Sub AddNode(xmlNode As XmlNode, treeNode As TreeNode)
    For Each childNode As XmlNode In xmlNode.ChildNodes
     Dim childTreeNode As TreeNode
      ' Handle text nodes directly
     If childNode.NodeType = XmlNodeType.Text Then
       treeNode.Text &= ": " & childNode.Value
     Else
       childTreeNode = treeNode.Nodes.Add(childNode.Name)
       If childNode.HasChildNodes Then
         AddNode(childNode, childTreeNode)
       ElseIf childNode.Name = "StorageDevices" Then
         Dim storages() As String = childNode.InnerText.Split(New String())
{Environment.NewLine}, StringSplitOptions.None)
         For Each storage As String In storages
           childTreeNode.Nodes.Add(storage)
         Next
       Else
          childTreeNode.Text = childNode.Name & ": " & childNode.InnerText
       End If
     End If
   Next
 End Sub
 Private Sub ExportScanToolStripMenuItem_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
ExportScanToolStripMenuItem.Click
   Try
      Dim saveDialog As New SaveFileDialog()
     saveDialog.Filter = "XML Files (*.xml)|*.xml" 'Change filter to XML files
     saveDialog.Title = "Save XML File"
      If saveDialog.ShowDialog() = DialogResult.OK Then
       Dim xmlPath As String = saveDialog.FileName
       'Check if the file already exists
       If System.IO.File.Exists(xmlPath) Then
         Dim overwriteResult As DialogResult = MessageBox.Show("The file already exists. Do
you want to overwrite it?", "File Exists", MessageBoxButtons.YesNo, MessageBoxIcon.Warning)
         If overwriteResult = DialogResult.No Then
            Return 'Exit if the user chooses not to overwrite
         End If
       End If
       Dim xmlContent As String = GetXmlStringFromTreeView(treeViewXML)
       If Not String.IsNullOrEmpty(xmlContent) Then
          'Save XML content as XML file with line breaks for readability
         System.IO.File.WriteAllText(xmlPath, FormatXml(xmlContent),
System.Text.Encoding.UTF8)
```

```
MessageBox.Show("XML file saved successfully.", "Success", MessageBoxButtons.OK,
MessageBoxIcon.Information)
       Else
         MessageBox.Show("XML content is empty or invalid.", "Error",
MessageBoxButtons.OK, MessageBoxIcon.Error)
       End If
     Else
       MessageBox.Show("No file selected.", "Error", MessageBoxButtons.OK,
MessageBoxIcon.Error)
     End If
    Catch ex As Exception
     MessageBox.Show("An error occurred while saving the XML file: " & ex.Message, "Error",
MessageBoxButtons.OK, MessageBoxIcon.Error)
   End Try
 End Sub
 Private Function FormatXml(xmlContent As String) As String
    Dim doc As New XmlDocument()
    doc.LoadXml(xmlContent)
    Using stringWriter As New StringWriter()
     Using xmlWriter As XmlWriter = XmlWriter.Create(stringWriter, New XmlWriterSettings()
With {.Indent = True, .NewLineOnAttributes = False})
       doc.Save(xmlWriter)
       Return stringWriter.ToString()
     End Using
   End Using
 End Function
 Private Function GetXmlStringFromTreeView(treeView As TreeView) As String
   Dim xmlDoc As New XmlDocument()
   Dim xmlDeclaration As XmlDeclaration = xmlDoc.CreateXmlDeclaration("1.0", "UTF-8",
Nothing)
   xmlDoc.AppendChild(xmlDeclaration)
    Dim rootNode As XmlNode = xmlDoc.CreateElement("SystemInformation")
   xmlDoc.AppendChild(rootNode)
    ' Add treeViewXML content to XML
    For Each treeNode As TreeNode In treeView.Nodes
     AddXmlNodeFromTreeView(xmlDoc, rootNode, treeNode)
    Next
    Return xmlDoc.OuterXml
 End Function
 Private Sub AddXmlNodeFromTreeView(xmlDoc As XmlDocument, parentNode As XmlNode,
treeNode As TreeNode)
   Dim newNode As XmlNode =
xmlDoc.CreateElement(SanitizeXmlName(treeNode.Text.Split(":")(0).Trim()))
    If treeNode.Nodes.Count > 0 Then
     For Each childNode As TreeNode In treeNode.Nodes
       AddXmlNodeFromTreeView(xmlDoc, newNode, childNode)
     Next
    Else
     newNode.InnerText = treeNode.Text.Split(":")(1).Trim()
```

```
End If
    parentNode.AppendChild(newNode)
 End Sub
 Private Function SanitizeXmlName(name As String) As String
    'Remove invalid characters from the name
   Dim sanitized As String = System.Text.RegularExpressions.Regex.Replace(name, "[^a-zA-Z0-
9_.-]", "_")
    'Ensure the name starts with a letter or underscore
    If Not String.IsNullOrEmpty(sanitized) AndAlso Not Char.IsLetter(sanitized(0)) And Not
sanitized.StartsWith("_") Then
     sanitized = "_" & sanitized
    End If
    Return sanitized
 End Function
 Private Sub AddXmlElement(xmlDoc As XmlDocument, parentNode As XmlNode,
elementName As String, elementValue As String)
    Dim element As XmlElement = xmlDoc.CreateElement(elementName)
   element.InnerText = elementValue 'Ensure that this captures the RAM value as a string
    parentNode.AppendChild(element)
 End Sub
 Private Function GetOperatingSystemInfo() As String
    Dim osInfo As String = String.Empty
    Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM
Win32_OperatingSystem")
     For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()
       osInfo = obj("Caption") & " " & obj("Version")
     Next
    End Using
   Return osInfo
 End Function
 Private Function GetOperatingSystemInstallDate() As String
    Dim installDate As String = String.Empty
    Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM
Win32_OperatingSystem")
     For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()
       Dim dateStr As String = obj("InstallDate").ToString()
       installDate = ManagementDateTimeConverter.ToDateTime(dateStr).ToString("yyyy-
MM-dd")
     Next
    End Using
   Return installDate
 End Function
 Private Function GetCpuInfo() As String
    Dim cpuInfo As String = String.Empty
```

Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM Win32_Processor")

For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()

cpuInfo = obj("Name").ToString()

```
Next
   End Using
    Return cpuInfo
 End Function
 Private Function GetRamInfo() As String
    Dim totalRam As Long = 0
    Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM
Win32 PhysicalMemory")
     For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()
       totalRam += CLng(obj("Capacity"))
     Next
   End Using
    Dim totalRamInGB As Double = Math.Round(totalRam / 1024 / 1024 / 1024, 2)
    Return totalRamInGB.ToString() 'Return only the numeric value in GB
 End Function
 Private Function GetStorageInfo() As String
    Dim storageInfo As String = String.Empty
    Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM Win32_DiskDrive")
     For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()
       Dim model As String = obj("Model").ToString()
       Dim size As Long = CLng(obj("Size"))
       Dim sizeInGB As Double = Math.Round(size / 1024 / 1024 / 1024, 2)
       storageInfo &= model & " (" & sizeInGB.ToString() & " GB)" & Environment.NewLine
     Next
    End Using
    Return storageInfo.Trim()
 End Function
 Private Function GetGpuInfo() As String
    Dim gpuInfo As String = String.Empty
    Using searcher As New ManagementObjectSearcher("SELECT * FROM
Win32_VideoController")
     For Each obj As ManagementObject In searcher.Get()
       Dim gpuName As String = obj("Name").ToString()
       Dim gpuMemory As Long = CLng(obj("AdapterRAM"))
       Dim gpuMemoryInMB As Double = Math.Round(gpuMemory / 1024 / 1024, 2)
       gpuInfo &= gpuName & " (" & gpuMemoryInMB.ToString() & " MB)" &
Environment.NewLine
     Next
    End Using
    Return gpuInfo.Trim()
 End Function
 Private Sub RunSystemPropertiesProtection()
    Try
     Dim system32Path As String =
Environment.GetFolderPath(Environment.SpecialFolder.System)
     Dim systemPropertiesProtectionPath As String = Path.Combine(system32Path,
"SystemPropertiesProtection.exe")
     If File.Exists(systemPropertiesProtectionPath) Then
       Process.Start(systemPropertiesProtectionPath)
```

```
Else
       MessageBox.Show("SystemPropertiesProtection.exe not found in System32 folder.")
     End If
    Catch ex As Exception
     MessageBox.Show("An error occurred: " & ex.Message)
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnWindowsSecurity Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnWindowsSecurity.Click
    Process.Start("cmd.exe", "/c start windowsdefender:")
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnWindowsUpdate Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnWindowsUpdate.Click
    Process.Start("cmd.exe", "/c start ms-settings:windowsupdate")
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnSystemRestore_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnSystemRestore.Click
   RunSystemPropertiesProtection()
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnTaskManager_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnTaskManager.Click
    Process.Start("cmd.exe", "/c start taskmgr")
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnDiskDefragmenter_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnDiskDefragmenter.Click
    Process.Start("cmd.exe", "/c start dfrgui")
 Private Sub btnOpenAddOrRemovePrograms_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
btnOpenAddOrRemovePrograms.Click
   RunAppwizCpl()
 End Sub
 Private Sub RunAppwizCpl()
      'Use the Shell function to run appwiz.cpl
     Shell("appwiz.cpl", AppWinStyle.NormalFocus)
    Catch ex As Exception
      MessageBox.Show("An error occurred: " & ex.Message)
    End Try
 End Sub
 Private Sub btnPing_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles BtnPing.Click
    Dim address As String = txtAddress.Text.Trim()
    ' If no address is entered, ping Google.com
    If String.IsNullOrEmpty(address) Then
     address = "google.com"
    End If
```

```
If Not String.IsNullOrEmpty(address) Then
     LstPingResults.Items.Clear() 'Clear the ListBox before performing the ping
     Dim processInfo As New ProcessStartInfo("ping", "-n 4 " & address) ' Ping the address 4
times
     processInfo.RedirectStandardOutput = True
     processInfo.UseShellExecute = False
     processInfo.CreateNoWindow = True
     Dim process As Process = Process.Start(processInfo)
     process.WaitForExit()
     Dim output As String = process.StandardOutput.ReadToEnd()
     'Split the output by line and add it to the list box
     For Each line As String In output.Split({Environment.NewLine},
StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries)
       LstPingResults.Items.Add(line)
     Next
   Else
     MessageBox.Show("Please enter an address to ping.")
   End If
 End Sub
 Private Sub Button1_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs)
   Process.Start("DISMCheckhealth.bat")
 End Sub
 Private Sub Label6_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Label6.Click
 End Sub
End Class
End of Source Code for main window functionalities.
@echo off
:menu
cls
echo Choose an option:
echo +-----+
echo 1. DISM Scan health
     Scans the Windows image for corruption or integrity issues
echo
      Useful when troubleshooting system problems or verifying the health of the Windows
echo
installation.
echo +------+
echo 2. DISM Restore health
      Restores the Windows image by repairing any corrupted files found during the scan.
echo
      Helps fix issues related to missing or damaged system files.
echo +-----+
```

echo Checks the health of the Windows image without attempting repairs.

echo +-----+

echo Provides a quick assessment of the system's health.

echo 3. DISM Check health

echo 4. SFC Scan now

```
echo
      Scans and repairs protected system files using the System File Checker (SFC) utility.
      Useful when encountering issues related to system file corruption.
echo
echo +-----+
echo 5. WMIC Get hard disks status
      Retrieves information about the status of hard disk drives.
      Helps monitor disk health, check for errors, and identify failing drives.
echo +-----+
echo 6. Exit
set /p choice=Enter the number of your choice:
if "%choice%"=="1" (
 start cmd /k dism /Online /Cleanup-Image /ScanHealth
 goto menu
) else if "%choice%"=="2" (
 start cmd /k dism /Online /Cleanup-Image /RestoreHealth
 goto menu
) else if "%choice%"=="3" (
 start cmd /k dism /Online /Cleanup-Image /CheckHealth
 goto menu
) else if "%choice%"=="4" (
 start cmd /k sfc /scannow
 goto menu
) else if "%choice%"=="5" (
 start cmd /k wmic diskdrive get status
 goto menu
) else if "%choice%"=="6" (
 exit
) else (
 echo Invalid choice. Please try again.
 pause
 goto menu
)
```

End of source code for external command prompt tool