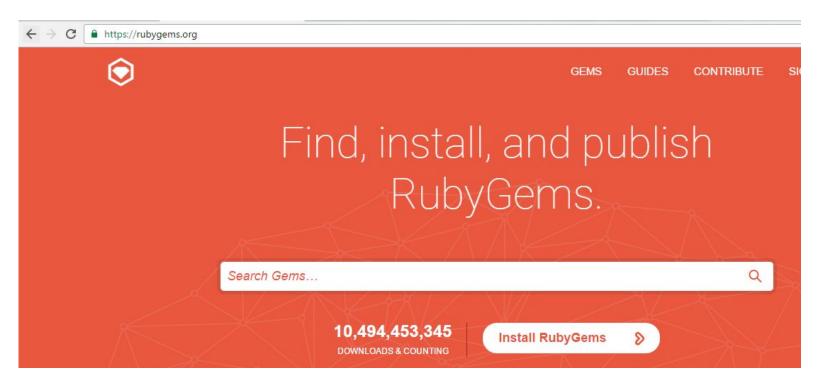
Introducción a Ruby on Rails

Ruby Gems / HTTP Party

Overview

- Ruby gems
- Cómo utilizar la gema HTTPParty

Ruby Gems - 3rd party plugins / additions



Gem

PackageManager

```
~ gem
RubyGems is a sophisticated package manager for Ruby. This is a
basic help message containing pointers to more information.
 Usage:
   gem -h/--help
   gem -v/--version
   gem command [arguments...] [options...]
  Examples:
   gem install rake
   gem list --local
   gem build package.gemspec
    gem help install
 Further help:
   gem help commands
                                 list all 'gem' commands
    gem help examples
                                 show some examples of usage
   gem help platforms
                                 show information about platforms
   gem help <COMMAND>
                                 show help on COMMAND
                                   (e.g. 'gem help install')
                                 present a web page at
   gem server
                                 http://localhost:8808/
                                 with info about installed gems
 Further information:
   http://guides.rubygems.org
```

RubyGems package manager

- Gem es un package manager que viene instalado con la instalación de ruby.
- gem list httpparty

```
→ gem list httparty
*** LOCAL GEMS ***
httparty (0.14.0)
```

```
→ gem list pp
*** LOCAL GEMS ***
```

Instalando HTTP Party

• gem install httpparty

```
→ ruby-on-rails-intro git:(master) > gem install httparty
Fetching: multi_xml-0.5.5.gem (100%)
Successfully installed multi_xml-0.5.5
Fetching: httparty-0.14.0.gem (100%)
When you HTTParty, you must party hard!
Successfully installed httparty-0.14.0
2 gems installed
```

Más detalles de los gems

gem list httpparty -d

```
→ ~ gem list httparty -d

*** LOCAL GEMS ***

httparty (0.14.0)
    Authors: John Nunemaker, Sandro Turriate
    Homepage: http://jnunemaker.github.com/httparty
    License: MIT
    Installed at: /home/vanessa/.rbenv/versions/2.0.0-p481/lib/ruby/gems/2.0.0

Makes http fun! Also, makes consuming restful web services dead easy.
```

Qué son los servicios web RestFul?

- Son web services implementados utilizando HTTP y los principios de REST.
 - Tienen una URI base
 - Soportan un formato de intercambio de datos: XML, Json
 - Soportan un set de métodos HTTP (Get, Post, Put, etc).

HTTParty Gem

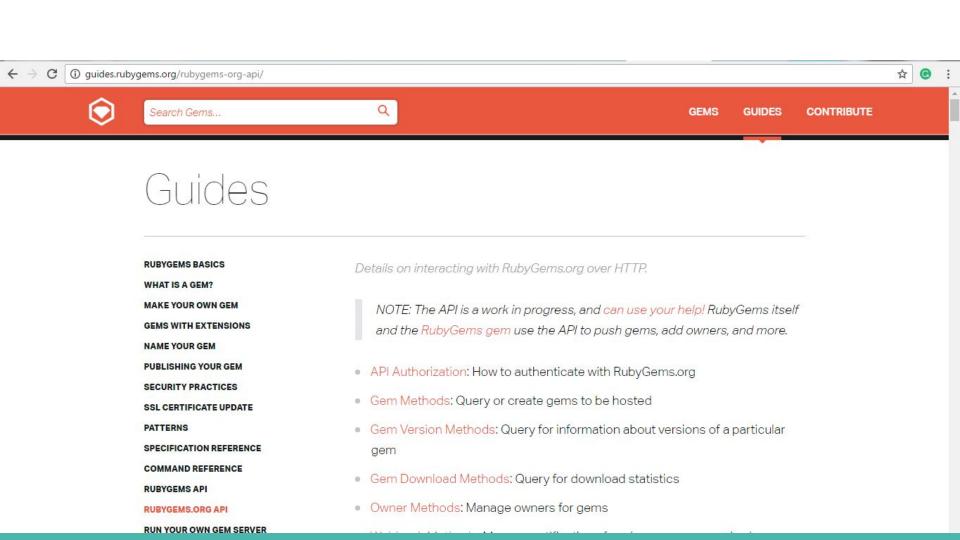
- Cliente de Web Services Restful
 - Comunicación entre máquinas, intercambio de datos.
- Parsing automático de Json y Xml en hashes.
- Provee soporte para:
 - Basic Authentication
 - Parámetros por defecto de los requests

Existen muchas APIs en todos lados



TOP 10 NEW APIS

1. Oracle Monit	Track this API	6. MasterCard M
2. OpenStack Fr	Track this API	7. MasterCard M
3. YouTube Cont	Track this API	8. MasterCard S
4. Agora Intera	Track this API	9. Bootswatch
5. Amazon List	Track this API	10. W3C The Per



API RUBY GEM

URI base Parámetros

https://rubygems.org/api/v1/search.json?query=cucumber

```
name: "cucumber",
  downloads: 12261945,
 version: "2.4.0",
 version downloads: 471851,
 platform: "ruby",
  authors: "Aslak Hellesøy, Matt Wynne, Steve Tooke",
  info: "Behaviour Driven Development with elegance and joy",
- licenses: [
      "MIT"
 metadata: { },
  sha: "307e87c24e250d015c1d9990a7d79f7bdd9b239aa25681fd861fe491541892cc".
  project uri: "https://rubygems.org/gems/cucumber",
  gem uri: "https://rubygems.org/gems/cucumber-2.4.0.gem",
 homepage_uri: "https://cucumber.io/",
  wiki_uri: "http://wiki.github.com/cucumber/cucumber",
  documentation uri: "http://cukes.info",
 mailing list uri: "http://groups.google.com/group/cukes",
```

Como usar HTTParty

- Incluir el módulo
 - include HTTParty
- Se pueden especificar:
 - base_uri: para todos los requests
 - default_params: un API Key por ejemplo
 - format: el formato esperado

Test con RubyGems API

```
require 'httparty'
class RemoteGem
  include HTTParty
  base uri "rubygems.org/api/v1"
  default options.update(verify: false)
  attr accessor :name, :info, :version, :authors, :downloads
  def initialize(name, info, version, authors, downloads)
    self.name = name
    self.info = info
    self.version = version
    self.authors = authors
    self.downloads = downloads
  end
  # Returns the versions for this particular RemoteGem
  def versions
    response = self.class.get("/versions/#{name}.json")
   if response.success?
      response
    else
     raise response.response
    end
  end
```

puts httparty.versions

Practica 1 - Google Translate API

(1)

- La API de Google para traducir textos:
 - https://cloud.google.com/translate/v2/translate-reference
- Utilizando Httparty traducir un texto con el servicio:
 - https://www.googleapis.com/language/translate/v2
- Los paramétros:
 - key: API KEY habilitado para la utilización de la api, por ahora se puede usar: AlzaSyBdqiJZunlGxiU5ubdmKlp2VqxqR7GYLsQ
 - o **q:** el texto que se quiere traducir
 - o **source:** idioma de origen (en)
 - target: idioma destino (es)

Practica 1 - Pruebas manuales - Json Respuesta (2)

https://developers.google.com/apis-explorer/?hl=es#p/translate/v2/

Translate

```
-{
-"data": {
-"translations": [
-{
    "translatedText": "Hola",
    "detectedSourceLanguage": "en"
    }
    ]
}
```

Detect

Practica 1 - Google Translate API

(2)

- Implementar otro servicio para la detección de lenguaje:
- https://www.googleapis.com/language/translate/v2/detect?parameters
- Parámetros:
 - key: API KEY habilitado para la utilización de la api, por ahora se puede usar:
 AlzaSyBdqiJZunlGxiU5ubdmKlp2VqxqR7GYLsQ
 - o **q:** el texto del cual se desea detectar el idioma