

```
In [1]: %run Imports.ipynb
```

## Introduction

In this report, the pandemic test, case, recovery, death, and vaccination totals are put into a relational database and analyzed. This report uses linear regression to determine the relationship between cases of and vaccinations for the virus, and time-series modeling to determine the progression of cases of and vaccinations for the virus.

Dataset of country pandemic totals.

```
In [2]: df=Json('df1: Covid19 Totals')
df.web_scrape('https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/?referer=app', [ '0', 'Country', 'Total_Cases', 'New_Cases', 'Total_Deaths', 'New_Deaths', 'Total_Recovered',
'1','Active_Cases', 'Serious_Critical', 'Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop', 'Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop',
'Total_Tests', 'Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop', 'Population', 'Unknown', 'Continent', 'Unknown', 'Unknown' ])
df1=json_storage['df1: Covid19 Totals'][1]
df1
```

Out[2]:

0	Country	Total_Cases	New_Cases	Total_Deaths	New_Deaths	Total_Recovered	1	Active_Cases	Serious_Critical	Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop	Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop	Total_Tests	Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop	Population
0	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
1	\nNorth America\n	35,875,404	+83,199	819,332	+2,001	27,580,673	+97,159	7,475,399	15,373					
2	\nSouth America\n	21,168,897	+136,524	552,665	+4,639	18,894,237	+128,254	1,721,995	21,166					
3	\nAsia\n	28,490,944	+182,032	428,059	+1,434	26,093,254	+112,944	1,969,631	25,421					
4	\nEurope\n	39,609,225	+223,855	913,171	+3,921	27,982,751	+117,852	10,713,303	31,419					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
233	Total:	39,609,225	+223,855	913,171	+3,921	27,982,751	+117,852	10,713,303	31,419					
234	Total:	4,251,595	+12,213	113,036	+235	3,814,105	+8,308	324,454	3,037					
235	Total:	57,040	+400	1,142	+4	34,567	+21	21,331	6					
236	Total:	721		15		706		0	0					
237	Total:	129,453,826	+638,223	2,827,420	+12,234	104,400,293	+464,538	22,226,113	96,422	16,607.7	362.7			

238 rows × 19 columns

Dataset of USA state pandemic totals.

```
In [3]: df=Json('df2: USA Covid19 Totals')
df.web_scrape('https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/country/us/', [ '0', 'Country', 'Total_Cases', 'New_Cases', 'Total_Deaths', 'New_Deaths', 'Total_Recovered',
'Active_Cases', 'Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop', 'Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop',
'Total_Tests', 'Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop', 'Population','1','1'])
df2=json_storage['df2: USA Covid19 Totals'][1]
df2
```

Out[3]:

	0	Country	Total_Cases	New_Cases	Total_Deaths	New_Deaths	Total_Recovered	Active_Cases	Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop	Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop	Total_Tests	Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop	Population	1
0	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
1		USA Total	31,166,344	+68,756	565,254	+1,113	23,673,462	6,927,628	94,157	1,708	403,326,884	1,218,500		
2	1	\nCalifornia	3,669,253	\n+2,505	\n58,938	+149	\n1,940,569	\n1,669,746	92,864	1,492	\n53,786,487	1,361,262	\n39,512,223	\n[view by county] [1]\n\n[pro]
3	2	\nTexas	2,795,916	\n+3,058	\n48,504	+25	\n2,648,579	\n98,833	96,425	1,673	\n25,536,604	880,698	\n28,995,881	\n[view by county] [1] [2] [3]\n\n[pro]
4	3	\nFlorida	2,057,735	\n+5,294	\n33,450	+84	\n1,520,607	\n503,678	95,808	1,557	\n25,367,915	1,181,126	\n21,477,737	\n[view by county] [1] [2] [3]\n\n[pro]
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	60	\nNavajo Nation	30,095	\n+16	\n1,247		\n16,398	\n12,450			\n254,374\n			\n\n[1] [2] [3]
62	61	\nGrand Princess Ship	122	\n	\n7		\n115	\n0			\n		\n	\n[1]
63	62	\nWuhan Repatriated	3	\n	\n		\n3	\n0			\n3\n		\n	\n
64	63	\nDiamond Princess Ship	46	\n	\n		\n46	\n0			\n46\n		\n	\n
65		Total:	31,166,344	+68,756	565,254	+1,113	23,673,462	6,927,628	94,157	1,708	403,326,884	1,218,500		

66 rows × 15 columns

Dataset of country vaccination totals.

```
In [39]: df=Json('df3: vaccinated_total')
df.csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/owid/covid-19-data/master/public/data/vaccinations/vaccinations.csv')
df3=json_storage['df3: vaccinated_total'][1]
df3
```

Out[39]:

	location	iso_code	date	total_vaccinations	people_vaccinated	people_fully_vaccinated	daily_vaccinations_raw	daily_vaccinations	total_vaccinations_per_hundred	people_vaccinated_per_hundred	people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred
0	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-23	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1367.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-24	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1367.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-25	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1367.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-26	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1367.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9813	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-25	54892.0	54892.0	NaN	5488.0	2127.0	0.37	0.37	0.37
9814	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-26	61093.0	61093.0	NaN	6201.0	2772.0	0.41	0.41	0.41
9815	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-27	65466.0	65466.0	NaN	4373.0	3322.0	0.44	0.44	0.44
9816	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-28	68511.0	68511.0	NaN	3045.0	3683.0	0.46	0.46	0.46
9817	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-29	69751.0	69751.0	NaN	1240.0	3780.0	0.47	0.47	0.47

9818 rows × 12 columns

Dataset of USA state vaccinations.

```
In [5]: df=Json('df4: usa_vaccinated_total')
df.csv('vaccine_data.csv')
df4=json_storage['df4: usa_vaccinated_total'][1]
df4
```

Out[5]:

	Location	Total COVID-19 Vaccines Delivered	Total COVID-19 Vaccines Administered	Share of Delivered Vaccines That Have Been Administered	Number of People Who Have Been Vaccinated	Share of Population Vaccinated
0	United States	154199235.0	118313818.0	0.76728	77050155.0	0.234738
1	Alabama	2141210.0	1426696.0	0.66630	936863.0	0.191072
2	Alaska	514835.0	356055.0	0.69159	214185.0	0.292784
3	Arizona	3444465.0	2760907.0	0.80155	1714739.0	0.235583
4	Arkansas	1407320.0	952919.0	0.67712	634546.0	0.210267
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	*Vaccines delivered* are cumulative counts of ...	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
70	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
71	*Vaccines administered* are cumulative counts ...	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
72	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
73	*Number of people who have been vaccinated* re...	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

74 rows × 6 columns

Dataset of country cases time-series.

```
In [40]: df=Json('df5: time_series')
df.csv('https://covid19.who.int/WHO-COVID-19-global-data.csv')
df5=json_storage['df5: time_series'][1]
df5
```

Out[40]:

	Date_reported	Country_code	Country	WHO_region	New_cases	Cumulative_cases	New_deaths	Cumulative_deaths
0	2020-01-03	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
1	2020-01-04	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
2	2020-01-05	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
3	2020-01-06	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
4	2020-01-07	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
107139	2021-03-27	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	27	36805	0	1518
107140	2021-03-28	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	13	36818	1	1519
107141	2021-03-29	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	4	36822	1	1520
107142	2021-03-30	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	17	36839	0	1520
107143	2021-03-31	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	19	36858	1	1521

107144 rows × 8 columns

Dataset of USA state cases time-series.

```
In [7]: df=Json('df6: usa_time_series_cases_deaths')
df.csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nytimes/covid-19-data/master/us-states.csv')
df6=json_storage['df6: usa_time_series_cases_deaths'][1]
df6
```

Out[7]:

	date	state	fips	cases	deaths
0	2020-01-21	Washington	53	1	0
1	2020-01-22	Washington	53	1	0
2	2020-01-23	Washington	53	1	0
3	2020-01-24	Illinois	17	1	0
4	2020-01-24	Washington	53	1	0
...	...	...	...	...	...
21624	2021-03-30	Virginia	51	617941	10242
21625	2021-03-30	Washington	53	365816	5302
21626	2021-03-30	West Virginia	54	141322	2640
21627	2021-03-30	Wisconsin	55	635523	7293
21628	2021-03-30	Wyoming	56	56236	695

21629 rows × 5 columns

Dataset of government responses to covid 19.

## Data Mining

Country pandemic totals data information.

```
In [112]: df1.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 238 entries, 0 to 237
Data columns (total 19 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   0                237 non-null    object  
 1   Country          237 non-null    object  
 2   Total_Cases      237 non-null    object  
 3   New_Cases        237 non-null    object  
 4   Total_Deaths     237 non-null    object  
 5   New_Deaths       237 non-null    object  
 6   Total_Recovered  237 non-null    object  
 7   1                237 non-null    object  
 8   Active_Cases     237 non-null    object  
 9   Serious_Critical 237 non-null    object  
 10  Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop 237 non-null    object  
 11  Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop 237 non-null    object  
 12  Total_Tests      237 non-null    object  
 13  Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop 237 non-null    object  
 14  Population       237 non-null    object  
 15  Unknown          237 non-null    object  
 16  Continent        237 non-null    object  
 17  Unknown          237 non-null    object  
 18  Unknown          237 non-null    object  
dtypes: object(19)
memory usage: 35.5+ KB
```

USA state vaccination totals.

```
In [113]: df2.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 74 entries, 0 to 73
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Location          70 non-null    object  
 1   Total COVID-19 Vaccines Delivered 60 non-null    float64 
 2   Total COVID-19 Vaccines Administered 60 non-null    float64 
 3   Share of Delivered Vaccines That Have Been Administered 60 non-null    float64 
 4   Number of People Who Have Been Vaccinated 60 non-null    float64 
 5   Share of Population Vaccinated      53 non-null    float64 
dtypes: float64(5), object(1)
memory usage: 3.6+ KB
```

Country vaccination time-series data information.

```
In [60]: df3.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6495 entries, 0 to 6494
Data columns (total 12 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   location        6495 non-null    object  
 1   iso_code         6131 non-null    object  
 2   date             6495 non-null    object  
 3   total_vaccinations  4229 non-null  float64
 4   people_vaccinated 3782 non-null  float64
 5   people_fully_vaccinated 2587 non-null  float64
 6   daily_vaccinations_raw 3595 non-null  float64
 7   daily_vaccinations 6299 non-null  float64
 8   total_vaccinations_per_hundred 4229 non-null  float64
 9   people_vaccinated_per_hundred 3782 non-null  float64
 10  people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred 2587 non-null  float64
 11  daily_vaccinations_per_million 6299 non-null  float64
dtypes: float64(9), object(3)
memory usage: 609.0+ KB
```

Country cases time-series data information.

```
In [61]: df4.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 103306 entries, 0 to 103305
Data columns (total 8 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Date_reported    103306 non-null  object  
 1   Country_code      102868 non-null  object  
 2   Country           103306 non-null  object  
 3   WHO_region        103306 non-null  object  
 4   New_cases          103306 non-null  int64  
 5   Cumulative_cases  103306 non-null  int64  
 6   New_deaths         103306 non-null  int64  
 7   Cumulative_deaths 103306 non-null  int64  
dtypes: int64(4), object(4)
memory usage: 6.3+ MB
```

USA state cases time-series data information.

```
In [29]: df7.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 20914 entries, 0 to 20913
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   date     20914 non-null   object  
 1   states   20914 non-null   object  
 2   cases    20914 non-null   int64  
 3   deaths   20914 non-null   int64  
 4   State    20914 non-null   object  
dtypes: int64(2), object(3)
memory usage: 817.1+ KB
```

USA state pandemic totals data information.

```
In [62]: df8.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 66 entries, 0 to 65
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   0                 65 non-null     object  
 1   Country          65 non-null     object  
 2   Total_Cases      65 non-null     object  
 3   New_Cases        65 non-null     object  
 4   Total_Deaths     65 non-null     object  
 5   New_Deaths       65 non-null     object  
 6   Total_Recovered  65 non-null     object  
 7   Active_Cases     65 non-null     object  
 8   Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop 65 non-null   object  
 9   Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop 65 non-null   object  
 10  Total_Tests      65 non-null     object  
 11  Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop 65 non-null   object  
 12  Population        65 non-null     object  
 13  1                 65 non-null     object  
 14  1                 64 non-null     object  
dtypes: object(15)
memory usage: 7.9+ KB
```

Government responses to covid 19 data information.

```
In [63]: df9.info(verbose=True)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 62700 entries, 0 to 62699
Data columns (total 43 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   country          62700 non-null   object  
 1   geoid             62425 non-null   object  
 2   iso               62700 non-null   object  
 3   d                 62700 non-null   object  
 4   cases              57750 non-null   float64 
 5   deaths             57750 non-null   float64 
 6   school             45758 non-null   float64 
 7   school_local       45758 non-null   float64 
 8   domestic            55275 non-null   float64 
 9   domestic_local      55275 non-null   float64 
 10  travel              55275 non-null   float64 
 11  travel_partial     55275 non-null   float64 
 12  travel_dom         55275 non-null   float64 
 13  travel_dom_partial 55275 non-null   float64 
 14  curf               55275 non-null   float64 
 15  curf_partial        55275 non-null   float64 
 16  mass                55275 non-null   float64 
 17  mass_partial         55275 non-null   float64 
 18  elect               14834 non-null   float64 
 19  elect_partial        14834 non-null   float64 
 20  sport               55275 non-null   float64 
 21  sport_partial        55275 non-null   float64 
 22  rest                55275 non-null   float64 
 23  rest_local           55275 non-null   float64 
 24  testing              55275 non-null   float64 
 25  testing_narrow        55275 non-null   float64 
 26  masks               51459 non-null   float64 
 27  masks_partial         51459 non-null   float64 
 28  surveillance          55275 non-null   float64 
 29  surveillance_partial 55275 non-null   float64 
 30  state                55275 non-null   float64 
 31  state_partial         55275 non-null   float64 
 32  cash                 54450 non-null   float64 
 33  wage                 54450 non-null   float64 
 34  credit               54450 non-null   float64 
 35  taxc                 54450 non-null   float64 
 36  taxd                 54450 non-null   float64 
 37  export               54450 non-null   float64 
 38  rate                 54450 non-null   float64 
 39  Rigidity_Public_Health 55275 non-null   float64 
 40  Economic_Measures     54450 non-null   float64 
 41  population_2019       57750 non-null   float64 
 42  continent             61875 non-null   object 
```

dtypes: float64(38), object(5)

memory usage: 20.6+ MB

## Data Cleaning

Cleans country pandemic totals dataframe by droping parts of dataframe that are undesired, replacing undesired values to desired values, and turning some columns into numeric datatype.

```
In [8]: df1=df1.drop(0, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(1, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(2, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(3, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(4, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(5, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(6, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(7, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(230, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(231, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(232, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(233, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(234, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(235, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(236, axis=0)
df1=df1.drop(237, axis=0)
df1=df1.replace('USA', 'United States')
df1=df1.replace('UK', 'United Kingdom')
df1=df1.replace('UAE', 'United Arab Emirates')
df1=df1.replace('S. Korea', 'South Korea')
df1=df1.replace('S. Korea', 'South Korea')
df1=df1.replace('CAR', 'Central African Republic')
df1=df1.replace('CAR', 'Central African Republic')
df1=df1.replace('DRC', 'Democratic Republic of the Congo')
df1=df1.replace(' ', 0)
df1=df1.replace('N/A', 0)
df1['Total_Cases'] = df1['Total_Cases'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Total_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Total_Cases'])
df1['New_Cases'] = df1['New_Cases'].str.replace(",","")
df1['New_Cases'] = df1['New_Cases'].str.replace("+","")
df1['New_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['New_Cases'])
df1['Total_Deaths'] = df1['Total_Deaths'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Total_Deaths'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Total_Deaths'])
df1['New_Deaths'] = df1['New_Deaths'].str.replace("+","")
df1['New_Deaths'] = df1['New_Deaths'].str.replace(",","")
df1['New_Deaths'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['New_Deaths'])
df1['Total_Recovered'] = df1['Total_Recovered'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Total_Recovered'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Total_Recovered'])
df1['Active_Cases'] = df1['Active_Cases'].str.replace("+","")
df1['Active_Cases'] = df1['Active_Cases'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Active_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Active_Cases'])
df1['Serious_Critical'] = df1['Serious_Critical'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Serious_Critical'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Serious_Critical'])
df1['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'] = df1['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'])
df1['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'] = df1['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'])
df1['Total_Tests'] = df1['Total_Tests'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Total_Tests'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Total_Tests'])
df1['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'] = df1['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'])
df1['Population'] = df1['Population'].str.replace(",","")
df1['Population'] = pd.to_numeric(df1['Population'])
df1=df1.replace(np.nan, 0)
df1
```

Out[8]:

	0	Country	Total_Cases	New_Cases	Total_Deaths	New_Deaths	Total_Recovered	1	Active_Cases	Serious_Critical	Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop	Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop	Total_Tests	Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop	Popula
8		World	129453826	638223.0	2827420.0	12234.0	104400293.0	+464,538	22226113.0	96422.0	16608.0	362.7	0.0	0.0	0.000000€
9	1	United States	31166344	68756.0	565254.0	1113.0	23673462.0	+86,548	6927628.0	8764.0	93747.0	1700.0	403326884.0	1213186.0	3.324526€
10	2	Brazil	12753258	89200.0	321886.0	3950.0	11169937.0	+95,454	1261435.0	8318.0	59682.0	1506.0	28600000.0	133840.0	2.136876€
11	3	India	12220669	72182.0	162960.0	458.0	11472494.0	+40,442	585215.0	8944.0	8791.0	117.0	243672940.0	175289.0	1.390124€
12	4	France	4644423	41907.0	95640.0	303.0	294638.0	+1,842	4254145.0	5053.0	71036.0	1463.0	63999096.0	978855.0	6.538156€
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
225	217	Marshall Islands	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0		0.0	0.0	67.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.948800€
226	218	Samoa	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0		1.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.993990€
227	219	Vanuatu	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0		2.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	470.0	1504.0	3.124660€
228	220	Micronesia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0		0.0	0.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.159220€
229	221	China	90201	11.0	4636.0	0.0	85385.0	+4	180.0	2.0	63.0	3.0	160000000.0	111163.0	1.439324€

222 rows × 19 columns

Cleans country vaccinations dataframe by replacing undesired values with desired ones, renaming undesired column names to desired ones, and storing global vaccinations total in a variable wvt.

```
In [41]: df3=df3.replace(np.nan,0)
df3=df3.rename(columns={'location':'Country'})
wvt=df3.loc[df3['Country']=='World']['total_vaccinations'].iloc[-1]
df3
```

Out[41]:

	Country	iso_code	date	total_vaccinations	people_vaccinated	people_fully_vaccinated	daily_vaccinations_raw	daily_vaccinations	total_vaccinations_per_hundred	people_vaccinated_per_hundred	people_fully_vaccinated_pc
0	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-23	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1367.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1367.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1367.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1367.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9813	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-25	54892.0	54892.0	0.0	5488.0	2127.0	0.37	0.37	
9814	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-26	61093.0	61093.0	0.0	6201.0	2772.0	0.41	0.41	
9815	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-27	65466.0	65466.0	0.0	4373.0	3322.0	0.44	0.44	
9816	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-28	68511.0	68511.0	0.0	3045.0	3683.0	0.46	0.46	
9817	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-29	69751.0	69751.0	0.0	1240.0	3780.0	0.47	0.47	

9818 rows × 12 columns

Makes a new dataframe df\_stats that the function stats will populate with desired data.

```
In [10]: df_stats=pd.DataFrame(columns=['Country','Population','Tests','Tests/Population','Cases','Active_Cases','Cases/Tests','Recoveries','Recoveries/Cases','Deaths','Deaths/Cases','Vaccinations','Vaccinations/Population'])
df_stats
```

Out[10]:

Country	Population	Tests	Tests/Population	Cases	Active_Cases	Cases/Tests	Recoveries	Recoveries/Cases	Deaths	Deaths/Cases	Vaccinations	Vaccinations/Population
---------	------------	-------	------------------	-------	--------------	-------------	------------	------------------	--------	--------------	--------------	-------------------------

```
In [11]: countries=sorted(df1['Country'].unique())
stats(countries, df1, 'Country', df3, df_stats)
json_storage['df_stats: Country_Stats_df']=df_stats
```

Makes a dataframe containing global pandemic totals.

```
In [12]: world_df=df_stats.loc[df_stats['Country']=='World']
df_stats=df_stats.drop(218, axis=0)
world_df=world_df.rename(columns={'Country':'Location'})
world_df['Population']=sum(df_stats['Population'])
world_df['Tests']=sum(df_stats['Tests'])
world_df['Tests/Population']=(world_df['Tests']/world_df['Population'])*100
world_df['Active_Cases']=int(world_df['Active_Cases'])
world_df['Cases/Tests']=(world_df['Cases']/world_df['Tests'])*100
world_df['Vaccinations']=int(wvt)
world_df['Vaccinations/Population']=(world_df['Vaccinations']/world_df['Population'])*100

json_storage['world_df: World_Stats_df']=world_df
```

Cleans USA State pandemic totals dataframe by droping parts of dataframe that are undesired, replacing undesired values to desired values, turning some columns into numeric datatype, storing in usa\_total variable the total population, and removing white space from the end of each state name.

```
In [13]: df2=df2.drop(0, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(53, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(54, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(55, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(56, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(57, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(58, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(59, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(60, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(61, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(62, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(63, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(64, axis=0)
df2=df2.drop(65, axis=0)
df2=df2.replace(np.nan, 0)
df2=df2.replace(' ', 0)
df2=df2.replace('N/A', 0)
df2['Country']=df2['Country'].astype('str')
df2['Country'] = df2['Country'].str.replace("\n", "")
df2['Total_Cases']=df2['Total_Cases'].astype('str')
df2['Total_Cases'] = df2['Total_Cases'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Total_Cases'] = df2['Total_Cases'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Total_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Total_Cases'])
df2['New_Cases']=df2['New_Cases'].astype('str')
df2['New_Cases'] = df2['New_Cases'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['New_Cases'] = df2['New_Cases'].str.replace("+","",)
df2['New_Cases'] = df2['New_Cases'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['New_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['New_Cases'])
df2['Total_Deaths']=df2['Total_Deaths'].astype('str')
df2['Total_Deaths'] = df2['Total_Deaths'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Total_Deaths'] = df2['Total_Deaths'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Total_Deaths'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Total_Deaths'])
df2['New_Deaths']=df2['New_Deaths'].astype('str')
df2['New_Deaths'] = df2['New_Deaths'].str.replace("+","",)
df2['New_Deaths'] = df2['New_Deaths'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['New_Deaths'] = df2['New_Deaths'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['New_Deaths'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['New_Deaths'])
df2['Total_Recovered']=df2['Total_Recovered'].astype('str')
df2['Total_Recovered'] = df2['Total_Recovered'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Total_Recovered'] = df2['Total_Recovered'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Total_Recovered'] = df2['Total_Recovered'].str.replace("N/A","",)
df2['Total_Recovered'] = df2['Total_Recovered'].str.replace(" ", '')
df2['Total_Recovered'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Total_Recovered'])
df2['Active_Cases']=df2['Active_Cases'].astype('str')
df2['Active_Cases'] = df2['Active_Cases'].str.replace("+","",)
df2['Active_Cases'] = df2['Active_Cases'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Active_Cases'] = df2['Active_Cases'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Active_Cases'] = df2['Active_Cases'].str.replace("N/A","",)
df2['Active_Cases'] = df2['Active_Cases'].str.replace(" ", '')
df2['Active_Cases'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Active_Cases'])
df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop']=df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'].astype('str')
df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop'])
df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop']=df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'].astype('str')
df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace("\n","",)
```

```
df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop'])
df2['Total_Tests']=df2['Total_Tests'].astype('str')
df2['Total_Tests'] = df2['Total_Tests'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Total_Tests'] = df2['Total_Tests'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Total_Tests'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Total_Tests'])
df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop']=df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'].astype('str')
df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'] = df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop'])
df2['Population']=df2['Population'].astype('str')
df2['Population'] = df2['Population'].str.replace(",","",)
df2['Population'] = df2['Population'].str.replace("\n","",)
df2['Population'] = pd.to_numeric(df2['Population'])
df2=df2.replace(np.nan, 0)
df2=df2.replace(' ', 0)
df2=df2.replace('N/A', 0)
usa_total=df2.iloc[0]
df2=df2.drop(1, axis=0)
df2=df2.rename(columns={'Country':'State'})
df2['State']=df2['State'].replace('District Of Columbia ','District of Columbia ')
df2['State'] = df2['State'].apply(lambda x: x.strip())
df2
```

Out[13]:

0		State	Total_Cases	New_Cases	Total_Deaths	New_Deaths	Total_Recovered	Active_Cases	Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop	Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop	Total_Tests	Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop	Population
2	1	California	3669253	2505.0	58938	149	1940569.0	1669746.0	92864	1492	53786487	1361262	39512223.0
3	2	Texas	2795916	3058.0	48504	25	2648579.0	98833.0	96425	1673	25536604	880698	28995881.0
4	3	Florida	2057735	5294.0	33450	84	1520607.0	503678.0	95808	1557	25367915	1181126	21477737.0
5	4	New York	1915254	8628.0	50587	87	1124544.0	740123.0	98453	2600	44936152	2309919	19453561.0
6	5	Illinois	1244585	2592.0	23579	37	1158104.0	62902.0	98217	1861	20313050	1603010	12671821.0
7	6	Georgia	1059548	1807.0	19055	68	692672.0	347821.0	99793	1795	8291638	780946	10617423.0
8	7	Pennsylvania	1030587	4223.0	25210	42	932619.0	72758.0	80502	1969	11687576	912950	12801989.0
9	8	Ohio	1017566	1989.0	18609	0	966333.0	32624.0	87053	1592	10979647	939306	11689100.0
10	9	North Carolina	914132	1929.0	12112	25	876108.0	25912.0	87159	1155	11336690	1080911	10488084.0
11	10	New Jersey	908816	3672.0	24561	75	685539.0	198716.0	102319	2765	12100950	1362384	8882190.0
12	11	Arizona	841811	733.0	16967	26	803013.0	21831.0	115654	2331	4498406	618022	7278717.0
13	12	Tennessee	811842	1313.0	11904	10	786959.0	12979.0	118879	1743	7219625	1057174	6829174.0
14	13	Michigan	746351	7107.0	17119	11	569460.0	159772.0	74733	1714	12065261	1208114	9986857.0
15	14	Indiana	686497	1044.0	13039	1	655004.0	18454.0	101972	1937	8903743	1322557	6732219.0
16	15	Massachusetts	635580	2499.0	17185	37	586484.0	31911.0	92213	2493	18821008	2730649	6892503.0
17	16	Virginia	618976	1035.0	10252	10	51481.0	557243.0	72518	1201	8396642	983730	8535519.0
18	17	Wisconsin	577195	563.0	6622	10	563534.0	7039.0	99133	1137	3309569	568417	5822434.0
19	18	Missouri	577008	698.0	9081	0	428548.0	139379.0	94015	1480	6191242	1008768	6137428.0
20	19	South Carolina	551630	961.0	9146	20	0.0	0.0	107139	1776	6756672	1312303	5148714.0
21	20	Minnesota	519529	1648.0	6916	12	499395.0	13218.0	92121	1226	8211019	1455949	5639632.0
22	21	Alabama	515388	408.0	10554	27	315743.0	189091.0	105113	2152	2534623	516934	4903185.0
23	22	Colorado	462081	1763.0	6238	12	328754.0	127089.0	80240	1083	2725439	473270	5758736.0
24	23	Louisiana	444933	519.0	10141	9	429935.0	4857.0	95709	2181	6495793	1397307	4648794.0
25	24	Oklahoma	438364	390.0	4953	103	422816.0	10595.0	110783	1252	3783639	956196	3956971.0
26	25	Kentucky	426876	803.0	6090	25	49678.0	371108.0	95548	1363	4949269	1107796	4467673.0
27	26	Maryland	411344	1366.0	8286	13	9862.0	393196.0	68039	1371	8766709	1450078	6045680.0
28	27	Utah	385641	514.0	2122	4	373856.0	9663.0	120289	662	4235928	1321267	3205958.0
29	28	Iowa	379388	571.0	5743	14	332958.0	40687.0	120247	1820	4447633	1409678	3155070.0
30	29	Washington	367228	1094.0	5300	10	179778.0	182150.0	48225	696	5912472	776435	7614893.0
31	30	Arkansas	330398	212.0	5626	10	323032.0	1740.0	109483	1864	3383520	1121186	3017804.0
32	31	Connecticut	310888	832.0	7886	1	271294.0	31708.0	87199	2212	7696039	2158603	3565287.0
33	32	Mississippi	305146	288.0	7032	19	292872.0	5242.0	102530	2363	2610281	877067	2976149.0
34	33	Nevada	303762	268.0	5249	10	280217.0	18296.0	98619	1704	2950952	958053	3080156.0
35	34	Kansas	303675	0.0	4913	11	290550.0	8212.0	104237	1686	1318593	452609	2913314.0

0		State	Total_Cases	New_Cases	Total_Deaths	New_Deaths	Total_Recovered	Active_Cases	Tot_Cases_per_1m_Pop	Tot_Deaths_per_1m_Pop	Total_Tests	Tot_Tests_per_1m_Pop	Population	
36	35	Nebraska	209346	0.0	2180	0	162560.0	44606.0	108222	1127	1002240	518112	1934408.0	\
37	36	New Mexico	191652	275.0	3937	5	173701.0	14014.0	91401	1878	3000869	1431146	2096829.0	\
38	37	Idaho	180536	460.0	1962	5	100936.0	77638.0	101024	1098	1186846	664131	1787065.0	\n[1]
39	38	Oregon	165012	442.0	2383	2	147935.0	14694.0	39123	565	4191940	993884	4217737.0	\n[1]
40	39	West Virginia	141738	416.0	2676	36	132784.0	6278.0	79088	1493	2447894	1365900	1792147.0	
41	40	Rhode Island	137329	564.0	2619	1	8300.0	126410.0	129634	2472	3518593	3321430	1059361.0	\
42	41	South Dakota	117759	264.0	1935	0	113302.0	2522.0	133112	2187	444576	502539	884659.0	
43	42	Montana	104552	231.0	1437	0	102203.0	912.0	97824	1345	1197763	1120685	1068778.0	\n[1] [2]
44	43	North Dakota	103091	211.0	1466	0	100485.0	1140.0	135279	1924	415765	545579	762062.0	\
45	44	Delaware	94802	229.0	1559	0	86673.0	6570.0	97356	1601	660836	678641	973764.0	\
46	45	New Hampshire	84176	462.0	1238	1	79825.0	3113.0	61907	910	1901623	1398549	1359711.0	\
47	46	Alaska	60333	0.0	309	0	52369.0	7655.0	82473	422	1896375	2592288	731545.0	\
48	47	Wyoming	56310	74.0	700	5	55132.0	478.0	97294	1209	685954	1185215	578759.0	\
49	48	Maine	50504	251.0	743	5	12963.0	36798.0	37571	553	2090730	1555357	1344212.0	\
50	49	District of Columbia	44513	100.0	1064	3	31512.0	11937.0	63072	1508	1375475	1948958	705749.0	
51	50	Hawaii	29681	100.0	463	1	0.0	0.0	20963	327	1268077	895616	1415872.0	\n[1] [2] [3]
52	51	Vermont	19275	166.0	227	2	15866.0	3182.0	30890	364	1332173	2134930	623989.0	

Cleans state vaccination totals by dropping undesired columns and renaming undesired column names to desired ones.

```
In [14]: df4=df4.drop('Total COVID-19 Vaccines Delivered', axis=1)
df4=df4.drop('Share of Delivered Vaccines That Have Been Administered', axis=1)
df4=df4.drop('Number of People Who Have Been Vaccinated', axis=1)
df4=df4.drop('Share of Population Vaccinated', axis=1)
df4=df4.rename(columns={'Location':'State'})
df4=df4.rename(columns={'Total COVID-19 Vaccines Administered':'Vaccines_Administered'})
df4
```

Out[14]:

	State	Vaccines_Administered
0	United States	118313818.0
1	Alabama	1426696.0
2	Alaska	356055.0
3	Arizona	2760907.0
4	Arkansas	952919.0
...	...	...
69	*Vaccines delivered* are cumulative counts of ...	NaN
70	NaN	NaN
71	*Vaccines administered* are cumulative counts ...	NaN
72	NaN	NaN
73	*Number of people who have been vaccinated* re...	NaN

74 rows × 2 columns

Makes a new dataframe df\_usa\_stats that the function usa\_stats will populate with desired data.

```
In [15]: df_usa_stats=pd.DataFrame(columns=['State','Population','Tests','Tests/Population','Cases','Active_Cases','Cases/Tests','Recoveries','Recoveries/Cases','Deaths','Deaths/Cases','Vaccinations','Vaccinations/Population'])
df_usa_stats
```

Out[15]:

State	Population	Tests	Tests/Population	Cases	Active_Cases	Cases/Tests	Recoveries	Recoveries/Cases	Deaths	Deaths/Cases	Vaccinations	Vaccinations/Population
-------	------------	-------	------------------	-------	--------------	-------------	------------	------------------	--------	--------------	--------------	-------------------------

```
In [16]: states=sorted(df2['State'].unique())
stats(states, df2, 'State', df4, df_usa_stats)
```

Cleans country cases time-series dataframe by renaming undesired name to desired one.

```
In [42]: df5=df5.rename(columns={'Date_reported':'Date'})  
df5
```

Out[42]:

	Date	Country_code	Country	WHO_region	New_cases	Cumulative_cases	New_deaths	Cumulative_deaths
0	2020-01-03	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
1	2020-01-04	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
2	2020-01-05	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
3	2020-01-06	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
4	2020-01-07	AF	Afghanistan	EMRO	0	0	0	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
107139	2021-03-27	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	27	36805	0	1518
107140	2021-03-28	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	13	36818	1	1519
107141	2021-03-29	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	4	36822	1	1520
107142	2021-03-30	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	17	36839	0	1520
107143	2021-03-31	ZW	Zimbabwe	AFRO	19	36858	1	1521

107144 rows × 8 columns

Cleans USA state cases time-series dataframe by renaming state name values with initials so that coloropleth function recognizes them using map method, dropping undesired column, and renaming column to desired name.

```
In [18]: state = {
    'Alabama': 'AL',
    'Alaska': 'AK',
    'American Samoa': 'AS',
    'Arizona': 'AZ',
    'Arkansas': 'AR',
    'California': 'CA',
    'Colorado': 'CO',
    'Connecticut': 'CT',
    'Delaware': 'DE',
    'District of Columbia': 'DC',
    'Florida': 'FL',
    'Georgia': 'GA',
    'Guam': 'GU',
    'Hawaii': 'HI',
    'Idaho': 'ID',
    'Illinois': 'IL',
    'Indiana': 'IN',
    'Iowa': 'IA',
    'Kansas': 'KS',
    'Kentucky': 'KY',
    'Louisiana': 'LA',
    'Maine': 'ME',
    'Maryland': 'MD',
    'Massachusetts': 'MA',
    'Michigan': 'MI',
    'Minnesota': 'MN',
    'Mississippi': 'MS',
    'Missouri': 'MO',
    'Montana': 'MT',
    'Nebraska': 'NE',
    'Nevada': 'NV',
    'New Hampshire': 'NH',
    'New Jersey': 'NJ',
    'New Mexico': 'NM',
    'New York': 'NY',
    'North Carolina': 'NC',
    'North Dakota': 'ND',
    'Northern Mariana Islands': 'MP',
    'Ohio': 'OH',
    'Oklahoma': 'OK',
    'Oregon': 'OR',
    'Pennsylvania': 'PA',
    'Puerto Rico': 'PR',
    'Rhode Island': 'RI',
    'South Carolina': 'SC',
    'South Dakota': 'SD',
    'Tennessee': 'TN',
    'Texas': 'TX',
    'Utah': 'UT',
    'Vermont': 'VT',
    'Virgin Islands': 'VI',
    'Virginia': 'VA',
    'Washington': 'WA',
    'West Virginia': 'WV',
    'Wisconsin': 'WI',
    'Wyoming': 'WY'}
```

```
df6['State'] = df6['state'].map(state)
df6=df6.drop('fips', axis=1)
df6=df6.rename(columns={'state':'states'})
df6
```

Out[18]:

	date	states	cases	deaths	State
0	2020-01-21	Washington	1	0	WA
1	2020-01-22	Washington	1	0	WA
2	2020-01-23	Washington	1	0	WA
3	2020-01-24	Illinois	1	0	IL
4	2020-01-24	Washington	1	0	WA
...	...	...	...	...	...
21624	2021-03-30	Virginia	617941	10242	VA
21625	2021-03-30	Washington	365816	5302	WA
21626	2021-03-30	West Virginia	141322	2640	WV
21627	2021-03-30	Wisconsin	635523	7293	WI
21628	2021-03-30	Wyoming	56236	695	WY

21629 rows × 5 columns

Set index to date column for time series data.

```
In [43]: df5['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df5['Date'])
df5.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
df3['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df3['date'])
df3.set_index('date', inplace=True)
```

Makes a dataframe that holds the total virus cases time series.

```
In [44]: global_cases_df=df5.loc[df5['Country']=='Afghanistan']['Cumulative_cases']
for i in df5['Country'].unique():
    if i=='Afghanistan':
        continue
    else:
        dd=df5.loc[df5['Country']==i]['Cumulative_cases']
        global_cases_df+=dd
global_cases_df
```

```
Out[44]: Date
2020-01-03      0
2020-01-04      1
2020-01-05      1
2020-01-06      4
2020-01-07      4
...
2021-03-27  125863438
2021-03-28  126456023
2021-03-29  126987247
2021-03-30  127424100
2021-03-31  127933916
Name: Cumulative_cases, Length: 454, dtype: int64
```

Makes a dataframe that holds the total virus vaccination time series.

```
In [45]: global_vaccinations_df=df3.loc[df3['Country']=='World']['people_fully_vaccinated']
global_vaccinations_df
```

```
Out[45]: date
2020-12-13      0.0
2020-12-14      0.0
2020-12-15      0.0
2020-12-16      0.0
2020-12-17      0.0
...
2021-03-26  116309735.0
2021-03-27  118768359.0
2021-03-28  120832732.0
2021-03-29  124654695.0
2021-03-30  126779833.0
Name: people_fully_vaccinated, Length: 108, dtype: float64
```

Makes a sql database that contains cleaned dataframes as tables.

```
In [35]: conn = sql.connect('covid19.db')
```

```
In [93]: df_stats.to_sql('country_stats', conn)
```

```
In [94]: df_usa_stats.to_sql('usa_state_stats', conn)
```

```
In [95]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT name from sqlite_master where type="table";''', conn)
```

Out[95]:

	name
0	country_stats
1	usa_state_stats

## Data Exploration

24.1% of the global population has been tested for the virus. 6.8% of the tested global tested have been diagnosed with the virus. 80.6% of global cases have recovered and 2.2% have died from the virus. 7.2% of the global population has been vaccinated.

```
In [97]: world_df
```

Out[97]:

	Location	Population	Tests	Tests/Population	Cases	Active_Cases	Cases/Tests	Recoveries	Recoveries/Cases	Deaths	Deaths/Cases	Vaccinations	Vaccinations/Population
218	World	7815306159	1886790963	24.142253	128734212	22154126	6.822919	103766203	80.604993	2813883	2.185808	564561593	7.223794

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

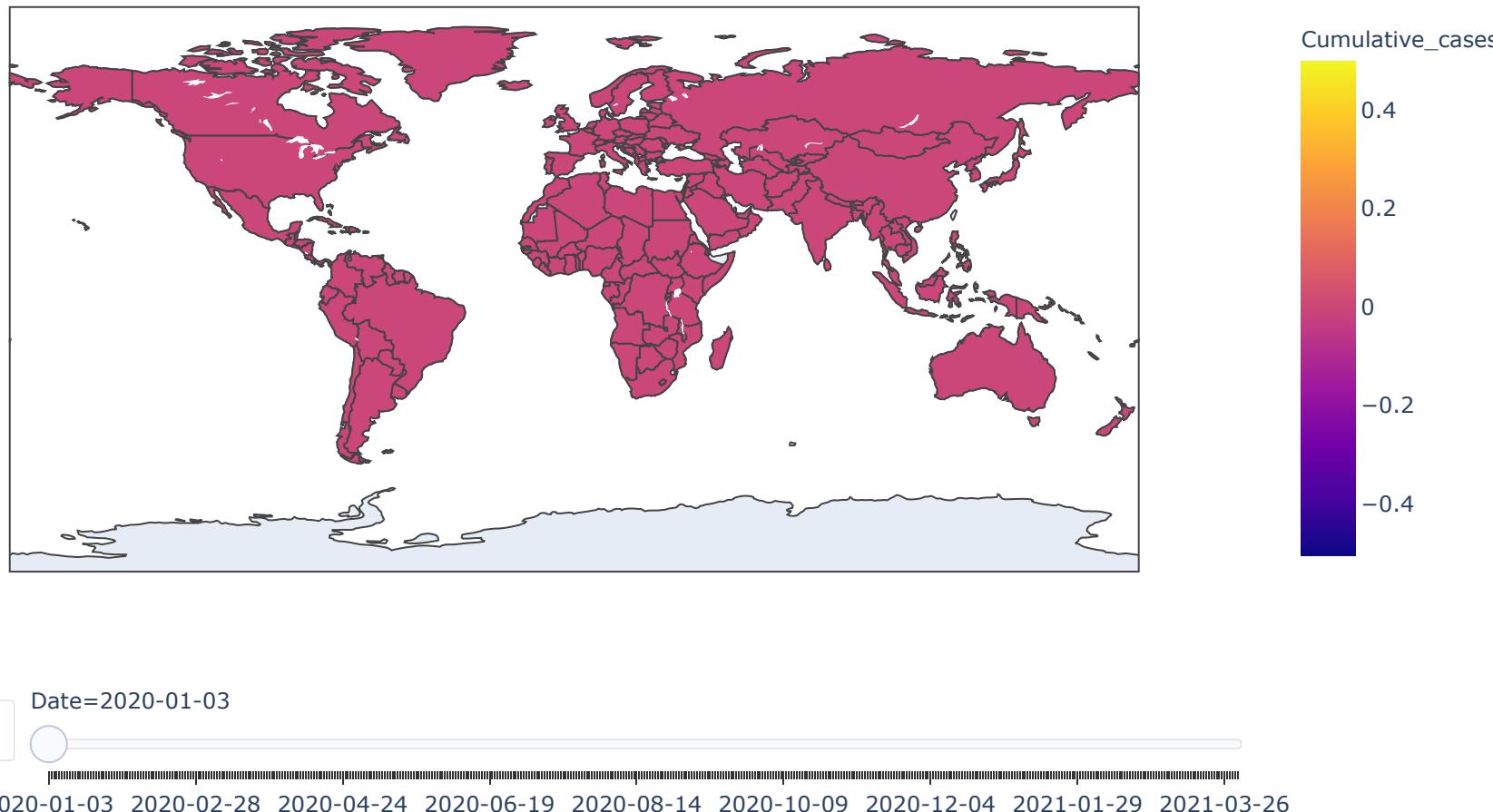
In [ ]:

In [ ]:

The United States has the most cases of the virus.

```
In [33]: graph1=graph()
graph1.choropleth(df5, 'Country', 'country names', 'Cumulative_cases', df5.index, 'world', 'Global spread of Covid19')
```

Global spread of Covid19



```
In [107]: desc(df_stats['Population'])
```

```
Population
Count: 221
Mean: 35363376.28506787
Standard Deviation: 139675340.05062267
Min: 0
Q1 quantile: 628125.0
Q2 quantile: 6510483.0
Q3 quantile: 23848794.0
Max: 1439323776
```

Selects countries with larger populations than average country and fewer cases than average country.

```
In [233]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT Country, Population, Cases FROM country_stats  
WHERE Population > (SELECT AVG(Population) FROM country_stats) AND Cases<(SELECT AVG(Cases) FROM country_stats)  
ORDER BY Population DESC;''', conn)
```

Out[233]:

	Country	Population	Cases
0	China	1439323776	90190
1	Nigeria	209896709	162641
2	Japan	126188355	470175
3	Ethiopia	117057673	204521
4	Egypt	103757682	200739
5	Vietnam	97987233	2594
6	Democratic Republic of the Congo	91558337	28076
7	Thailand	69930037	28821
8	Tanzania	60983198	509
9	Myanmar	54680205	142412
10	Kenya	54643416	132646
11	South Korea	51301970	102582
12	Uganda	46799838	40839
13	Sudan	44602643	29825
14	Algeria	44435162	116946
15	Afghanistan	39573734	56454
16	Morocco	37234187	495421

```
In [109]: desc(df_stats['Tests'])
```

```
Tests  
Count: 221  
Mean: 8537515.669683257  
Standard Deviation: 35658632.49301704  
Min: 0  
Q1 quantile: 65827.0  
Q2 quantile: 620810.0  
Q3 quantile: 3539320.0  
Max: 401946739
```

```
In [205]: desc(df_stats['Tests/Population'])
```

```
Tests/Population  
Count: 221  
Mean: 33.432348755114575  
Standard Deviation: 35.11752363793047  
Min: 0.0  
Q1 quantile: 3.126226593925527  
Q2 quantile: 18.86441799275805  
Q3 quantile: 56.7955491303749  
Max: 99.99
```

The United States likely has the most cases of the virus than other countries because it has tested more than other countries.

```
In [36]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT Country, Tests FROM country_stats  
                    ORDER BY Tests DESC  
                    LIMIT 10;''', conn)
```

Out[36]:

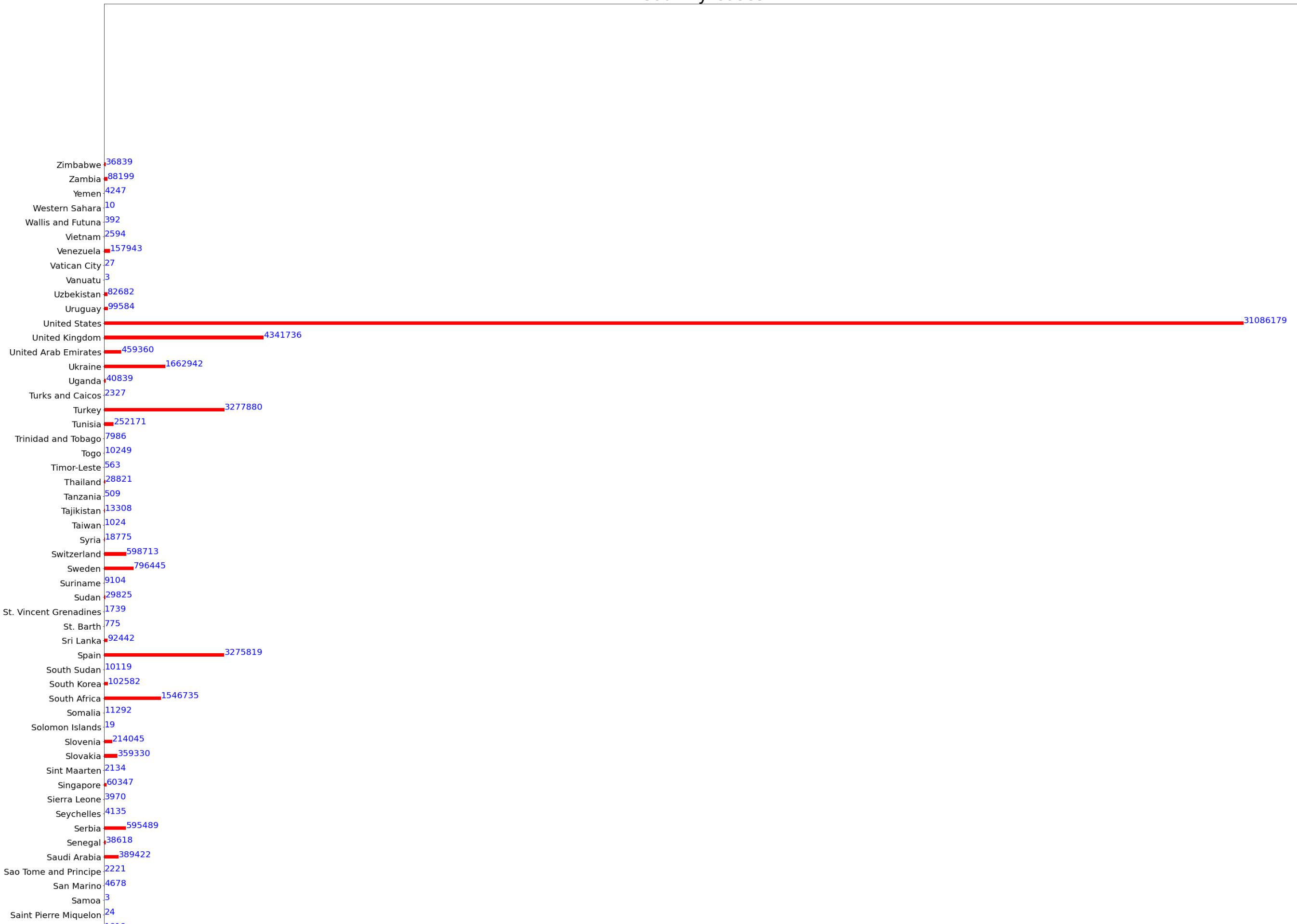
	Country	Tests
0	United States	401946739
1	India	242650025
2	China	160000000
3	United Kingdom	124452321
4	Russia	119900000
5	France	63999096
6	Italy	49551436
7	Germany	48979281
8	Spain	42707830
9	Turkey	38338045

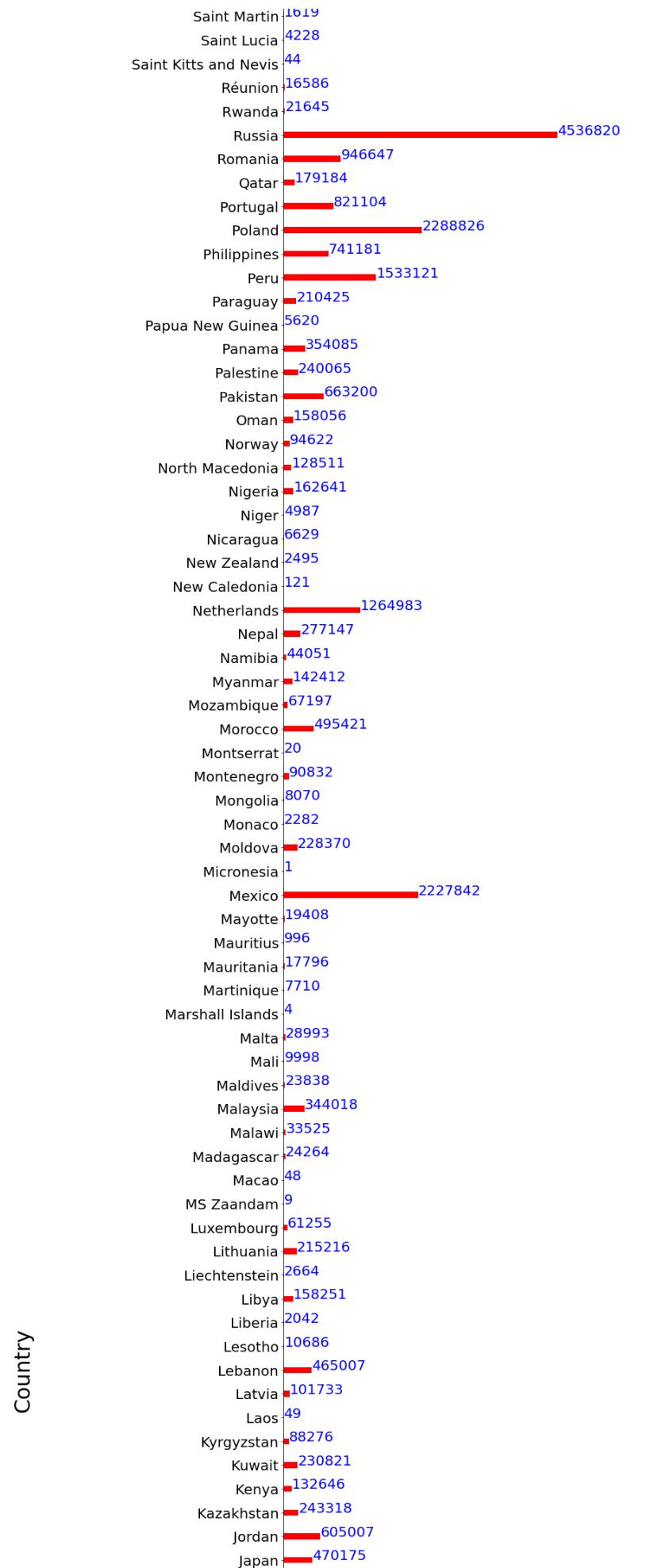
```
In [113]: desc(df_stats['Cases'])
```

```
Cases  
Count: 221  
Mean: 582507.7466063348  
Standard Deviation: 2480007.4734795145  
Min: 1  
Q1 quantile: 4228.0  
Q2 quantile: 36839.0  
Q3 quantile: 252171.0  
Max: 31086179
```

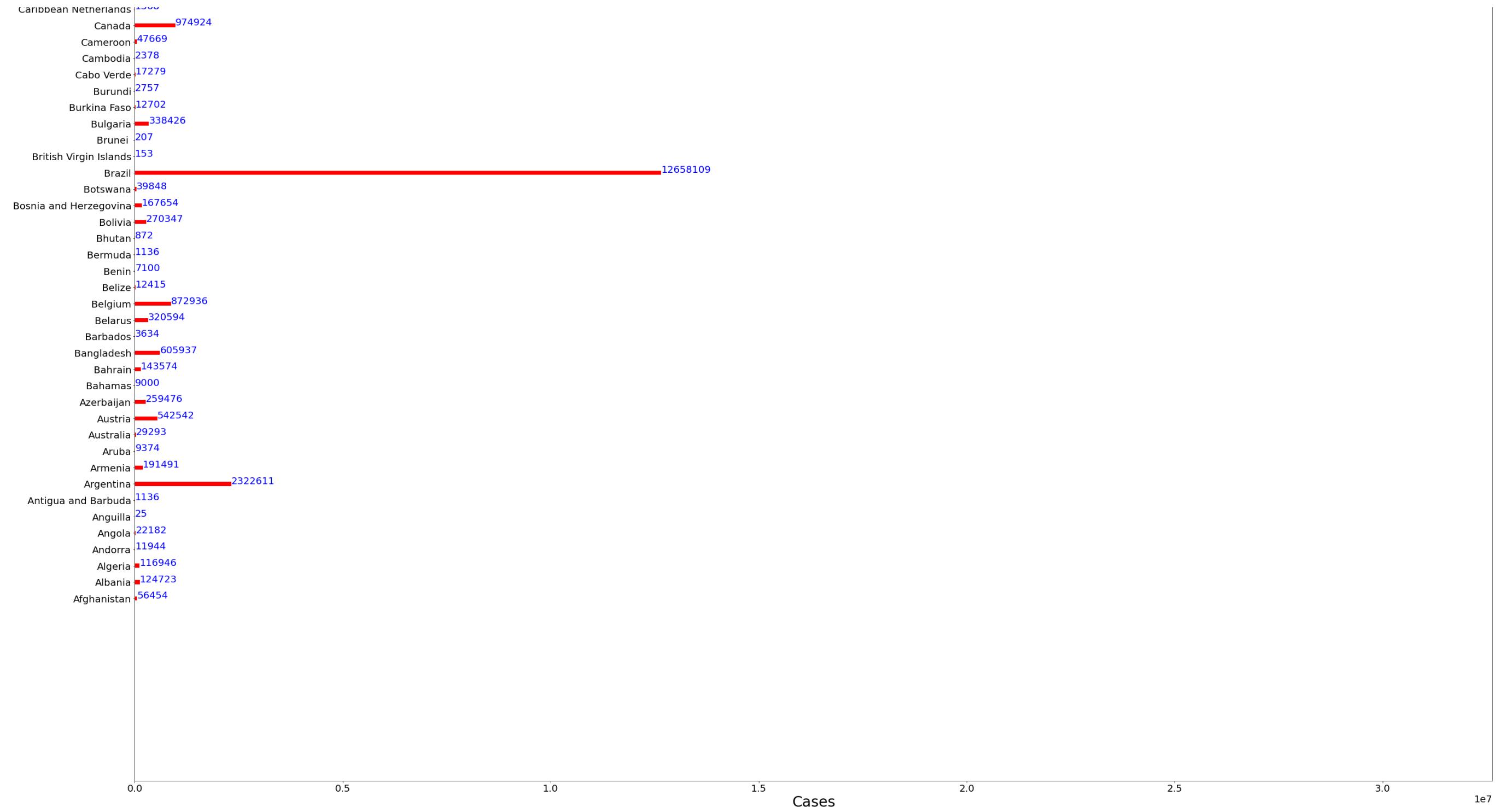
```
In [114]: graph5=graph()
graph5.bar_chart(df_stats[ 'Country' ], df_stats[ 'Cases' ], 'Country Cases', 'Cases', 'Country')
```

## Country Cases









```
In [115]: desc(df_stats['Active_Cases'])
```

```
Active_Cases
Count: 221
Mean: 91154.82805429865
Standard Deviation: 556770.0224245826
Min: 0
Q1 quantile: 216.0
Q2 quantile: 2548.0
Q3 quantile: 20787.0
Max: 6948028
```

```
In [216]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT Country, Active_Cases FROM country_stats  
                    ORDER BY Active_Cases DESC  
                    LIMIT 10;''', conn)
```

Out[216]:

	Country	Active_Cases
0	United States	6948028
1	France	4197252
2	Brazil	1371216
3	Belgium	793295
4	Italy	562832
5	India	553874
6	Poland	388235
7	United Kingdom	379848
8	Ukraine	323448
9	Russia	282382

```
In [117]: desc(df_stats['Cases/Tests'])
```

Cases/Tests  
Count: 221  
Mean: 9.311129392984794  
Standard Deviation: 10.57910265675415  
Min: 0.0  
Q1 quantile: 1.90079008585828  
Q2 quantile: 7.312139686363121  
Q3 quantile: 12.840935999827781  
Max: 79.51923076923076

```
In [119]: desc(df_stats['Recoveries'])
```

Recoveries  
Count: 221  
Mean: 469428.1583710407  
Standard Deviation: 1977647.8892793  
Min: 0  
Q1 quantile: 2801.0  
Q2 quantile: 25444.0  
Q3 quantile: 213590.0  
Max: 23574225

```
In [121]: desc(df_stats[ 'Recoveries/Cases' ])
```

```
Recoveries/Cases
Count: 221
Mean: 81.70323256192705
Standard Deviation: 22.465763813300406
Min: 0.0
Q1 quantile: 79.23560108840752
Q2 quantile: 90.94063222821896
Q3 quantile: 94.77160154100164
Max: 100.0
```

```
In [123]: desc(df_stats[ 'Deaths' ])
```

```
Deaths
Count: 221
Mean: 12732.502262443439
Standard Deviation: 49453.05612650376
Min: 0
Q1 quantile: 56.0
Q2 quantile: 536.0
Q3 quantile: 4585.0
Max: 563926
```

```
In [125]: desc(df_stats[ 'Deaths/Cases' ])
```

```
Deaths/Cases
Count: 221
Mean: 1.940678362827644
Standard Deviation: 2.384017192118266
Min: 0.0
Q1 quantile: 0.7595365375777073
Q2 quantile: 1.4604354753053639
Q3 quantile: 2.394331207421303
Max: 22.22222222222222
```

```
In [127]: desc(df_stats[ 'Vaccinations' ])
```

```
Vaccinations
Count: 221
Mean: 2553901.040723982
Standard Deviation: 13281198.043055674
Min: 0
Q1 quantile: 0.0
Q2 quantile: 37780.0
Q3 quantile: 475100.0
Max: 145812835
```

Countries that have more vaccinations than active cases.

```
In [128]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT Country, Active_Cases, Vaccinations FROM country_stats  
WHERE Vaccinations>Active_Cases  
ORDER BY Vaccinations DESC;''', conn)
```

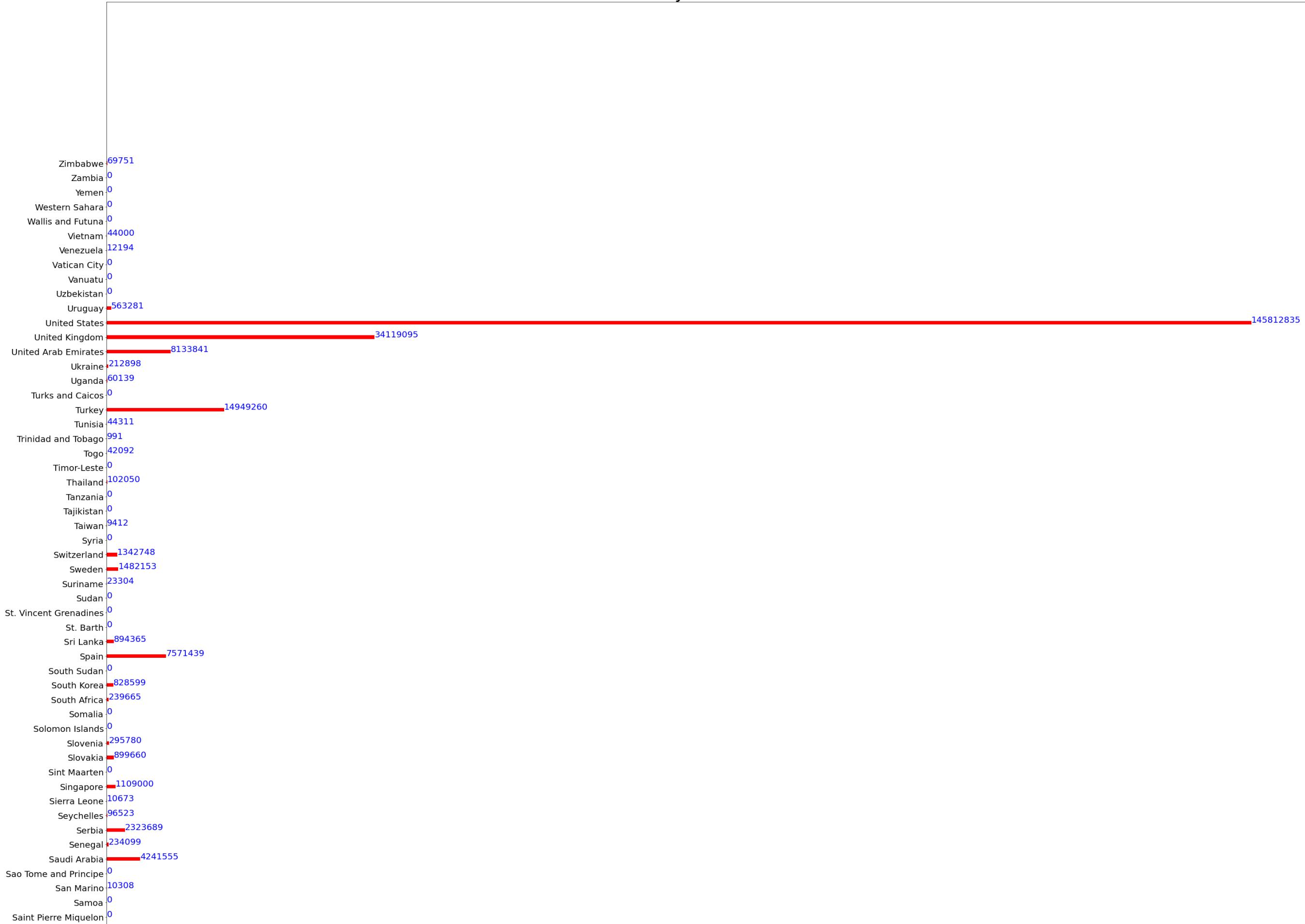
Out[128]:

	Country	Active_Cases	Vaccinations
0	United States	6948028	145812835
1	China	173	110962000
2	India	553874	61113354
3	United Kingdom	379848	34119095
4	Brazil	1371216	18082153
...	...	...	...
133	Liechtenstein	46	4992
134	Mauritius	343	3843
135	Falkland Islands	0	2187
136	Montserrat	0	1306
137	Trinidad and Tobago	245	991

138 rows × 3 columns

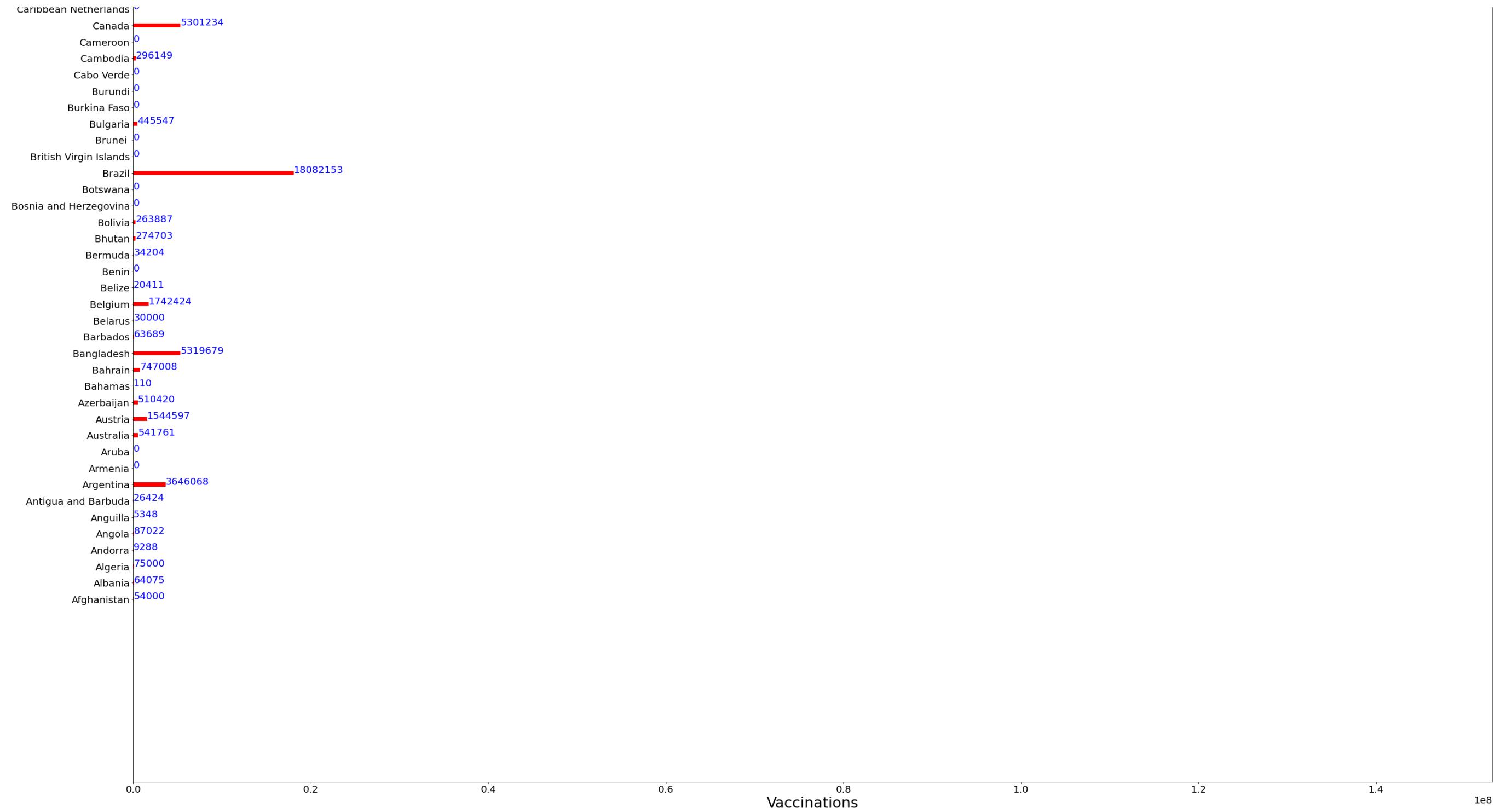
```
In [129]: graph12=graph()
graph12.bar_chart(df_stats[ 'Country' ], df_stats[ 'Vaccinations' ], 'Country Vaccinations', 'Vaccinations', 'Country')
```

## Country Vaccinations







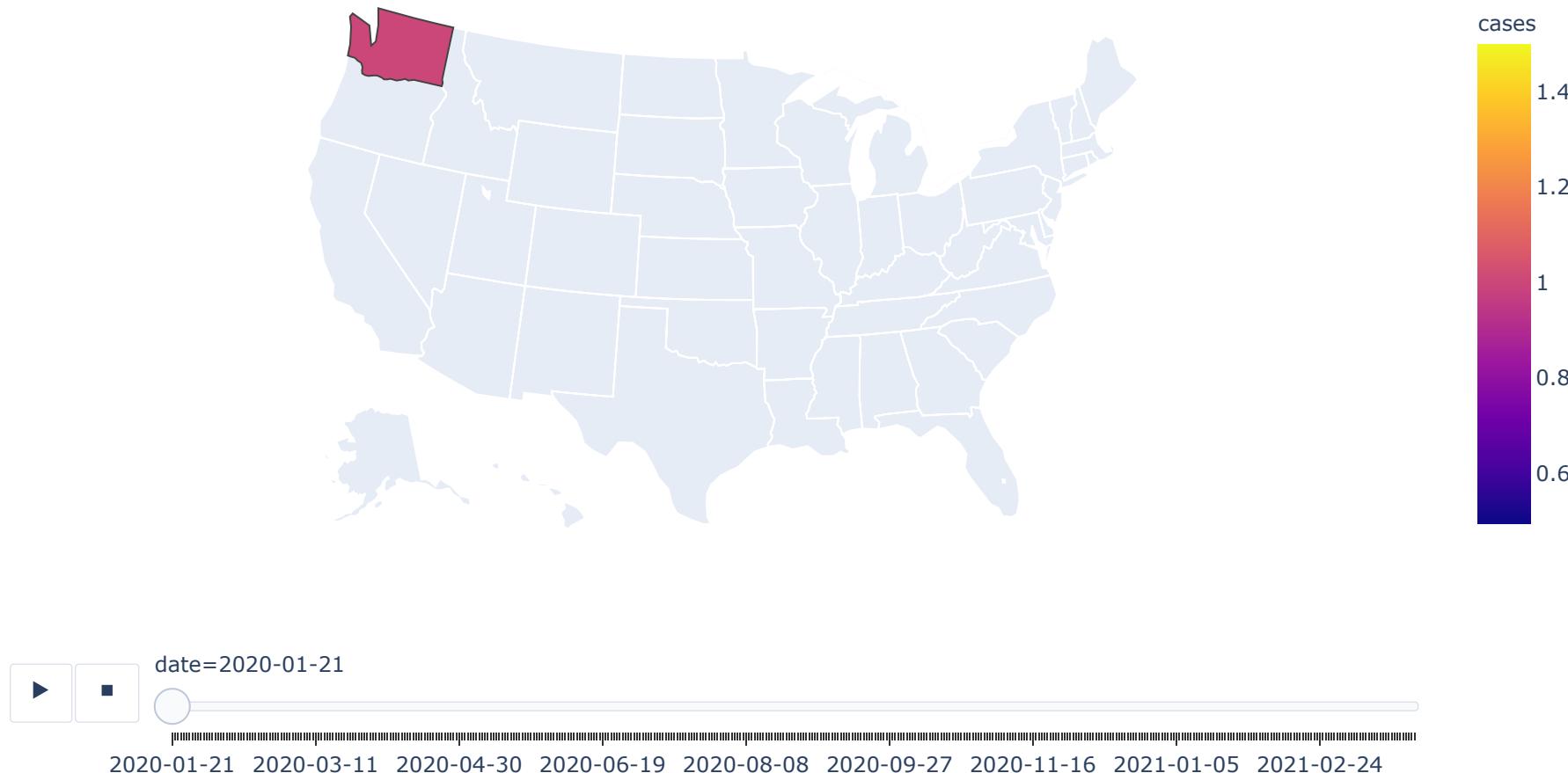


```
In [130]: desc(df_stats['Vaccinations/Population'])
```

Vaccinations/Population  
Count: 221  
Mean: 9.106300982497189  
Standard Deviation: 17.315025255455687  
Min: 0.0  
Q1 quantile: 0.0  
Q2 quantile: 0.5806679769595254  
Q3 quantile: 13.663205982033064  
Max: 99.99

```
In [132]: graph14=graph()
graph14.choropleth(df6, 'State', 'USA-states', 'cases', 'date', 'usa', 'USA spread of Covid19')
```

USA spread of Covid19



```
In [133]: desc(df_usa_stats['Population'])
```

Population  
Count: 51  
Mean: 6436069.0784313725  
Standard Deviation: 7360660.467814472  
Min: 578759  
Q1 quantile: 1789606.0  
Q2 quantile: 4467673.0  
Q3 quantile: 7446805.0  
Max: 39512223

```
In [135]: desc(df_usa_stats['Tests'])
```

```
Tests  
Count: 51  
Mean: 7799215.019607843  
Standard Deviation: 10344328.926277911  
Min: 415165  
Q1 quantile: 1974464.0  
Q2 quantile: 4219331.0  
Q3 quantile: 8555160.0  
Max: 53684932
```

```
In [137]: desc(df_usa_stats['Tests/Population'])
```

```
Tests/Population  
Count: 51  
Mean: 89.09704823192001  
Standard Deviation: 17.95355830734586  
Min: 45.12071132737494  
Q1 quantile: 87.88821399793724  
Q2 quantile: 99.99  
Q3 quantile: 99.99  
Max: 99.99
```

```
In [139]: desc(df_usa_stats['Cases'])
```

```
Cases  
Count: 51  
Mean: 593752.9215686275  
Standard Deviation: 696554.5233106406  
Min: 19109  
Q1 quantile: 152743.0  
Q2 quantile: 409978.0  
Q3 quantile: 712348.5  
Max: 3665712
```

USA states that have more cases than the global average.

```
In [140]: pd.read_sql('''SELECT State, us.Cases, AVG(c.Cases) AS AVG_Country_Cases FROM usa_state_stats AS us
    INNER JOIN country_stats AS c
    WHERE us.Cases>(SELECT AVG(Cases) FROM country_stats)
    GROUP BY State
    ORDER BY us.Cases DESC;''', conn)
```

Out[140]:

	State	Cases	AVG_Country_Cases
0	California	3665712	582507.746606
1	Texas	2792526	582507.746606
2	Florida	2052441	582507.746606
3	New York	1905416	582507.746606
4	Illinois	1241993	582507.746606
5	Georgia	1057741	582507.746606
6	Pennsylvania	1026364	582507.746606
7	Ohio	1015577	582507.746606
8	North Carolina	912203	582507.746606
9	New Jersey	905144	582507.746606
10	Arizona	841078	582507.746606
11	Tennessee	809692	582507.746606
12	Michigan	739244	582507.746606
13	Indiana	685453	582507.746606
14	Massachusetts	633081	582507.746606
15	Virginia	617941	582507.746606

```
In [142]: desc(df_usa_stats['Active_Cases'])
```

Active\_Cases  
Count: 51  
Mean: 127061.0  
Standard Deviation: 273073.6189250071  
Min: 0  
Q1 quantile: 6728.0  
Q2 quantile: 22385.0  
Q3 quantile: 127955.0  
Max: 1668426

```
In [144]: desc(df_usa_stats['Cases/Tests'])
```

```
Cases/Tests  
Count: 51  
Mean: 9.538101156508498  
Standard Deviation: 5.989973810731985  
Min: 1.4486194563337016  
Q1 quantile: 5.96619370943851  
Q2 quantile: 8.170816627620518  
Q3 quantile: 11.449936925406222  
Max: 26.48687885625917
```

```
In [146]: desc(df_usa_stats['Recoveries'])
```

```
Recoveries  
Count: 51  
Mean: 444745.0  
Standard Deviation: 520181.4595664478  
Min: 0  
Q1 quantile: 93407.5  
Q2 quantile: 292872.0  
Q3 quantile: 619436.0  
Max: 2645990
```

```
In [148]: desc(df_usa_stats['Recoveries/Cases'])
```

```
Recoveries/Cases  
Count: 51  
Mean: 74.96929470760719  
Standard Deviation: 30.26098848716949  
Min: 0.0  
Q1 quantile: 67.4453636906641  
Q2 quantile: 90.46235058906976  
Q3 quantile: 95.74451352367961  
Max: 98.01744082576971
```

```
In [150]: desc(df_usa_stats['Deaths'])
```

```
Deaths  
Count: 51  
Mean: 10758.843137254902  
Standard Deviation: 12998.423240335806  
Min: 225  
Q1 quantile: 2147.5  
Q2 quantile: 6208.0  
Q3 quantile: 12562.5  
Max: 58770
```

```
In [152]: desc(df_usa_stats['Deaths/Cases'])
```

```
Deaths/Cases
Count: 51
Mean: 1.6933454018414336
Standard Deviation: 0.4916554344871608
Min: 0.5175012560710098
Q1 quantile: 1.4242130564196027
Q2 quantile: 1.6468785905783225
Q3 quantile: 1.9642166328700568
Max: 2.708658133793306
```

```
In [154]: desc(df_usa_stats['Vaccinations'])
```

```
Vaccinations
Count: 51
Mean: 2289585.5490196077
Standard Deviation: 2534229.140847499
Min: 220735
Q1 quantile: 667738.0
Q2 quantile: 1585046.0
Q3 quantile: 2830693.5
Max: 13882984
```

```
In [156]: desc(df_usa_stats['Vaccinations/Population'])
```

```
Vaccinations/Population
Count: 51
Mean: 37.3155827527672
Standard Deviation: 4.4378244287272155
Min: 27.415645020453645
Q1 quantile: 34.570600742724004
Q2 quantile: 36.95886329202409
Q3 quantile: 39.81495585780323
Max: 49.17911761044892
```

## Feature Engineering

```
In [394]: df=df_stats.copy()
```

Encode Countries.

```
In [395]: df['Country']=df['Country'].astype('category')
df['Country']=df['Country'].cat.codes
```

Scale the data.

$$\frac{x - \min(x)}{\max(x) - \min(x)}$$

```
In [396]: pipeline = Pipeline([
    ('min_max_scaler', MinMaxScaler())
])

scaled = pipeline.fit_transform(df)
scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(scaled, columns=df.columns)
```

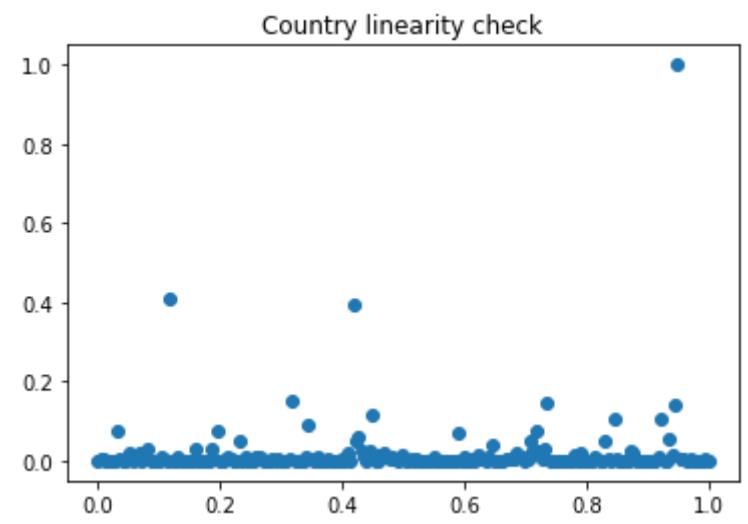
Define dependent and independent variables.

```
In [397]: y=scaled_df[ 'Cases' ]
X=scaled_df.drop([ 'Cases' ], axis=1)
```

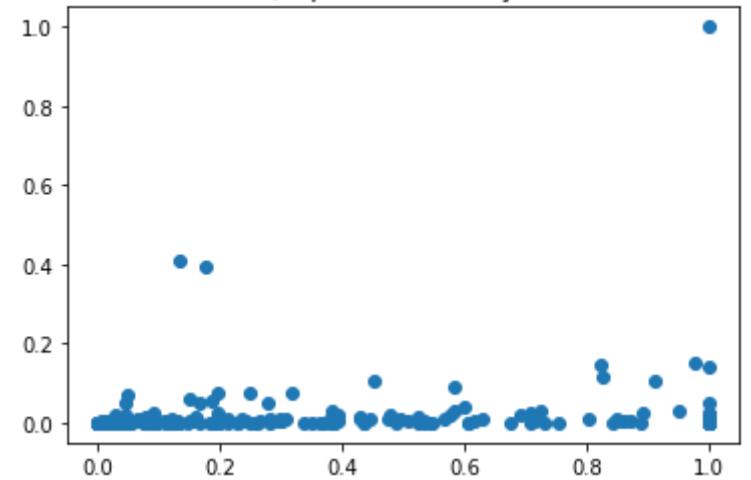
Ordinary least squares has the assumptions of linearity between dependent and indepependent variables, no multicolinearity between independent variables, normality of residuals, and homoskedasticity.

Check the linearity assumtion.

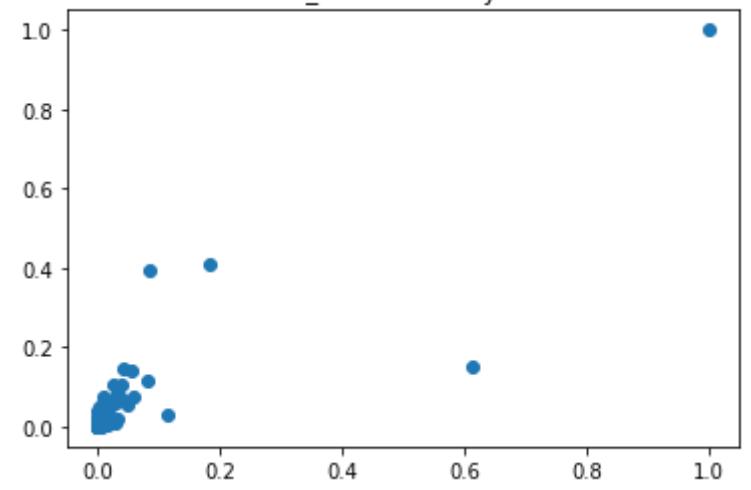
```
In [398]: for columnName, columnData in X.iteritems():
    plt.scatter(columnData, y)
    plt.title(f"{columnName} linearity check")
    plt.show()
```



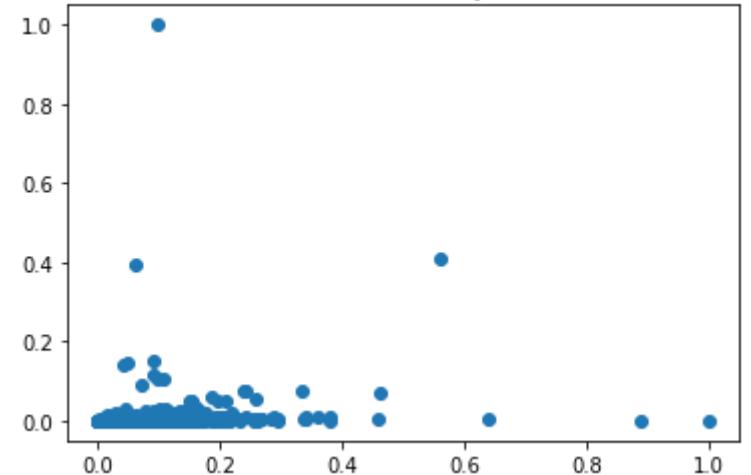
Tests/Population linearity check



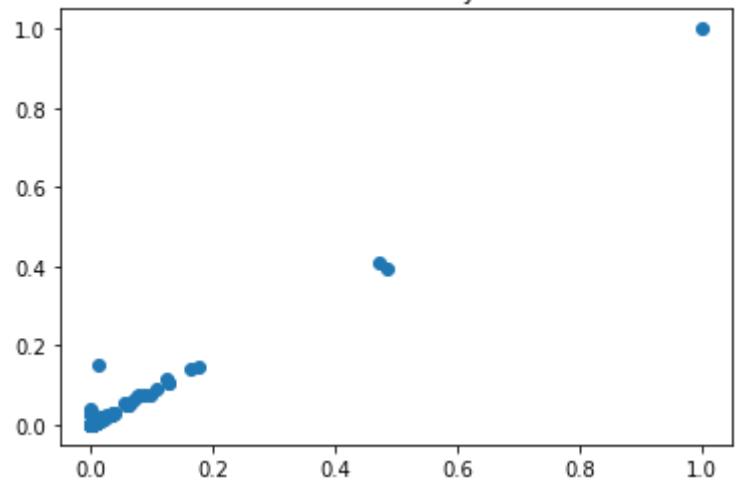
Active\_Cases linearity check



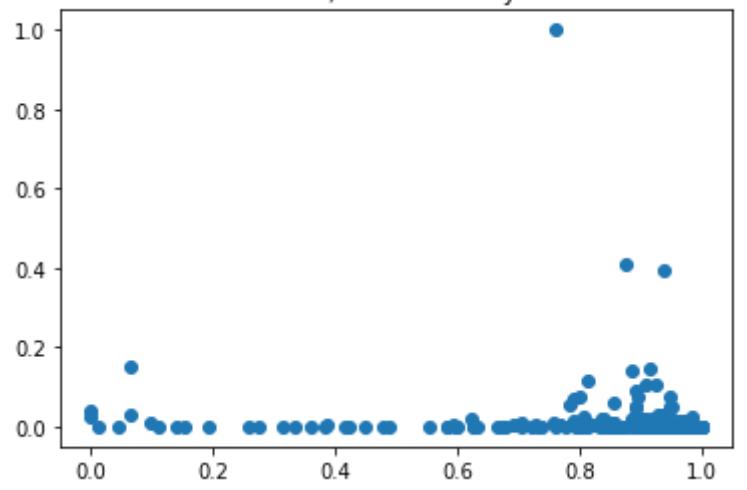
Cases/Tests linearity check



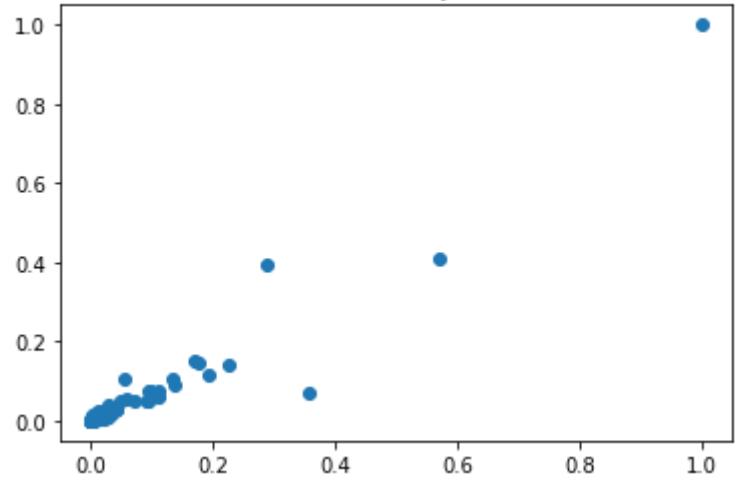
Recoveries linearity check

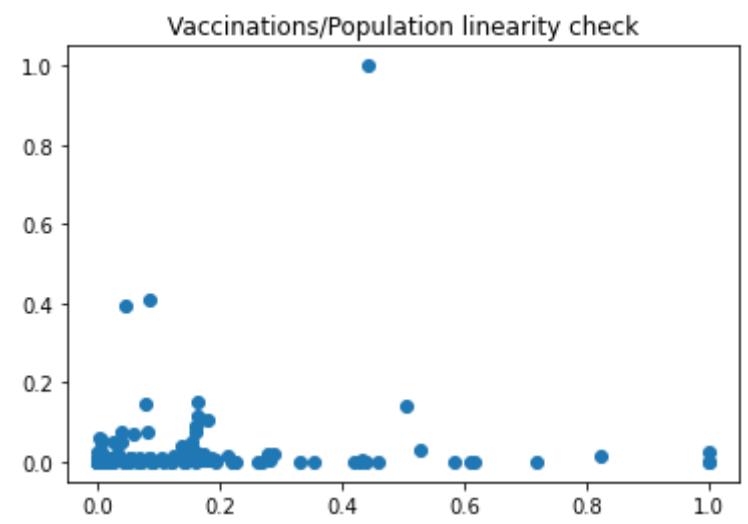
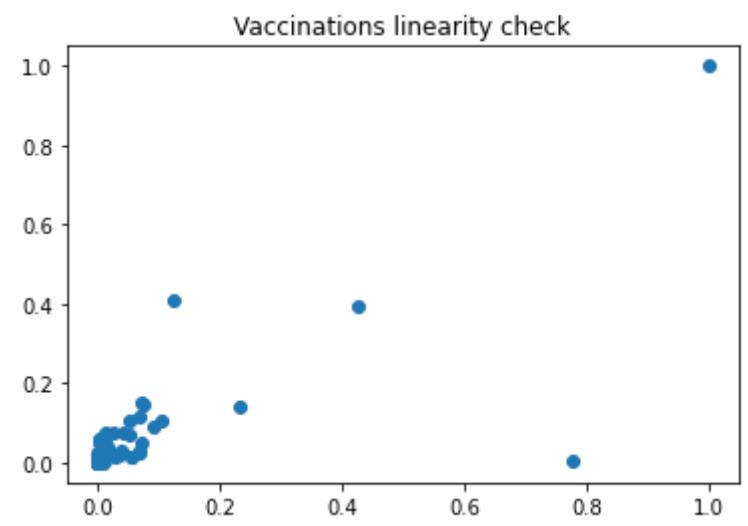
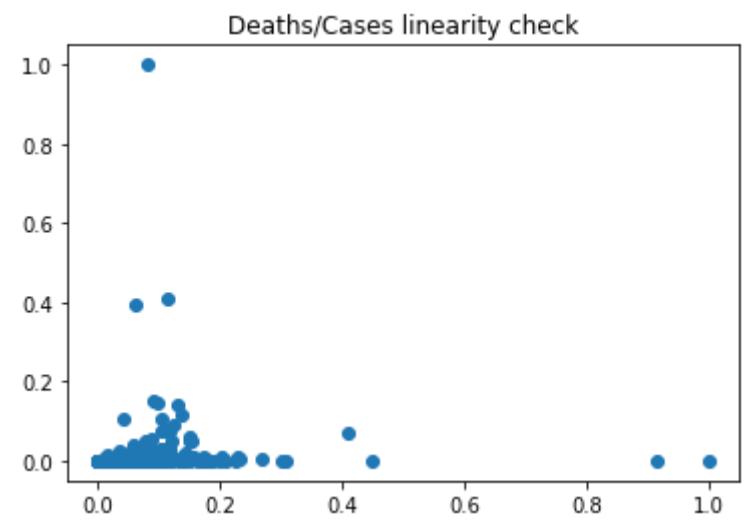


Recoveries/Cases linearity check



Deaths linearity check





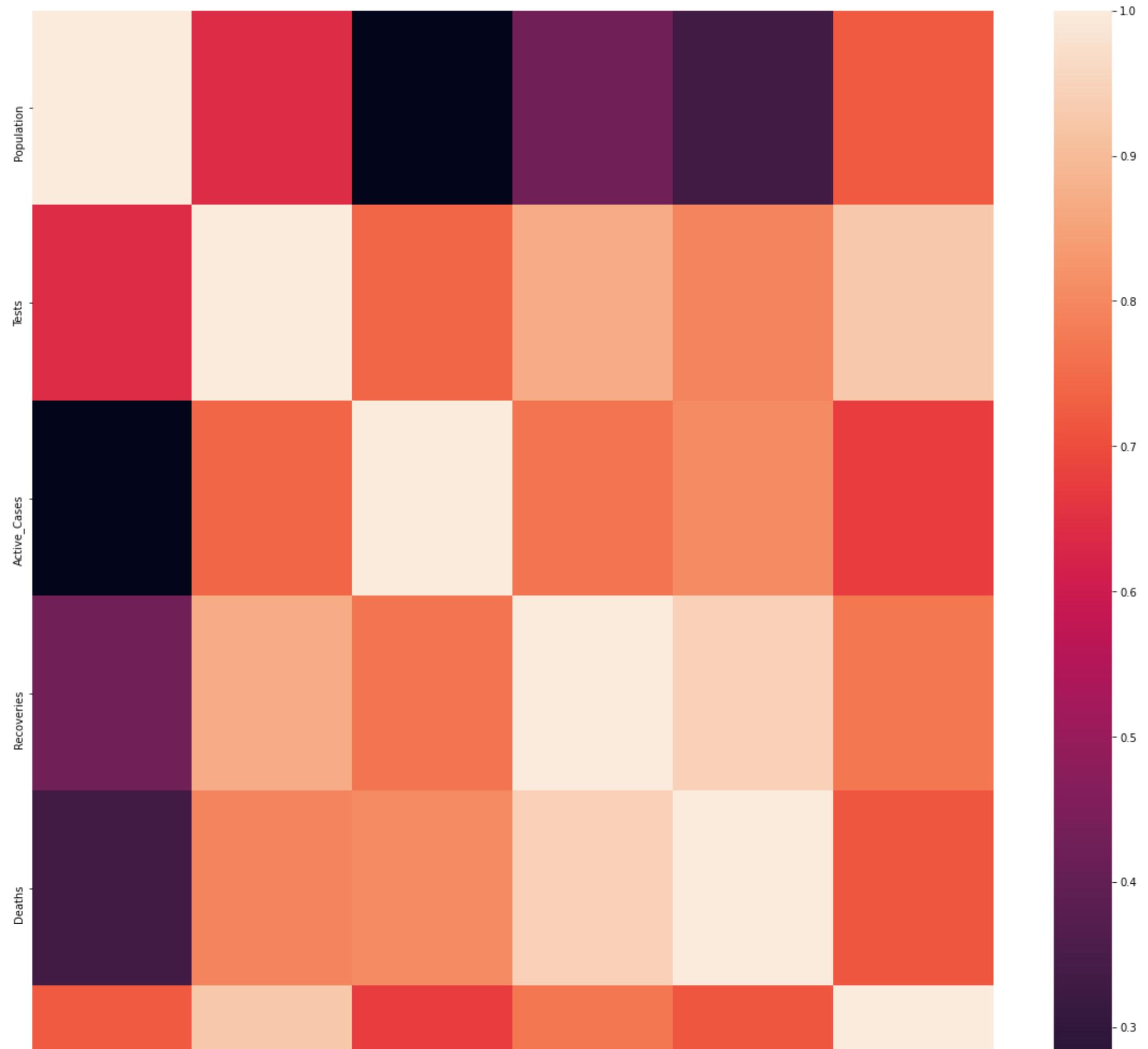
Drop independent variables that are not linear with dependent variable.

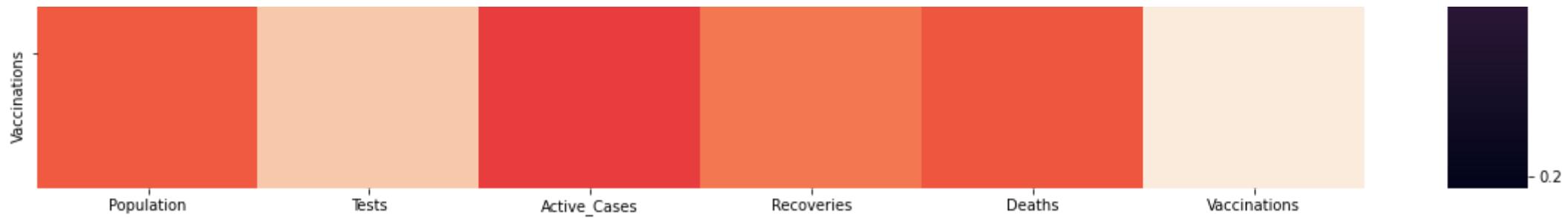
```
In [399]: X=X.drop('Country', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Tests/Population', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Cases/Tests', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Recoveries/Cases', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Deaths/Cases', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Vaccinations/Population', axis=1)
```

Check multicollinearity assumption.

```
In [400]: x_corr=X.corr(method='pearson')
plt.figure(figsize=[20, 20])
sns.heatmap(x_corr)
```

Out[400]: <AxesSubplot:>





```
In [401]: correlation=[ ]
for columnName1, columnData1 in X.iteritems():
    for columnName2, columnData2 in X.iteritems():
        if abs(columnData1.corr(columnData2)) > .7:
            correlation.append((columnName1, columnName2, abs(columnData1.corr(columnData2))))
correlation
```

```
Out[401]: [('Population', 'Population', 1.0),
('Population', 'Vaccinations', 0.7215571327372571),
('Tests', 'Tests', 1.0),
('Tests', 'Active_Cases', 0.7411923216342989),
('Tests', 'Recoveries', 0.8705100738823964),
('Tests', 'Deaths', 0.7940466335532776),
('Tests', 'Vaccinations', 0.9249638935973086),
('Active_Cases', 'Tests', 0.7411923216342989),
('Active_Cases', 'Active_Cases', 1.0),
('Active_Cases', 'Recoveries', 0.7654552243546718),
('Active_Cases', 'Deaths', 0.8063702879454626),
('Recoveries', 'Tests', 0.8705100738823964),
('Recoveries', 'Active_Cases', 0.7654552243546718),
('Recoveries', 'Recoveries', 1.0),
('Recoveries', 'Deaths', 0.9464553163215914),
('Recoveries', 'Vaccinations', 0.7711057055311876),
('Deaths', 'Tests', 0.7940466335532776),
('Deaths', 'Active_Cases', 0.8063702879454625),
('Deaths', 'Recoveries', 0.9464553163215914),
('Deaths', 'Deaths', 1.0),
('Deaths', 'Vaccinations', 0.7159606713334994),
('Vaccinations', 'Population', 0.7215571327372571),
('Vaccinations', 'Tests', 0.9249638935973086),
('Vaccinations', 'Recoveries', 0.7711057055311875),
('Vaccinations', 'Deaths', 0.7159606713334995),
('Vaccinations', 'Vaccinations', 1.0)]
```

All independent variables are multicollinear with cases independent variable. Drop all independent variables other than cases.

```
In [402]: X=X.drop('Population', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Tests', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Recoveries', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Deaths', axis=1)
X=X.drop('Active_Cases', axis=1)
```

Make a train test split.

```
In [403]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

## OLS Model

Linear regression has a y intercept,  $\alpha$ , plus the coefficients proportionalized with their independent variables,  $x$ , plus an error term,  $\varepsilon$ .

$$\hat{y} = \alpha + \beta x + \varepsilon$$

Ordinary least squared error, OLS, is used to find the parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  for which the error term is minimized.

$$OLS(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta}) = \sum (y - \hat{y})^2 = \frac{\sum (y - \bar{y})(x - \bar{x})}{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}$$

The residual sum of squares, the explained sum of squares, and the total sum of squares are the following:

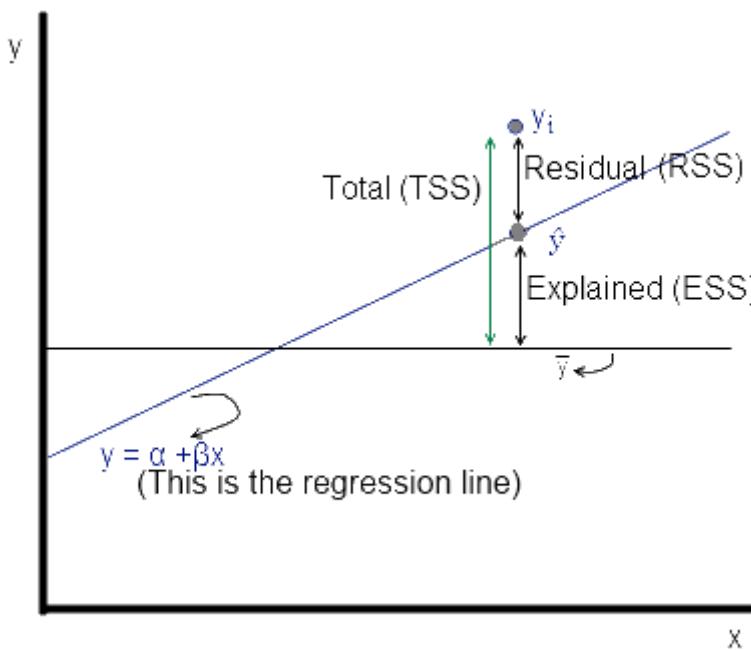
$$RSS = \sum (y - \hat{y})^2$$

$$ESS = \sum (\hat{y} - \bar{y})^2$$

$$TSS = RSS + ESS = \sum (y - \bar{y})^2$$

```
In [423]: Image(filename='regression.png')
```

Out[423]:



The metrics used to evaluate an OLS model are R squared, which measures how much model explains the variance of the dependent variable, and mean squared error, which measures the average error of the model. n is the number of samples.

$$R^2 = \frac{ESS}{TSS}$$

$$MSE = \frac{RSS}{n}$$

```
In [404]: predictors_int = sm.add_constant(X_train)
ols = sm.OLS(y_train,predictors_int.astype(float)).fit()
ols.summary()
```

Out[404]: OLS Regression Results

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	Cases	<b>R-squared:</b>	0.215			
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	0.210			
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	47.62			
<b>Date:</b>	Thu, 15 Apr 2021	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	9.25e-11			
<b>Time:</b>	16:16:36	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	301.29			
<b>No. Observations:</b>	176	<b>AIC:</b>	-598.6			
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	174	<b>BIC:</b>	-592.2			
<b>Df Model:</b>	1					
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust					
	<b>coef</b>	<b>std err</b>	<b>t</b>	<b>P&gt; t </b>	<b>[0.025</b>	<b>0.975]</b>
<b>const</b>	0.0114	0.003	3.356	0.001	0.005	0.018
<b>Vaccinations</b>	0.3239	0.047	6.901	0.000	0.231	0.417
<b>Omnibus:</b>	173.710	<b>Durbin-Watson:</b>	2.072			
<b>Prob(Omnibus):</b>	0.000	<b>Jarque-Bera (JB):</b>	9739.553			
<b>Skew:</b>	3.243	<b>Prob(JB):</b>	0.00			
<b>Kurtosis:</b>	38.862	<b>Cond. No.</b>	14.2			

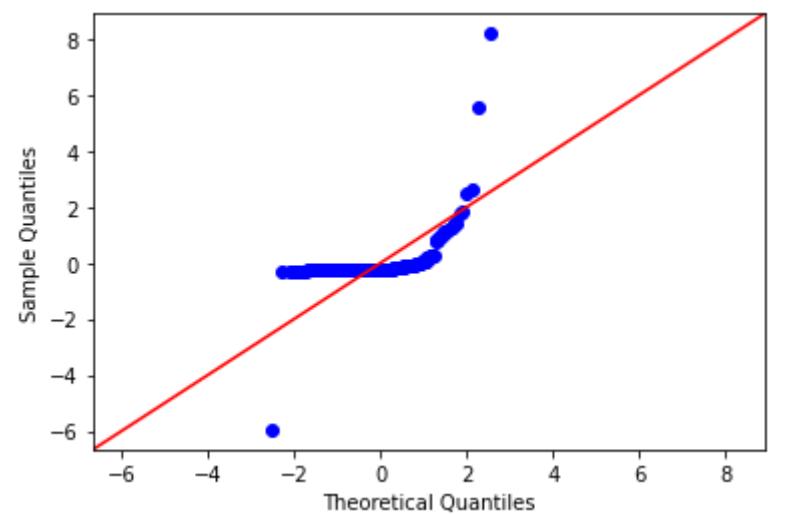
Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

The model only explains 21.5% of the the dependent variable variance.

Check residual normality assumtion.

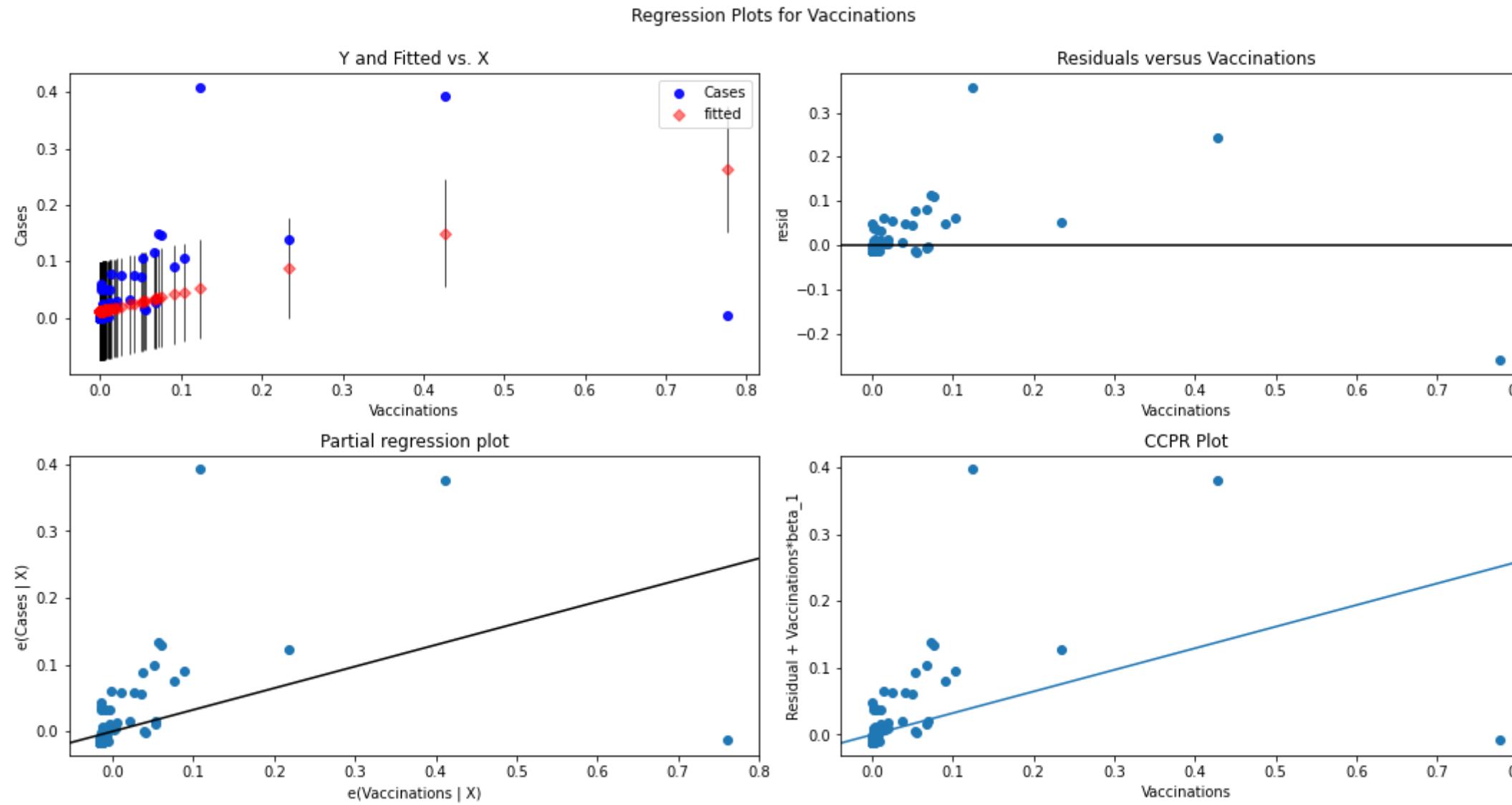
```
In [405]: residuals = ols.resid
fig = sm.graphics.qqplot(residuals, line='45', fit=True)
fig.show()
```



Residuals don't completely fit normal distribution red line, but are normally distributed enough with a few outliers.

Check homoskedasticity assumption.

```
In [406]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
fig = sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(ols, 'Vaccinations', fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



The Goldfeld Quandt test is used to test for homoskedasticity. The test is calculated by taking the mean square residual, RSS, for two subsets of data, and then conducting an F-test to determine whether to fail to reject or reject the null hypothesis of homoskedasticity. n is the sample size.

$$RSS_1 = \sum (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2$$

$$RSS_2 = \sum (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2$$

$$F = \frac{(RSS_1/n)}{(RSS_2/n)}$$

$H_0 : \text{homoskedasticity}$

$H_1 : \text{heteroskedasticity}$

```
In [407]: name = ['F statistic', 'p-value']
test = sms.het_goldfeldquandt(ols.resid, ols.model.exog)
list(zip(name, test))
```

```
Out[407]: [('F statistic', 0.0933723809981886), ('p-value', 0.9999999999999999)]
```

The Goldfeld Quandt test confirms that residuals are dispersed the same by failing to reject the null hypothesis of homoskedasticity.

## Polynomial Regression with Lasso Regularization Model

Polynomial regression uses a higher degree to increase model complexity to explain independent variable variance.

$$\hat{y} = \alpha + \beta_1 x + \dots + \beta_i x^k + \varepsilon$$

Lasso regression is a regularization technique that uses a penalty term,  $\lambda$ , to shrink the coefficients when computing OLS.

$$OLS(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta}) = \sum (y - \alpha - \beta x)^2 + \lambda \sum |\beta|$$

```
In [606]: poly_features = PolynomialFeatures(degree=3)
X_poly_train = poly_features.fit_transform(X_train)
reg = linear_model.Lasso(alpha=1e-05)
reg.fit(X_poly_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[606]: Lasso(alpha=1e-05)
```

```
In [607]: y_hat_train = reg.predict(X_poly_train)
```

The statistically significant coefficients are negative. Vaccinations and cases are inversely related.

```
In [608]: p=stats.ttest_ind(X_poly_train, y_train)
print(f'Feature: {X.columns[0]}, Coeficients: {reg.coef_[1:]}, P values: {p[1][1:]}')
```

```
Feature: Vaccinations, Coeficients: [ 1.36026527 -0.64983114 -1.40271111], P values: [0.87816556 0.03213291 0.00459772]
```

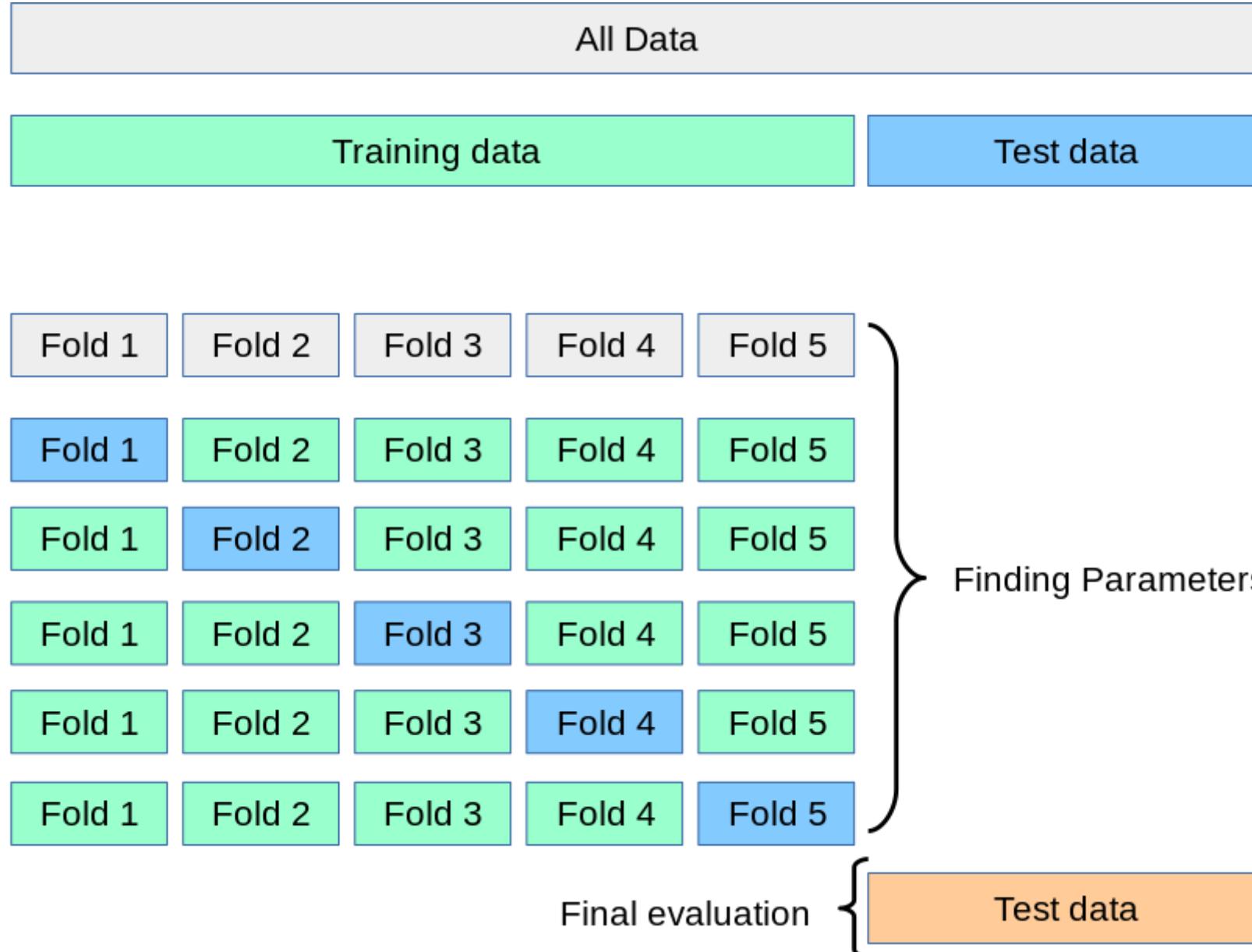
```
In [609]: r2 = r2_score(y_train,y_hat_train)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_train, y_hat_train)
print('R Squared:',r2)
print('Root Mean Squared Error:', np.sqrt(mse))
```

```
R Squared: 0.7148041182634517
Root Mean Squared Error: 0.026326975968062563
```

Cross validation trains models on k fold subsets of data and evaluates the models on the complementary subset of the data.

```
In [529]: Image(filename='cross_validation.png')
```

Out[529]:



Cross validate model.

```
In [616]: cv_results = cross_val_score(reg, X_poly_train, y_train, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
print('Mean Cross Validation RMSE:', np.mean(np.sqrt(np.abs(cv_results))))
```

```
Mean Cross Validation RMSE: 0.03800104663543885
```

Test model.

```
In [611]: X_poly_test = poly_features.fit_transform(X_test)
reg.fit(X_poly_test, y_test)
```

```
Out[611]: Lasso(alpha=1e-05)
```

```
In [612]: y_hat_test = reg.predict(X_poly_test)
```

```
In [614]: r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_hat_test)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_hat_test)
print('R Squared:', r2)
print('Root Mean Squared Error:', np.sqrt(mse))
```

```
R Squared: 0.9977960692289732
```

```
Root Mean Squared Error: 0.0068950582250556286
```

## Time Series Models

Time series assumes stationarity, a probability distribution that stays the same over time. The rolling mean, MA, and rolling standard deviation, MSD, are used to visually determine whether the data is stationary.

$$MA = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i^N p_i$$

$$MSD = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_i^N (p_i - MA)^2}$$

The Dickey-Fuller test is a statistical test used to determine whether the data is stationary. The null hypothesis is that the data is non-stationary. If  $\gamma=0$ , then the data follows a random walk and if  $\gamma\neq0$ , then the data is stationary.  $\varepsilon$  is white noise.

$$\Delta y_i = \alpha + \beta_i + \gamma y_{i-1} + \varepsilon_i$$

Autocorrelation function is used to determine lag correlation for an Auto Regressive model, p, and partial autocorrelation function is used to determine lag correlation for a Moving Average model, q. ACF solves for the correlation of series values with their lagged values. PACF solves for the correlation of the values after removing the effects of previous lags. ACF is covariance of residuals divided by standard deviation multiplied by standard deviation of lag.

$$cov(y_i, y_{i-k}) = \frac{\sum_i^{N-k} (y_{i+1} - \bar{y})(y_{i-k} - \bar{y})}{N - 1}$$

$$\sigma_{y_i} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_i^N (y_i - \bar{y})^2}{N - 1}}$$

$$ACF(y_i, y_{i-k}) = \frac{cov(y_i, y_{i-k})}{\sigma_{y_i} * \sigma_{y_{i-k}}}$$

$$PACF(y_i, y_{i-k}) = \frac{cov(y_i, y_{i-k} | y_{i+1} \dots y_{i-k-1})}{\sigma_{y_i} | y_{i+1} \dots y_{i-k-1} * \sigma_{y_{i-k}} | y_{i+1} \dots y_{i-k+1}}$$

AIC, akaike information criterion, estimates prediction error. k is the model parameters and  $\hat{L}$  is the model maximum value of the likelihood function.

$$AIC = 2k - 2 * ln(\hat{L})$$

An AR model uses lagged values to make forecasts. c is a constant, p is the number of data lags,  $\theta$  is the coefficients, y is the lags, and  $\Theta$  is an order p polynomial function of L. MA model uses residuals of previous forecasts to make new forecasts. q is the number of residual lags,  $\phi$  is the coefficients,  $\varepsilon$  is the residuals, and  $\Phi$  is an order q polynomial function of L. ARMA model adds the two models.

$$AR : y_t = c + \sum_k^p \phi_k * y_{t-k} + \varepsilon_t = \Phi(L)^p y_t + \varepsilon_t$$

$$MA : y_t = c + \sum_k^q \theta_k * \varepsilon_{t-k} + \varepsilon_t = \Theta(L)^q \varepsilon_t + \varepsilon_t$$

$$ARMA : y_t = \Phi(L)^p y_t + \Theta(L)^q \varepsilon_t + \varepsilon_t$$

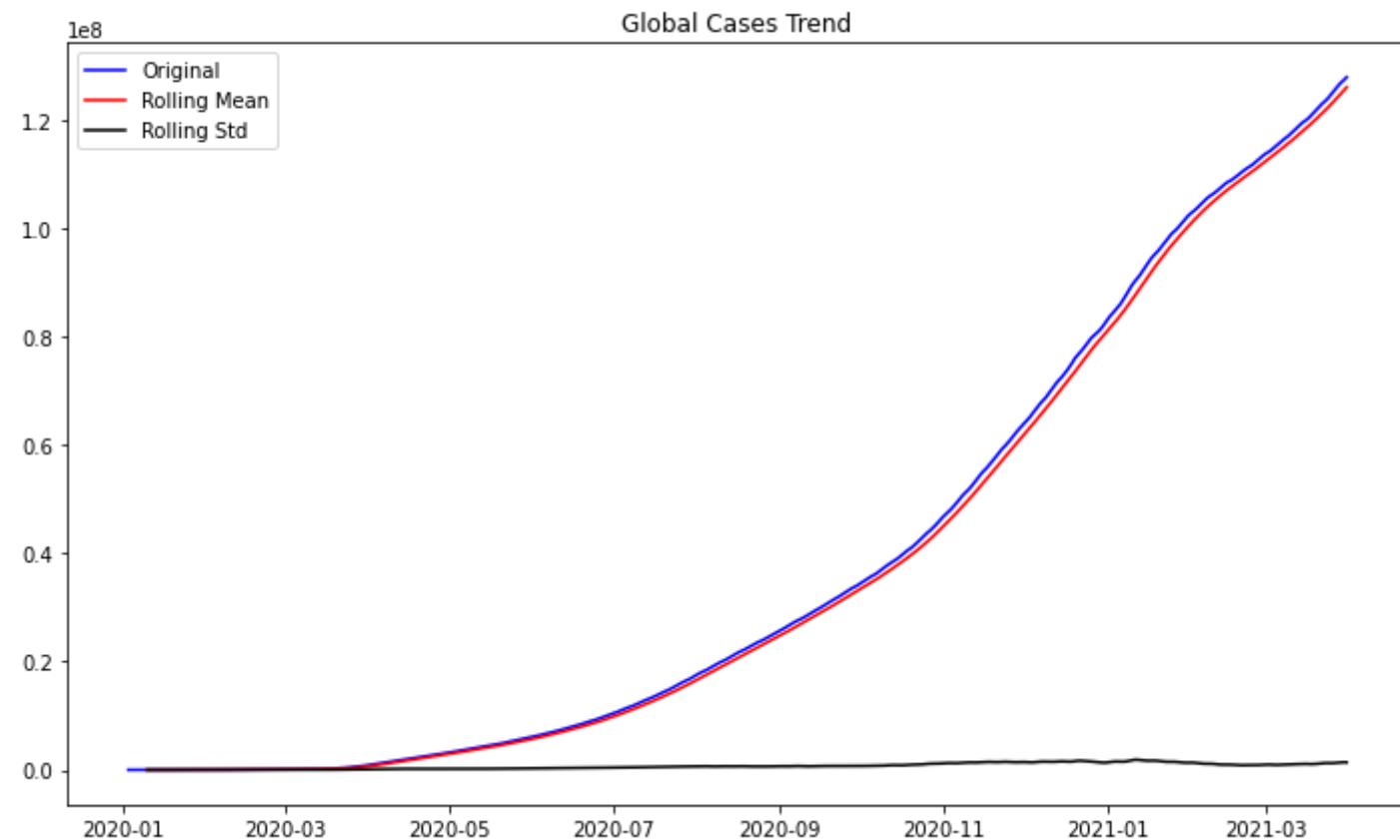
Remove trend by differencing data with lags. An ARIMA model I, integrated, component differences the data to make it stationary. A SARIMA model has a component to represent seasonality, s.

$$(1 - L)^d = y_t - y_{t-1}$$

$$ARIMA : (1 - \Phi(L)^p)(1 - L)^d y_t = (1 + \Theta(L)^q) \varepsilon_t$$

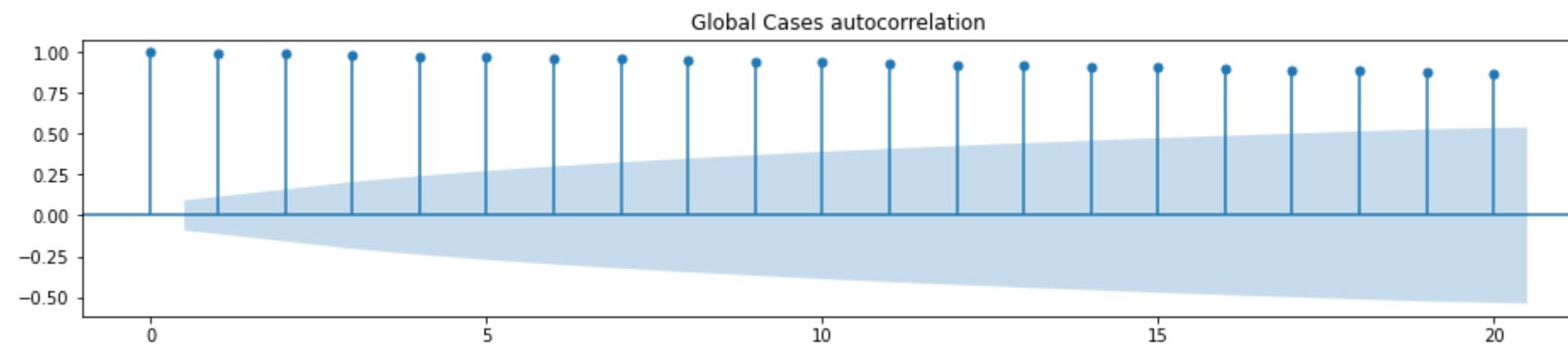
$$SARIMA : (1 - \Phi(L)^p)(1 - \Phi(L)^{ps})(1 - L)^{ds} y_t = (1 + \Theta(L)^q)(1 + \Theta(L)^{qs}) \varepsilon_t$$

```
In [46]: start_new_cases={}
end_new_cases={}
forecast(global_cases_df, 8, start_new_cases, end_new_cases, 30, 'Global Cases')
```

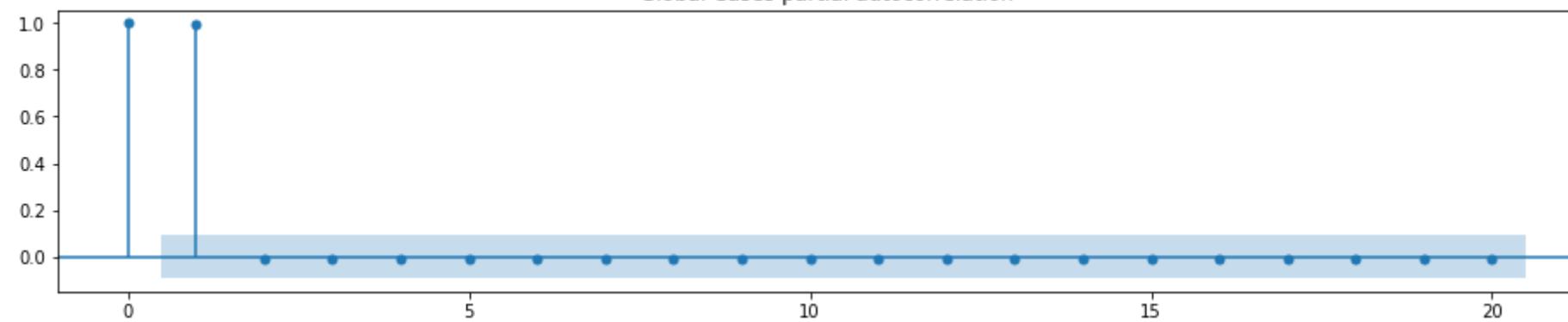


Global Cases Dickey-Fuller test results:

```
Test Statistic          0.654123
p-value                0.988876
#Lags Used           17.000000
Number of Observations Used 436.000000
Critical Value (1%)    -3.445438
Critical Value (5%)    -2.868192
Critical Value (10%)   -2.570313
dtype: float64
```



Global Cases partial autocorrelation



Global Cases AIC Scores:

ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =17446.65142441528  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =17631.638275274137  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =14410.918618753534  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13882.868765690982  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13681.224180158386  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13346.54814411781  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12183.894937634634  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12073.270168384384  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =17086.09867987108  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =19227.15759604908  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =14050.654791231847  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13932.864830200657  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =16775.592098663597  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =16702.533465115594  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13785.203117612858  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =13724.439246266866  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12852.669352502904  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12354.282729150931  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10800.992422975807  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10627.962852564777  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10822.340920318751  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10790.756561032244  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10651.80075959113  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10631.034769745194  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12496.017558580957  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12227.649563478912  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10603.185311075278  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10443.33394874522  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12238.233454322504  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12185.395304082129  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10489.566637728665  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10445.104711970102  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12123.215923471731  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12414.065595671269  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10816.808333981253  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10786.676658251443  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =11527.986604803104  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =11528.908137081831  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10646.924465736049  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10658.173468218552  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =11760.58942683645  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =12095.460315410048  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10620.711897824713  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10663.723628760334  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =11469.562044349124  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =11445.929652278752  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10483.931635570916  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10459.31136679001  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10930.531356796262  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10601.957764509247  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10453.21659309935  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10177.15721444577  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10537.399504448624  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10481.810449301982  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10261.52032244702  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10177.325789282198

```

ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10868.164011926763
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10566.804096910944
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10419.820289635687
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10144.570016513087
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10507.904983660163
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10430.74327723813
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10249.641372417764
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =10143.465401504374

```

Global Cases ARIMA: SARIMAX Results

```

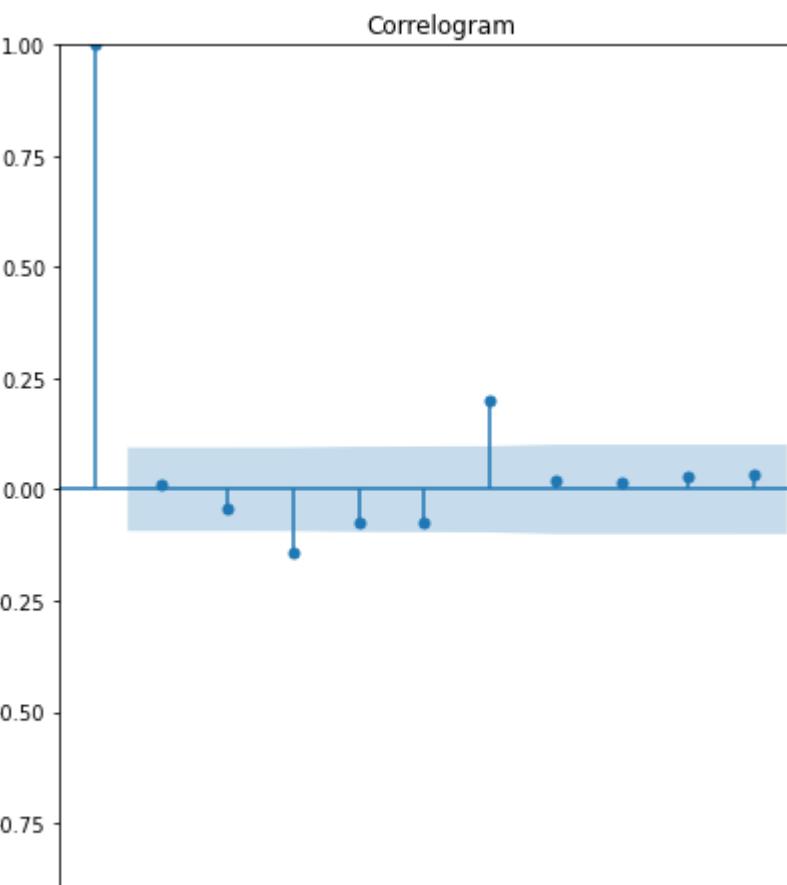
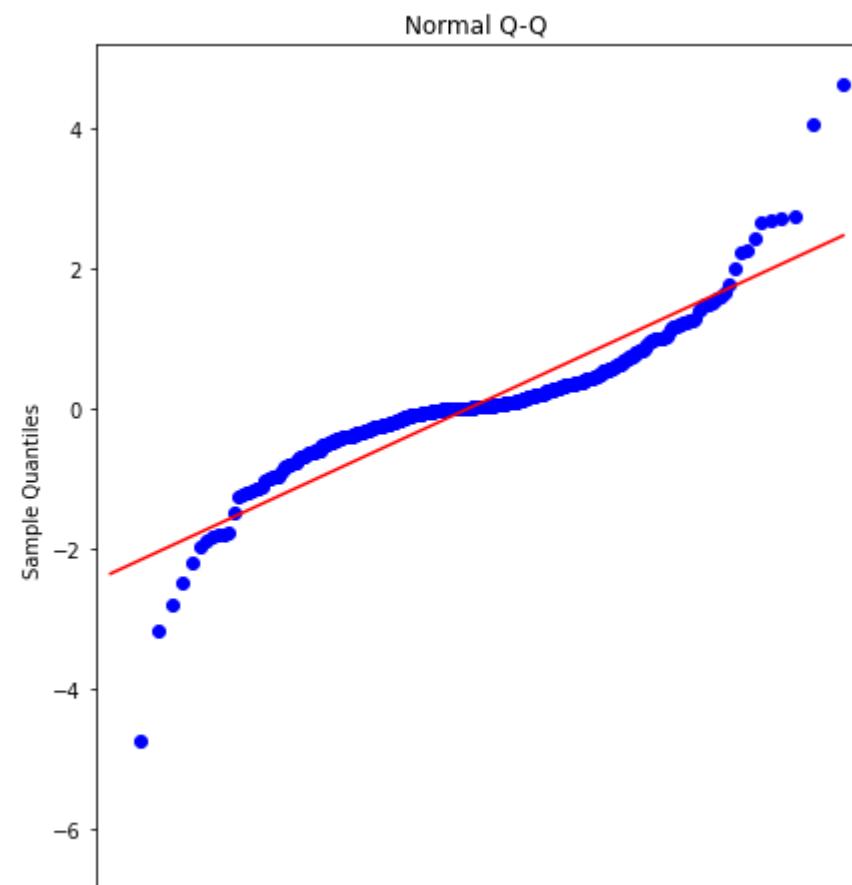
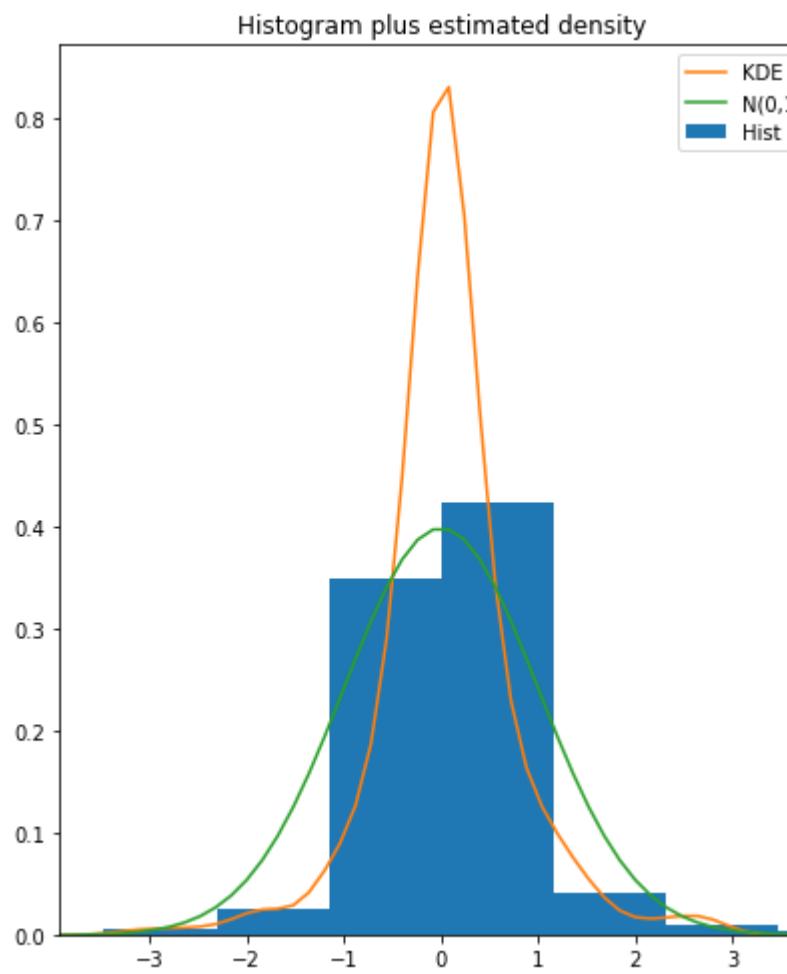
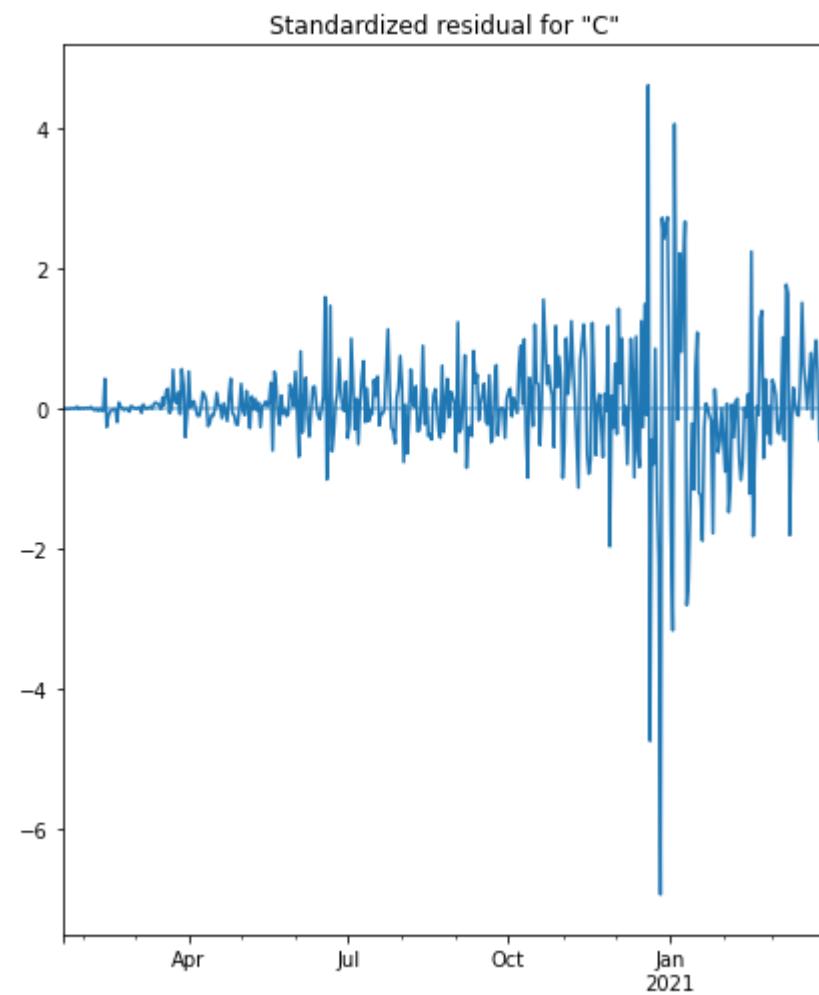
=====
Dep. Variable: Cumulative_cases No. Observations: 454
Model: SARIMAX(1, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 1, 7) Log Likelihood -5066.733
Date: Wed, 31 Mar 2021 AIC 10143.465
Time: 21:12:27 BIC 10163.865
Sample: 01-03-2020 HQIC 10151.515
- 03-31-2021
Covariance Type: opg
=====

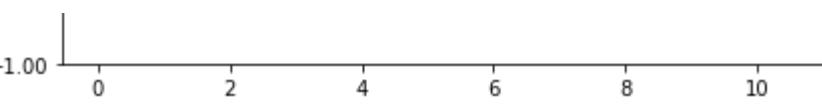
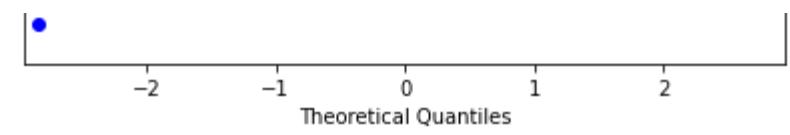
      coef    std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
ar.L1    0.9662    0.014    69.718      0.000      0.939      0.993
ma.L1   -0.2192    0.028    -7.909      0.000     -0.274     -0.165
ar.S.L7   0.1211    0.038     3.218      0.001      0.047      0.195
ma.S.L7  -0.8014    0.033    -24.160      0.000     -0.866     -0.736
sigma2  9.041e+08  1.08e-11  8.35e+19      0.000  9.04e+08  9.04e+08
=====

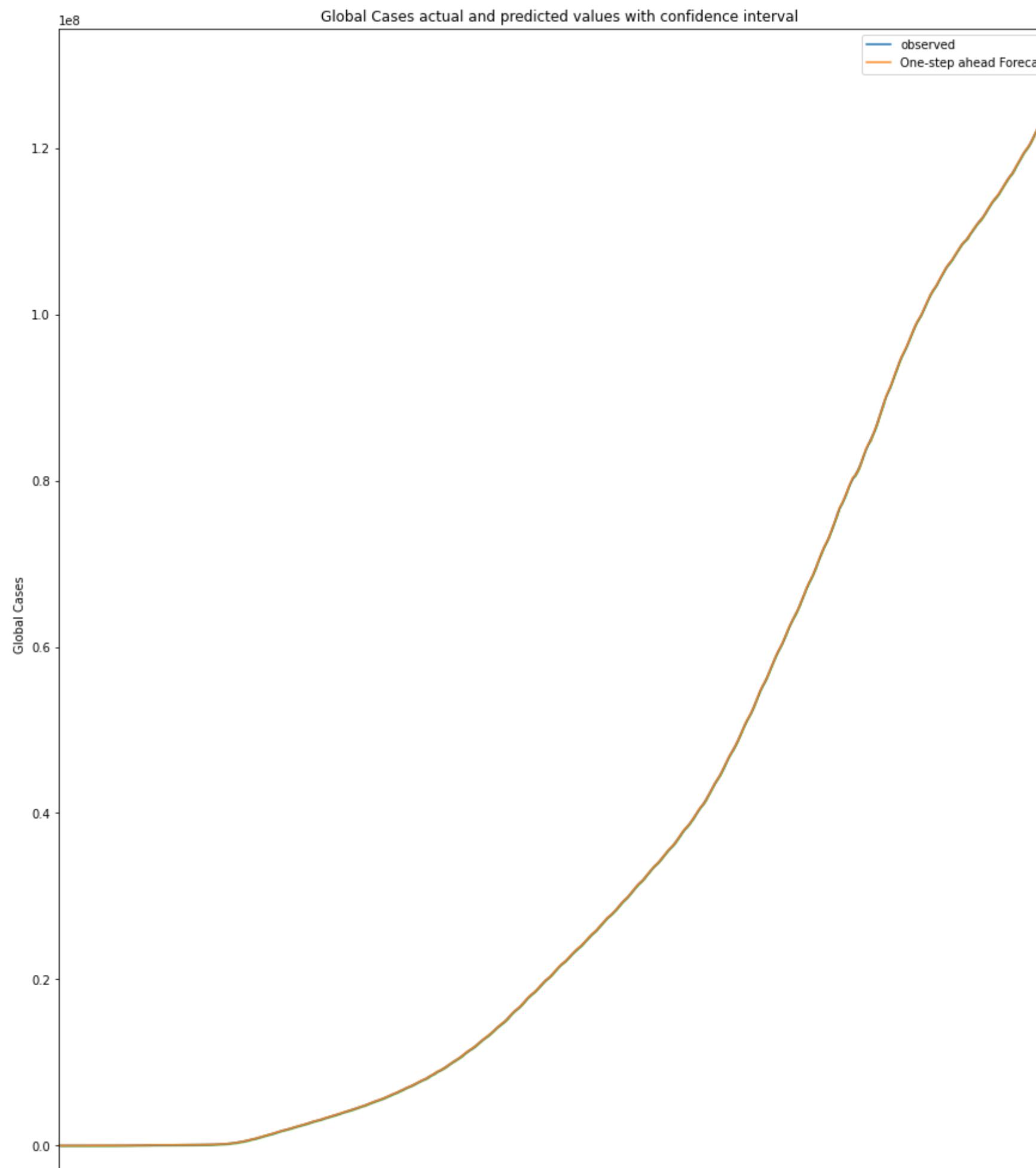
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q): 0.06 Jarque-Bera (JB): 4685.62
Prob(Q): 0.80 Prob(JB): 0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H): 43.30 Skew: -1.02
Prob(H) (two-sided): 0.00 Kurtosis: 18.91
=====
```

#### Warnings:

- [1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
- [2] Covariance matrix is singular or near-singular, with condition number 4.67e+35. Standard errors may be unstable.







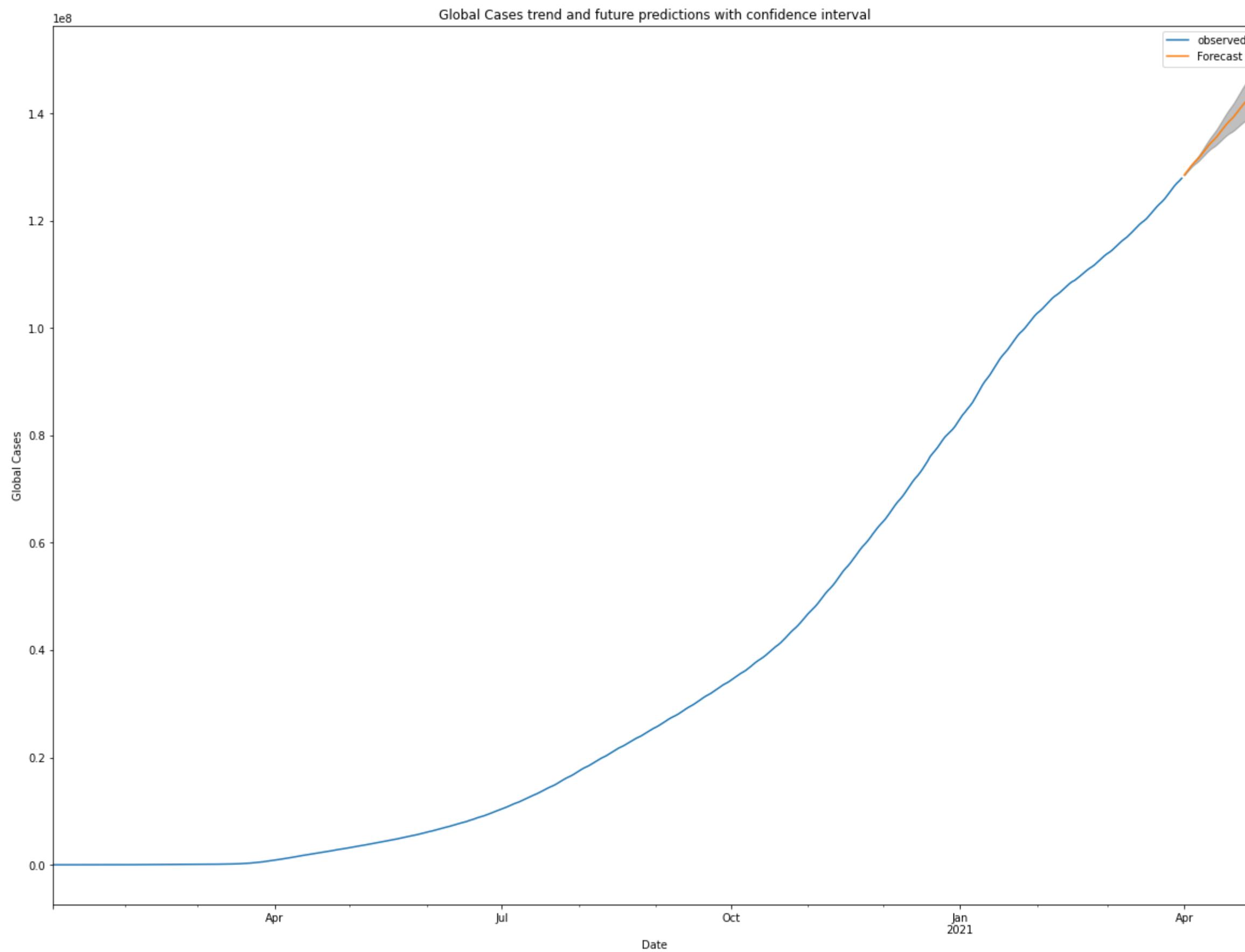


Global Cases Root Mean Squared Error:25176.24

Global Cases Forecast:

2021-04-01	1.285216e+08
2021-04-02	1.291329e+08
2021-04-03	1.297402e+08
2021-04-04	1.303214e+08
2021-04-05	1.308377e+08
2021-04-06	1.312787e+08
2021-04-07	1.317902e+08
2021-04-08	1.323770e+08
2021-04-09	1.329853e+08
2021-04-10	1.335888e+08
2021-04-11	1.341678e+08
2021-04-12	1.346815e+08
2021-04-13	1.351222e+08
2021-04-14	1.356331e+08
2021-04-15	1.362191e+08
2021-04-16	1.368263e+08
2021-04-17	1.374287e+08
2021-04-18	1.380067e+08
2021-04-19	1.385195e+08
2021-04-20	1.389596e+08
2021-04-21	1.394698e+08
2021-04-22	1.400551e+08
2021-04-23	1.406616e+08
2021-04-24	1.412634e+08
2021-04-25	1.418408e+08
2021-04-26	1.423529e+08
2021-04-27	1.427924e+08
2021-04-28	1.433021e+08
2021-04-29	1.438869e+08
2021-04-30	1.444929e+08

Freq: D, Name: predicted\_mean, dtype: float64



```
In [181]: total_cases=round(sum(start_new_cases.values()))
print('Total Global Cases:', total_cases)
```

Total Global Cases: 127405632

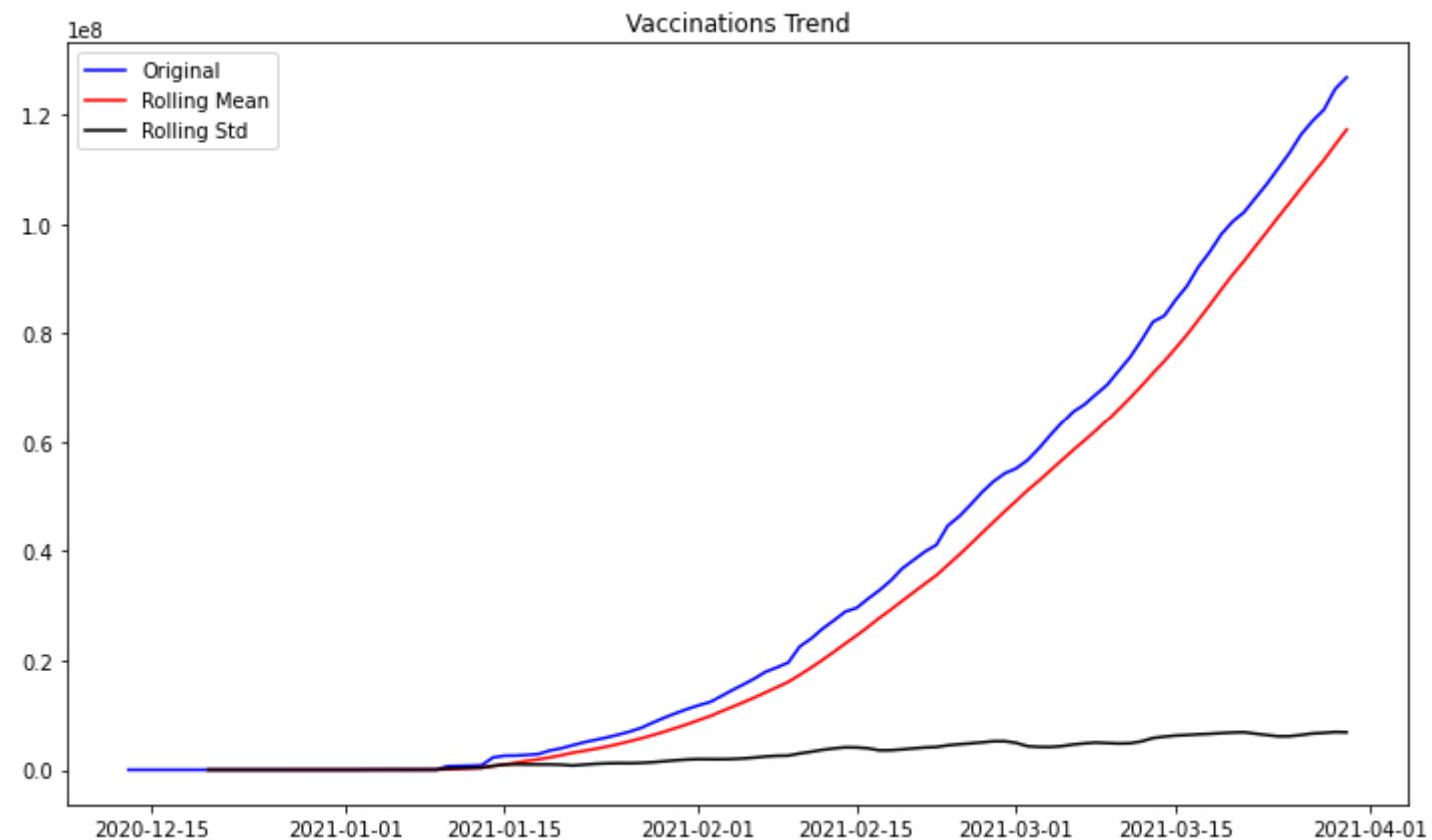
```
In [182]: forecasted_cases=round(sum(end_new_cases.values()))
print('Forecasted Global Cases:', forecasted_cases)
```

Forecasted Global Cases: 143654082

```
In [183]: percentage_change(total_cases,forecasted_cases)
```

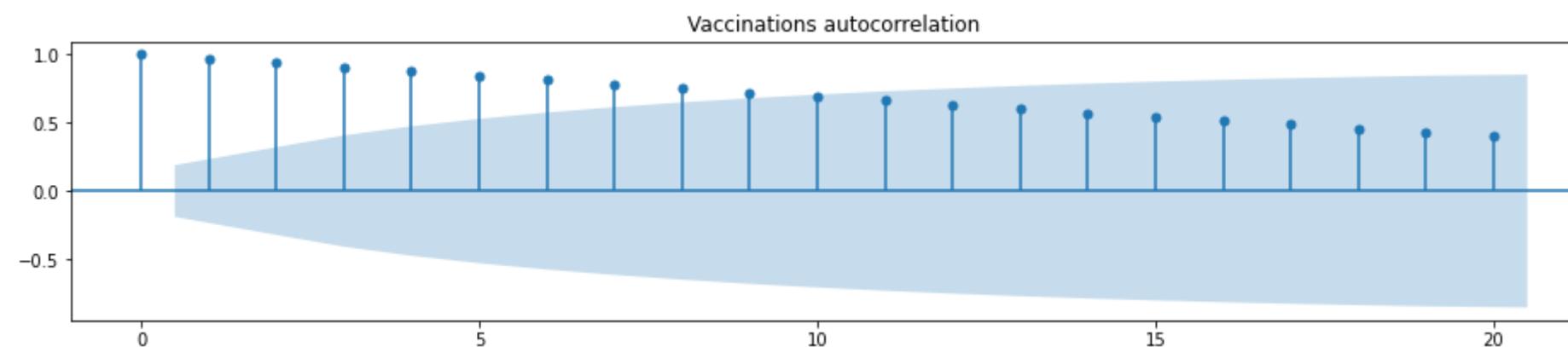
```
Out[183]: 'Percentage Change: 12.75332161140255%
```

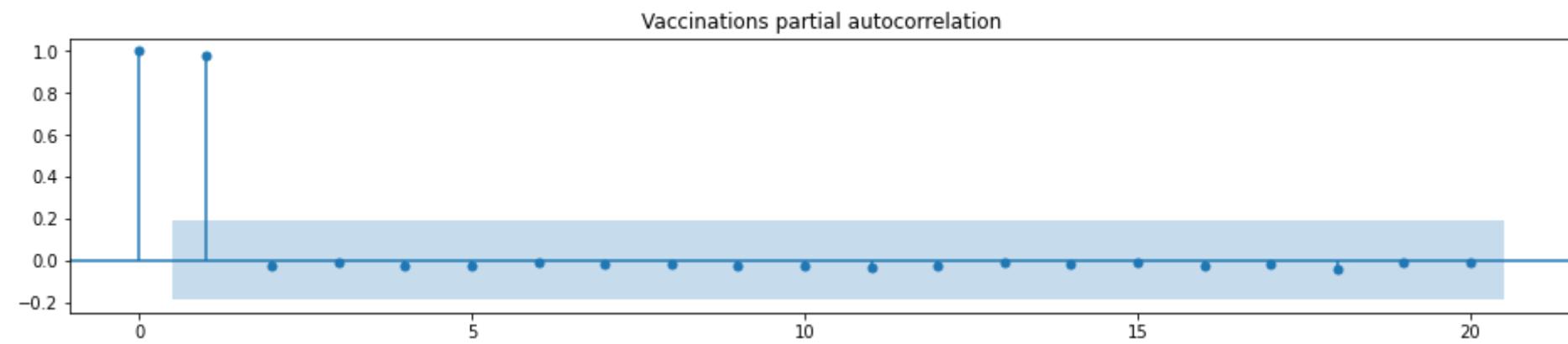
```
In [47]: start_new_vaccinations={}
end_new_vaccinations={}
forecast(global_vaccinations_df, 8, start_new_vaccinations, end_new_vaccinations, 30, 'Vaccinations')
```



Vaccinations Dickey-Fuller test results:

```
Test Statistic           -0.586827
p-value                 0.873931
#Lags Used             13.000000
Number of Observations Used 94.000000
Critical Value (1%)     -3.501912
Critical Value (5%)      -2.892815
Critical Value (10%)     -2.583454
dtype: float64
```





Vaccinations AIC Scores:

ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =4105.1157827491315  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3954.3448549453487  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3523.473011617948  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3419.5286218208353  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3322.7453960040934  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3256.2432483931007  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2979.644211716834  
ARIMA (0, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2950.455600634846  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3991.1885569417223  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =4275.722577713414  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3419.066380701285  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3439.462883682845  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3780.2957026956574  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3707.5149473118067  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3225.4067930544475  
ARIMA (0, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3158.875429815208  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3333.3406663817063  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3072.13450025509  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2906.306479485046  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2706.897764931974  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2933.9857624147808  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2895.5060956351663  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2734.56197841205  
ARIMA (0, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2708.4477315741156  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3250.071190709681  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3015.8098581131826  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2878.179122348249  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2678.1935218344565  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3061.3688354899346  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3001.150150844575  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2734.8372644361816  
ARIMA (0, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2680.0777207488295  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3164.506699178182  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3116.222313855577  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2927.2312932404798  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2891.382160039508  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2925.521400069446  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2924.618596393868  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2720.979430188925  
ARIMA (1, 0, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2719.7598816354334  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3126.244462236315  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3086.470459773389  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2900.9032567633894  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2867.4627409882414  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2925.6099131539722  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2896.773747861594  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2723.1031005798436  
ARIMA (1, 0, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2693.6593738259976  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3140.8496217966  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2926.267218139881  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2905.983471116158  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2705.450544937997  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2910.85709758607  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2904.3996221967036  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2705.701619763774  
ARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2707.431254445614

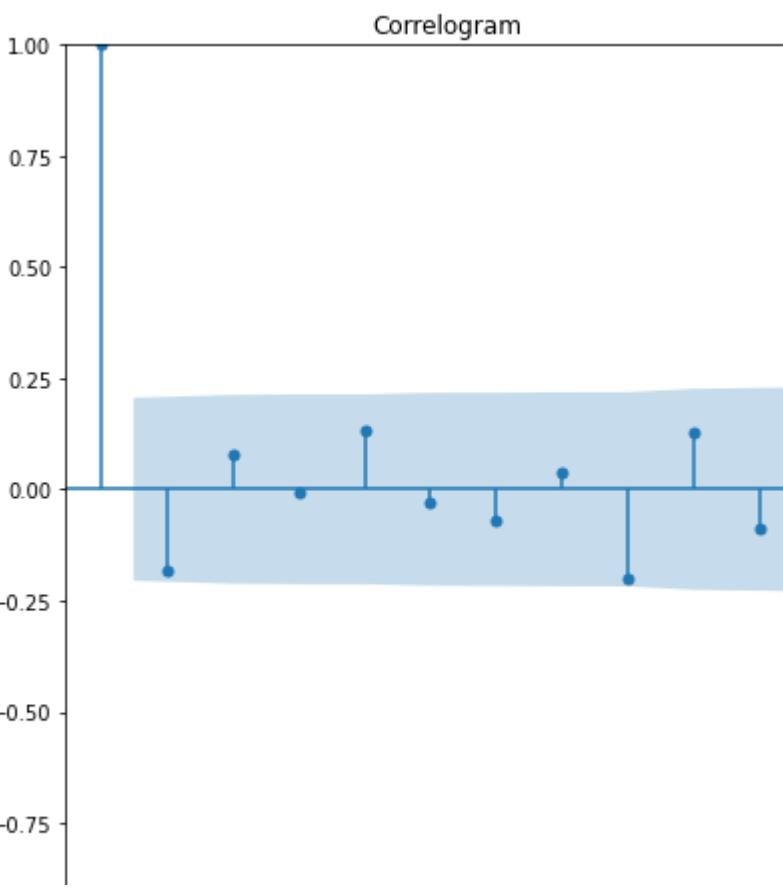
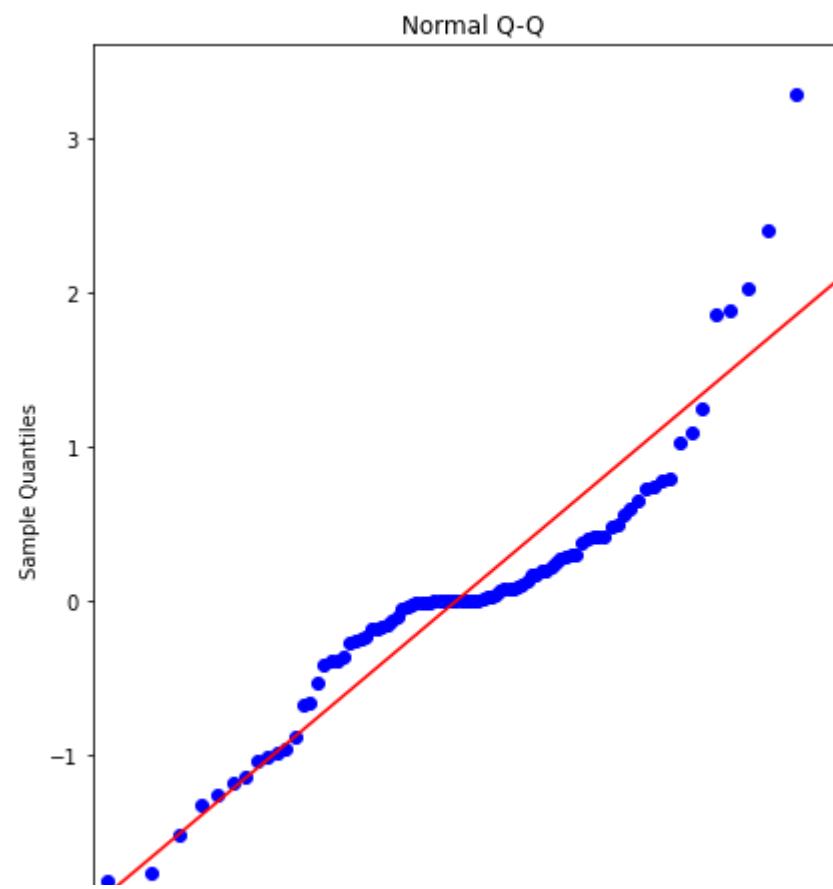
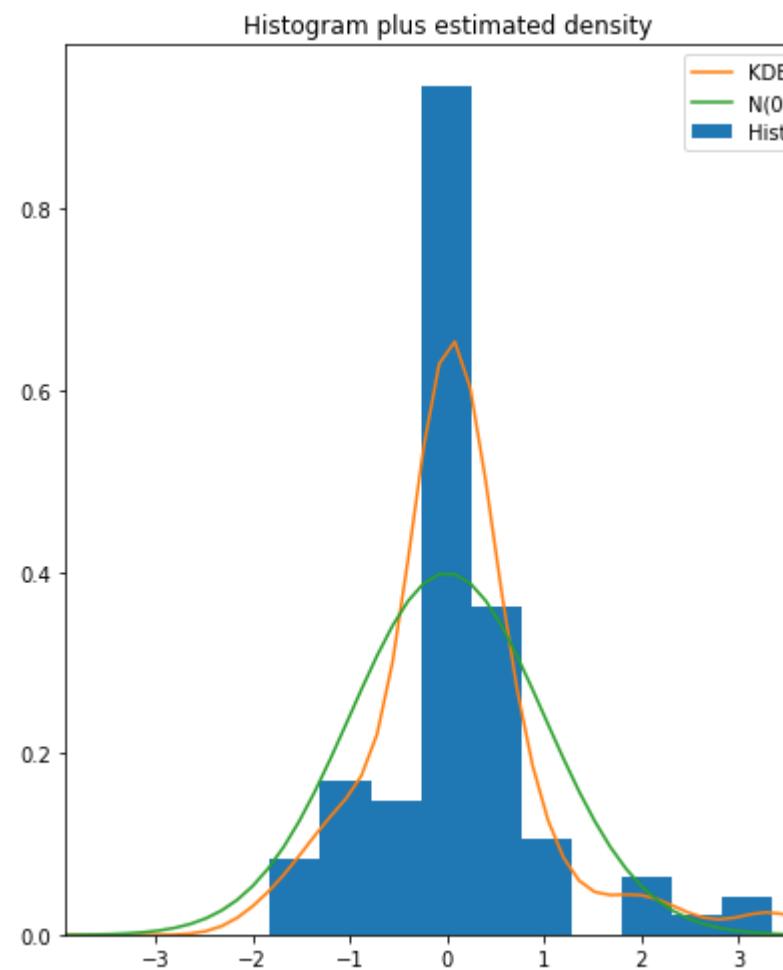
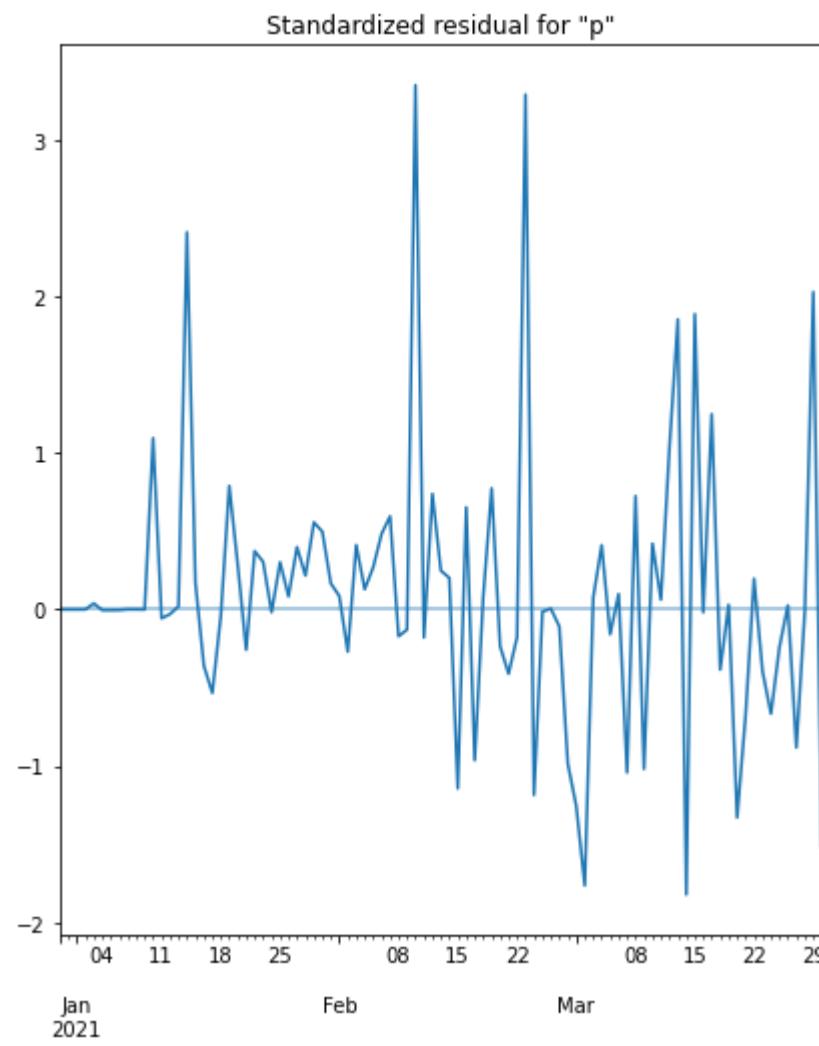
```
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =3060.9372148369175
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2855.224875957011
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2872.167831172917
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (0, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2654.959693052119
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2881.015719679422
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 0, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2852.9882469297195
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 0, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2692.0303251580226
ARIMA (1, 1, 1) x (1, 1, 1, 7)12 : AIC Calculated =2656.195091005778
```

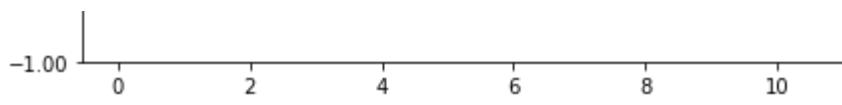
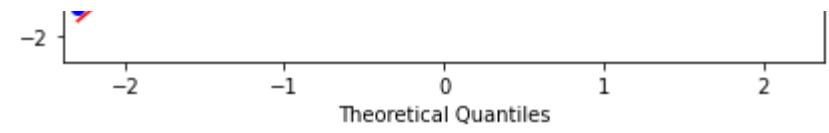
Vaccinations ARIMA: SARIMAX Results

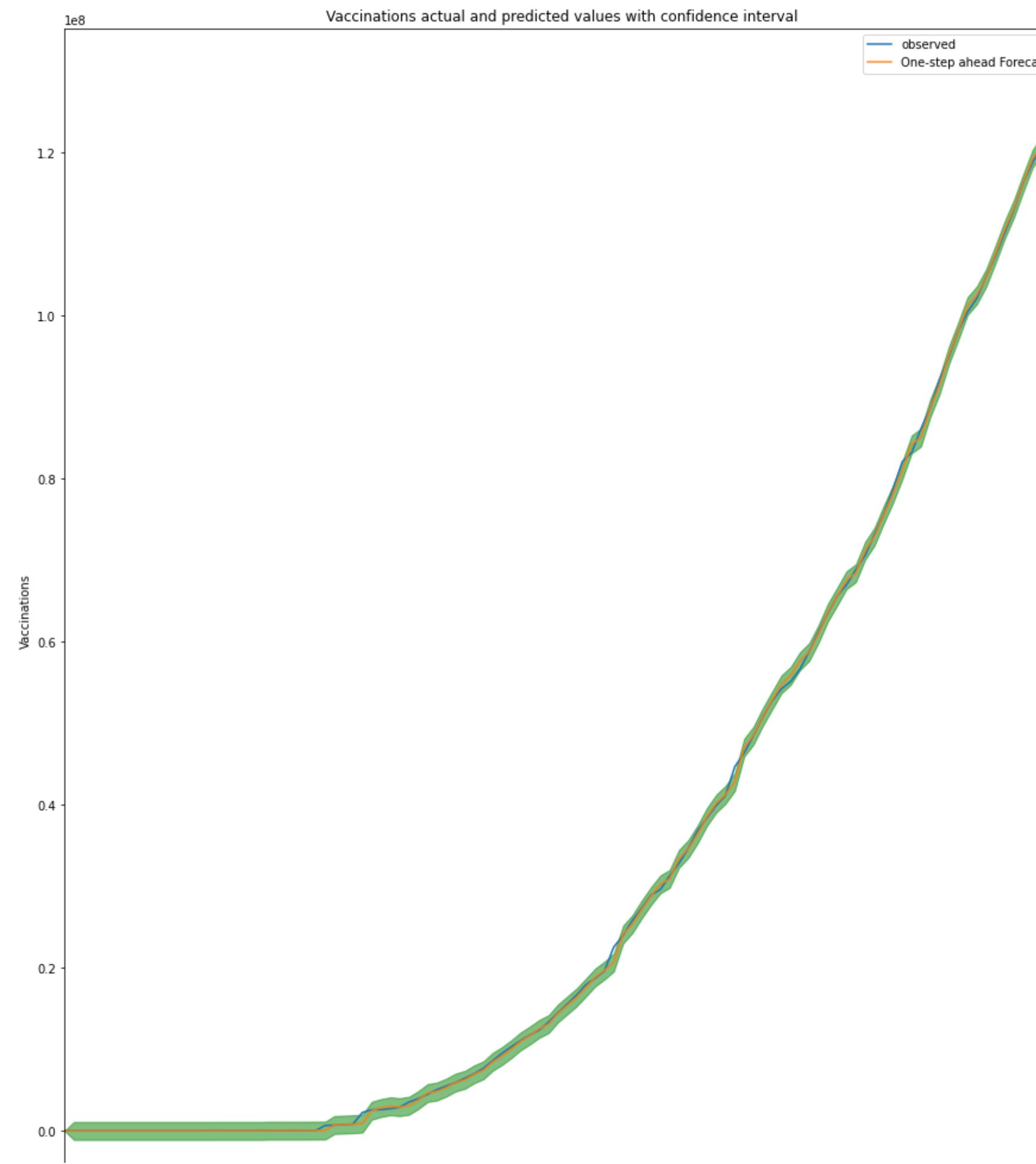
```
=====
Dep. Variable: people_fully_vaccinated No. Observations: 108
Model: SARIMAX(1, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 1, 7) Log Likelihood: -1323.480
Date: Wed, 31 Mar 2021 AIC: 2654.960
Time: 21:12:35 BIC: 2665.003
Sample: 12-13-2020 HQIC: 2659.012
- 03-30-2021
Covariance Type: opg
=====
            coef    std err      z   P>|z|    [0.025    0.975]
-----
ar.L1      1.0037    0.014    74.126    0.000     0.977    1.030
ma.L1     -0.8904    0.087   -10.258    0.000    -1.060   -0.720
ma.S.L7    -0.6812    0.103   -6.605    0.000    -0.883   -0.479
sigma2    3.166e+11  2.96e-14  1.07e+25    0.000  3.17e+11  3.17e+11
=====
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q): 3.06 Jarque-Bera (JB): 63.58
Prob(Q): 0.08 Prob(JB): 0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H): 3.53 Skew: 1.13
Prob(H) (two-sided): 0.00 Kurtosis: 6.41
=====
```

Warnings:

- [1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
- [2] Covariance matrix is singular or near-singular, with condition number 2.65e+41. Standard errors may be unstable.







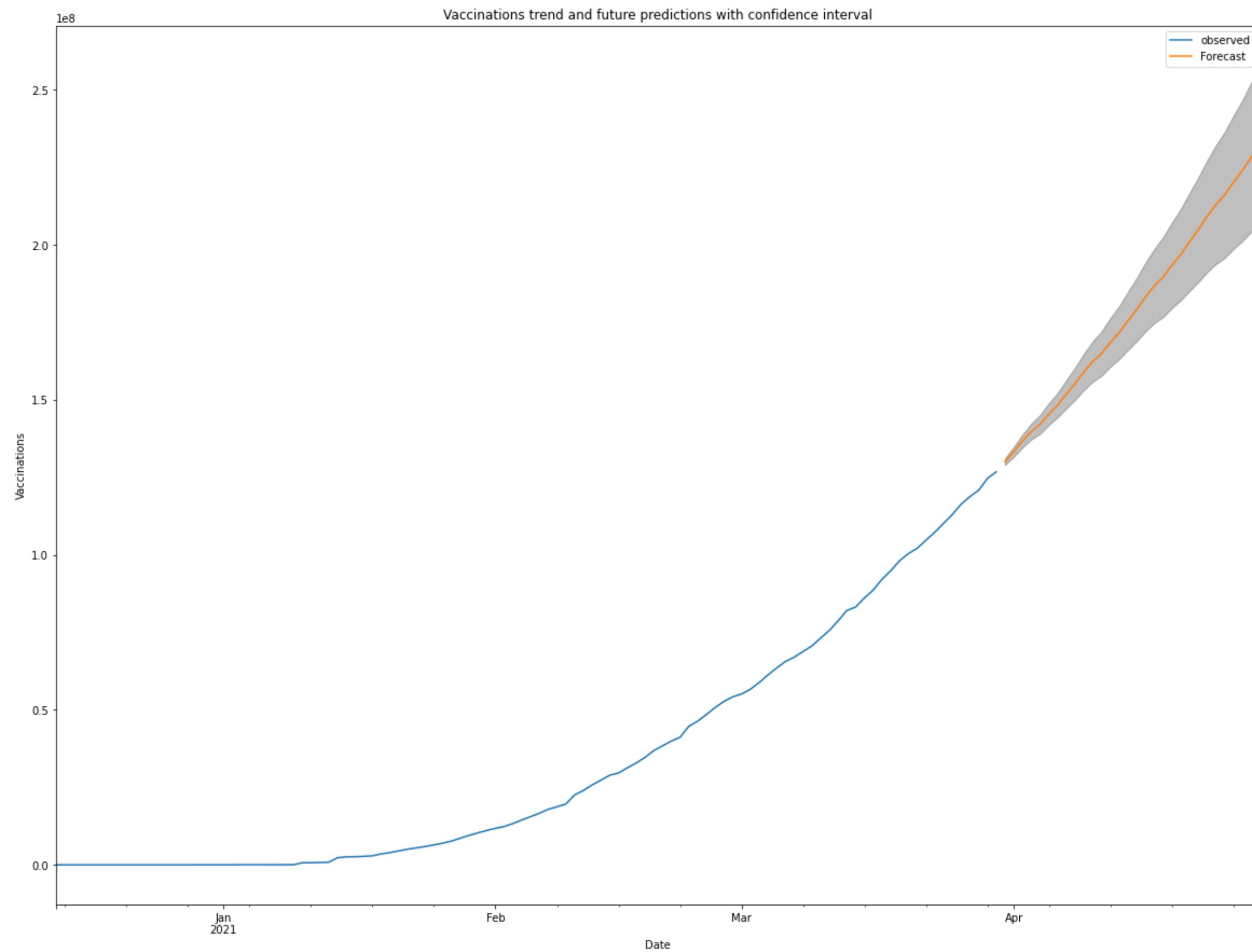


Vaccinations Root Mean Squared Error: 452828.44

Vaccinations Forecast:

2021-03-31	1.300900e+08
2021-04-01	1.332706e+08
2021-04-02	1.367910e+08
2021-04-03	1.398174e+08
2021-04-04	1.421536e+08
2021-04-05	1.454676e+08
2021-04-06	1.483561e+08
2021-04-07	1.519156e+08
2021-04-08	1.553464e+08
2021-04-09	1.591180e+08
2021-04-10	1.623963e+08
2021-04-11	1.649856e+08
2021-04-12	1.685535e+08
2021-04-13	1.716968e+08
2021-04-14	1.755120e+08
2021-04-15	1.791994e+08
2021-04-16	1.832286e+08
2021-04-17	1.867656e+08
2021-04-18	1.896143e+08
2021-04-19	1.934426e+08
2021-04-20	1.968474e+08
2021-04-21	2.009250e+08
2021-04-22	2.048757e+08
2021-04-23	2.091692e+08
2021-04-24	2.129714e+08
2021-04-25	2.160863e+08
2021-04-26	2.201818e+08
2021-04-27	2.238547e+08
2021-04-28	2.282014e+08
2021-04-29	2.324222e+08

Freq: D, Name: predicted\_mean, dtype: float64



```
In [3]: total_vaccinations=round(sum(start_new_vaccinations.values()))
print('Total Global Vaccinations:', total_vaccinations)
```

```
Total Global Vaccinations: 126779833
```

```
In [2]: forecasted_vaccinations=round(sum(end_new_vaccinations.values()))
print('Foreceted Global Vaccinations:', forecasted_vaccinations)
```

```
Forecasted Global Vaccinations: 232422250
```

```
In [50]: percentage_change(total_vaccinations,forecasted_vaccinations)
```

```
Out[50]: 'Percentage Change: 83.32746186848188%
```

## Conclusion

The regression model suggests that cases of and vaccinations for the virus have an inverse relationship. The time-series models suggest that, over the next month, vaccinations will trend upward by 83.3% and cases of the virus will trend upward by 12.8%. The virus spread is slowing and will decrease more as more people get vaccinated.

```
In [ ]:
```