

Insait Home Assignment

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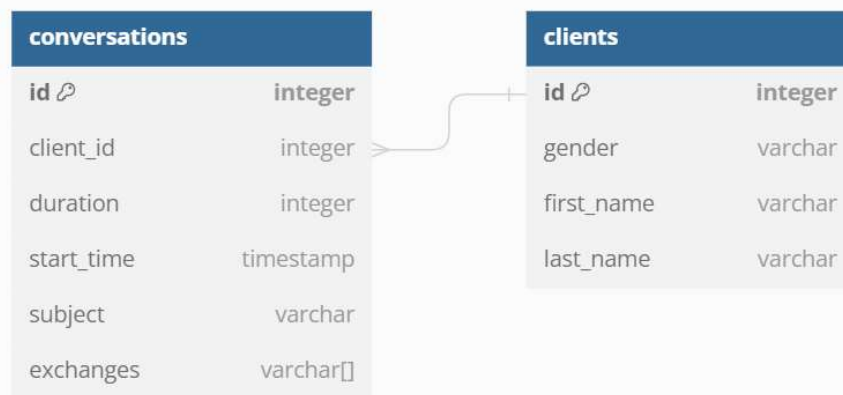
The InsaitTest project is a program that generates a database with banking-related data, populates the database, analyzes the data, and displays interactive visualizations of the generated data.

Technologies used:

- Database: PostgreSQL (relational database)
- Backend: Node.js, Express
- Frontend: React
- Other tools: Faker, MaterialUI, Knex, Nivo Charts

Database Structure:

- The project database consists of tables: clients and conversations
- The client ID in the conversations table is a foreign key to the clients table
- Database schema:



Database Population:

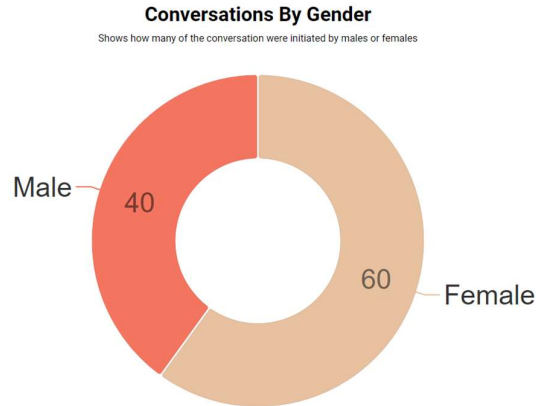
- The database is populated via a post request to the backend API (described below)
- The server contains an algorithm to classify each conversation by subject
- The client names are generated by the Faker API
- Conversations generated by ChatGPT
- Conversation start times are deliberately designed to yield a bell curve with 11:30 AM as the average

Backend:

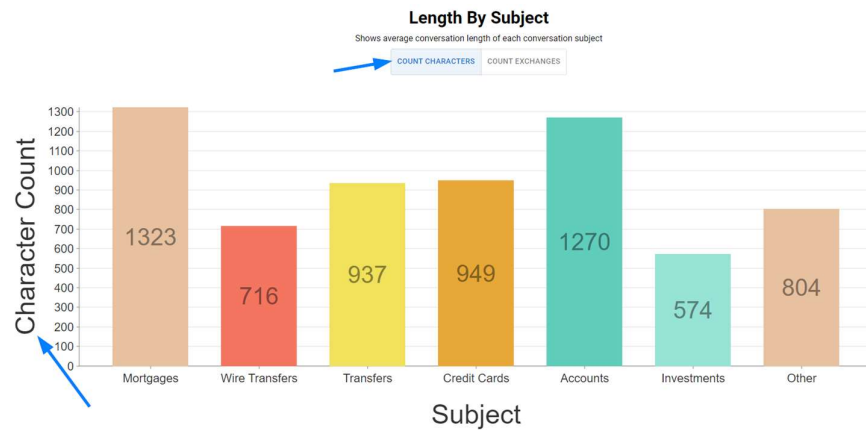
- Express server that contains 3 routes:
 - Clients – populates and retrieves client data with database
 - Conversations – populates conversations into database
 - Analytics – manipulates data from both tables to serve the client for data analytics
- Each route contains a controller and model to interact with the database

Frontend:

- React app that visualizes that data fetched from the server
- Consists of a Navbar and 5 analytic charts:
 1. Conversations by gender – how many conversations each gender of clients initiated
 - a. In this example, the split was 40-60 male-female:

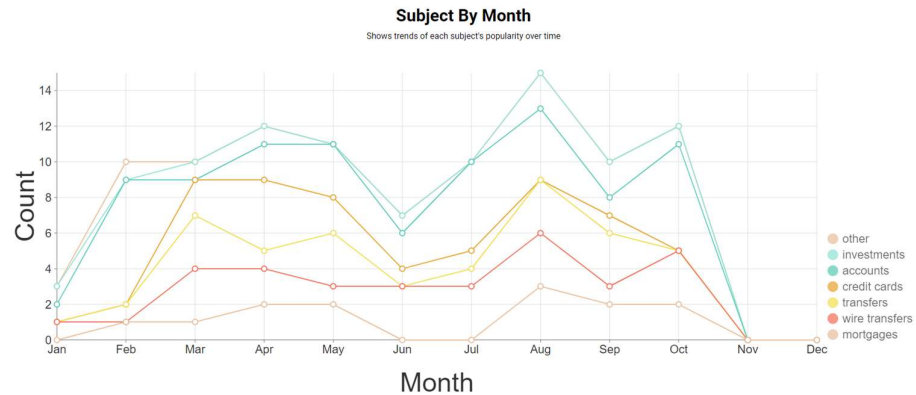


2. Length by Subject – conversation length (toggle between characters or exchanges) of each conversation subject
 - a. The number in each bar represents how many characters / exchanges were used (controlled by the toggle buttons), on average, in the conversations of each subject:

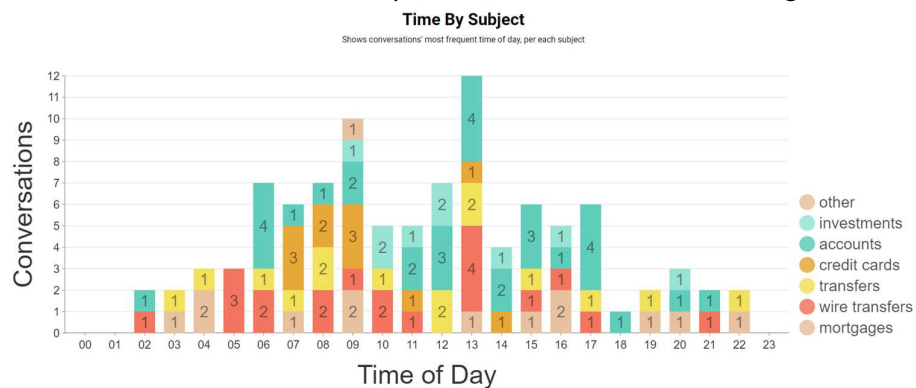




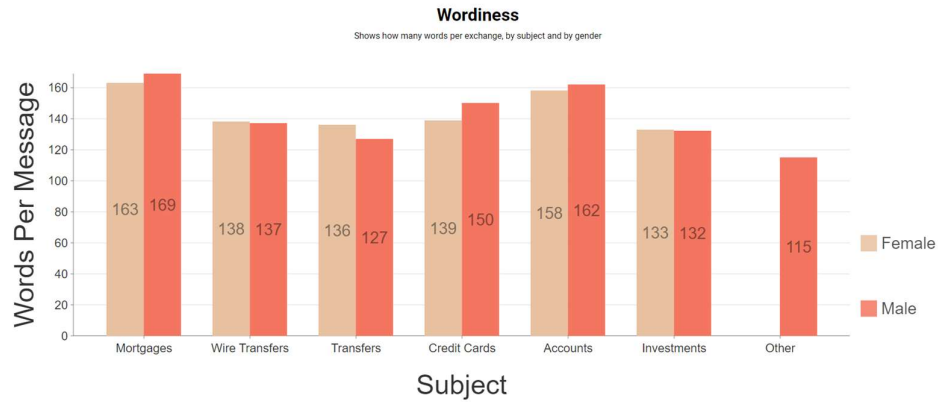
3. Subject by Month – trends of popularity of each conversation subject over time
 - a. Passage of time represented by the X axis, conversation count by the Y axis:



4. Time by Subject – frequency of conversation start time throughout the day, showing subject
 - a. In this example, the busiest hour of the day is 13:00. This was by design in the backend that the middle of the day will be busier, for the sake of being realistic.



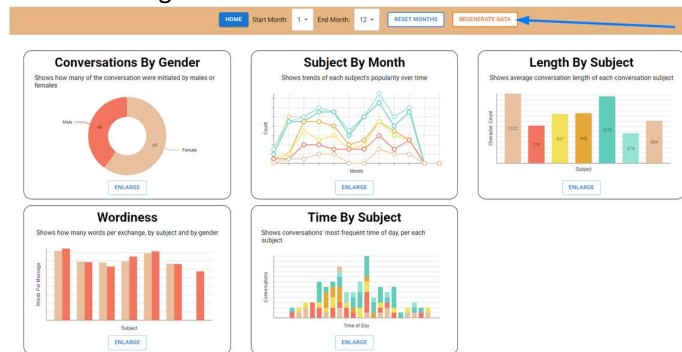
5. Wordiness – how many words in each message, in each subject, per gender
 - a. In this example, mortgages conversations contained the highest average amount of words per message, for both males and females



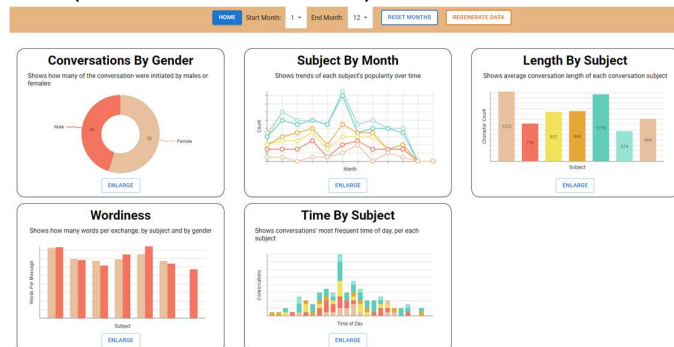
- Dashboard screen that shows all 5 charts (seen below)
- Smooth navigation between the dashboard and an enlarged version of each chart
- The dataset can be completely regenerated by a button in the navbar (which sends a post request to the backend as mentioned above). All charts dynamically, animatedly, and immediately change to represent the newly populated data

- Demonstration:

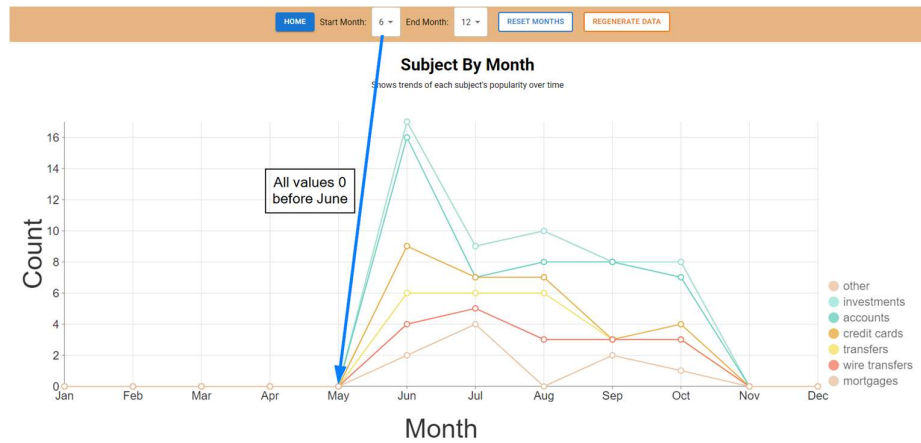
- Before clicking “REGENERATE DATA”:



- After (note differences in charts):



- All charts can be filtered to a specific month range, using dropdowns in the navbar. All charts immediately adjust upon month selections.



Challenges throughout development:

- Data manipulation: due to the complex nature of the data being visualized, the SQL queries and JS code that further manipulated the data into the exact format the charts required were a good challenge
- API self-interaction in some instances, the API calls other requests within itself