

CS224N as written

(a) if w is an outside word, $y_w = 1$
and if w is not an outside word, $y_w = 0$
 $\therefore \text{let } \hat{y}_w = -\sum_{w \in \mathcal{O}} \log(\hat{y}_w) = -\log(\hat{y}_0)$

(b)
$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \left(-\log \frac{\exp(u_0^T v_c)}{\sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} \right)$$
$$= \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} (-u_0^T v_c)}_{\text{term 1}} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \left(\log \sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c) \right)}_{\text{term 2}}$$

term 1 = $-u_0^T$

term 2 =
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \left(\sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c) \right)$$

=
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_x^T v_c) \cdot u_x^T$$

=
$$\sum_{x \in \mathcal{W}} \frac{\exp(u_x^T v_c)}{\sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} u_x^T$$

$p(x=c | c=c)$

=
$$\sum_{x \in \mathcal{W}} p(x=c) u_x^T$$

=
$$\sum_{x \in \mathcal{W}} \hat{y}_x u_x^T$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = -u_0^T + \sum_{x \in \mathcal{W}} \hat{y}_x u_x^T = -u_0^T + \hat{\mathbf{y}} \mathbf{U}^T$$

$$(c) \frac{\partial J}{\partial u_w} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} (-u_0^T v_0) + \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} \left(\log \sum_{w \in W} \exp(u_w^T v_0) \right)$$

$$\textcircled{1} w=0;$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_0} = -v_0^T + \hat{y}_0 v_0^T \quad \hat{y}_0 = p(0|v)$$

$$\textcircled{2} w \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_w} = \hat{y}_w v_0^T \quad \hat{y}_w = p(w|v)$$

$$(d) \frac{\partial J}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial u_1}, \frac{\partial J}{\partial u_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial J}{\partial u_{|V_0|}}$$

$$= \hat{y}_1 v_0^T, \hat{y}_2 v_0^T, \dots, -v_0^T + \hat{y}_0 v_0^T, \dots, -v_0^T + \hat{y}_{|V_0|} v_0^T$$

$$(e) f'(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(f) f'(x) = \frac{(e^x + 1)e^x - e^x \cdot e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2} = \frac{e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2} = \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} \left(1 - \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} \right)$$

$$= \sigma(x) (1 - \sigma(x))$$

$$(g) \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \left[-\log(\sigma(u_0^T v_c)) \right] - \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \sum_{s=1}^k \log(\sigma(-u_{w_s}^T v_c))$$

→ term 1
→ term 2

$$\text{term 1} = - \frac{1}{\sigma(u_0^T v_c)} \cdot \sigma(u_0^T v_c) [1 - \sigma(u_0^T v_c)] \cdot u_0^T$$

$$= [\sigma(u_0^T v_c) - 1] \cdot u_0^T$$

$$\sigma(x) + \sigma(-x) = 1$$

$$\text{term 2} = - \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \sum_{s=1}^k \log(\sigma(-u_{w_s}^T v_c))$$

$$= - \sum_{s=1}^k \frac{1}{\sigma(-u_{w_s}^T v_c)} \cdot \sigma(-u_{w_s}^T v_c) [1 - \sigma(-u_{w_s}^T v_c)] (-u_{w_s}^T)$$

$$= + \sum_{s=1}^k \sigma(u_{w_s}^T v_c) (+u_{w_s}^T)$$

(num,)

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = [\sigma(u_0^T v_c) - 1] u_0^T + \sum_{s=1}^k \sigma(u_{w_s}^T v_c) u_{w_s}^T$$

(1, vec)

$$\frac{\sigma(u_{w_s}^T v_c) \cdot u_{w_s}^T}{(\text{idx}, \text{vec}) (\text{vec},)}$$

(idx,) (idx, vec)

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_0} = [\sigma(u_0^T v_c) - 1] v_c^T$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_{w_s}} = \sigma(u_{w_s}^T v_c) v_c^T$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{dJ}{d\log} \cdot \frac{d\log}{d(u_k^T v_o)} \leftarrow \text{reuse part.}$$

(iii) The derivative of sigmoid can be written in terms of sigmoid (?).

$$(h) \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial u_{ws}} = \hat{i} \cdot \sum_{\substack{l \in J \neq k \\ w_l = ws}} \sigma(u_w \cdot v_o) v_o^T \quad (\hat{i} = \# \text{ of } w_j = ws \text{ in } K \text{ words})$$

$$(i) \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial u} = \sum_{\substack{m \in J \neq m \\ j \neq 0}} \frac{\partial J(v_o, w_{t+j}, u)}{\partial u}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_o} = \sum_{\substack{m \in J \neq m \\ j \neq 0}} \frac{\partial J(v_o, w_{t+j}, u)}{\partial v_o}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_w} = 0.$$

Observation:

man and woman are close > strange.
 male and female are not
 = "king-queen" is parallel to "male-female"