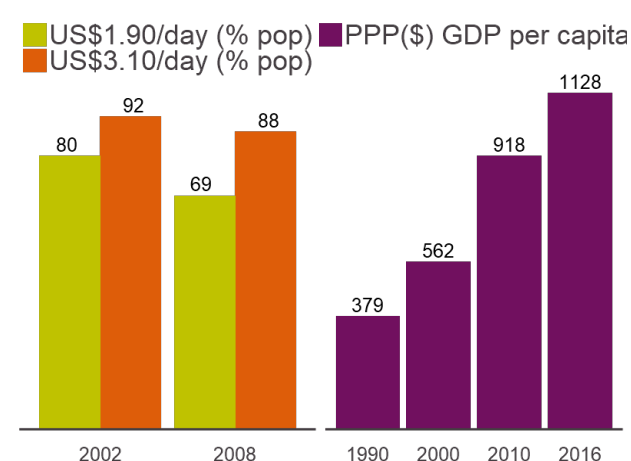


Mozambique

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ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY

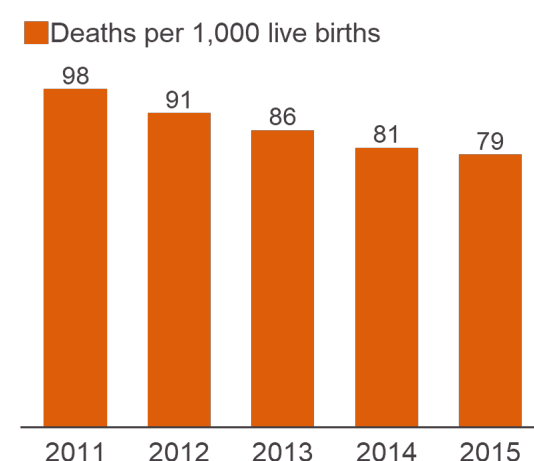
Poverty rates and GDP



Source: World Bank 2015.

Note: PPP = purchasing power parity.

Under-5 mortality rate



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2014.

Income inequality

Gini index score*	Gini index rank**	Year
45	115	2008

Source: World Bank 2015.

Notes: *0 = perfect equality, **100 = perfect inequality. The countries with a Gini index are ranked from most equal (1) to most unequal (145).

Population

Population (000)	29,669	2017
Under-5 population (000)	5,047	2017
Urban (%)	33	2017
>65 years (000)	15,381	2017

Source: 2015 projections from UNPD 2013.

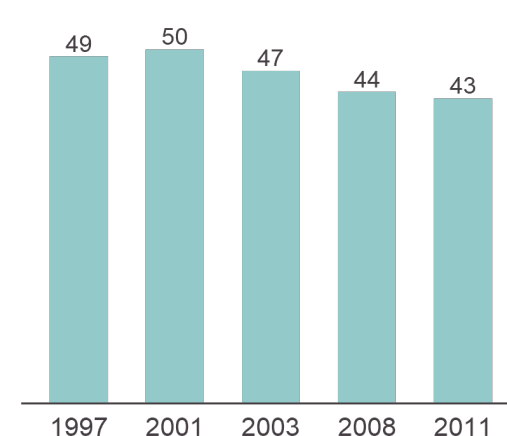
CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

Child anthropometry

Number of children under 5 affected (thousands)		
Stunting ¹	1,916	2011
Wasting ¹	271	2011
Overweight ¹	351	2011
Percentage of children under 5 affected		
Wasting ¹	6	2011
Severe wasting ¹	2	2011
Overweight ¹	8	2011
Low birth weight ²	16	2011

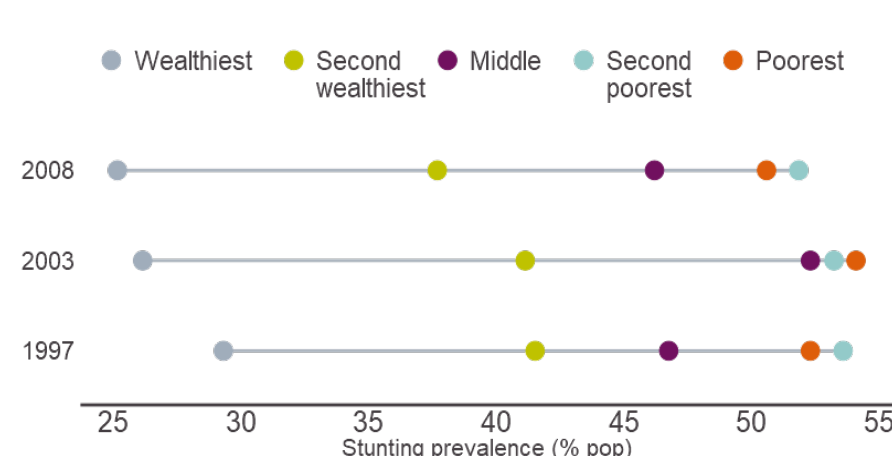
Source: UNICEF/WHO/WB 2015;¹ UNICEF 2015.²

Prevalence of stunting among children under 5 (%)



Source: UNICEF/WHO/WB 2015.

Changes in stunting prevalence over time, by wealth quintile



Source: DHS surveys 1990–2011 adapted from Bredenkamp et al. 2014.

ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

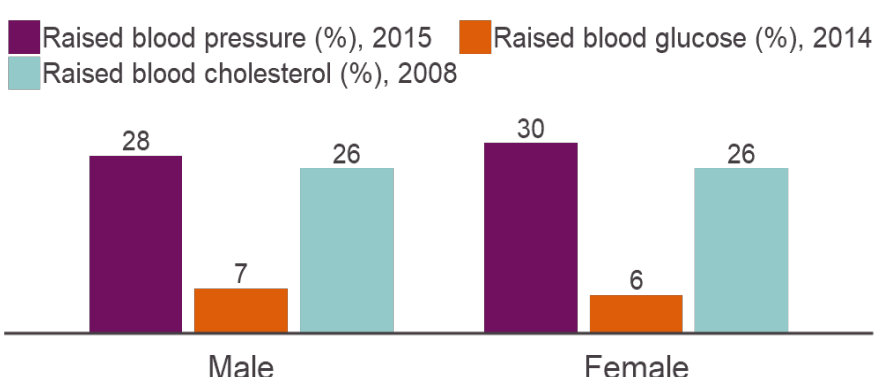
Adolescent and adult anthropometry (% population)

Adolescent overweight ¹	NA	NA
Adolescent obesity ¹	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, thinness ²	9	2011
Women of reproductive age, short stature ²	4	2011

Source: WHO 2015;¹ DHS 2015.²

Note: NA: not available.

Metabolic risk factors for diet-related noncommunicable diseases, 2008 (%)



Source: WHO 2014.

Micronutrient status of population

Women of reproductive age with anaemia ¹		
Total population affected (thousands of people)	3,387	2016
Total population affected (%)	51	2016
Vitamin A deficiency in children 6–59 months old (%) ²	55	2013
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 5–19 years old) ³	Mild iodine deficiency	1998

Source: WHO 2015;¹ Stevens et al. 2015;² WHO 2004.³

Prevalence of adult overweight and obesity, 2014 (%)

Source: WHO 2015.
Note: BMI: body mass index.

WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY INDICATORS: PROGRESS AGAINST GLOBAL WHA TARGETS

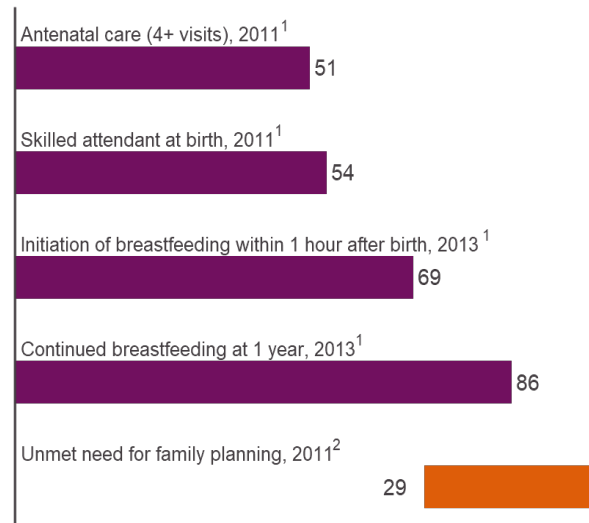
Under-5 stunting, 2011 ^a	Under-5 wasting, 2011 ^b	Under-5 overweight, 2011 ^a	WRA Anemia, 2016 ^b	EBF, 2013 ^a
NA	NA	NA	No progress or worsening	Some progress
Adult female obesity, 2017 ^a	Adult male obesity, 2017 ^a	Adult female diabetes, 2017 ^a	Adult male diabetes, 2017 ^a	
Off course	Off course	Off course	Off course	

Source: Definitions of progress developed by the Global Nutrition Report's Independent Expert Group with guidance from WHO/UNICEF;¹ WHO 2014.²

Notes: Currently it is only possible to determine whether a country is on or off course for five of the six WHA targets. The year refers to the most recent data available; on/off-course calculation is based on trend data. WRA: women of reproductive age. EBF: exclusive breastfeeding.

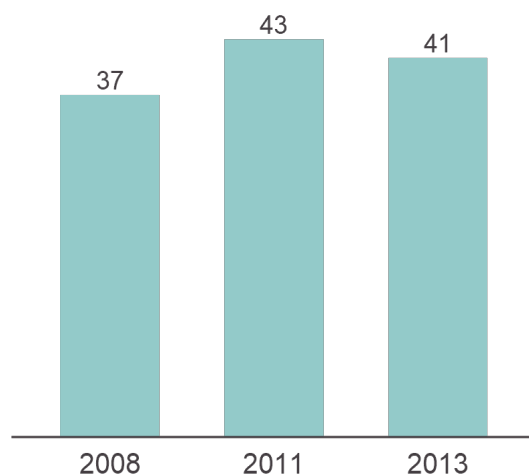
INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES

Continuum of care (%)



Source: UNICEF 2015;¹ UNDP 2015.²

Rate of exclusive breastfeeding of infants under 6 months (%)



Source: UNICEF 2015.

Intervention coverage (%)

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage ¹	27	2012
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage ²	99	2014
Children under 5 with diarrhoea receiving ORS ²	55	2011
Immunisation coverage, DTP3 ²	78	2013
Iodised salt consumption ²	25	2009

Source: UNICEF/Coverage Monitoring Network/ACF International 2012;¹ UNICEF 2015.²

Note: ORS: oral rehydration salts; DTP3: 3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus/pertussis vaccine.

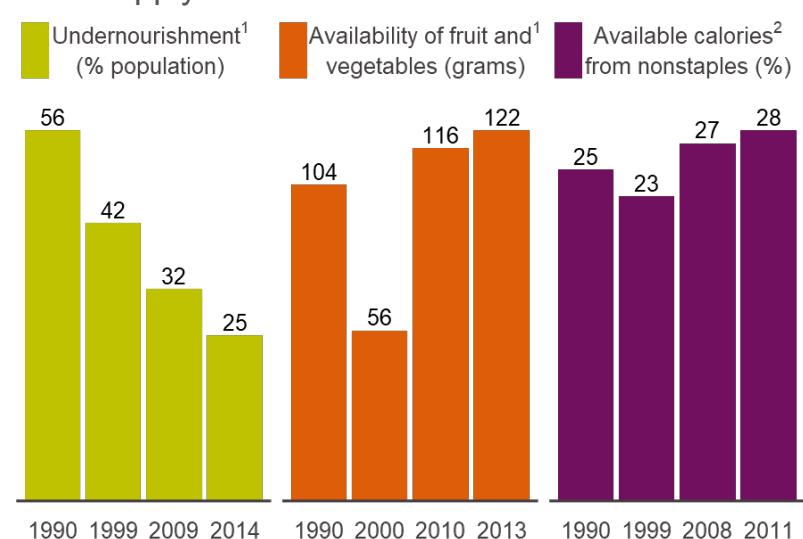
Infant and young-child (6–23 months) feeding practices (%)

Minimum acceptable diet	11	2013
Minimum dietary diversity	30	2013

Source: UNICEF 2015.

UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS

Food supply



Source: FAOSTAT 2015;¹ FAOSTAT 2014.²

Gender-related determinants

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) ¹	40	2011
Gender Inequality Index (score*) ²	0.57	2015
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) ²	139	2015

Source: UNICEF 2015;¹ UNDP 2014.²

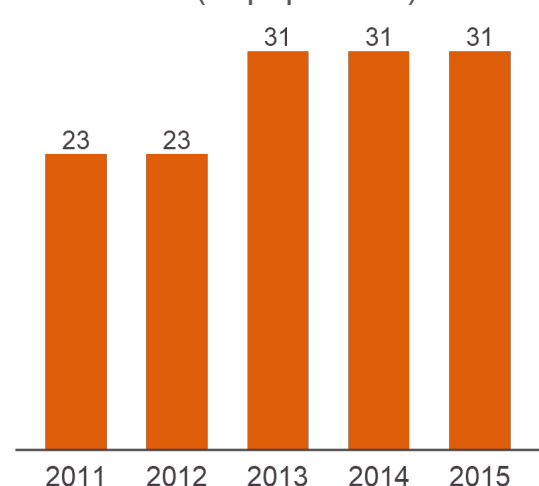
Note: *0: low inequality, 1: high inequality.

Population density of health workers per 1,000 people

Physicians	0.06	2013
Nurses and midwives	0.4	2013
Community health workers	0.05	2013

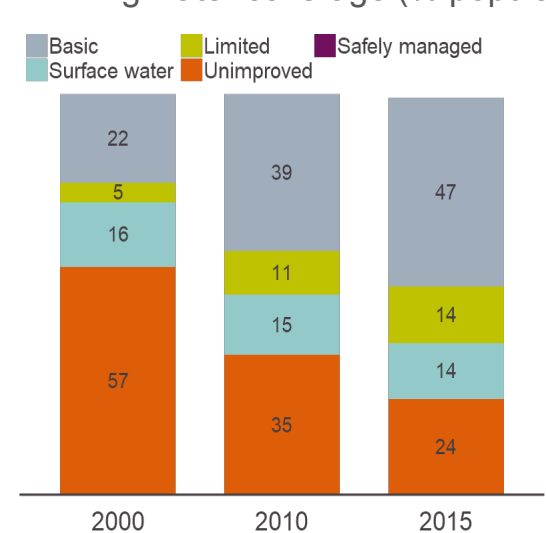
Source: WHO 2015.

Female secondary education enrollment (% population)



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2015.

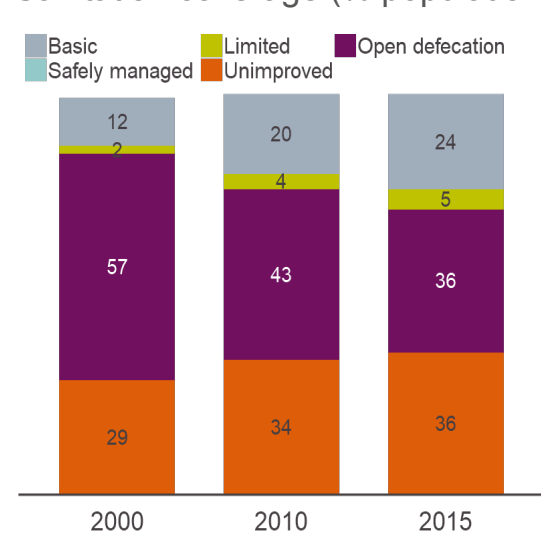
Drinking water coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP 2015.

Note: Due to rounding, numbers might not add up to 100.

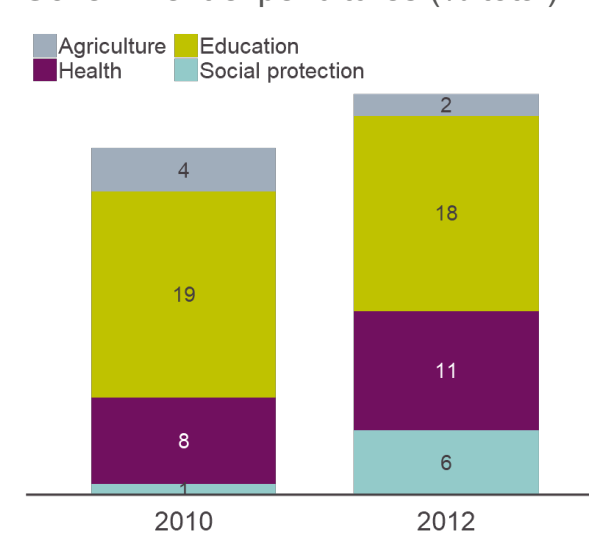
Sanitation coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP 2015.

Note: Due to rounding, numbers might not add up to 100.

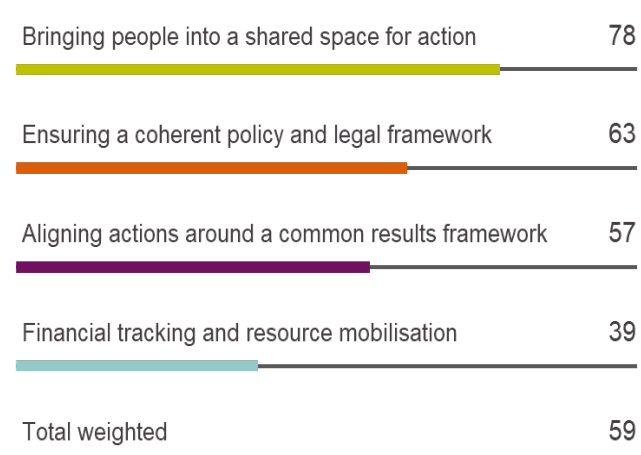
Government expenditures (% total)



Source: IFPRI 2015.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN) country institutional transformations, 2014 (%)



Source: SUN 2014.

For complete source information: <http://globalnutritionreport.org/the-report/technical-notes>

Policy and legislative provisions

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes ¹	Full provisions in law	2016
Extent of constitutional right to food ²	Medium	2003
Maternity protection (Convention 183) ³	No	2011
Wheat fortification legislation ⁴	Planning	2015
Undernutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies ⁵	19	2015-2019
Overnutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies ⁵	44	2015-2019

Source: UNICEF 2014;¹ FAO 2003;² ILO 2013;³ FFI 2015;⁴ IDS 2015.⁵

Availability and stage of implementation of guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of NCDs

All major NCDs	No	2015
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Source: WHO 2014.

Note: NCDs: noncommunicable diseases.