

explore key data on the P20 select your region:



Africa

Northern Africa	
Algeria	>
Egypt	>
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	>
Morocco	>
Tunisia	>
Western Sahara	>
Sub-Saharan Africa	
Eastern Africa	
Burundi	
Comoros	
Djibouti	
Eritrea	
Ethiopia	
Kenya	
Madagascar	
Malawi	
Mauritius	
Mayotte	
Mozambique	
Réunion	
Rwanda	
Somalia	
Sudana	
Uganda	
United Republic of Tanzania	
Zambia	
Zimbabwe	
Middle Africa	
Angola	
Cameroon	
Central African Republic	
Chad	
Congo	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	
Equatorial Guinea	
Gabon	
Sao Tome and Principe	
Southern Africa	
Botswana	
Lesotho	
Namibia	
South Africa	
Swaziland	
Western Africa	
Benin	•
Burkina Faso	
Câte d'Ivoire	
Corebia	
Gambia Ghana Guinea	

Liberia Mali Mauritania

Niger Nigeria

Notes

Senegal

Togo

Sierra Leone

Sudan is included in Northern Africa for the analysis presented in Chapter 1 – Population and families, and Chapter 3 – Education.

P20 profile: [COUNTRY NAME]

Agenda 2030 includes the specific commitment to Leave No One Behind. Together with Sustainable Development Goal 10 to reduce inequality, this requires faster than average progress for the poorest. The test is whether the gap between the poorest 20% of people (the P20) and everyone else is reducing or getting wider. The P20 Initiative uses data to show whether the poorest 20%

of people are getting their fair share of attention, investment and opportunity. It uses three bellwether indicators of progress: income, nutrition and civil registration and it promotes all data being disaggregated by Income Quintile, Gender, Geography, Age and Disability. This profile provides key available data about the status of the P20 in [COUNTRY NAME].

the poorest 20% of the world's population – the global P20. That is [X]% of the total population

and they live on less than \$2.54 a day.

The P20 in [COUNTRY NAME]

[XX] people in [COUNTRY NAME] are among

The national P20 – the poorest 20% of people within [COUNTRY NAME] – live on between \$[XX] and \$[XX] a day compared with an average \$[XX] for the rest of the population.

Source: Development Initiatives based on PovcalNet¹

In 2000 the gap between the P20 and everyone

Income

else in [COUNTRY NAME] was \$[0.00] and in 2013 it was \$[0.00]

Benin consumption trends \$90

average daily consumption per person, USD 2011 PPP \$60

\$40 \$30

\$20

\$10



of the rest of the population.

In [COUNTRY NAME], [X] % of under five year

olds experienced stunting. In the P20 [xx]% experienced stunting compared with [XX] %

\$90

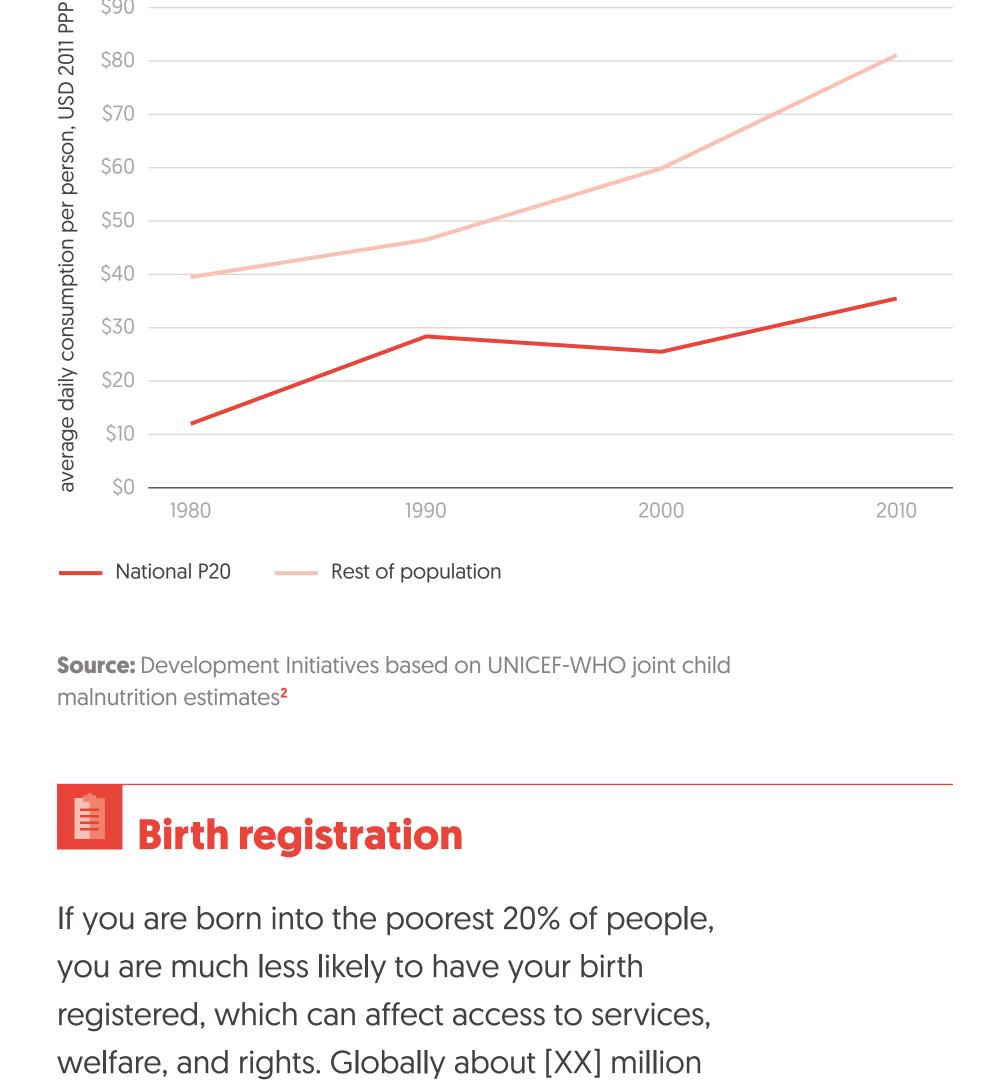
\$40

\$30

\$20

\$60

Benin consumption trends



\$90 average daily consumption per person, USD 2011 PPP

people have not had their births registered.

In [COUNTRY NAME] [XX]% of births in the P20

are registered compared [XX] % in the rest of

\$50 \$40

Benin consumption trends

the population.

\$60

\$30

\$20

\$10

1980

Education

Benin consumption trends

life chances.

\$90

\$80

\$70

\$60

\$50

\$40

\$30

\$20

\$10

\$20

\$10

\$0

die earlier.

population.

\$90

\$70

Benin consumption trends

1980

Health

Source: Demographic Health Surveys (DHS)

National P20

1980

Education is fundamental to a person's

In [COUNTRY NAME] [xx]% of people have

completed secondary school education.

— Rest of population National P20 Birth registration rates in [COUNTRY NAME] have [increased/decreased] Source: Development Initiatives based on World Bank World Development Indicators: Completeness of birth registration %3

1990

2000

2010

average daily consumption per person, USD 2011 PPP

Benin consumption trends

Rest of population National P20 [XX]% of people in the P20 have completed a secondary education compared with [XX]% of the rest of the population. \$90 average daily consumption per person, USD 2011 PPP \$80 \$70 \$60 \$50 \$40 \$30

1990

2000

2000

2010

2010

In [COUNTRY NAME] the Under Five Mortality rate is [XX]% The under five mortality rate among the P20 is [XX]% compared with [XX]% the rest of the

Poor health plays a major part in keeping people

likely to suffer from preventable diseases and to

in poverty. If you are among the P20 you are more

1990

Rest of population

average daily consumption per person, USD 2011 PPP \$40 \$30 \$20

1990

Rest of population

\$60 \$50

\$10

1980

National P20

Source: Development Initiatives based on Demographic Health Surveys (DHS)

If you would like more information

Year of latest available data: 2013 (2011 \$PPP)

Based on latest available data which varies between countries – see original source

Based on latest available data which varies between countries – see original source



2010

2000