# CSC3511: TCP Wireshark

Name:							
1. HTTP Packet Analysis							
<ol> <li>Fire up Wireshark and start capturing. Browse to a webpage (e.g. http://httpvshttps.com).</li> <li>Filter with the http filter and select the first packet in the request. Turn off auto-scroll.</li> <li>Now clear the http filter and press ENTER — the same packet should remain selected.</li> <li>If helpful, right-click on the packet and select Follow → TCP Stream to isolate packets for that connection.</li> <li>You may also use a filter like:</li> </ol>							
ip.addr == 45.33.7.16							
a. TCP Ports  Identify where the TCP source and destination ports appear within the hexadecimal shorthand packet data.  Look at a TCP connection to a web server.							
Write the destination port (on the server) in: - Decimal: 80 - Hexadecimal: 0x50							
b. (If you have time) TCP Sequence and Acknowledgement Numbers							
Identify the $\mathbf{TCP}$ sequence number and acknowledgement number in your packet.							
Write these numbers (in hexadecimal only): - Sequence number: 0 - Acknowledgement number: 0							
c. (If you have time) Maximum TCP Source Port							
Determine the <b>maximum value</b> of the TCP source port.							

**Answer:** 65535

Source

d. (If you have time) Maximum TCP Sequence Number Determine, approximately, the maximum value of the TCP sequence number. **Answer:** 4,294,967,295 =  $(2^{32} - 1)$ 2. SYN and ACK Messages a. Identify the **SYN** packet sent from the client to the server. Sequence number: 0 b. (If you have time) Identify the SYN packet sent from the server to the client in response. Does the packet have the SYN value you expect? **Answer:** Yes. The server replied with SYN + ACK (0x012) c. (If you have time) Identify the second packet from the client to the server. Does it have the SYN and ACK values you expect? Answer: Yes. The second packet from the client has only the ACK flag set (0x010), which is expected. This confirms the final step of the TCP three-way handshake — the client acknowledges the server's SYN + ACK. d. (If you have time) Identify the SYN and ACK fields within the TCP header. Repeat the above exercises considering the actual values rather than Wireshark's interpreted ones. Answer: e. (If you have time) Can you see any other **TCP packets** to the same server? **Answer:** Yes, there is one HTTP GET request, an ACK to that request, one

HTTP GET response, and one ACK to that response.

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Frame 5523: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on
Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_56:b7:d1 (6c:03:09:56:b7:d1), Dst: ASUSTekCOMPU_t
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 45.33.7.16, Dst: 10.108.100.157
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 44301, Seq: 0, Ack
   Source Port: 80
   Destination Port: 44301
   [Stream index: 47]
   [Stream Packet Number: 2]
 ▶ [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
   Sequence Number: 0
                        (relative sequence number)
   Sequence Number (raw): 1575217945
   [Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]
   Acknowledgment Number: 1
                              (relative ack number)
   Acknowledgment number (raw): 2192435735
   1000 .... = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)
  Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)
   Window: 32120
   [Calculated window size: 32120]
   Checksum: 0xeb2e [unverified]
   [Checksum Status: Unverified]
   Urgent Pointer: 0
 ▶ Options: (12 bytes), Maximum segment size, No-Operation (NOP), No-Oper
   [Timestamps]
   [SEQ/ACK analysis]
```

Figure 1: image

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Frame 5524: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on
Ethernet II, Src: ASUSTekCOMPU_b3:51:8d (10:7c:61:b3:51:8d), Dst: Cisco_5
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.108.100.157, Dst: 45.33.7.16
▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 44301, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack
    Source Port: 44301
    Destination Port: 80
     [Stream index: 47]
     [Stream Packet Number: 3]
  ▶ [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
     [TCP Segment Len: 0]
     Sequence Number: 1
                           (relative sequence number)
     Sequence Number (raw): 2192435735
     [Next Sequence Number: 1
                               (relative sequence number)]
     Acknowledgment Number: 1
                               (relative ack number)
     Acknowledgment number (raw): 1575217946
     0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
  ▶ Flags: 0x010 (ACK)
     Window: 1026
     [Calculated window size: 262656]
     [Window size scaling factor: 256]
     Checksum: 0xa577 [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
    Urgent Pointer: 0
  ▶ [Timestamps]
  | [SEQ/ACK analysis]
```

Figure 2: image

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▼ Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)

000. ... = Reserved: Not set

...0 ... = Accurate ECN: Not set

...0. ... = Congestion Window Reduced: Not set

...0. ... = ECN-Echo: Not set

...0. ... = Urgent: Not set

...1 ... = Acknowledgment: Set

...0. = Push: Not set

...0. = Reset: Not set

...0. = Reset: Not set
```

Figure 3: image

N							Protocol Length	
	551	3 13.396019	10.108.100.157	44301	45.33.7.16	80	TCP	66 44301 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM
	552	3 13.419665	45.33.7.16	88	10.108.100.157	44301	TCP	66 80 → 44301 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM WS=128
	552	4 13.419697	10.108.100.157	44301	45.33.7.16	80	TCP	54 44301 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=262656 Len=0
	552	7 13.419850	10.108.100.157	44301	45.33.7.16	80	HTTP	484 GET / HTTP/1.1
	553	5 13.443577	45.33.7.16	80	10.108.100.157	44301	TCP	60 80 → 44301 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=431 Win=31872 Len=0
	553	6 13.443951	45.33.7.16	88	10.108.100.157	44301	HTTP	411 HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently (text/html)
	554	8 13 483735	10.108.100.157	44391	45.33.7.16	80	TCP	54 44391 → 89 [ACK] Seq=431 Ack=358 Win=262499 Len=9

Figure 4: image

### f. (If you have time)

Explore the **other fields** in the packet.

#### Questions you have about them:

- What are the other flags? (Reserved, Accurate, Urgent, etc)

## 3. TCP with Stop-and-Wait

Fill in the blanks in the following TCP stream. (The numbers are above the arrows they describe.)

## 5. TCP with Pipelined Sliding Window

Fill in the blanks below.

(The numbers are above the arrows they describe.)

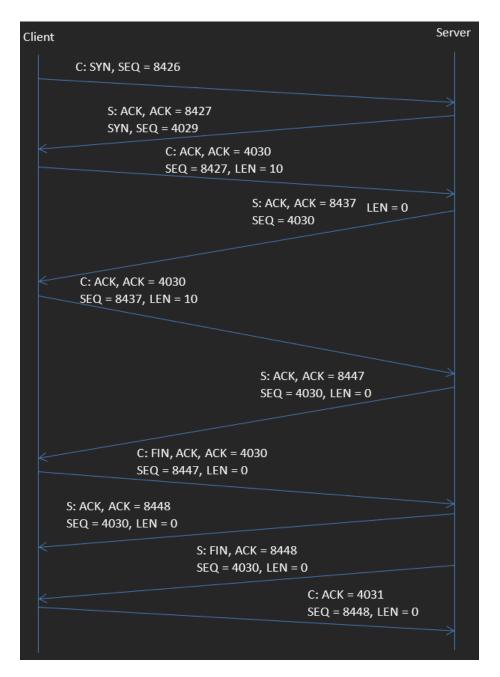


Figure 5: image

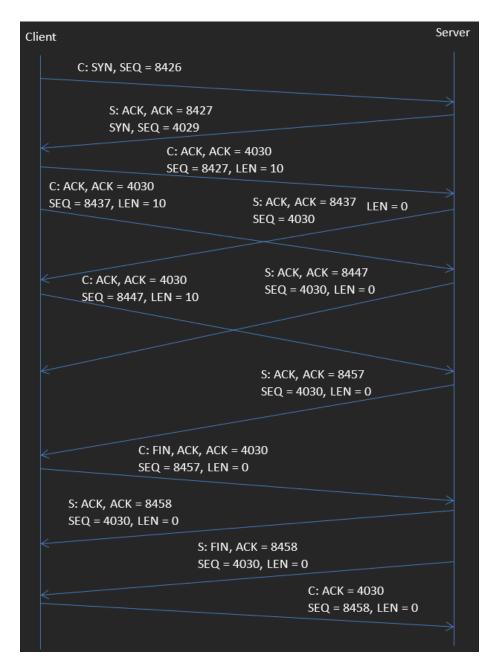


Figure 6: image