### Real-Time Go

Experiences in using Go in a real-time environment



Andreas Krennmair, travel audience GmbH

# What is "Real-Time", anyway?

"A real-time system is one that must process information and produce a response within a specified time, else risk severe consequences, including failure."

"Any information processing activity or system which has to respond to externally generated input stimuli within a finite and specified period."

# "Finite and specified period": deadline

### Hard real-time

missing deadline means a catastrophic system failure

## Firm real-time

Occasional deadline misses are tolerable, but degrade overall service quality, and the result is not useful

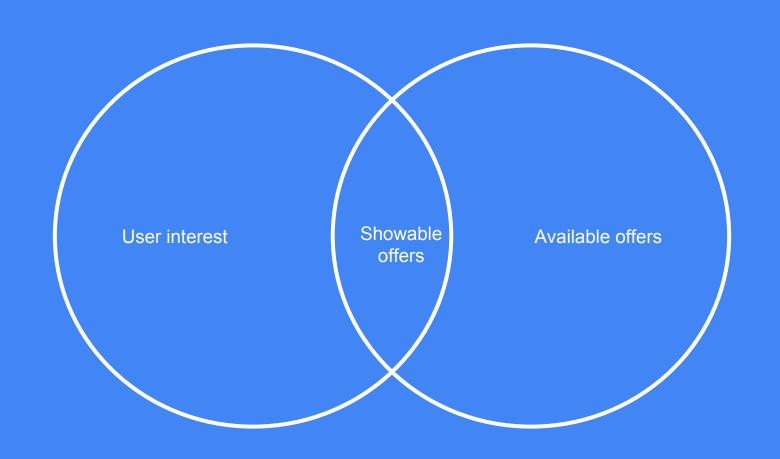
## Soft real-time

The usefulness of a result degrades after the deadline, thereby degrading overall service quality

## Real-Time Bidding

Fully automated second-price auctions for individual ad impressions, with strict deadlines of typically 100 to 120 ms

## travel audience an amadeus company



One SSP (Google) Two Servers 2000 QPS memcached for data

# Internal deadline + network RTT < SSP deadline (75 ms + 17 ms < 100 ms)

```
resp := findOffers(req)
sendResponse(resp)
```

```
resultChan := findOffers(req)
select {
case <-time.After(75 * time.Millisecond):
    sendResponse(newEmptyBidResponse())
case resp := <-resultChan:
    sendResponse(resp)
}</pre>
```

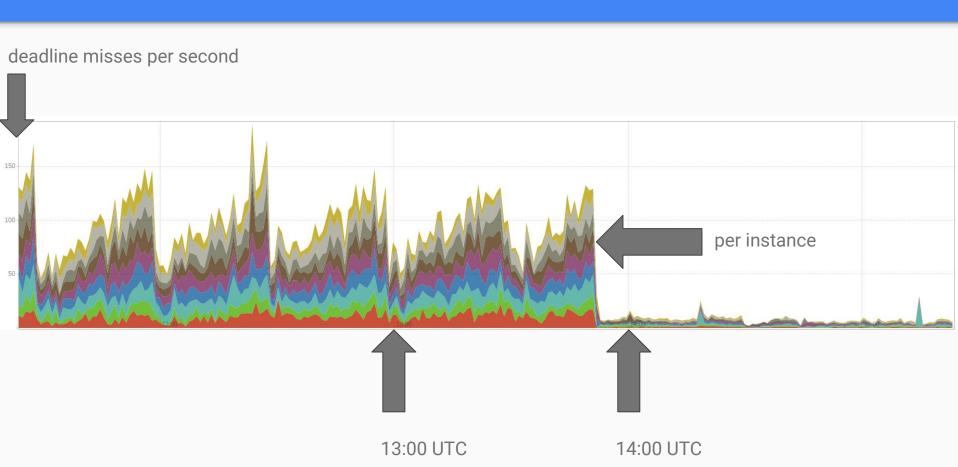
# memcached MongoDB

```
defer func(t0 time.Time) {
   log.Printf("took %s", time.Since(t0))
}(time.Now())
```

# github.com/golang/glog caused lock contention

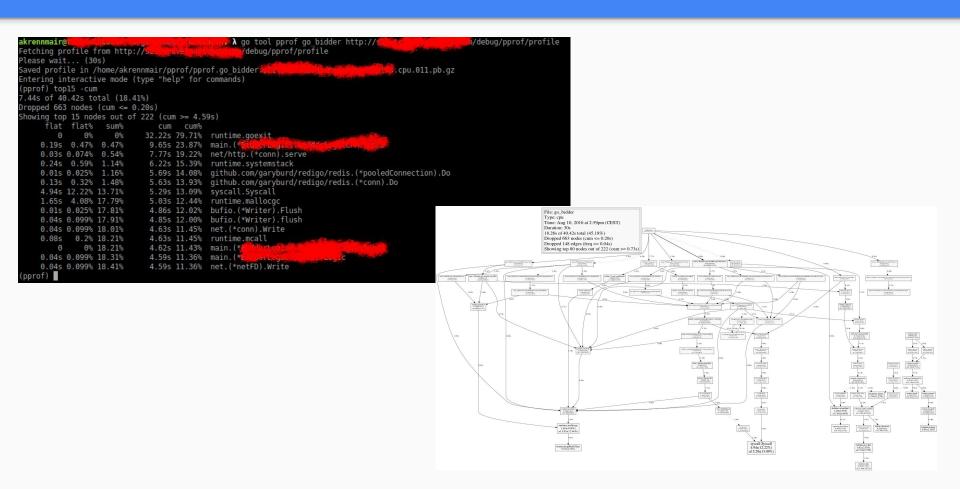
# MongoDB Redis

#### A rather impressive drop in deadline misses

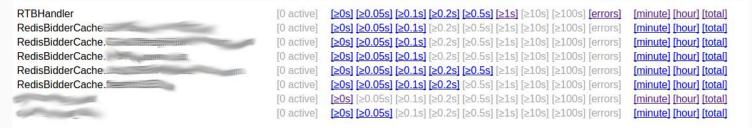


# Prometheus Grafana

#### pprof

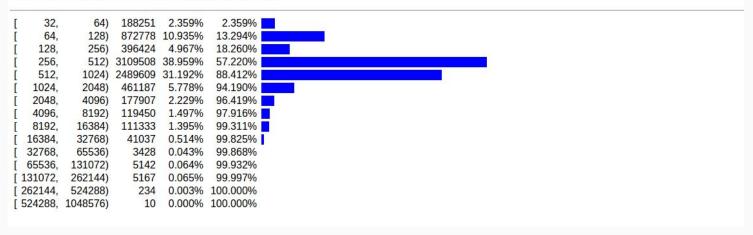


#### /x/net/trace



#### Latency (µs) of RTBHandler over last hour

Count: 7981465 Mean: 1131 StdDev: 7231 Median: 465



## Garbage collector

Go 1.2: alright...
Go 1.3: faster! Less latency!

But is it real-time?

- Guarantee certain amount of mutator utilization in a given time window
- 2. Account precisely for all mutator interruptions
- 3. Ensure space bounds are not exceeded

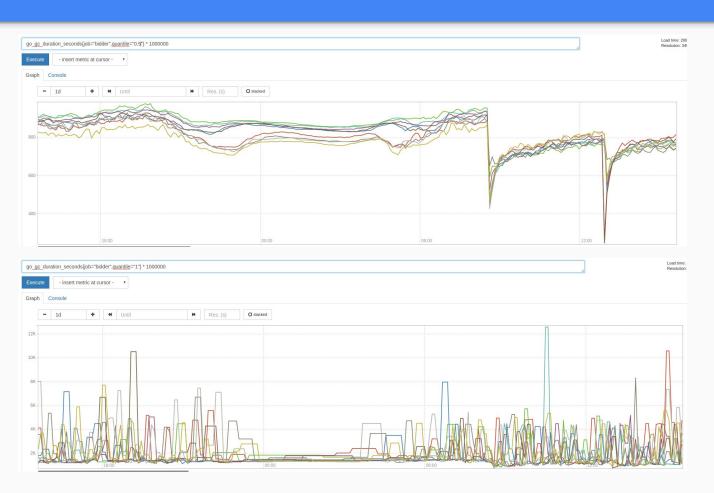
### Go 1.5

Goal: 40 ms mutator utilization per 50 ms time window

## Practical experience:

Pacing runs GC every few seconds STW interruptions in sub-millisecond range

#### Median and maximum GC pause times



#### 20000 QPS

- 9 servers, with LB in front
- 7 SSPs
- < 10 deadline misses per second

Practical maximum: 6500 QPS per machine

- → Understand what real-time means in your problem domain
- → Track all your metrics: valuable, cheap to do
- → Know the performance characteristics of your data store
- → Introspect & profile your system, even production: pprof & /x/net/trace FTW!
- → Know the GC's capabilities & limitations

## Thanks!

See <a href="https://goo.gl/OjFYdG">https://goo.gl/OjFYdG</a> for links & sources

(also: we hire Go developers! Just approach me after the talk)