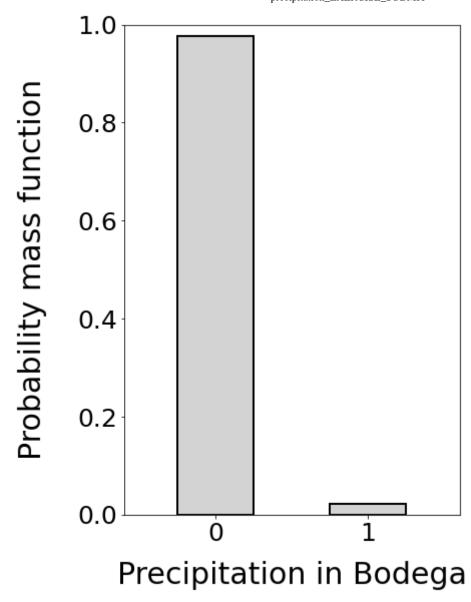
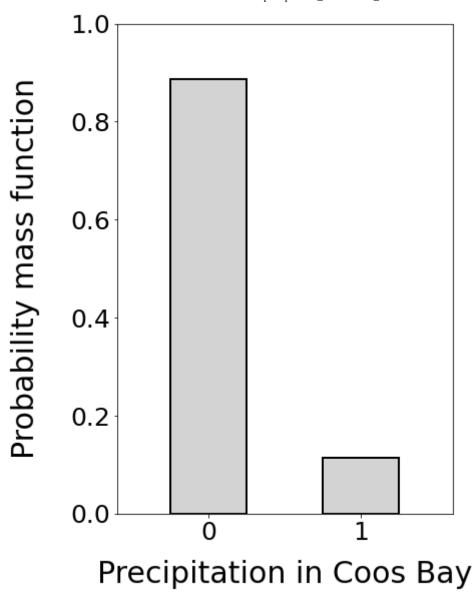
```
In [ ]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         from os import listdir
         from scipy.stats.contingency import margins
         font size = 30
         font_size_ticks = 25
         np.set_printoptions(precision=5)
         def process_name(x):
            x = x[14:]
            x = x[:-7]
            x = x.translate(str.maketrans('','','_1234567890'))
             return x[2:] + ", " + x[:2]
         file_path = "./data/weather/hourly_precipitation_2015.npy"
         # data matrix contains precipitation data from 134 stations (each station is a c
         data matrix = np.load(file path)
         print(data_matrix.shape)
         print(data matrix[25:35,:10])
        (8760, 134)
        [[0. 1. 0.3 0.7 0. 0.2 1. 0.2 0. 0.4]
         [0. 0.4 0.2 0.3 0. 0.6 1.9 1.1 0.
                                             0. ]
             0.6 0. 0. 0. 0.2 0.7 1.1 0.
             0.2 0. 0. 0. 0.4 0.2 0.
         [0.
             0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.7 0. 0.
         [0.
             0. 0.6 0.2 0. 0. 0.5 0.2 0.
             0. 0.9 0.9 0. 0. 1.3 0. 0. 0.6]
         [0.
         [0. 0.3 0.6 1.2 0. 0.4 1.9 0. 0. 0.2]
         [0. 0. 0.3 0. 0. 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.
                                             0.61
                 0.5 0. 0. 0.2 0.5 0.6 0.
                                             0.311
In [ ]:
         # We select three stations to study, stations contains the corresponding indices
         # 24: Bodega, CA
         # 99: Coos Bay, OR
         # 102: Riley, OR
         stations = [24,99,102]
In [ ]:
         # Compute joint pmf of three Bernoulli random variables indicating whether it ra
         # in Bodega, Coos Bay and Riley
         def compute joint pmf(station 1,station 2,station 3,data matrix):
             # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
            data matrix[data matrix>0] = 1
             station data = (data matrix[[station 1, station 2, station 3]] > 0).astype(i
            combinations, counts = np.unique(station data, return counts = True, axis =
            counts = np.zeros((2,2,2))
             total = 0
             for hour in station data.transpose():
                 counts[hour[0], hour[1], hour[2]] += 1
                 total += 1
```

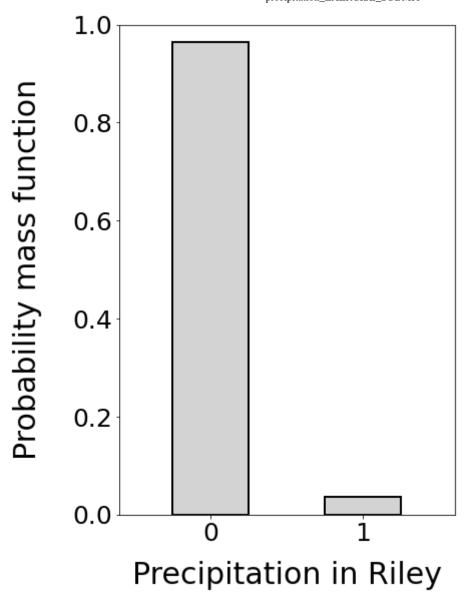
```
probabilities = counts / total
             data_matrix[data_matrix>0] = 1
             data_matrix[data_matrix<=0] = 0</pre>
             station1_data = data_matrix[:,stations[0]]
             station2_data = data_matrix[:,stations[1]]
             station3 data = data matrix[:,stations[2]]
             counts = np.zeros((2,2,2))
             for i in range(0,len(station1 data)):
                 val1 = int(station1 data[i])
                 val2 = int(station2_data[i])
                 val3 = int(station3_data[i])
                 counts[val1, val2, val3] += 1
             probabilities = np.divide(counts, len(station1 data))
             return counts, probabilities
         counts,joint_pmf = compute_joint_pmf(stations[0],stations[1],stations[2],data_ma
         print(counts)
         print(joint_pmf)
        [[[7472. 186.]
          [ 814.
                  89.]]
         [[ 88.
                   21.]
          [ 75. 15.]]
        [[[0.85297 0.02123]
          [0.09292 0.01016]]
         [[0.01005 0.0024 ]
          [0.00856 0.00171]]]
In [ ]:
         # Compute marginal pmf of each of the Bernoulli random variables
         def marginal 1 station(joint pmf):
             # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
             m0, m1, m2 = margins(joint pmf)
             return m0.flatten(), m1.flatten(), m2.flatten()
         marginal pmf 1, marginal pmf 2, marginal pmf 3 = marginal 1 station(joint pmf)
         print(marginal pmf 1)
         print(marginal pmf 2)
         print(marginal pmf 3)
         vals = [0,1]
         ymax = 1.0
         xmin = -0.6
         xmax = 1.6
         plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
         plt.bar(vals,marginal pmf 1, width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgecolor="black"
         plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
         plt.xticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
         plt.yticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
         plt.ylim([0,ymax])
```

```
plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
plt.ylabel("Probability mass function",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 30)
plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Bodega",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
# plt.savefig('plots/precipitation_marginal_pmf_1.pdf',bbox_inches="tight")
plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
plt.bar(vals,marginal_pmf_2, width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgecolor="black"
plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
plt.xticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
plt.yticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
plt.ylim([0,ymax])
plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
plt.ylabel("Probability mass function",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 30)
plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Coos Bay",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
# plt.savefig('plots/precipitation_marginal_pmf_2.pdf',bbox_inches="tight")
plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
plt.bar(vals,marginal_pmf_3, width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgecolor="black"
plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
plt.xticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
plt.yticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
plt.ylim([0,ymax])
plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
plt.ylabel("Probability mass function",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 30)
plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Riley",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
# plt.savefig('plots/precipitation_marginal_pmf_3.pdf',bbox_inches="tight")
[0.97728 0.02272]
[0.88664 0.11336]
[0.9645 0.0355]
```

```
Out[ ]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Precipitation in Riley')
```







```
In []: # Compute marginal joint pmf of each pair of the Bernoulli random variables
def marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf):
    # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
    ## Station 1 and Station 2
    station12 = [[np.sum(joint_pmf[0,0,:]), np.sum(joint_pmf[0,1,:])], [np.sum(
    ## Station 1 and Station 3
    station13 = [[np.sum(joint_pmf[0,:,0]), np.sum(joint_pmf[0,:,1])], [np.sum(
    ## Station 2 and Station 3
    station23 = [[np.sum(joint_pmf[:,0,0]), np.sum(joint_pmf[:,0,1])], [np.sum(
    return station12, station13, station23

marginal_pmf_12,marginal_pmf_13,marginal_pmf_23 = marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)
    print(marginal_pmf_12)
    print(marginal_pmf_13)
    print(marginal_pmf_23)
```

 $\hbox{\tt [[0.8742009132420091,\ 0.10308219178082191],\ [0.012442922374429224,\ 0.01027397260] }$

```
# Compute conditional pmf of each of the Bernoulli random variables given the ot
```

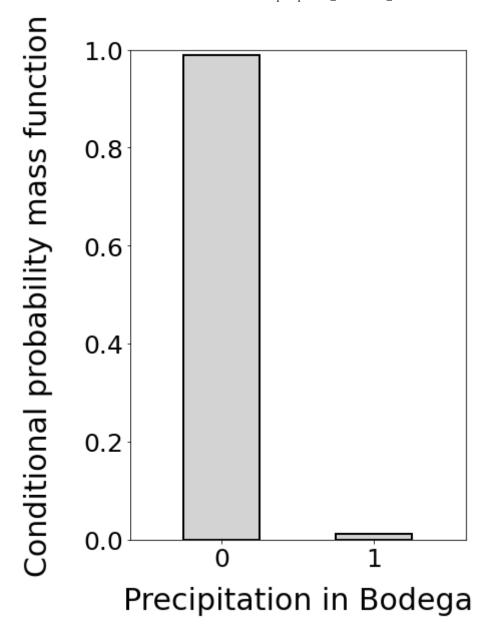
```
In [ ]:
         def conditional_1_station_given_2(joint_pmf):
             # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
             ### STATION ONE ###
             \# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
             c1_s1 = joint_pmf[0,0,0] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[2][0][0]
             c1 s1 = np.nan to num(c1 s1)
             \# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
             c2_s1 = joint_pmf[0,0,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[2][0][1]
             c2_s1 = np.nan_to_num(c2_s1)
             # C3: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
             c3_s1 = joint_pmf[0,1,0] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[2][1][0]
             c3 s1 = np.nan to num(c3 s1)
             \# C4: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
             c4 s1 = joint pmf[0,1,1] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2][1][1]
             c4\_s1 = np.nan\_to\_num(c4\_s1)
             \# C5: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
             c5 s1 = joint pmf[1,0,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2][0][0]
             c5 s1 = np.nan to num(c5 s1)
             # C6: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
             c6 s1 = joint pmf[1,0,1] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2][0][1]
             c6 s1 = np.nan to num(c6 s1)
             \# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
             c7 s1 = joint pmf[1,1,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2][1][0]
             c7 s1 = np.nan to num(c7 s1)
             # C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
             c8 s1 = joint pmf[1,1,1] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2][1][1]
             c8 s1 = np.nan to num(c8 s1)
             # c1 = [[c1 s1, c2 s1, c3 s1, c4 s1], [c5 s1, c6 s1, c7 s1, c8 s1]]
             c1 = [[[c1\_s1, c5\_s1], [c2\_s1, c6\_s1]], [[c3\_s1, c7\_s1], [c4\_s1, c8\_s1]]]
             \#c1 = np.zeros((2,2))
             \#c1[0,0] = [c1 \ s1, \ c5 \ s1]
             \#c1[0,1] = [c2 \ s1, \ c6 \ s1]
             \#c1[1,0] = [c3 \ s1, \ c7 \ s1]
             \#c1[1,1] = [c4 s1, c8 s1]
             ### STATION TWO ###
             \# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
             c1 s2 = joint pmf[0,0,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[1][0][0]
```

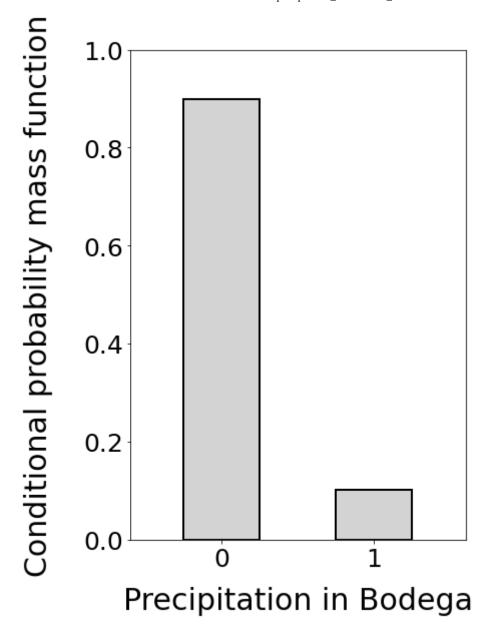
```
c1_s2 = np.nan_to_num(c1_s2)
\# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c2_s2 = joint_pmf[0,0,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][0][1]
c2_s2 = np.nan_to_num(c2_s2)
\# C3: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c3 s2 = joint pmf[1,0,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[1][1][0]
c3_s2 = np.nan_to_num(c3_s2)
\# C4: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c4_s2 = joint_pmf[1,0,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][1][1]
c4\_s2 = np.nan\_to\_num(c4\_s2)
\# C5: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c5_s2 = joint_pmf[0,1,0] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][0][0]
c5\_s2 = np.nan\_to\_num(c5\_s2)
\# C6: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c6_s2 = joint_pmf[0,1,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][0][1]
c6\_s2 = np.nan\_to\_num(c6\_s2)
\# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c7_s2 = joint_pmf[1,1,0] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][1][0]
c7_s2 = np.nan_to_num(c7_s2)
\# C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c8_s2 = joint_pmf[1,1,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1][1][1]
c8\_s2 = np.nan\_to\_num(c8\_s2)
\#c2 = [[c1 \ s2, \ c2 \ s2, \ c3 \ s2, \ c4 \ s2], \ [c5 \ s2, \ c6 \ s2, \ c7 \ s2, \ c8 \ s2]]
c2 = [[[c1\_s2, c5\_s2], [c2\_s2, c6\_s2]], [[c3\_s2, c7\_s2], [c4\_s2, c8\_s2]]]
### STATION THREE ###
\# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c1_s3 = joint_pmf[0,0,0] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[0][0][0]
c1 s3 = np.nan to num(c1 s3)
\# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c2 s3 = joint pmf[0,1,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0][0][1]
c2 s3 = np.nan to num(c2 s3)
\# C3: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c3 s3 = joint pmf[1,0,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0][1][0]
c3_s3 = np.nan_to_num(c3_s3)
\# C4: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c4 s3 = joint pmf[1,1,0] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0][1][1]
c4 s3 = np.nan to num(c4 s3)
\# C5: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c5 \ s3 = joint pmf[0,0,1] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0][0][0]
c5 s3 = np.nan to num(c5 s3)
# C6: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c6_s3 = joint_pmf[0,1,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[0][0][1]
c6 s3 = np.nan to num(c6 s3)
\# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
```

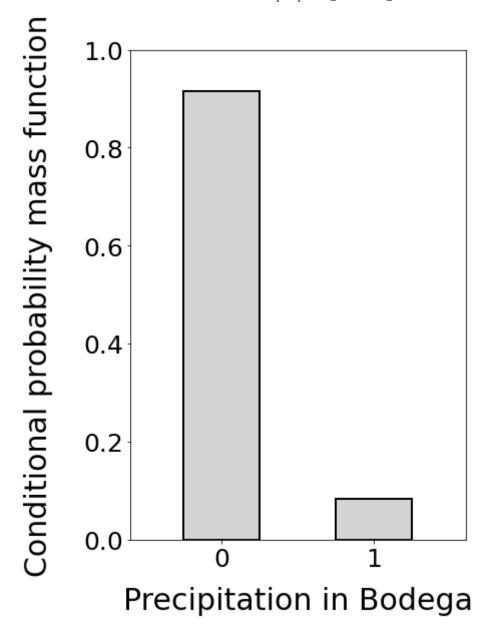
```
c7 	ext{ s3} = joint pmf[1,0,1] / marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0][1][0]
   c7_s3 = np.nan_to_num(c7_s3)
    # C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
   c8_s3 = joint_pmf[1,1,1] / marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[0][1][1]
   c8\_s3 = np.nan\_to\_num(c8\_s3)
    # c3 = [[c1 s3, c2 s3, c3 s3, c4 s3], [c5 s3, c6 s3, c7 s3, c8 s3]]
   c3 = [[[c1_s3, c5_s3], [c2_s3, c6_s3]], [[c3_s3, c7_s3], [c4_s3, c8_s3]]]
   return c1, c2, c3
   ## 1 Given 23
    numerator1 = joint_pmf[1,:,:]
    denom1 = marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[2]
   c 1 23 = np.divide(numerator1, denom1)
   ## 2 Given 13
   numerator2 = joint_pmf[:,1,:]
   denom2 = marginal_2_stations(joint_pmf)[1]
   c_2_13 = np.divide(numerator2, denom2)
   ## 3 Given 12
   numerator3 = joint_pmf[:,:,1]
   denom3 = marginal 2 stations(joint pmf)[0]
   c 3 12 = np.divide(numerator2, denom2)
   return c 1 23, c 2 13, c 3 12
cond_1_given_23 = conditional_1_station_given_2(joint_pmf)
print(cond 1 given 23)
cond 1 given 23,cond 2 given 13,cond 3 given 12 = conditional 1 station given 2(
for ind 2 in range(2):
    for ind 3 in range(2):
        print(cond 1 given 23[ind 2][ind 3])
        plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
        plt.bar(vals,cond_1_given_23[ind_2][ind_3], width = 0.5, color = "lightg
        plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
        plt.xticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
        plt.yticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
        plt.ylim([0,ymax])
        plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
        plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font size, la
        plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Bodega",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
        #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation cond pmf 1 given 2eq'+str(ind 2)+' 3eq
for ind 1 in range(2):
    for ind 3 in range(2):
        print(cond 2 given 13[ind 1][ind 3])
        plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
        plt.bar(vals,cond 2 given 13[ind 1][ind 3], width = 0.5, color = "lightg
```

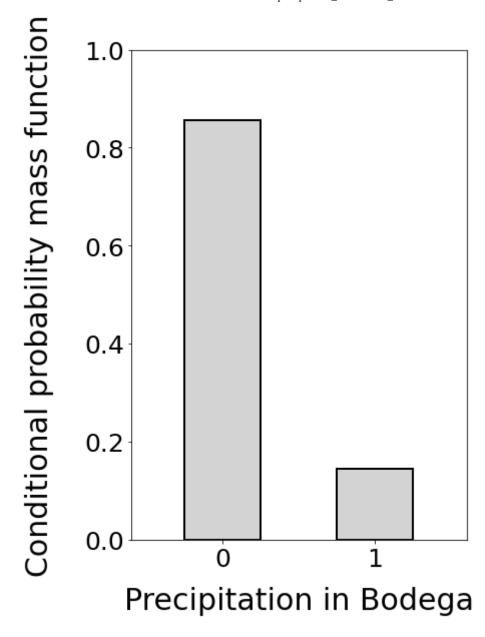
```
plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
                               plt.xticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
                               plt.yticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
                               plt.ylim([0,ymax])
                               plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
                               plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font size, la
                               plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Coos Bay",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
                               #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation cond pmf 2 given leg'+str(ind 1)+' 3eq
  for ind 1 in range(2):
                 for ind_2 in range(2):
                               print(cond 3 given 12[ind 1][ind 2])
                               plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
                               plt.bar(vals,cond_3_given_12[ind_1][ind_2], width = 0.5, color = "lightg"
                               plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
                               plt.xticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
                               plt.yticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
                              plt.ylim([0,ymax])
                               plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
                              plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font_size,la
                               plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Riley",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
                               #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation_cond_pmf_3_given_leq'+str(ind_1)+'_2eq
( \lceil \lceil \lceil 0.9883597883597883, \ 0.01164021164021164 \rceil, \ \lceil 0.8985507246376812, \ 0.10144927536 \rceil, \ 0.101449275 \rceil, \ 0.101449275
```

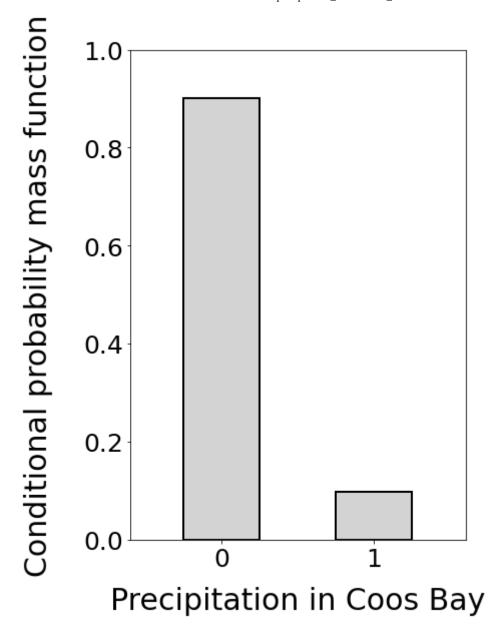
```
231885]], [[0.9156355455568054, 0.0843644544431946], [0.8557692307692307, 0.1442
3076923076922]]], [[[0.9017620082066136, 0.09823799179338642], [0.67636363636363
64, 0.32363636363636367]], [[0.539877300613497, 0.4601226993865031], [0.58333333
33333333, 0.41666666666666666]]], [[[0.9757116740663359, 0.024288325933664142],
[0.9014396456256922, 0.09856035437430788]], [[0.8073394495412843, 0.192660550458
7156], [0.833333333333334, 0.16666666666666666]]])
[0.9883597883597883, 0.01164021164021164]
[0.8985507246376812, 0.10144927536231885]
[0.9156355455568054, 0.0843644544431946]
[0.8557692307692307, 0.14423076923076922]
[0.9017620082066136, 0.09823799179338642]
[0.676363636363636364, 0.32363636363636367]
[0.539877300613497, 0.4601226993865031]
[0.5833333333333333, 0.4166666666666666]
[0.9757116740663359, 0.024288325933664142]
[0.9014396456256922, 0.09856035437430788]
[0.8073394495412843, 0.1926605504587156]
[0.8333333333333334, 0.16666666666666666]
```

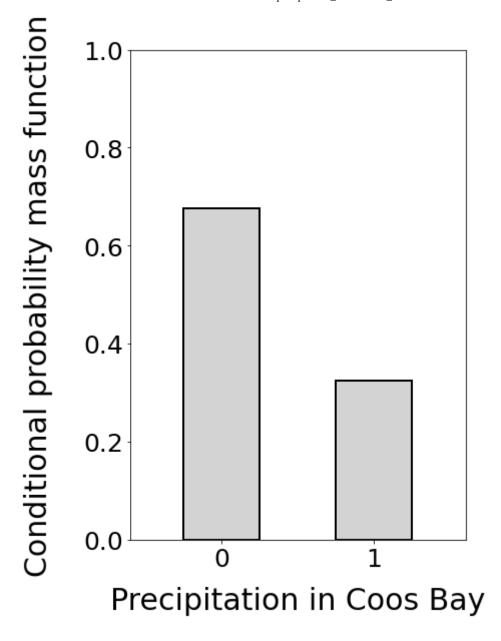


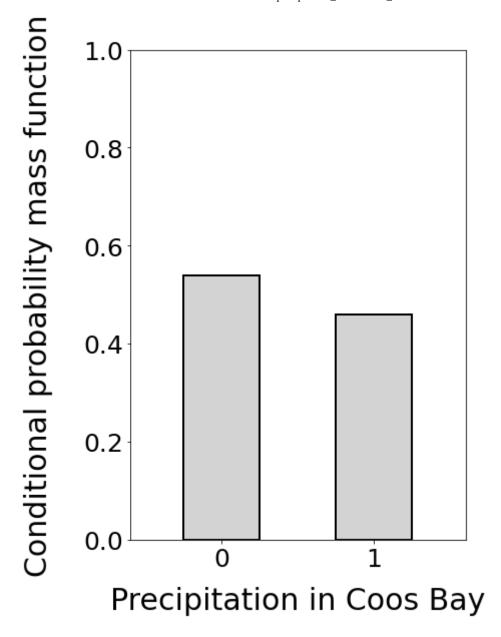


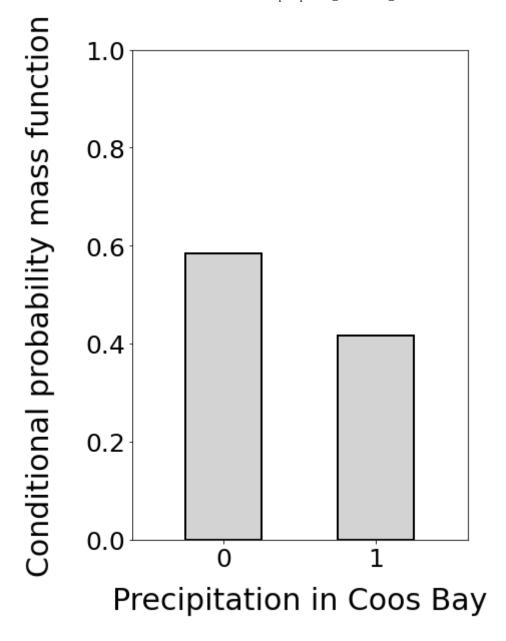


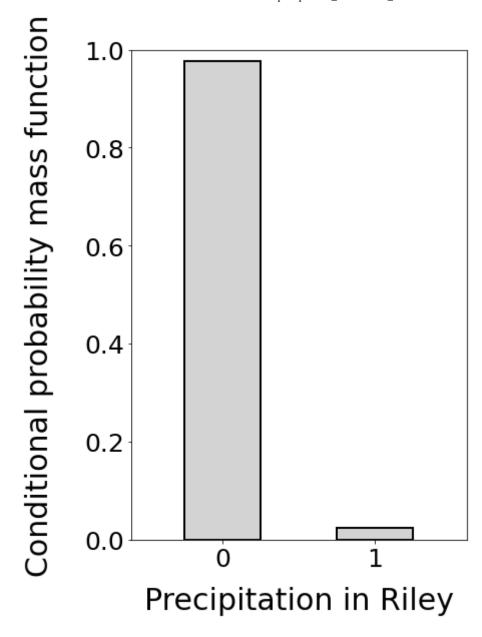


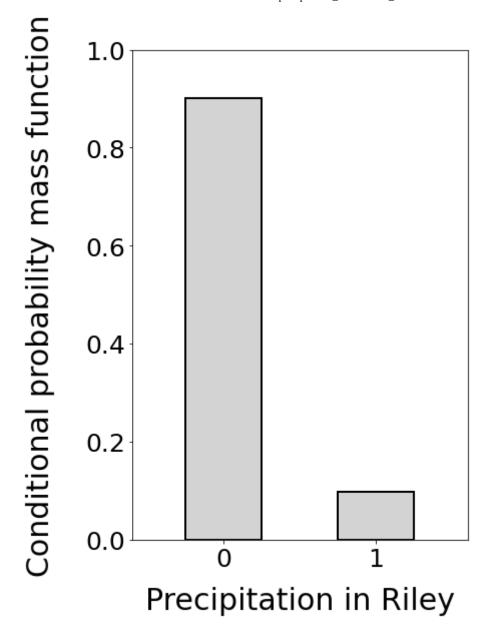


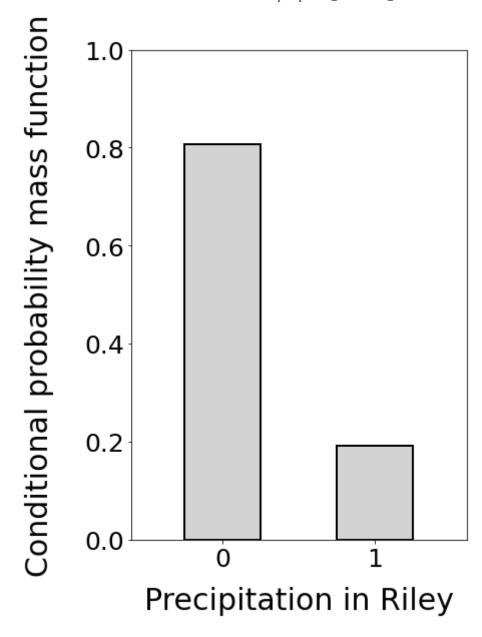


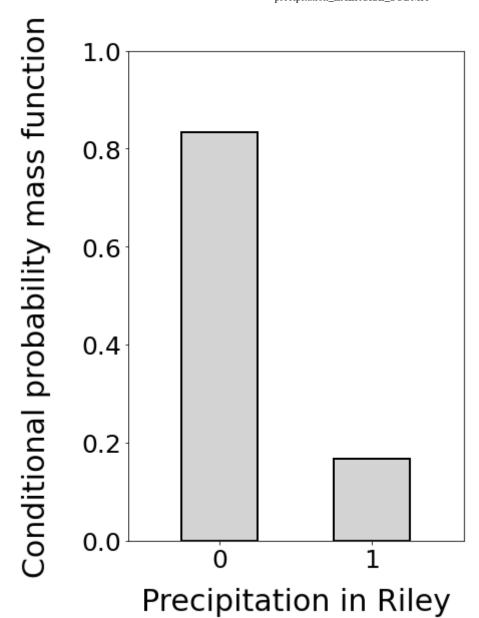












```
In [ ]:
         # Compute conditional joint pmf of each pair of the Bernoulli random variables g
         def conditional_2_stations_given_1(joint_pmf):
             # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
            ### STATION 1,2 | 3 ###
             \# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
             c1 s12 = joint pmf[0,0,0] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[2][0]
             c1 s12 = np.nan to num(c1 s12)
             \# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
             c2_s12 = joint_pmf[0,0,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[2][1]
             c2_s12 = np.nan_to_num(c2_s12)
             \# C3: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
             c3 s12 = joint pmf[0,1,0] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[2][0]
             c3_s12 = np.nan_to_num(c3_s12)
             \# C4: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
             c4 s12 = joint pmf[0,1,1] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[2][1]
             c4\_s12 = np.nan\_to\_num(c4\_s12)
```

```
\# C5: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c5_s12 = joint_pmf[1,0,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[2][0]
c5\_s12 = np.nan\_to\_num(c5\_s12)
\# C6: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c6_s12 = joint_pmf[1,0,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[2][1]
c6 s12 = np.nan to num(c6 s12)
 \# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c7_s12 = joint_pmf[1,1,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[2][0]
c7_s12 = np.nan_to_num(c7_s12)
 # C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c8_s12 = joint_pmf[1,1,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[2][1]
c8\_s12 = np.nan\_to\_num(c8\_s12)
c12 = [[c1\_s12, c3\_s12, c5\_s12, c7\_s12], [c2\_s12, c4\_s12, c6\_s12, c8\_s12]]
### STATION 1,3 | 2 ###
\# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c1_s13 = joint_pmf[0,0,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[1][0]
c1_s13 = np.nan_to_num(c1_s13)
\# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c2_s13 = joint_pmf[0,0,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[1][0]
c2_s13 = np.nan_to_num(c2_s13)
\# C3: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c3_s13 = joint_pmf[0,1,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[1][1]
c3 s13 = np.nan to num(c3 s13)
\# C4: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c4_s13 = joint_pmf[0,1,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[1][1]
c4 s13 = np.nan to num(c4 s13)
\# C5: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c5 s13 = joint pmf[1,0,0] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[1][0]
c5 s13 = np.nan to num(c5 s13)
 \# C6: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
c6 s13 = joint pmf[1,0,1] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[1][0]
c6 s13 = np.nan to num(c6 s13)
 \# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
c7_s13 = joint_pmf[1,1,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[1][1]
c7_s13 = np.nan_to_num(c7_s13)
 # C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
c8 s13 = joint pmf[1,1,1] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[1][1]
c8\_s13 = np.nan\_to\_num(c8\_s13)
c13 = [[c1 s13, c2 s13, c5 s13, c6 s13], [c3 s13, c4 s13, c7 s13, c8 s13]]
### STATION 2,3 | 1 ###
 \# C1: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
c1_s23 = joint_pmf[0,0,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[0][0]
```

```
c1 s23 = np.nan to num(c1 s23)
    \# C2: s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
    c2_s23 = joint_pmf[0,0,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[0][0]
    c2_s23 = np.nan_to_num(c2_s23)
    \# C3: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
    c3 s23 = joint pmf[0,1,0] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[0][0]
    c3_s23 = np.nan_to_num(c3_s23)
    \# C4: s1 = 0, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
    c4 s23 = joint pmf[0,1,1] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[0][0]
    c4_s23 = np.nan_to_num(c4_s23)
    \# C5: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 0
    c5_s23 = joint_pmf[1,0,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[0][1]
    c5\_s23 = np.nan\_to\_num(c5\_s23)
    \# C6: s1 = 1, s2 = 0, s3 = 1
    c6_s23 = joint_pmf[1,0,1] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[0][1]
    c6_s23 = np.nan_to_num(c6_s23)
    \# C7: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 0
    c7 s23 = joint pmf[1,1,0] / marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)[0][1]
    c7_s23 = np.nan_to_num(c7_s23)
    \# C8: s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1
    c8 s23 = joint pmf[1,1,1] / marginal 1 station(joint pmf)[0][1]
    c8 s23 = np.nan to num(c8 s23)
    c23 = [[c1_s23, c2_s23, c3_s23, c4_s23], [c5_s23, c6_s23, c7_s23, c8_s23]]
    return c12, c13, c23
cond 12 given 3,cond 13 given 2,cond 23 given 1 = conditional 2 stations given 1
for ind in range(2):
    #print(process name(file name list[stations[0]+1]) + " and " + process name(
              + " conditioned on " + process name(file name list[stations[2]+1])
    print(cond 12 given 3[ind])
for ind in range(2):
    #print(process_name(file_name_list[stations[0]+1]) + " and " + process_name(
              + " conditioned on " + process name(file name list[stations[1]+1])
    print(cond_13_given 2[ind])
for ind in range(2):
    #print(process_name(file_name_list[stations[1]+1]) + " and " + process name(
              + " conditioned on " + process name(file name list[stations[0]+1])
    print(cond_23_given_1[ind])
\lceil 0.8843650136110782,\ 0.09634276245709551,\ 0.01041543377914546,\ 0.008876790152680
```

```
[0.8843650136110782, 0.09634276245709551, 0.01041543377914546, 0.008876790152680
79]
[0.5980707395498391, 0.28617363344051444, 0.06752411575562701, 0.048231511254019
29]
[0.9620187974765031, 0.02394747006566242, 0.011329985837517704, 0.00270374662031
6725]
[0.8197381671701913, 0.08962739174219536, 0.0755287009063444, 0.0151057401812688
81]
[0.8727952342016119, 0.02172643382782385, 0.09508235019273449, 0.010395981777829
693]
```

[0.44221105527638194, 0.10552763819095479, 0.3768844221105528, 0.075376884422110 56]

```
In [ ]:
         # Compute conditional pmf of each Bernoulli random variable given each of the ot
         # (i.e. Bodega just conditioned on Coos Bay, Bodega just conditioned on Riley, e
         # Use a dictionary to save the conditional pmfs, for example cond_1["2"] should
         # first random variable (Bodega)
         def conditional 1 station given 1 station(joint pmf):
             # INSERT YOUR CODE HERE
             m1, m2, m3 = marginal_1_station(joint_pmf)
             ### s1 GIVEN s2 ###
             ## s1 = 0 | s2 = 0
             s1_s2_1 = (joint_pmf[0,0,1] + joint_pmf[0,0,0]) / m2[0]
             ## s1 = 0 | s2 = 1
             s1 \ s2 \ 2 = (joint pmf[0,1,1] + joint pmf[0,1,0]) / m2[1]
             ## s1 = 1 | s2 = 0
             s1_s2_3 = (joint_pmf[1,0,1] + joint_pmf[1,0,0]) / m2[0]
             ## s1 = 1 | s2 = 1
             s1_s2_4 = (joint_pmf[1,1,1] + joint_pmf[1,1,0]) / m2[1]
             s1Dict = {}
             s1Dict["2"] = [[s1_s2_1, s1_s2_3], [s1_s2_2, s1_s2_4]]
             ### s1 GIVEN s3 ###
             ## s1 = 0 | s3 = 0
             s1 s3 1 = (joint pmf[0,0,0] + joint pmf[0,1,0]) / m3[0]
             ## s1 = 0 | s3 = 1
             s1 s3 2 = (joint pmf[0,0,1] + joint pmf[0,1,1]) / m3[1]
             ## s1 = 1 | s3 = 0
             s1 s3 3 = (joint pmf[1,0,0] + joint pmf[1,1,0]) / m3[0]
             ## s1 = 1 | s3 = 1
             s1_s3_4 = (joint_pmf[1,0,1] + joint_pmf[1,1,1]) / m3[1]
             slDict["3"] = [[s1 s3 1, s1 s3 3], [s1 s3 2, s1 s3 4]]
             ### s2 GIVEN s1 ###
             ## s2 = 0 | s1 = 0
             s2 \ s1 \ 1 = (joint pmf[0,0,0] + joint pmf[0,0,1]) / m1[0]
             ## s2 = 0 | s1 = 1
             s2_s1_2 = (joint_pmf[1,0,0] + joint_pmf[1,0,1]) / m1[1]
             ## s2 = 1 | s1 = 0
             s2 s1 3 = (joint pmf[0,1,0] + joint pmf[0,1,1]) / m1[0]
             ## s2 = 1 | s1 = 1
```

```
s2 \ s1 \ 4 = (joint pmf[1,1,0] + joint pmf[1,1,1]) / m1[1]
    s2Dict = {}
    s2Dict["1"] = [[s2\_s1\_1, s2\_s1\_3], [s2\_s1\_2, s2\_s1\_4]]
    ### s2 GIVEN s3 ###
    ## s2 = 0 | s3 = 0
    s2_s3_1 = (joint_pmf[0,0,0] + joint_pmf[1,0,0]) / m3[0]
    ## s2 = 0 | s3 = 1
    s2 \ s3 \ 2 = (joint pmf[0,0,1] + joint pmf[1,0,1]) / m3[1]
    ## s2 = 1 | s3 = 0
    s2_s3_3 = (joint_pmf[0,1,0] + joint_pmf[1,1,0]) / m3[0]
    ## s2 = 1 | s3 = 1
    s2_s3_4 = (joint_pmf[0,1,1] + joint_pmf[1,1,1]) / m3[1]
    s2Dict["3"] = [[s2_s3_1, s2_s3_3], [s2_s3_2, s2_s3_4]]
    ### s3 GIVEN s1 ###
    ## s3 = 0 | s1 = 0
    s3\_s1\_1 = (joint\_pmf[0,0,0] + joint\_pmf[0,1,0]) / m1[0]
    ## s3 = 0 | s1 = 1
    s3\_s1\_2 = (joint\_pmf[1,0,0] + joint\_pmf[1,1,0]) / m1[1]
    ## s3 = 1 | s1 = 0
    s3_s1_3 = (joint_pmf[0,0,1] + joint_pmf[0,1,1]) / m1[0]
    ## s3 = 1 | s1 = 1
    s3 s1 4 = (joint pmf[1,0,1] + joint <math>pmf[1,1,1]) / m1[1]
    s3Dict = {}
    s3Dict["1"] = [[s3\_s1\_1, s3\_s1\_3], [s3\_s1\_2, s3\_s1\_4]]
    ### s3 GIVEN s2 ###
    ## s3 = 0 | s2 = 0
    s3 s2 1 = (joint pmf[0,0,0] + joint pmf[1,0,0]) / m2[0]
    ## s3 = 0 | s2 = 1
    s3 s2 2 = (joint pmf[0,1,0] + joint pmf[1,1,0]) / m2[1]
    ## s3 = 1 | s2 = 0
    s3_s2_3 = (joint_pmf[0,0,1] + joint_pmf[1,0,1]) / m2[0]
    ## s3 = 1 | s2 = 1
    s3 s2 4 = (joint pmf[0,1,1] + joint <math>pmf[1,1,1]) / m2[1]
    s3Dict["2"] = [[s3_s2_1, s3_s2_3], [s3_s2_2, s3_s2_4]]
    return s1Dict, s2Dict, s3Dict
cond_1,cond_2,cond_3 = conditional_1_station_given_1_station(joint_pmf)
```

```
for given in ["2","3"]:
    for ind in range(2):
        plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
        plt.bar(vals,cond_1[given][ind], width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgec
       plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
        plt.xticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
        plt.yticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
        plt.ylim([0,ymax])
        plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
        plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font size, la
        plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Bodega",fontsize=font_size,labelpad = 15)
        #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation cond pmf 1 given '+ given + 'eq'+str(i
for given in ["1","3"]:
    for ind in range(2):
       plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
        plt.bar(vals,cond_2[given][ind], width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgec
       plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
        plt.xticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
       plt.yticks(fontsize=font_size_ticks)
        plt.ylim([0,ymax])
        plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
        plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font size, la
        plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Coos Bay",fontsize=font size,labelpad = 15)
        #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation_cond_pmf_2_given_'+ given + 'eq'+str(i
for given in ["1","2"]:
    for ind in range(2):
       plt.figure(figsize=(6,9))
        plt.bar(vals,cond 3[given][ind], width = 0.5, color = "lightgray", edgec
        plt.xticks(np.arange(0, 1+1, 1))
        plt.xticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
        plt.yticks(fontsize=font size ticks)
        plt.ylim([0,ymax])
        plt.xlim([xmin,xmax])
        plt.ylabel("Conditional probability mass function", fontsize=font size, la
        plt.xlabel("Precipitation in Riley", fontsize=font size, labelpad = 15)
        #plt.savefig('plots/precipitation cond pmf 3 given '+ given + 'eq'+str(i
```

