# **Concise Courses**

# "Learn How to Hack and Defend Your Website in Just 3 Hours"

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# Lesson 0: Getting your hacking lab set up

#### Goal

Get all the necessary tools and test websites that we'll be using throughout the course. This lesson will go through the step by step process for installing these tools on a Debian-based Linux machine (preferably a virtual machine, but this is not required). This example will use Kali Linux, but should be general enough to work on any Debian-based Linux distribution.

Don't worry if you don't fully understand these steps or the commands you will be using, we'll be talking more about the technologies we're using here during the course!

### **Prerequisites**

- Upon registering for the course, you should have received instructions on installing a
  Debian-based Linux Virtual Machine. If any of you are having trouble with this, please email
  me at <a href="mailto:acaceres@hyperiongray.com">acaceres@hyperiongray.com</a>
- Alternately, if you are already comfortable with Linux and have chosen to use an existing distribution of your choice, please feel free to do so. Just please make sure that you install the tools listed below for your own distro.

## **Steps**

Step 1: Open up your Linux virtual machine and login, for this example I will be using Kali Linux, but these steps should be quite similar on any other Debian-based distribution. Open up the "terminal" application. This is typically found in the menu at the top under application -> accessories -> terminal or a similar path. Alternately, you can do a search for "terminal" in your Application Dashboard if you are using Ubuntu.



#### Additional Links:

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/UsingTheTerminal

**Step 2:** Now we will need to install the dependencies. If you have your terminal open, simply copy and paste the following line into your terminal and press enter:

sudo apt-get install apache2 mysql-server php5 unzip php5-mysql php-pear\*

You'll be prompted for your password, type in your user's password and press enter. You'll see the terminal doing a bunch of stuff and then it will prompt you for a MySQL password. It doesn't matter what password you use, but make sure you remember it! We will need it in the next steps. You should see no errors when doing this.



**Step 3:** In this step we will download and decompress the DVWA into our web server root (the folder that our web server is sharing with the world) and prepare to install it. Run the following

```
punk@punk-kali: /var/www/dvwa
    inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_r/source/high.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_r/source/high.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_r/source/low.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_r/source/medium.php creating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/help/ inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/help/help.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/index.php creating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/ligh.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/low.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/low.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/low.php inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/medium.php
         Edit View Search Terminal Help
     inflating: DVWA-1.0.8/vulnerabilities/xss_s/source/medium.php
punk@punk-kali:/var/www$ ls
DVWA-1.0.8 index.html v1.6
                                         :/var/www$ sudo mv DVWA-* dvwa
:/var/www$ ls
dvwa index.html
                                         :/var/www$ cd dywa
                                        :/var/www/dvwa$ ls
about.php
CHANGELOG.md
                                                                              index.php
                                                                                                                                  php.ini
README.md
                                                                                                                                                                            vulnerabilities
                                       external
favicon.ico
                                                                              instructions.php
                                                                              login.php
logout.php
                                                                                                                                 robots.txt
security.php
setup.php
config
COPYING.txt
                                        hackable
                 ids_log.php phpinfo.php
unk-kali:/var/www/dvwa$
```

commands in the terminal to do this:

```
$ wget https://github.com/RandomStorm/DVWA/archive/v1.0.8.zip
$ sudo cp v1.0.8.zip /var/www/
$ cd /var/www
$ sudo unzip v1.0.8.zip
$ sudo mv DVWA-* dvwa
$ sudo chmod -R 777 dvwa
$ cd dvwa
```

**Step 4:** In this step we will configure the DVWA to work with your database. We're going to open the configuration file required in the DVWA and enter the MySQL root password that you set up in **Step 2**. This can be accomplished with the following:

```
nano config/config.inc.php
```

This should open the file for editing with the 'nano' text editor

```
## try changing the 'db_server' variable from localhost to 127.0.0.1. Fixes a problem due to sockets.
## Thanks to digininja for the fix.
## Database management system to use

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## SDBMS = 'MySQL';
## Database variables
## WARNING: The database specified under db_database WILL BE ENTIRELY DELETED during setup.
## Please use a database dedicated to DVWA.

## DVWA[ 'db_server'] = 'localhost';
## DVWA[ 'db_database'] = 'dova';
## DVWA[ 'db_password'] = 'your_mysql_password';
## Only needed for P6SQL
## DVWA[ 'db_port'] = '5432';
## ReCAPTCHA Settings
## Get your keys at https://www.google.com/recaptcha/admin/create
## DVWA['recaptcha_public_key'] = "";
## Default Security Level
## The default is high, you may wish to set this to either low or medium.
## If you specify an invalid level, DVWA will default to high.
## DVWA['default_security_level'] = "high";

## CG Get Help
## Read File
## Read File
## Read File
## Prev Page
## Next Page
```

Go to line # 20 where it says

\$\_DVWA[ 'db\_password' ] = 'p@ssw0rd'; and change p@ssw0rd to your password, being careful to not remove the semi-colon or single quotes.

To save and exit your work press <Ctrl + o> followed by <Enter> and then <Ctrl + x> to exit this config file.

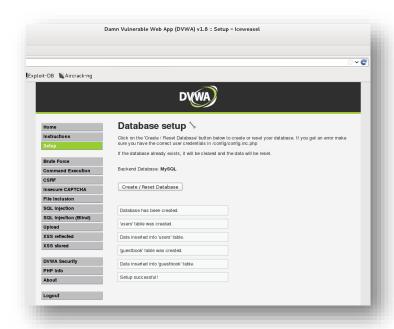
**Step 5:** In this step we're going to make sure that our web server and database are started and we're going to finish setting up the DVWA. When you're back at your command prompt, start Apache with the following command:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/apache2 start
sudo /etc/init.d/mysql start
```

And we're done with the terminal! Now open up a web browser in your virtual machine. And point it to the following:

#### http://localhost/dvwa/setup.php

Then click on "Create/Reset Database."



**Step 6:** In this step we'll be downloading some additional tools that we'll be using in the course. First we will install SQLMap, then Burp Suite, then Nikto and finally DirBuster. We'll install all of them to the /home/<user> directory for easy access. Use the following command:

```
$ cd /home/<user>
```

Make sure to replace <user> here with your username.

Now type:

```
$ wget https://github.com/sqlmapproject/sqlmap/zipball/master
$ unzip master
$ mv sqlmapproject-* sqlmap
```

You now have SQLMap on your system! Next we're going to install Burp Suite:

```
$ wget http://portswigger.net/burp/burpsuite free v1.5.jar
$ java -jar burpsuite_free_v1.5.jar
```

You should see Burp Suite open up! Now we're going to install Nikto:

```
$ wget http://www.cirt.net/nikto/nikto-2.1.5.tar.gz
$ tar -xzvf nikto-2.1.5.tar.gz
$ mv nikto-2.1.5 nikto
```

Finally, we're going to install DirBuster:

```
$ wget -0 dirbuster.zip
http://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/dirbuster/DirBuster%20%28jar%20%2B%20
lists%29/0.12/DirBuster-0.12.zip?r=&ts=1380737926&use_mirror=softlayer-dal
$ unzip dirbuster.zip
$ mv DirBuster-0.12/ dirbuster
```

Alternately, you can download all of these applications through your graphical front-end and a web browser (just Google them, they're easy to find) and use the decompression tools built-in to the GUI – but you should take the opportunity to get familiar with the Linux command line if you are not already!

If you choose to go this route, please make sure you know where these tools are installed on your system – you're going to need them!

So, after following all these steps, you now have the DVWA, SQLMap, Burp Suite, Nikto and DirBuster installed. And now we're ready for the fun stuff!

