Road Sign Recognition with CNN and RCNN

Aksel Tahir 6548051

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1 Introduction

Road signs are a present system in virtually all road infrastructure. They are of critical importance to interpreting correct road usage, road regulations and route recommendations. Their presence is integral to the safe and functional road use.

Contemporary road signs follow strict design rules to optimise their clarity of intention. These rules allow them to be as easy as possible for human interpretation. However, humans are prone to distraction, misinterpretation and other general mistakes, which is why road sign recognition (RSR) algorithms are a fast-advancing point of development in autonomous driving research.

Standard computer vision methods are not versatile enough to deal with the plethora of different physical road conditions. This is why applying a deep learning approach to the problem is necessary - A well crafted AI can exceed even human vision in RSR.

In this project we propose an RSR solution using several different neural network models and evaluating their performance. Since standard computer vision methods are not versatile enough to deal with the plethora of different physical road conditions, it is necessary to apply a deep learning approach to the problem - A well crafted AI can exceed even human vision in RSR.

2 Related Work

With the advent of AI computing autonomous and assisted driving has been an area of extensive research. Road sign recognition (RSR) systems are integral to the field. The functional implementation of RSR systems depends on two related issues - Road sign detection (RSD) and road sign classification (RSC). RSD pertains to localising the relevant information from the data, and RSC to identifying the data with its correct labels. Lots of outstanding results for the detection and classification of traffic signs have been proposed in [1], [2], [3], [4], [5],

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