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## Department of Mathematics

## Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati

End-Semester Examination November 24, 2021

## MA 473 Computational Finance (Part – I)

Time: 09:00 - 10:30 Hrs.

There are **THREE** questions in this paper. Answer all questions.

1. By using the transformation  $\xi = \frac{S}{S + P_m}$ ,  $\tau = T - t$  and  $V(S, t) = (S + P_m)\overline{V}(\xi, \tau)$ , where  $P_m > 0$  is a constant, transform the following Black-Scholes PDE:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial V}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2(S)S^2\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial S^2} + (r - \delta)S\frac{\partial V}{\partial S} - rV = 0, & 0 \le S, \ t \le T, \\ V(S, T) = V_T(S), & 0 \le S, \end{cases}$$

from infinite domain  $0 \le S$  to finite domain  $0 \le \xi \le 1$ . Further, obtain the boundary conditions at  $\xi = 0$  and  $\xi = 1$ . (6 marks)

2. Consider the American put option, by using the *finite element method*, obtain the minimization problem

$$\min_{v \in \mathcal{K}} I(y; v) = 0, \quad \text{where } I(y; v) = \int\limits_{x_{\min}}^{x_{\max}} \left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial \tau} \cdot (v - y) + \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right) \right) dx,$$

where K is the family of admissible functions.

(3 marks)

(a) Further, obtain the following fully discrete version of the above minimization problem:

$$(v^{(n+1)} - w^{(n+1)})^T (Cw^{(n+1)} - r) \ge 0,$$

where  $C := B + \Delta \tau \theta A$ , and  $r := (B - \Delta \tau (1 - \theta)A)w^{(n)}$ , here A and B are tri-diagonal matrices obtained from the integrals involving the basis functions and their derivatives by applying a numerical quadrature formula. (4 marks)

3. Show that the solution of the following problems are equivalent, *i.e.*, the solution of one satisfies the other and vice-versa: (4 marks)

**(FEM)** 
$$\begin{cases} \text{Find } w, \text{ such that for all } v \ge g \\ (v - w)^T (Cw - r) \ge 0, \quad w \ge g \end{cases}$$

and

**(FDM)** 
$$\begin{cases} \text{For each } w, \text{ the following holds true:} \\ (Cw - r) \ge 0, \quad w \ge g \\ (Cw - r)^T (w - g) = 0. \end{cases}$$