

Question-Answers:

Section - 1 - MCQ

Question 1:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 40 secs

In the C programming language, what does a union serve as?

- ☒ To store different data types in the same memory location
- ☐ To store the same data type in different memory locations
- ☐ To store different data types in different memory locations
- ☐ None of these

Candidate Answer:

- ☒ To store different data types in the same memory location

Question 2:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 7 mins, 39 secs

The purpose of the puts() function in C language is _____?

- ☒ To write a string to the screen
- ☐ To read a string from the screen
- ☐ To compare two strings
- ☐ None of these

Candidate Answer:

- ☒ To write a string to the screen

Question 3:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 29 secs

What is the purpose of the strlen() function in C language?

- ☒ To determine the length of a string
- ☐ To compare two strings
- ☐ To copy a string to another string
- ☐ None of these

Candidate Answer:

☒ To determine the length of a string

Question 4:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 22 secs

Choose the valid syntax for a do-while loop in C language?

☐ while(condition){}

☒ do{} while(condition);

☐ for(;;){}

☐ None of the mentioned options

Candidate Answer:

☒ do{} while(condition);

Question 5:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 15 secs

Maximum number of elements in the array declaration `int a[5][8]` is

☒ 40

☐ 32

☐ 35

☐ 28

Candidate Answer:

☒ 40

Question 6:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1

Time spent: 22 secs

The continue command cannot be used with

☐ for

☒ switch

☐ do

☐ while

Candidate Answer:

☒ switch

Question 7:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec
Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1
Time spent: 12 secs

Continue statement is used

- ☒ To go to the next iteration in a loop
- ☐ Come out of a loop
- ☐ Exit and return to the main function
- ☐ Restarts iterations from beginning of loop

Candidate Answer:

☒ To go to the next iteration in a loop

Question 8:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec
Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1
Time spent: 2 mins, 1 sec

What is the difference between a #define and a constant in C language?

- ☒ #define is a preprocessor directive. Constants are used to make variables constant such that never change during execution once defined.
- ☐ Constants are preprocessor directives, #define is a variable
- ☐ Both #define and constants are preprocessor directives
- ☐ None of the mentioned options

Candidate Answer:

☒ #define is a preprocessor directive. Constants are used to make variables constant such that never change during execution once defined.

Question 9:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec
Total Move Count: 0

Score: 1/1
Time spent: 20 secs

What is the purpose of a goto statement in C language?

- ☒ To jump to a specific label in the program
- ☐ To exit a loop
- ☐ To exit a function

☐ To exit a function

☐ All of the mentioned options

Candidate Answer:

☒ To jump to a specific label in the program

Question 10:



Total Time Spent Outside: **0 sec**
Total Move Count: **0**

Score: **1/1**

Time spent: **1 min, 19 secs**

What is the syntax for declaring an enumerated data type in C language?

☐ enum enumeration_name;

☐ enum {enumeration_list};

☒ enum enumeration_name {enumeration_list};

☐ None of these

Candidate Answer:

☒ enum enumeration_name {enumeration_list};

Section - 2 - MCQ

Question 1:



Total Time Spent Outside: **0 sec**
Total Move Count: **0**

Score: **2/2**

Time spent: **19 mins, 6 secs**

What will be the output, assuming that an integer takes 4 bytes and a pointer takes 8 bytes?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void func(int []);
void func(int a[]) {
printf("%lu", sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]));
}
int main() {
int a[10];
func(a);
}
```

☐ 40

☒ 2

☐ 10

☐ 4

Candidate Answer:

✓ 2

Question 2:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 2/2

Time spent: 4 secs

What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int i = 0;
do
{
i++;
if (i <= 3)
continue;
printf("In loop ");
} while (i < 3);
printf("%d\n", i);
}
```

☐ In loop 3In loop 3In loop3

✓ 3

☐ Infinite loop

☐ 4.3 3 3

Candidate Answer:

✓ 3

Question 3:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 2/2

Time spent: 3 secs

What will be the output of the following C code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
char *s = "hello";
char *p = s;
printf("%c\t%c", *(p + 1), s[1]);
}
```

☐ h e

☐ e h

☐ h h

☒ e e

Candidate Answer:

☒ e e

Question 4:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 2/2

Time spent: 3 secs

What will be the output of the following C code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
double *ptr = (double *)100;
ptr = ptr + 2;
printf("%u", ptr);
}
```

☒ 116

☐ 102

☐ 108

☐ 104

Candidate Answer:

☒ 116

Question 5:



Total Time Spent Outside: 0 sec

Total Move Count: 0

Score: 2/2

Time spent: 3 secs

What will be the output of the following C code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
int x = 0;
int *ptr = &5;
printf("%p\n", ptr);
}
```

☒ Compile time error

☐ 5

☐ Address of 5

☐ Nothing