### Scenario: Sales and Employee Management System

You are tasked with analyzing and reporting on sales data and employee attendance for a company. The data is provided in the following format:

#### Sales Data

Product ID	Product Name	Sales Amount	Date of Sale
P101	Laptop	1200	01-Jan-2025
P102	Smartphone	800	03-Jan-2025
P103	Tablet	600	05-Jan-2025
P104	Laptop	1500	06-Jan-2025
P105	Smartphone	750	07-Jan-2025
P106	Tablet	(Blank)	08-Jan-2025

Employee ID	Name	Attendance (Days)	Joining Date
E101	John Doe	22	01-Dec-2020
E102	Mary Smith	20	15-Jan-2021
E103	Sarah Johnson	23	10-Nov-2020
E104	(Blank)	19	05-Feb-2021
E105	David Brown	21	(Blank)

## **Mathematical Functions**

- 1. Use the SUM function to calculate the total sales amount from the **Sales Data** table.
- 2. Use the SUMIF function to calculate the total sales amount for "Laptop" products only.

# **Statistical Functions**

- 3. Use the MIN and MAX functions to find the smallest and largest sales amounts in the **Sales Data** table.
- 4. Use the AVERAGE function to calculate the average sales amount (excluding blank cells).

- 5. Use the COUNT function to count the number of sales records in the **Sales Data** table.
- 6. Use the COUNTA function to count the number of non-blank entries in the **Employee Attendance** table.
- 7. Use the COUNTBLANK function to find the number of blank cells in the "Sales Amount" column.
- 8. Use the COUNTIF function to count how many employees attended more than 20 days.

## **Date Functions**

- 9. Use the DATEVALUE function to convert the text date in the "Date of Sale" column into an actual date format (if required).
- 10. Use the TODAY function to display today's date.
- 11. Use the NOW function to display the current date and time.

## **Text Functions**

- 12. Use the TEXT function to format the sales amounts as currency (e.g., \$1,200.00).
- 13. Use the CONCATENATE function to combine the first and last names of employees into a single column in the format: John Doe.